

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

Oscar J. Garcia, CPA

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

Enedina Garcia
Deputy Auditor-Controller
Megan Marks
Deputy Treasurer-Tax Collector

DATE: May 7, 2021

TO: Audit Committee Members

FROM: Supervisor Nathan Magsig, Audit Committee Chairman

SUBJECT: Audit Committee Meeting

This will confirm the next Audit Committee meeting scheduled on **May 14, 2021 at 8:30 a.m.** in the Board of Supervisors Chambers - Room 301 of the Hall of Records. The following is the agenda for the meeting:

SPECIAL NOTICE REGARDING PUBLIC PARTICIPATION DUE TO COVID-19

Due to the current Shelter-in-Place Order covering the State of California and Social Distance Guidelines issued by Federal, State, and Local Authorities, the Audit Committee will be meeting via Cisco Webex. Any members of the Audit Committee may participate from a remote location by teleconference. Participants, including public members, can participate with the login or call-in credential and instructions below. Cisco Webex is required for online participants. Public members may comment during designated public member sessions by raising their hands. In order to avoid disruptions, please press mute and wait to be called upon before commenting.

Participate by Email Invitation:

Click on the Join Meeting icon. When the webpage is loaded, click on the Join Meeting icon. Comments can be made by clicking on the profile icon and then the raise hand icon by the caller ID. Click on the unmute icon to unmute and click again to mute after each comment. A phone option may also be utilized for audio by pressing the option icon, select the Call Me option, and enter your phone number.

Participate via Online Link:

Click on the link below and enter the following information when prompted.

https://fresnocountyca.webex.com/fresnocountyca/j.php?MTID=m0d7e89f8c38934a9982ea517520f1c7a

Meeting number: 187 975 2457 Password: mMeJEFMj336

Click on the Join Meeting icon to join. Comments can be made by clicking on the profile icon and then the raise hand icon by the caller ID. Click on the unmute icon to unmute and click again to mute after each comment. A phone option may also be utilized for audio by pressing the option icon, select the Call Me option, and enter your phone number.

Participate via Phone:

Call the phone number below and follow the prompts. Enter the access code when prompted. Comments can be made by pressing *9.

1-855-282-6330 United States Toll Free

Access Code: 187 975 2457

To ensure meaningful access under The American Disabilities Act, Title II, the County will reasonably modify policies or procedures and provide auxiliary aids or services to persons with disabilities. If, as an attendee or participant at the meeting you will need additional accommodations, please contact Jerry Moreno at (559) 600-1370 or jemoreno@fresnocountyca.gov as soon as possible during office hours. Reasonable timely requests will be accommodated to the extent reasonably feasible.

AGENDA

- 1) Pledge of Allegiance
- 2) Approve Agenda
- 3) Public Presentations

This portion of the meeting is reserved for persons desiring to address the Audit Committee briefly on any matter not on this agenda within the Committee's subject matter jurisdiction.

- 4) Approval of January 15, 2021 Audit Committee Meeting Minutes
- 5) Agenda Items

Consent Items

a. Approve Quarterly Fraud Report covering January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021.

Discussion and Action Items

- **b.** Review and receive the Restated 2019-2020 County of Fresno Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
- **c.** Review and receive the County of Fresno, California, Grants Funded by the Sate of California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) Audited Financial Schedules for the Year Ended June 30, 2020.
- d. Review and approve the Proposed Audit Plan for fiscal year 2021-22
- 6) Staff Updates

7) Adjournment

JM Enclosures

Audit Committee Members:

Supervisor Nathan Magsig, Audit Committee Chairman Daniel C. Cederborg, County Counsel, Audit Committee Vice-Chairman Supervisor Sal Quintero Jean Rousseau, County Administrative Officer Vacant, Co-Department Heads Council Manuel Vilanova, Public Member Kulwinder Brar, Public Member

County of Fresno Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector Audit Committee Minutes Board of Supervisors' Chambers January 15, 2021 – 10:00 a.m.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Supervisor Nathan Magsig, Audit Committee Chairman Daniel Cederborg, County Counsel, Audit Committee Vice-Chairman Jean Rousseau, County Administrative Officer Elizabeth Diaz, Public Defender, Co-Department Heads Council Manuel Vilanova, Public Member

Pursuant to California Governor Gavin Newsom's Executive Order, N-25-20 on March 12, 2020, relating to the convening of public meetings in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, Member Jean Rousseau and Member Elizabeth Diaz, attended the meeting via teleconference and participated in the meeting to the same extent as if they were present.

Call to Order: Chairman Magsig called to order the regular meeting of the Audit Committee (Committee) on January 15, 2021 at 10:00 a.m. in the Board of Supervisors' Chambers.

1. Pledge of Allegiance

- Chairman Magsig lead all in attendance with the Pledge of Allegiance.

2. Approve Agenda

- A motion was made by Elizabeth Diaz, seconded by Vice-Chairman Cederborg, and carried 5-0 to approve the January 15, 2021 agenda.

3. Public Presentations

- This portion of the meeting is reserved for persons desiring to address the Committee briefly on any matter not on this agenda within the Committee's subject matter jurisdiction.
- There being none, the Committee proceeded to hear the next item on the agenda.

4. Approval of December 4, 2020 Audit Committee Meeting Minutes

- A motion was made by Jean Rousseau, seconded by Vice-Chairman Cederborg, and carried 5-0 to approve the December 4, 2020 Audit Committee Meeting Minutes.

5. Agenda Items

Consent Items

a) Approve Quarterly Fraud Report covering October 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020

- A motion was made by Elizabeth Diaz, seconded by Manuel Vilanova, and carried 5-0 to approve Agenda Item 5a.

Discussion and Action Items

b) Review and receive the 2019-2020 First Five Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

- David Richstone, Accounting and Financial Manager, FR&A, introduced the item and Alix Hillis, Business Director, First Five Fresno County, and Fausto Hinojosa, Managing Partner, Price Paige & Company, presented the item.
- There being no public comments, a motion was made by Jean Rousseau, seconded by Vice-Chairman Cederborg, and carried 5-0 to receive Agenda Item 5b.

c) Review and approve the Department of Public Health Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA) Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

- David Richstone, Accounting and Financial Manager, FR&A, introduced and presented the item.
- There being no public comments, a motion was made by Vice-Chairman Cederborg, seconded by Elizabeth Diaz, and carried 4-0 to approve Agenda Item 5c.

d) Review and accept 2019-2020 County of Fresno Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

- David Richstone, Accounting and Financial Manager, FR&A, introduced the item and Eric Xen, Engagement Partner, Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation, presented the item.
- There being no public comments, a motion was made by Jean Rousseau, seconded by Vice-Chairman Cederborg, and carried 5-0 to accept Agenda Item 5d.

6. Staff Updates

- Oscar J. Garcia, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, acknowledged that Financial Reporting & Audits staff was able to complete the CAFR before the due date.

7. Adjournment

- A motion was made by Elizabeth Diaz, seconded by Vice-Chairman Cederborg, and was carried 5-0 to adjourn the meeting at 10:29 a.m.

Audit Committee Members:

Supervisor Nathan Magsig, Audit Committee Chairman Daniel C. Cederborg, County Counsel, Audit Committee Vice-Chairman Supervisor Sal Quintero Jean Rousseau, County Administrative Officer Elizabeth Diaz, Co-Department Heads Council Manuel Vilanova, Public Member Kulwinder Brar, Public Member



COUNTY OF FRESNO FRAUD HOTLINE QUARTERLY REPORT

Administered by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2021

Director: Oscar J. Garcia, CPA Accounting & Financial Manager: Karen Saldana Hotline Staff: Jerry Moreno



INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

Oscar J. Garcia, CPA

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

Enedina Garcia
Deputy Auditor-Controller
Megan Marks
Deputy Treasurer-Tax Collector

DATE:

May 14, 2021

TO:

Audit Committee Members

FROM:

Oscar J. Garcia, CPA Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

SUBJECT:

Fraud Hotline Quarterly Activity Report for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2021

In accordance with the provisions of California Government Code Section 53087.6, the County of Fresno Fraud Hotline serves as a means to discover, investigate, and remediate acts of fraud, waste, or abuse involving County employees, as defined by the statute.

We have completed our quarterly report concerning the operation of the County of Fresno Fraud Hotline. This report is for the three-month period of January 1, 2021 through March 31, 2021.

We would like to acknowledge the professionalism and cooperation extended to us by the management of the various County agencies/departments during our Hotline investigation process. As always, I remain available to answer any questions you may have. Please contact me directly or Karen Saldana, Accounting & Financial Division Manager at (559) 600-1799 or Jerry Moreno, Accountant at (559) 600-1370 if we can be of any assistance.

Attachments

COUNTY OF FRESNO FRAUD HOTLINE OUARTERLY REPORT

Administered by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2021

Below is the County of Fresno Fraud Hotline activity for the period of January 1, 2021 through March 31, 2021.

1. Statistical Summary

The Financial Reporting and Audits Division received 57 Hotline allegations, complaints, or other contacts during the reporting period. Of these allegations, 48 were made anonymously while 9 reports were made by individuals who identified themselves. The Hotline received 42 reports via telephone, 14 by email, and one by letter. These allegations are categorized in Table 1.

Table 1 Statistical Summary	
Actionable Items	2
Referred Items	47
Non-Actionable Items	7
Total Allegations/Complaints	57

2. Types of Allegations/Complaints

Cases opened during the period involved various complaints and allegations such as: 1) improper use of government benefits, 2) fraudulent check alterations, and 3) management improprieties.

Actionable – County

Allegations involving individuals employed by the County and/or other related parties (i.e. vendors, contractors, etc.).

Actionable - Non-County

Allegations involving individuals and/or other entities with no known relation to the County.

Referral - County

Allegations involving issues primarily handled by other County Departments via established fraud-reporting methodologies.

COUNTY OF FRESNO FRAUD HOTLINE QUARTERLY REPORT

Administered by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2021

Referral - Non-County

Allegations involving issues beyond the responsibilities of the County of Fresno are referred to appropriate non-County agencies.

Non-Actionable Items

These include insufficient information and not applicable issues. Examples include failure to state sufficient facts on which to base any investigation, inquiries regarding the status of other investigations, requests for information, and wrong numbers.

Table 2 identifies the total number of cases opened during this period and detail complaint type.

Table Types of New Allega	
Actionable – County:	0
Actionable – Non-County:	3
Forged/Altered Check	2
ACH Fraud	1
Referral – County:	27
Welfare Fraud	16
County - Other	11
Referral – Non-County:	20
Various	20
Non-Actionable Items:	7
Not enough information	7
Total	57

COUNTY OF FRESNO FRAUD HOTLINE QUARTERLY REPORT Administered by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2021

3. Status of Complaints

The complaints processed by the County of Fresno Fraud Hotline include alleged behavior by an employee and/or client (i.e., timecard abuse, misuse of county assets, management improprieties, conflict of interest, and misuse of program funds). As of the end of the reporting period, there were two closed investigations by the County of Fresno Fraud Hotline. (See summary below)

				Table 3 of Complaints		
Actionable	Inv	estigati	on		Closed Findings	
Calls					Referral	
Management						
Employee	3	0	2	-	2	
Client						
Unknown						
	•				·	
Total	3		2		2	

DATE: May 25, 2021

TO: Board of Supervisors

SUBMITTED BY: Oscar J. Garcia, CPA

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

SUBJECT: Restated Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year

Ended June 30, 2020

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S):

Receive and file the County of Fresno Restated Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Financial Report) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

This item is countywide.

ALTERNATIVE ACTION(S):

There is no viable alternative as the restated Financial Report is submitted in compliance with Government Code Sections 25250 and 25253.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact associated with this action.

DISCUSSION:

On December 30, 2020, the independent certified public accounting firm of Brown Armstrong issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the beginning of the financial section of the report.

On January 15, 2021, the Audit Committee completed its review and accepted the Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

On January 26, 2021, the Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was provided for your Board's review in compliance with Government Code Sections 25250 and 25253.

As a result of a subsequent double check by Brown Armstrong's Audit Quality Committee (AQC) and Brown Armstrong's single audit work, which is an audit of federal awards to ensure compliance with the federal program's requirements, started subsequent to December 30, 2020, Brown Armstrong became aware that \$64,953,000 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding received by the County during fiscal year 2019-20 was not claimed from the County's Disaster Claiming Fund prior to June 30, 2020, according to the procedure described below. Therefore, \$64,953,000 of the CARES Act funding did not meet the eligibility requirement for revenue recognition as of June 30, 2020. The CARES Act grant was a new grant and the professional guidance over this grant for compliance and reporting was behind as a result of federal delays.

Brown Armstrong therefore strongly recommended that the County restate the Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Based on that recommendation, the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector (ACTTC) prepared restated financial statements as described below and, on April 26, 2021, Brown Armstrong issued a revised unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's restated basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The restated Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 corrects an understatement of \$64,953,000 in unearned revenue and an overstatement of \$64,953,000 in federal grant revenue for the Disaster Claiming Fund. Per GASB 33 paragraph 21, recipients of money from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act should recognize the money received as revenue only when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Money transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met should be reported as advances by the federal government and as unearned revenue. After the eligibility requirements are met, the money should be reported as federal grant revenue.

The eligibility requirements for Coronavirus Relief Fund money under the CARES Act were that the money could be used only to cover those costs that:

- 1. Are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19;
- 2. Were not accounted for within the most recently approved County budget as of March 27, 2020; and
- 3. Are incurred between March 1, 2020, and December 31, 2021.

When the County received \$81,579,507.20 of CARES Act money from the Coronavirus Relief Fund during FY 2020-21, it deposited that money into the County's Disaster Claiming Fund. As expenditures were made by County departments, claims based on those expenditures were submitted to the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector (ACTTC) for review to determine eligibility under the statutory criteria described above, and according to federal Treasury Department regulations. When the ACTTC determined that an expenditure was eligible, CARES Act money was transferred out of the County's Disaster Claiming Fund and applied to reimburse the department's eligible expenditure.

Since CARES Act funding was new and the federal Treasury Department regulations continued to develop throughout 2020, some of the CARES Act requirements were initially not clear, there was some misunderstanding in terms of revenue recognition. In the Financial Report provided for your Board's review on January 26, 2021, CARES Act money in the County's Disaster Claiming Fund that had not yet been determined by the ACTTC to be eligible and applied to departments' expenditures was reported as federal grant revenue.

Under GASB 33 paragraph 21, however, the CARES Act money in the County's Disaster Claiming Fund that had not yet been determined by the ACTTC to be eligible and applied to departments' expenditures should have been reported as unearned revenue.

The unspent balance of CARES Act money, in the amount of \$64,953,000 as of June 30, 2020, should be recognized as unearned revenue due to the uncertainty on the revenue recognition since the money is subject to be returned to the U.S. Department of Treasury if unspent as of December 31, 2021. If the Financial Report were not restated, a prior period adjustment would be needed in the Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 due to the material amount of the adjustment. A restatement is the best practice, however, and therefore preferable

to a prior period adjustment.

Note 20 – Restatements in the Financial Report details the changes of the restatement.

Revisions were also made to address the change in terminology related to the Financial Report. The previous acronym has been removed at the request of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB has a proposed statement to vote on a new acronym but since it has not been formally adopted, we have used the term Financial Report.

The Audit Committee has completed its review and accepted the restated Financial Report at its May 14, 2021 meeting.

As required by federal securities disclosure rules, the County has entered into contractual reporting covenants (known as "continuing disclosure obligations") in connection with its County's bond issues that are presently outstanding in the public bond market. In accordance with those contractual covenants for County bonds payable from the County's General Fund, the County is required, among other things, to prepare and publicly post annual reports, containing certain County basic financial information, in the secondary bond market by the last day of February following the relevant County fiscal year. Those posted annual reports must include the County's audited Financial Report for the relevant preceding County fiscal year.

On February 26, 2021, the County disclosed the audited Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, to the secondary bond market.

Following your Board's completion of its review of the restated Financial Report, the County will disclose the restated Financial Report to the secondary bond market.

The restated Financial Report presented to your Board with this item is also attached to the preliminary Official Statement that is before your Board in a separate item today for the proposed issuance of the County's fiscal year 2021-22 tax and revenue anticipation notes (TRAN).

OTHER REVIEWING AGENCIES:

The restated Financial Report and corresponding audit report were received by the Audit Committee at its May 14, 2021 meeting. The Financial Report was distributed to all Board members as of that date.

REFERENCE MATERIAL:

BAI #18 - January 26, 2021

BAI #22 – January 21, 2020

BAI #29 - January 29, 2019

BAI #27 - January 23, 2018

BAI #17 - February 7, 2017

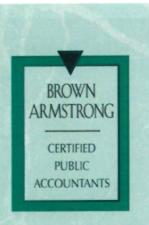
BAI #26 – March 1, 2016

ATTACHMENTS INCLUDED AND/OR ON FILE:

On file with the Clerk – FY 2019-20 Restated Financial Report On file with the Clerk – FY 2019-20 Restated Financial Report (Redline)

CAO ANALYST:

Yussel Zalapa



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WWW.BACPAS.COM

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno Fresno, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Fresno (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 20, 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practice

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Note 2 to the financial statements. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the County's financial statements were:

Management's estimates of the net pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, which are based on actuarial reports prepared and provided by an independent third party. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates of the net pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimates of the current cost of landfill closure and postclosure costs liability are based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 18. The percentage of the landfill used determines the percentage of the liability that is to be incurred based on remaining capacity as determined via aerial surveying and usage of the Computer Aided Earthmoving System (CAES), inflation factors, and other assumptions utilized by management. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates of the current cost of landfill closure and postclosure costs liability in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimates of the self-insurance claims liability and associated reserve levels are based on actuarial reports prepared and provided by an independent third party, rate studies by outside consultants, and prior experience from management. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates of the self-insurance claims liability and associated reserve level estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

Note 12 - Pensions

Note 13 - Risk Management

Note 16 - Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Note 20 - Restatements

Note 21 - Subsequent Events

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were immaterial, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule summarizes the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and were corrected by management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 26, 2021.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) table of contents, which supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information, as listed in the CAFR table of contents, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the Introductory Section and Statistical Section, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors and management of the County and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BROWN ARMSTRONG ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Grown Armstrong Secountaincy Corporation

Bakersfield, California April 26, 2021

County of Fresno 6/30/2020 CAFR Audit Adjusting Journal Entries Report

Acc	ount	Description	W/P Ref	Debit	Credit
Adjusting Journal I Audit Adjustment - T Other Enterprise		mproperly recorded as deferred inflows for CSA -	CC-03-03		
200-0	2-395	Deferred pensions - deferred inflows		141.00	
200-0	2-225	Due from other governmental units			141.00
Total				141.00	141.00
Adjusting Journal I Audit Adjustment - T Capital Projects fund	o accrue AP \$2.6M	found during search for unrecorded liabilities -	PSR-23-2/BB-04		
100-1	2-607	Capital outlay		2,574.00	
100-1	2-300	Accrued liabilties			2,574.00
Total				2,574.00	2,574.00





COUNTY OF FRESNO State of California

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Compiled Under the Department of: Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

Oscar J. Garcia, CPA Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

County of Fresno Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

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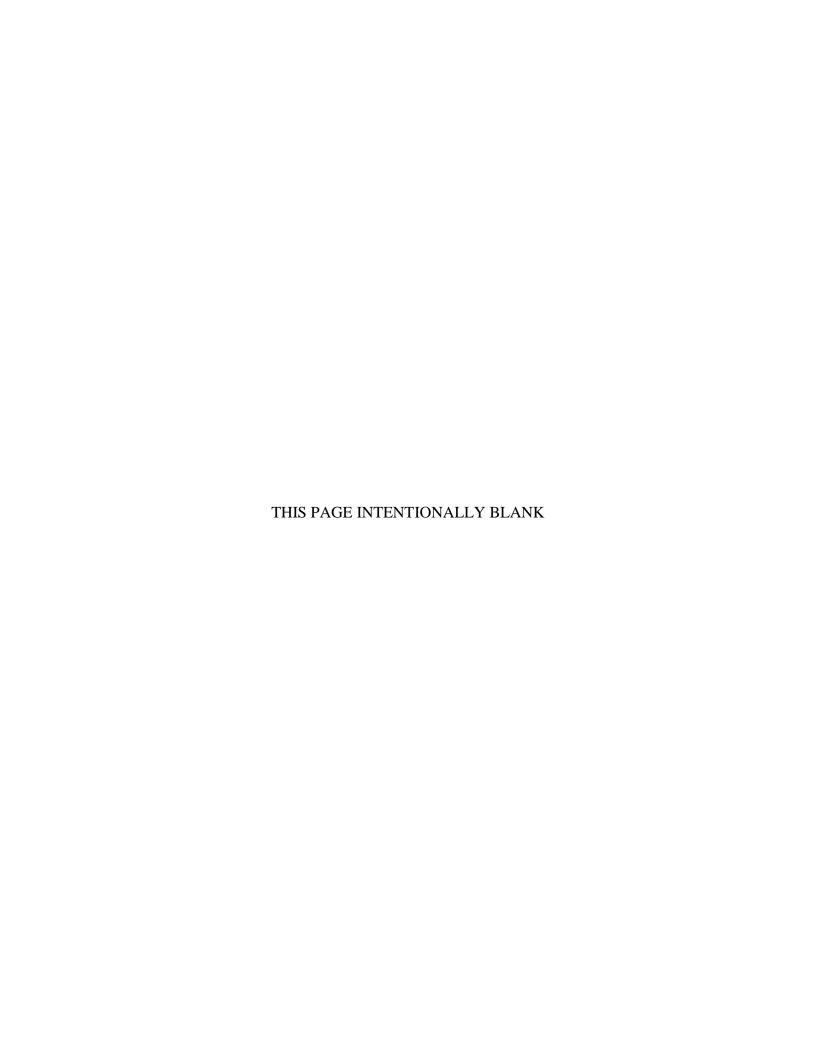
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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- Certificate of Achievement
- Organizational Chart
- List of Principal Officials



Oscar J. Garcia, CPA

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

April 26, 2021

The Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of the County of Fresno, California

Members of the Board and Citizens of the County of Fresno:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Financial Report) of the County of Fresno (County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted in accordance with the provisions of Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California.

The report contains financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County's management. An established comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and that its presentation fairly depicts the financial position and changes in financial position of County funds. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The County's financial statements have been audited by the certified public accounting firm of Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are free of material misstatement. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The auditor's report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement, and should be read in conjunction with, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), and the included financial statements and financial statement notes. MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements and can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The County was created from parts of Merced, Tulare, and Mariposa counties in 1856 and is a political subdivision chartered by the State of California (the State). It is the sixth largest county in the State in terms of area, occupying over 6,000 square miles in the heart of the San Joaquin Valley and has a population of 1,023,358 as of January 1, 2020. There are 15 incorporated cities within the County: Fresno, Clovis, Sanger, Reedley, Selma, Coalinga, Parlier, Kerman, Kingsburg, Mendota, Orange Cove, Firebaugh, Huron, Fowler, and San Joaquin. The largest employment categories include public administration, retail trade,

transportation, accommodation & food services, education & health services, administrative services, agriculture, and manufacturing.

Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the County Board of Supervisors (Board), which consists of an elected supervisor from each of five districts. The Board is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting budgets, appointing committees, and appointing the County Administrative Officer (CAO). The CAO, in turn, appoints the non-elected department heads that are not otherwise appointed by law. The County has five elected department heads responsible for the offices of Assessor-Recorder, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, County Clerk/Registrar of Voters, District Attorney, and Sheriff-Coroner-Public Administrator. The following organizational chart reflects the various functional categories reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities and identifies principal officials in each area.

Board of Supervisors

Brian Pacheco	Steve Brandau	Sal Quintero	Buddy Mendes	Nathan Magsig District 5
District 1	District 2	District 3	District 4	

Jean M. Rousseau, CPA County Administrative Officer

Daniel C. Cederborg County Counsel

Public Protection	Health & Public Assistance	Public Ways & Facilities	Education	Culture & Recreation	General Government
Margaret Mims Sheriff-Coroner Public Administrator	Delfino Neira Director Social Services	Stephen E. White Director/Public Works & Planning	Raman Bath County Librarian	Steven E. White Director/Public Works & Planning	Paul Dictos, CPA Assessor-Recorder
Lisa A. Smittcamp District Attorney	David Pomaville Director Public Health	Melissa Cregan Agricultural Commissioner/Sealer of Weights & Measures	Karmjot Randhawa Cooperative Extension		Oscar J. Garcia, CPA Auditor-Controller/ Treasurer-Tax Collector
Kirk Haynes Chief Probation Officer	Dawan Utecht, Director Behavioral Health Public Guardian	Medical			Paul Nerland Director Human Resources
Elizabeth Diaz Public Defender	Kari Gilbert Director Child Support Services				Robert W. Bash Director of Internal Services-Chief Information Officer
					Brandi L. Orth County Clerk/Registrar of Voters

The County, with an average of 7,345 full-time equivalent employees, provides a full range of services to its residents as the above organizational chart depicts. Included in reported operations are various component units that provide specific services County-wide or to distinct geographic areas within the County. They include, among others, County Service Areas (CSAs), Fresno County Financing Authority (FCFA), Fresno County Tobacco Funding Corporation, and San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority. While these entities are legally separate from the County, the County has some financial accountability for them, their governing bodies are substantially the same as the County's Board, and in most cases, provide services exclusively to the County.

For financial planning and control, the Board adopts an annual appropriated budget for the County. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund are included in the annual budget. Budgetary control is exercised at the department level in both the General and Special Revenue Funds. The legal level of control is at the object level except for capital assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. Project-length financial plans are adopted for capital improvements. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major governmental fund and each nonmajor special revenue fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

The County of Fresno internet site at http://www.co.fresno.ca.us provides extensive information about the County government and its services to the citizens of Fresno County and to those who visit. The County's website includes information about the Board, including how to contact the Board, and provides Board Agendas, County job listings, bid solicitations, County directories, information on how to appeal assessments, voter information, County permits and forms, and financial information such as the County tax rate book, the annual budget, and recent Financial Reports. The site also provides several online services, including the ability to view both live and archived Board meetings, look up election results and polling places, and pay property taxes.

ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

The County of Fresno serves as a financial, trade, commercial and educational center for central California. The County is one of eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley that routinely account for one-half of California's agricultural production. In addition to an extensive highway and road system, several motor freight carriers and a railway network, the County is also home to Fresno Yosemite International Airport, which provides both passenger and cargo services.

California has the largest labor market in the United States with a labor force of 18,971,200 persons as of June 30, 2020. The employed labor force at June 30, 2020, was 16,140,200 persons on a seasonally adjusted basis. This number demonstrates a decline in the California labor market. The State-wide unemployment rate is 14.9% or 2,830,900 persons. The County of Fresno has experienced a similar decline in labor force and employment with a corresponding increase in unemployment. The County of Fresno labor force consisted of 450,000 persons as of June 30, 2020. Unemployment in the County has increased by 7.5% from the prior year and is at a rate of 14.5% as of June 30, 2020.

The County's economy continues to have moderate growth in property tax and sales tax revenues. The net assessed value of the Property Tax Secured Roll increased to \$82,621,662,237 in the 2019-2020 fiscal year. Property tax revenues increased by 10.5% from fiscal year 2018-2019 to fiscal year 2019-2020, while sales tax revenues increased by 4% over the same time period. This movement indicated a steady and continued recovery in the County's economy.

The housing market in the County continues to show significant growth. The median home price within the County was up to \$325,000 during the month of September 2020; this represents an increase of \$38,000 or 13.24%, as compared to the median home prices in September 2019 of \$287,000. Furthermore, housing sales increased by 6.7% in September compared to the same period last year. The current Unsold Inventory Index, which is a measure in number of months, of current housing inventory, based on current sales volume was at 2.2 months in September 2020 compared to 3.1 in September 2019. A six to seven-month supply is considered typical in a normal market.

The County remained one of the leading agricultural counties in the State and nation. Total gross agricultural production in 2019 decreased by 2.31% from 2018. This is largely due to a 6.79% decrease in the value of vegetables along with a decrease in seed crops, fruit and nut crops, and field products. The number one crop in value was once again Almonds (\$1,577,193,002) followed by Grapes (\$962,856,675). Fruit and nut crops provide 57.36% (\$4,426,673,000) of the gross agricultural production value followed by Vegetables at 18.52% (\$1,429,003,000) and Livestock, et al. at 17.01% (\$1,312,687,000).

While agriculture currently accounts for 10.74% of wage and salary employment, other important sources of employment include: government 18.79%; educational and health services trade 19.28%; transportation and utilities 17.29%; social assistance 6.77%; leisure and hospitality services 6.83%; professional and business services 8.67%; manufacturing 6.62%; and construction 4.59%.

MAJOR INITIATIVES, SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Current Financial Planning

The County maintains the largest road system in the State covering over 3,488 miles of roads. The 2020-2021 Road Fund adopted budget totals \$91.5 million, which reflects a decrease of 6% from the prior year adopted budget. Major projects anticipated for fiscal year 2020-2021 include participation in the Federal Transportation Improvement Program, which includes \$108 million of Highway Bridge Program funding. Participation in this effort includes increasing staff to manage the more than 20 projects over the next ten years. The 2020-2021 road maintenance programs include \$30.86 million dedicated to pavement seals and maintenance overlays; contracted preventative maintenance; routine maintenance; traffic signs and striping; and traffic safety and operations.

In April 2006, the County issued subordinate Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds in the amount of \$39,015,131 to fund future capital projects. As of June 30, 2020, all bond proceeds have been allocated to future capital expenditures. The West Annex Jail project will be three floors with 300 medium/maximum security beds and will be located next to the North Annex Jail. It will replace outdated linear cells with new generation pods to allow greater observation and supervision of inmates along with providing program space for special needs inmates, specifically those with behavioral health issues. Groundbreaking on this project occurred on January 25, 2018 and is expected to be completed in late 2020.

Long-term Financial Planning

The County's budget is strongly influenced by the State economy and local economic conditions along with the State's fiscal budget. The State passed the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget of \$196 billion on June 30, 2020, a decrease of 4% over the revised prior year budget. The budget includes significant projected revenue shortfalls due to the expected economic downturn brought about by the impact of COVID-19. This requires an approximately \$13 billion decrease in general fund appropriations from the prior year's adopted budget.

The County's fiscal year 2020-2021 adopted budget is \$3.9 billion, which is \$258.5 million greater than the prior year. The increase is predominately due to the budgeting of CARES Act funding in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Internal Services Funds. The County identified a potential \$16 million shortfall in its General Fund due to a projected reduction in Statewide Public Safety Sales Taxes. In order to accommodate the projected shortfall, the County utilized available unassigned fund balance from the 2019-2020 budget for the 2020-2021 fiscal year budget.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Investments

The County manages the Treasury Investment Pool (Pool). The Pool is comprised of all County and agency funds that are deposited in the County Treasury for operating purposes. A formal investment policy is administered by staff to ensure that investments satisfy legal guidelines, provide liquidity to meet the daily demands upon the Treasury, and provide the highest interest earnings within these constraints. A Treasury Oversight Committee is responsible for regulatory oversight.

Investments authorized under this policy include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, medium-term notes, the State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), mutual funds, and mortgage-backed securities. The policy further restricts investments such that the average weighted maturity of the Pool cannot exceed 1,278 days or $3\frac{1}{2}$ years unless an investment is matched to a specific cash flow.

General Fund, Fund Balance Classifications

During budget preparations, the County establishes various Commitments and Assignments of fund balance within the General Fund to provide for unforeseen expenditures or emergencies that may arise during the course of the fiscal year, and to accumulate funds in the General Fund for designated uses. General Fund Assignments differ from Commitments in that the Board can transfer Assignments during the fiscal year to finance unanticipated expenditures, while Commitments can only be used for the specific purpose for which they were established and are not available to finance current year expenditures except in cases where the Board declares an emergency as defined by Government Code 29127. The Board can approve increases to Commitments and Assignments during the fiscal year.

As part of the County's debt policy, a "pay-as-you-go" financing policy has been deemed an acceptable use of unassigned fund balance to provide a cushion in the event of unanticipated revenue downturns and emergency situations. The County continues to develop fiscal policies for departmental reserve minimums and constraints that will guard against future deficits created by a dependency on fund balance and reserves during times of economic uncertainty.

Budget

Under State law, the County is required to approve an adopted budget by resolution for the County and dependent Special Districts, no later than October 2 of each year. The budget includes the operations of the County and other agencies whose affairs and finances are under the supervision and control of the Board of Supervisors. Before adopting by resolution, the Board holds a public hearing at which anyone may appear and testify on any item in the proposed budget.

Appropriations within the adopted budget will be controlled by the Board at the object level, except for capital assets. Transfers of appropriations between funds and departments require approval from the Board.

Transfers of appropriations between expenditure objects, e.g., Salaries and Employee Benefits, Services and Supplies, Other Charges, and Capital Assets, within a department are permitted with the approval of the County Administrative Officer.

The County Administrative Officer supervises and directs the preparation of the annual budget of the County for the Board and is responsible for its administration after adoption.

Debt Limitations

The County abides by California Constitution Article XVI, section 18, which limits the amount of debt that the County may lawfully incur without approval of 2/3 of the qualified electorate: "(a) No county... shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner or for any purpose exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the voters of the public entity voting at an election to be held for that purpose."

The County will evaluate legal limitations and affordability of debt prior to any new financing or refinancing. It is important for the County to consider its current debt levels as well as legal restrictions imposed by statute or by existing bond covenants. The County will employ specialized legal and financial advisors, as necessary, to assist in the evaluation of additional debt.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the Unites States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The County has received this prestigious award for over thirty years. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County is required to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Financial Report that satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the Government Finance Officers Association to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

I wish to express my appreciation to the staff of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office, whose hard work, professionalism and dedication are responsible for the timely preparation of this report, and to Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation for their professional assistance. Finally, I would like to thank the Board and members of the Audit Committee for their continued efforts in planning and conducting the County's financial operations in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Oscar J. Garcia, CPA

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Fresno California

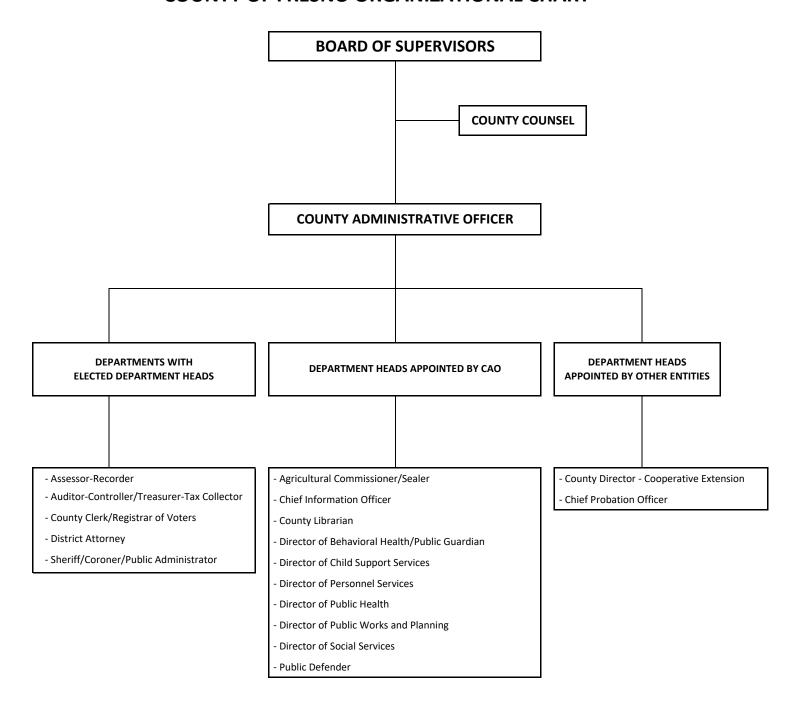
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF FRESNO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

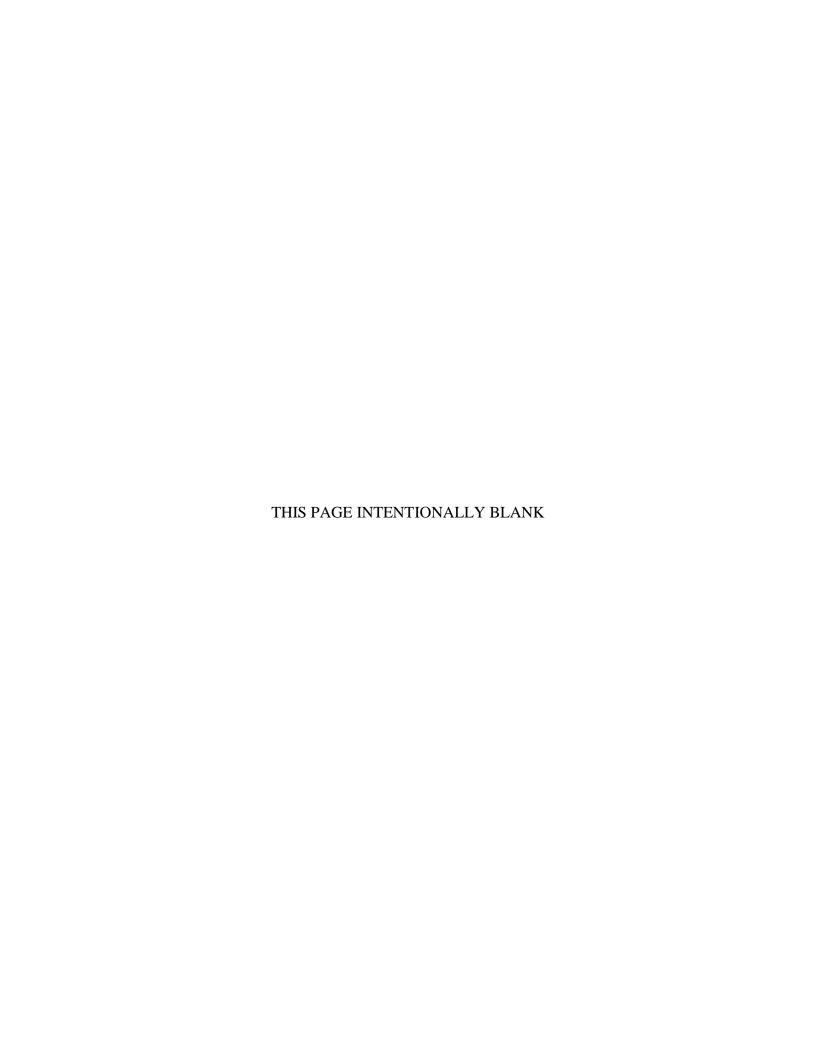


County of Fresno List of Principal Officials June 30, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Board of Supervisors:

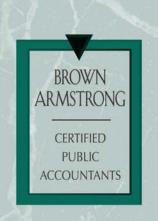
Supervisor, District 1
Vice-Chairman Supervisor, District 2
Supervisor, District 3
Chairman Supervisor, District 4
Supervisor, District 5
Assessor-Recorder
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector
County Clerk/Registrar of Voters
District Attorney Lisa A. Smittcamp
Sheriff/Coroner/Public Administrator
APPOINTED OFFICIALS
County Administrative Officer
County Counsel





FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information



BAKERSFIELD OFFICE (MAIN OFFICE)

4200 TRUXTUN AVENUE SUITE 300 BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309 TEL 661.324.4971 FAX 661.324.4997 EMAIL info@bacpas.com

FRESNO OFFICE

10 RIVER PARK PLACE EAST SUITE 208 FRESNO, CA 93720 TEL 559.476.3592

STOCKTON OFFICE

1919 GRAND CANAL BLVD SUITE C6 STOCKTON, CA 95207 TEL 888.565.1040

WWW.BACPAS.COM

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno Fresno, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Fresno, California (the County), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; the Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability; the Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association Schedule of the County's Contributions; and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, Disaster Claiming Fund, Behavioral Health - MH Fund, Social Services Fund, Local Health and Welfare Fund, and 2011 Realignment Fund, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Restatement of Financial Statements

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 20 to the amended and restated financial statements, which explains that the financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, have been restated from those which we originally reported on in our report dated December 30, 2020.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2021, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Grown Armstrong Secountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California April 26, 2021

The County of Fresno's (County) management's discussion and analysis is designed to present a narrative overview of the financial activities of the County and an analysis of the County's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's basic financial statements following this section. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County by \$390,006. The residual of this difference is referred to as "net position." The County has an unrestricted net position of (\$441,765). The County's net position also includes a restricted net position of \$1,590 representing assets that may only be used for specific purposes, and \$830,181 representing the County's net investment in capital assets.
- The County's long-term liabilities decreased by \$42,124. Long-term liabilities totaled \$1,903,806 at June 30, 2020.
- The primary government's total net position increased to \$390,006. The governmental activities net position is \$275,641 and business-type activities net position is \$114,365.
- As of June 30, 2020, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$756,818, which is a decrease of \$45,058 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 87.71% of combined fund balances, or \$663,842, is either nonspendable or restricted for specific uses; 12.29%, or \$92,976, is unassigned to meet the County's current and future uses.
- The total fund balance in the County's primary operating fund, the General Fund, at year-end was \$197,786. Approximately \$104,810 is either nonspendable or restricted for specific uses. The remaining \$92,976, which approximates to 5.91% of the General Fund's total expenditures for the year, is unrestricted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following narrative is an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) **Government-wide** financial statements, 2) **Fund** financial statements and 3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Therefore, the statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Please refer to *Note 2, section (B)* on page 30 for further information on the accrual basis of accounting.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all County assets and liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the residual of these elements being reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues and property and sales taxes (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government; public protection; public ways and facilities; health, sanitation, and public assistance; education; and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include the Fresno County Solid Waste Enterprise (Landfills) and the County Service Areas (CSAs).

Component units are included in our basic financial statements and can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and have substantially the same governing board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. The County's blended component units include the CSAs, the Fresno County Tobacco Funding Corporation, and the Fresno County Financing Authority. Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities, which have some financial accountability to the County Board of Supervisors (Board); though the entity's governing board is substantially different from the County Board. As of June 30, 2020, the County had no discretely presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements present the County's financial activities in a traditional fund format. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. The fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. See *Note 2, section (B)* on page 30, which explains the modified accrual basis of accounting. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains thirty-one individual governmental funds, seven of which are considered to be major governmental funds. Information for the General Fund, Disaster Claiming, Debt Service, Behavioral Health-MH, Social Services, Local Health and Welfare, and 2011 Realignment Funds is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Data for the other, nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Summary fund data by fund type and individual fund data for these nonmajor governmental funds is provided as other supplementary information in the form of *combining statements and schedules* found on pages 82-115 of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the General Fund and other governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The County's General Fund, Disaster Claiming, Debt Service, Behavioral Health-MH, Social Services, Local Health and Welfare, and 2011 Realignment Fund budgetary comparison schedules are presented as Required Supplementary Information.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services provided by the County where fees are charged for these services. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds – enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the Landfills' and CSAs' operations whose revenues are collected from external user fees. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for certain County programs and activities. The County uses internal service funds to account for its fleet, information technology, risk management, PeopleSoft software operations, facility services, and security services. Substantially all of the revenues for the County's internal service funds come from other internal County departments. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements; however, information is provided in more detail and includes cash flow statements. The Landfills' and CSAs' operations are considered to be major funds of the County. The County's six internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided as supplementary information in the form of combining statements which can be found on pages 118-125 of this report.

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds, except for the agency funds, is much like that used for proprietary funds. Individual fund data for agency funds is provided as supplementary information in the form of combining statements. These statements can be found on page 127 of this report.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. They are an integral part of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with them. The notes can be found on pages 27-69 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information includes the Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund, Disaster Claiming, Behavioral Health-MH, Social Services, Local Health and Welfare, and 2011 Realignment Fund. Additionally, this section includes the Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association (FCERA) Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, which provides information regarding the County's portion of the net pension liability, along with the Schedule of County Contributions, which provides information on the actuarially determined contribution amounts for the last 10 fiscal years. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 70-78 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier provide information for major and nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds, and are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 82-125 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$390,006 at June 30, 2020.

Summary of Net Position June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governr	nental	Busines	ss-type		
	Activi	ities	Activ	ities	Tota	1
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Assets:	•		•	•	•	
Current and other assets	\$1,207,679	\$1,176,491	\$ 108,094	\$97,220	\$ 1,315,773	\$ 1,273,711
Capital assets	956,546	840,492	66,208	62,473	1,022,754	902,965
Total assets	2,164,225	2,016,983	174,302	159,693	2,338,527	2,176,676
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Prepaid expenses	14,889	12,934	-	-	14,889	12,934
Deferred pensions	311,075	356,922	2,172	2,766	313,247	359,688
Total deferred outflows of resources	325,964	369,856	2,172	2,766	328,136	372,622
Liabilities:						
Other liabilities	251,650	177,285	5,772	4,464	257,422	181,749
Long-term liabilities	1,848,270	1,892,033	55,536	53,897	1,903,806	1,945,930
Total liabilities	2,099,920	2,069,318	61,308	58,361	2,161,228	2,127,679
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred pensions	114,628	104,750	801	813	115,429	105,563
Total deferred inflows of resources	114,628	104,750	801	813	115,429	105,563
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	763,973	647,516	66,208	62,473	830,181	709,989
Restricted	-	-	1,590	1,596	1,590	1,596
Unrestricted (deficit)	(488,332)	(434,745)	46,567	39,216	(441,765)	(395,529)
Total net position	\$ 275,641	\$212,771	\$ 114,365	\$103,285	\$ 390,006	\$ 316,056

The largest portion of the County's net position, \$830,181, represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, intangible assets, construction in progress), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Restricted net position balance of \$1,590 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Current and other assets increased from \$1,273,711 to \$1,315,773 or 3.3%. This increase is primarily due to an increase in accounts and loans receivable to the County along with an increase to due from other governmental units.

Capital assets increased by \$119,789 from \$902,965 to \$1,022,754, or 13.27% from the prior year. The increase was primarily due to the increase in depreciable assets, with a corresponding increase in non-depreciable assets (construction in progress). The corresponding depreciation to those previously non-depreciable assets slightly increased the net book value of the assets.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$42,124, from \$1,945,930 to \$1,903,806, or 2.16% from the prior year. This is primarily due to a decrease of Net Pension Liability by the amount of \$46,451.

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

Summary of Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities					Busines	- 1	e		Total			
	_		/ities	2010.10		Activ	_	2010.10	_		tal	2010.10	
		2019-20		2018-19		2019-20		2018-19		2019-20		2018-19	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:					_						_		
Charges for services	\$	100,333	\$	89,025	\$	21,882	\$	25,039	\$	122,215	\$	114,064	
Operating grants and contributions		960,735		919,835		485		367		961,220		920,202	
General Revenues:													
Property taxes		271,007		262,330		819		796		271,826		263,126	
Sales taxes		62,561		58,264		-		-		62,561		58,264	
Motor vehicle in-lieu taxes		265,955		258,594		-		-		265,955		258,594	
Franchise taxes		17,110		16,192		-		-		17,110		16,192	
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		(2,529)		-		(2,529)	
Investment earnings		33,511		32,538		4,614		4,007		38,125		36,545	
Miscellaneous		8,474		2,934		9,745		3,202		18,219		6,136	
Total revenues		1,719,686		1,639,712		37,545		30,882		1,757,231		1,670,594	
Expenses:													
General government		266,452		235,530		-		-		266,452		235,530	
Public protection		403,010		266,178		-		-		403,010		266,178	
Public ways and facilities		69,231		36,765		-		-		69,231		36,765	
Health, sanitation & public assistance		853,749		659,419		-		-		853,749		659,419	
Education		26,118		18,288		-		-		26,118		18,288	
Culture and recreation		2,818		2,122		-		-		2,818		2,122	
Interest on long-term debt		35,820		35,302		-		-		35,820		35,302	
County Service Areas, other		-		-		12,274		8,265		12,274		8,265	
Landfill		-		-		18,260		14,726		18,260		14,726	
Total expenses		1,657,198		1,253,604		30,534		22,991		1,687,732		1,276,595	
Increase (decrease) in net													
position before transfers		62,488		386,108		7,011		7,891		69,499		393,999	
Transfers		15		252		(15)		(252)		0,777		3/3,///	
Increase (decrease) in net position		62,503		386,360		6,996		7,639		69,499	_	393,999	
Net position beginning of year		\$212,771		(176,789)		103,285	_	95,290	•	316,056	_	(81,499)	
Prior period adjustment		367		3,200		4,084		356		4,451		3,556	
Net position end of year	\$	275,641		\$212,771	-\$	114,365		\$103,285	\$	390,006	\$	316,056	
Net position end of year	φ	273,041		Ψ212,//1	Ф	117,303	_	φ103,203	Ф	370,000	Φ	310,030	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$62,503, which accounts for the majority of the total increase in net position of the County. Revenue related to charges for services increased by \$11,308 due to an increase in service levels. Operating grant revenue increased by \$40,900, primarily due to the increase in Grant revenue, awarded to assist citizens during the COVID-19 pandemic. Property taxes increased by \$8,677. This increase in property taxes is due to a slight increase in assessed values and a slightly decreased property tax delinquency rate. Sales tax revenues increased by \$4,297 due to greater distribution of Bradley-Burns State tax revenues.

Expenses for general government increased by \$30,922, and public protection increased by \$136,832, primarily due to increased costs for salaries and benefits along with an overall increase in expenditures for internal service funds. Health, sanitation, and public assistance increased by \$194,330. Expenses for public ways and facilities increased by \$32,466, due to increased expenditures for road building and repairing activities.

One point to keep in mind when analyzing the increases/decreases noted above is the application of the accrual basis of accounting for the County's governmental activities. Governmental activities budget and subsequently issue fund financial statements that reflect their budget and accounting practices under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, capital asset purchases and debt principal payments are expensed. Further, revenues are accrued if measurable and available within the County's availability period (established at 60 days for general revenue or 180 days for grant revenue). In contrast, the Statement of Activities (summarized here as "Summary of Changes in Net Position") is reported under the full accrual basis of accounting, which capitalizes capital asset purchases, reduces liabilities by principal payments and recognizes revenues regardless of if they are available within the 60 to 180 day period. See the reconciliation on page 20, which further explains the difference between changes in the County's fund balance under the modified accrual basis and changes in net position under the accrual basis of accounting.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$6,996. Combined with the prior period adjustment increasing the net position by \$4,084, the result is a net \$11,080 increase in net position from business-type activities, which is attributable an increase in service charges.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses *fund accounting* to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are reported in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2020, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$756,818, a decrease of \$45,058 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Approximately 12.29% of this total amount, or \$92,976, constitutes fund balance that is available for appropriation in the upcoming year. The remainder of the fund balance, totaling \$663,842, is restricted or committed; this includes \$5,839 "not in spendable form" for items that are not expected to be converted into cash, such as long-term receivables and imprest cash balances, that are long-term in nature and thus do not represent available spendable resources. The remainder of the fund balance also includes \$658,003 restricted or committed for programs at various levels.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$92,976, while total fund balance was \$197,786. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 5.91% of total fund expenditures less transfers, while total fund balance represents 12.58% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund decreased \$6,332 during the current fiscal year primarily due to the increase in expenditures related to the general government.

Revenues for the General Fund without transfers totaled \$574,282, which represents a 2.4% increase from fiscal year 2018-2019. Overall revenue increased by \$13,632 from fiscal year 2018-2019.

Expenditures without other financing sources (uses) for the General Fund totaled \$1,572,747 in fiscal year 2019-2020, which represents an increase of 10% from fiscal year 2018-2019. The primary cause for the increase is an overall increase in public protection and assistance.

Disaster Claiming Fund. The Disaster Claiming Fund was established during fiscal year 2019-2020 to help track funds received that are related to local disaster relief. During fiscal year 2019-2020 there were \$16,627 in disbursements and \$64,953 in unearned revenue.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund is a major governmental fund. Fund balance increased by \$5,953 from \$57,369 to \$63,322, or 10.38%. This increase is due to an increase in transfers in during fiscal year 2019-2020.

Behavioral Health-MH Fund. The Behavioral Health-MH Fund was established during fiscal year 2014-2015, as this fund was previously reported in the General Fund. This fund was created pursuant to the Mental Health Services Act. This fund received \$48,047 in revenues without transfers and distributed \$85,858 to the General Fund. The fund balance decreased by \$27,402, or 26.54%, from fiscal year 2018-2019. The fund balance decrease was primarily attributable to increased distributions to the General Fund.

Social Services Fund. The Social Services Fund was established during fiscal year 2014-2015, as these funds were previously reported in the General Fund. This fund was created primarily to house welfare assistance and administration revenues. This fund received \$416,864 in revenues without transfers and distributed \$426,508 to the General Fund. The fund balance decreased by \$9,607, or 17.61%, from fiscal year 2018-2019. The fund balance decrease was primarily attributable to an increase in distributions to the General Fund.

Local Health and Welfare Fund. The Local Health and Welfare Fund existed as a nonmajor special revenue fund in previous fiscal years. This fund was created pursuant to Assembly Bill 1288 of 1991. This fund received \$267,144 in revenues without transfers and distributed \$288,317 to the General Fund which, when combined with the \$50,103 in restricted fund balance from the prior year, resulted in \$43,402 in restricted fund balance for fiscal year 2019-2020.

2011 Realignment Fund. The 2011 Realignment Fund was established in fiscal year 2011-2012. This fund was created pursuant to Assembly Bill 118, which realigned particular Public Safety and Health programs. This fund received \$160,292 in revenues without transfers in and distributed \$194,921 to the General Fund which, when combined with the \$103,255 in restricted fund balance from the prior year, resulted in \$68,582 in restricted fund balance for fiscal year 2019-2020.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, except in more detail.

Landfills have \$80,796 in net position at June 30, 2020, and the CSAs have \$33,569. The Landfills' and CSAs' unrestricted net positions are \$41,657 and \$4,910, respectively; this comprises 51.6% and 14.6%, respectively, of their total net positions. Overall, net position increased by \$11,080 for the combined Landfills and CSAs funds.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The total change in fund balance between the original budget and the final amended budget was a decrease of \$1,950. Some of the significant differences between the original budget and the final amended budget are briefly summarized as follows:

- The Department of Social Services' CalWORKS and Foster Care programs' appropriations increased by \$22,299 primarily due to increases in services to support the public during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Department of Behavioral Health's appropriations increased by \$22,471, primarily due to an increase in contracted services provided to support the public during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Department of Public Health's appropriations increased by \$5,919, primarily due to an increase in overtime and services to support the public during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Sheriff Department's appropriations increased by \$5,051, primarily due to increased salaries and benefits along with an increase in the purchase of needed equipment.

The actual General Fund revenue balance of \$574,282 was \$95,493, or 14.25%, lower than what was expected. The primary reason for the revenue deficit was a decrease in aid from other governmental agencies and other miscellaneous revenues. Actual General Fund expenditures fell below the total budget estimates by \$287,491, or 15.45%. The savings were achieved by an array of continuous efforts to manage the County's budget effectively.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

As of June 30, 2020, the County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$1,022,754. This investment in capital assets includes infrastructure, infrastructure in progress, land, land easements, buildings and improvements, equipment, intangible assets, intangible in progress, and construction in progress. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current period was \$119,789.

Capital asset projects during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction of road projects.
- Construction of the West Annex Jail.
- Various improvement projects.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets except land, right-of-way, infrastructure in progress and construction in progress, were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

County of Fresno's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation) As of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	To	tal
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Assets:						
Infrastructure	\$ 323,048	\$ 327,455	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 323,048	\$ 327,455
Infrastructure in progress	29,771	14,546	-	-	29,771	14,546
Land	16,878	17,000	9,183	9,183	26,061	26,183
Land easements	41,838	41,838	-	-	41,838	41,838
Buildings and						
Improvements	416,179	342,497	40,688	41,732	456,867	384,229
Equipment	36,242	36,224	3,851	2,335	40,093	38,559
Construction in progress	92,355	60,811	12,486	9,223	104,841	70,034
Intangible assets	235	121	-	-	235	121
	\$ 956,546	\$ 840,492	\$ 66,208	\$ 62,473	\$1,022,754	\$ 902,965

For more detailed information on capital asset activity, refer to the relevant disclosures (Note 8) in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Infrastructure Assets

The County capitalizes and depreciates the value of bridges, streets, and traffic lights using the straight-line depreciation method. Right-of-way is treated as a non-depreciable asset, labeled as land easements. During fiscal year 2019-2020, the County added infrastructure totaling \$7,207. Accumulated depreciation for infrastructure increased by \$11,614.

Long-term Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, the County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$1,903,806, compared to \$1,945,930 for the prior fiscal year. This amount includes \$1,848,270 from governmental activities, which was comprised of \$53,253 in compensated absences; \$2,805 in capital leases; \$87,964 in liability for self-insurance; \$354,056 in bonds payable; \$278,491 from accreted interest; \$24,503 from an adverse judgment; and \$1,047,198 in net pension liability. This combined with \$55,536 from business-type activities, which was comprised of \$45,243 in closure and post-closure care liability; \$2,545 in bonds payable; \$59 in loans payable; \$377 in compensated absences; and \$7,312 in net pension liability. Please refer to Note 9 and Note 11 on pages 47 through 55 for further information on the County's long-term debt.

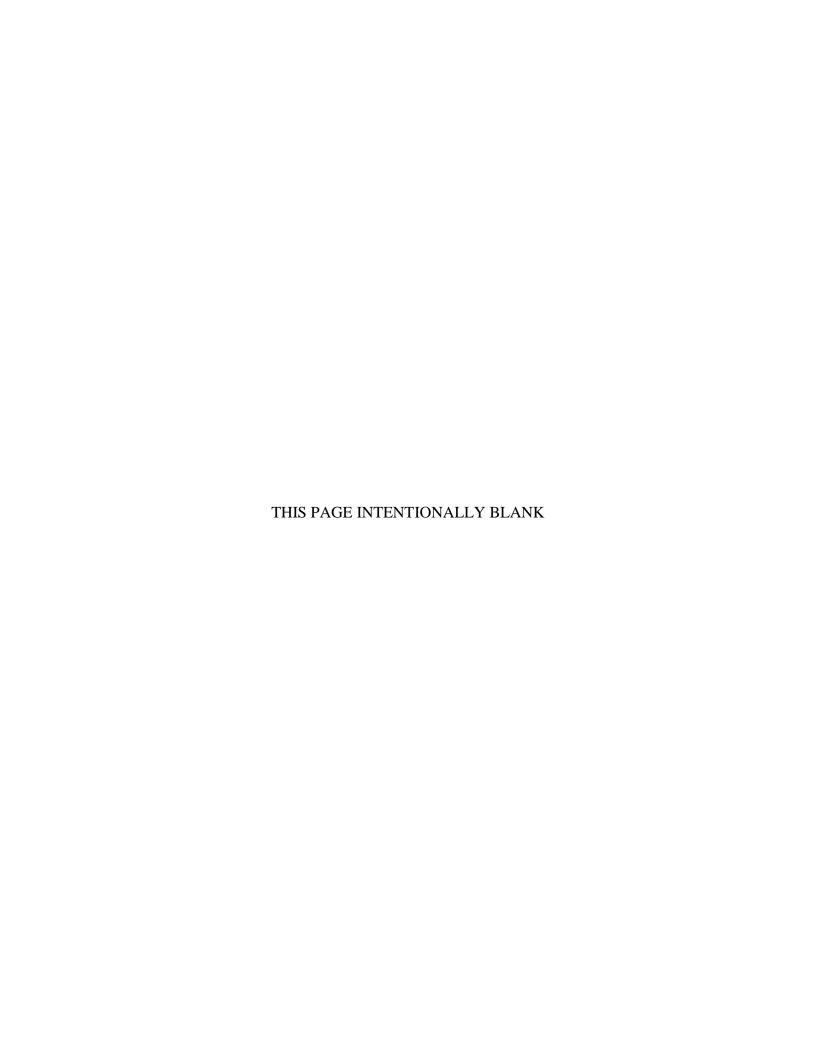
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The national, state, and local economies have seen solid gains in their recovery from the recession. Fresno County has seen upward trends in property taxes, as well as in program-related revenues. However, high unemployment and overall uncertainty about the economic policies of the government continue to persist, although nonfarm unemployment has decreased. Additionally, while new construction activity in the housing market has occurred, housing inventory remains low, leading to higher median home prices.
- Due to the County being heavily dependent on agriculture, it experiences chronically high unemployment, which places continual pressure on the County to provide adequate social and medical services. In addition, certain types of crime are considered high profile and public protection is a high priority to citizens.
- On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. In response, the County of Fresno, followed by the Governor of California, issued a Shelter at Home order effective March 19, 2020, requiring non-essential businesses to temporarily close to the public. Although property tax revenues have seen increases, sales tax revenues have significantly decreased. At the same time, the portion of the County's budget that relies on this revenue continues to experience increased costs due to general inflation, medical insurance, workers' compensation, retirement increases, and increases in service demands.
- Realignment funds support the County's public safety, social services, health, and mental health programs. These are comprised of vehicle license fees and sales taxes. Realignment funds increased significantly pursuant to Assembly Bill 118, which realigned additional programs and reassigned responsibility of overseeing and providing core services to local governments. While Realignment funds continue to increase, specific program-related revenue continues to fall to compensate.

To the extent these factors were known, or could be estimated, they were considered in preparing the County's budget for fiscal year 2020-2021. The County will adjust its budget as necessary to deal with further expected State budget actions.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, 2281 Tulare Street, Fresno, CA 93721.



County of Fresno Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		P	rimar	y Governme	ent	
		vernmental ctivities		siness-type activities		Total
ASSETS	¢	966 022	¢.	50.020	e	025.060
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	866,932	\$	59,028	\$	925,960
		39,811		45,657		85,468
Receivables, net:		12 405		2 252		17.720
Accounts		13,485		3,253		16,738
Taxes		37,854		501		37,854
Interest		4,219		501		4,720
Loans		46,767		- (420)		46,767
Internal balances		439		(439)		
Due from other governmental units		198,172		94		198,266
Capital Assets, net:						
Land		16,878		9,183		26,061
Land easements		41,838		-		41,838
Buildings and improvements		416,179		40,688		456,86
Equipment		36,242		3,851		40,09
Construction in progress		92,355		12,486		104,84
Infrastructure		323,048		· -		323,048
Infrastructure in progress		29,771		_		29,77
Intangible		235		_		23:
Total assets		2,164,225		174,302		2,338,52
Prepaid expenses Deferred pensions Total deferred outflows of resources		14,889 311,075 325,964		2,172 2,172		14,889 313,24 328,136
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		86,815		508		87,323
Salaries and benefits payable		37,601		132		37,73
Interest payable		2,450		89		2,53
Due to other governmental units		16,922		-		16,92
Deposits and other liabilities		10,066		5,043		15,10
Unearned revenue		97,796		-		97,79
Noncurrent liabilities:		71,170				71,17
Due within one year		88,195		6,799		94,99
Due beyond one year		1,760,075		48,737		1,808,812
Total liabilities		2,099,920		61,308		2,161,22
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions Total deferred inflows of resources		114,628 114,628		801 801		115,42° 115,42°
NET POSITION						
		762 072		66 200		920.10
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		763,973		66,208		830,18
Debt service				1.500		1.50
Unrestricted		(488,332)		1,590 46,567		1,590
Total net position	\$	275,641	\$	114,365	\$	390,006

County of Fresno Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Functions / Programs:	Expenses		narges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities	Business- type Activities		Total			
Governmental activities:										-				
General government	\$ 266,452	\$	38,620	\$	54,344	\$ -	\$	(173,488)	\$ -	\$	(173,488)			
Public protection	403,010		26,556		252,646	-		(123,808)	-		(123,808)			
Public ways and facilities	69,231		7,334		53,767	-		(8,130)	-		(8,130)			
Health, sanitation and public assistance	853,749		24,994		599,361	-		(229,394)	-		(229,394)			
Education	26,118		1,962		244	-		(23,912)	-		(23,912)			
Culture and recreation	2,818		867		373	-		(1,578)	-		(1,578)			
Interest and fiscal charges	35,820		-		-	-		(35,820)	-		(35,820)			
Total governmental activities	1,657,198		100,333		960,735			(596,130)			(596,130)			
Business activities:														
Water/Sewer services	12,274		5,885		-	-		-	(6,389)		(6,389)			
Landfill	18,260		15,997		485				(1,778)		(1,778)			
Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$ 1,687,732	\$	21,882 122,215	\$	485 961,220	\$ -		(596,130)	(8,167) (8,167)		(8,167)			
	General rever Property ta							271,007	819		271,826			
	Sales tax							62,561	-		62,561			
	Franchise t	ax						17,110	_		17,110			
	Unrestricte	d moto	or vehicle in	-lieu t	axes			265,955	-		265,955			
	Other							8,474	9,745		18,219			
			stment earni	ings				33,511	4,614		38,125			
	Transfers in (15	(15)					
	Total gener	al reve	enues and tra	ansfer	'S			658,633	15,163		673,796			
	Change in	net pos	sition					62,503	6,996		69,499			
	Net posit	ion - b	eginning					212,771	103,285		316,056			
	Prior per	iod adj	ustments					367	4,084		4,451			
	Net posit	ion - b	eginning res	stated			_	213,138	107,369	_	320,507			
	Net posit	ion - e	nding				\$	275,641	\$ 114,365	\$	390,006			

County of Fresno Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Ger	neral Fund		Disaster laiming	De	bt Service		ehavioral alth - MH		Social Services		al Health Welfare	Re	2011	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF		iciui i una		iummig_		ot Bervice				Jer vices	una	Wellare		angilinent		1 unus		Tunus
RESOURCES																		
Assets																		
Cash and investments	\$	91,097	\$	72,006	\$	50,778	\$	70,786	\$	50,511	\$	34,604	\$	81,520	\$	274,562	\$	725,864
Restricted cash and investments		19,206		-		12,327		-		-		-		-		3,794		35,327
Receivables, net:																		
Accounts		7,169		-		-		-		1,648		-		-		3,955		12,772
Taxes		37,854		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		37,854
Interest		750		305		217		405		232		208		411		1,025		3,553
Loans		46,767		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		46,767
Due from other funds		86,618		-		-		40		25		107		2,354		1,016		90,160
Due from other governmental units		75,896		-		-		4,607		72,398		18,792		5,857		13,355		190,905
Advances to other funds		345		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		345
Total assets		365,702		72,311		63,322		75,838		124,814		53,711		90,142		297,707		1,143,547
Deferred outflows of resources:																		
Prepaid expense		14,815		_		_		_		_		_		_		74		14,889
Total deferred outflows of resources		14,815														74		14,889
Total assets and deferred outflows		14,013					-											14,007
of resources	\$	380,517	\$	72,311	\$	63,322	\$	75,838	\$	124,814	\$	53,711	\$	90,142	\$	297,781	\$	1,158,436
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, & FUND BALANCES Liabilities																		
Accounts payable	\$	61,373	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	12,364	\$	73,741
Salaries and benefits payable		34,200		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,110		36,310
Due to other governmental units		53		-		-		-		8,607		-		-		834		9,494
Due to other funds		12,261		4,963		-		-		41,655		10,309		21,556		9,652		100,396
Deposits and other liabilities		43		-		-		-		-		-		-		9,146		9,189
Unearned revenue		63		64,953		-		-		29,617		-		-		3,117		97,750
Total liabilities		107,993		69,916		-		-		79,879		10,309		21,560		37,223		326,880
Deferred inflows of resources:																		
Unavailable property taxes		32,972								_		_				_		32,972
Unavailable HARP loan		41,766		_		_		_		_		_		_				41,766
Total deferred inflows of resources		74,738																74,738
		,																,,
Fund balances:																		
Nonspendable		5,803		_		_		_		_		_		_		36		5,839
Restricted		7,590		2,395		63,322		75,838		44,935		43,402		68,582		260,522		566,586
Committed		91,417		-,		-		-		-		-,		-		-		91,417
Unassigned		92,976		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		92,976
Total fund balances		197,786		2,395	_	63,322		75,838		44,935		43,402	_	68,582		260,558	_	756,818
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	380,517	\$	72,311	\$	63,322	\$	75,838	\$	124,814	\$	53,711	\$	90,142	\$	297,781	\$	1,158,436
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County of Fresno Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	756,818
Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities are different because:		
Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental fund statements but are recorded in government-wide statements to conform with generally accepted accounting principles.		911,258
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund statements but are recorded in the government-wide statements.		296,290
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. This amount is net of internal service fund activity.	(1	1,704,817)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. This amount is net of internal service fund activity.		(2,450)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund statements but are recorded in the government-wide statements.		(109,181)
Because the focus of governmental funds is not short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay current period expenditures. Those assets are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds. This amount is net of internal service fund activity.		74,738
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet services, information systems, printing and mailing services, facility services, security, risk management and communications to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the internal service funds are included in the statement of net position.		52,985
Net position of governmental activities	\$	275,641

County of Fresno

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

									Other	Total
			Disaster		Behavioral		Local Health and	2011	Governmental	Governmental
	Genera	al Fund	Claiming	Debt Service	Health - MH	Social Services	Welfare	Realignment	Funds	Funds
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	284,330	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,451	\$ 331,781
Licenses and permits		13,316	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,580	18,896
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		4,610	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,863	8,473
Use of money and property		5,041	2,395	2,371	3,595	2,272	1,862	3,773	12,202	33,511
Aid from other governmental agencies:										
State		100,576	-	-	44,452	135,157	265,282	156,519	76,603	778,589
Federal		104,161	16,627	-	-	277,249	-	-	41,746	439,783
Other		360	-	2,086	-	1,236	-	-	1,125	4,807
Charges for services		52,113	-	-	-	948	-	-	15,826	68,887
Other revenues		9,775	-	9,161	-	2	-	-	12,509	31,447
Total revenues		574,282	19,022	13,618	48,047	416,864	267,144	160,292	216,905	1,716,174
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		45,253	-	-		-		44	9,262	54,559
Public protection		467,157	-	-		-		-	-	467,157
Public ways and facilities		2,493	-	-		-		-	65,237	67,730
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		968,621	-	-		-		-	1,049	969,670
Education		252	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,618	28,870
Culture and recreation		3,250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,250
Capital outlay		85,721	-	-		-		-	38,741	124,462
Debt service:										
Principal		-	-	29,314		-		-	-	29,314
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	9,307	-	-	_	-	-	9,307
Total expenditures	1	,572,747	-	38,621	-	-	_	44	142,907	1,754,319
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(998,465)	19,022	(25,003)	48,047	416,864	267,144	160,248	73,998	(38,145)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		199	-	-		-		-	-	199
Transfers in	1	.061,157	-	33,244	10,409	37	14,472	-	23,451	1,142,770
Transfers (out)		(69,223)	(16,627)	(2,288)	(85,858)	(426,508)	(288,317)	(194,921)	(66,140)	(1,149,882)
Total other financing sources (uses)		992,133	(16,627)		(75,449)	(426,471)	(273,845)	(194,921)	(42,689)	(6,913)
Net change in fund balances		(6,332)	2,395	5,953	(27,402)	(9,607)	(6,701)	(34,673)	31,309	(45,058)
Fund balances - beginning		204,118	-	57,369	103,240	54,542	50,103	103,255	229,249	801,876
Fund balances - ending	\$	197,786	\$ 2,395	\$ 63,322	\$ 75,838	\$ 44,935	\$ 43,402	\$ 68,582	\$ 260,558	\$ 756,818
				-						

County of Fresno Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (45,058)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure and other related capital asset adjustments Less - current year depreciation expense	\$ 124,462 (11,116) 113,346
Interest is expended in the governmental funds when paid, while interest on long-term debt is accrued in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which the current year partial interest degrees of from	
by which the current year accrued interest decreased from the prior year's reported total.	53
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is net of internal service fund activity.	2,020
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This amount is net of internal service fund activity.	(11,179)
Certain revenues are deferred because they are not available within the County's 180 day availability period. However, they are recognized in the government-wide financial statements. Amounts at the beginning of the fiscal year are netted with those at the end of the fiscal year. This amount is net of internal service fund activity.	3,511
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet services, information systems, printing and mailing services, facility services, security, risk management and communications to individual funds.	
The net expense of certain activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(190)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

County of Fresno Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		unds	Governmental Activities					
		lid Waste nterprise		nty Service as, Other		Total	Inte	rnal Service Funds
ASSETS						,		
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,567	\$	9,461	\$	59,028	\$	141,068
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		44,067		1,590		45,657		4,484
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Interest receivable		2,091 446		1,162 55		3,253 501		486 666
Due from other funds		1,308		229		1,537		13,616
Due from other governmental units		94		-		94		7,267
Total current assets		97,573		12,497		110,070		167,587
Noncurrent assets:								
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		229
Nondepreciable:								
Land		7,956		1,227		9,183		-
Construction in progress		1,824		10,662		12,486		7,177
Depreciable:								
Buildings and improvements		65,490		35,115		100,605		10,581
Equipment		15,909		4,720		20,629		75,618
Less accumulated depreciation		(52,040)		(24,655)		(76,695)		(48,088)
Intangible		-		-		-		20,563
Less accumulated amortization		- 20 120		- 27.060		-		(20,563)
Total noncurrent assets Total assets		39,139 136,712		27,069 39,566		66,208 176,278		45,517 213,104
DEFENDED OVERLOWS OF DESCOVERS		/-						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1.416		756		2 172		14705
Deferred pensions Total deferred outflows of resources		1,416 1,416		756 756		2,172 2,172		14,785
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,410		/30		2,172		14,783
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		185		323		508		13,074
Salaries and benefits payable		129		3		132		1,291
Due to other funds		1,210		421		1,631		3,288
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		7,428
Advances from other funds		-		345		345		-
Liability for self-insurance		-		-		-		23,204
Interest payable		-		89		89		-
Deposits and other liabilities		5,021		22		5,043		877
Loans payable		-		3		3		-
General obligation bonds payable		-		250		250		-
Unearned revenue		150		-		210		46
Compensated leave and absences		152		58		210		1,336
Accrued closure/post-closure liability		6,336		-		6,336		
Capital lease obligations Total current liabilities		13,033		1,514		14,547		1,177 51,721
		15,055		1,514		14,547		31,721
Noncurrent liabilities:								c 1 = c0
Liability for self-insurance		-		-		-		64,760
Compensated leave and absences		101		66		167		1,636
General obligation bonds payable		-		2,295		2,295		-
Loans payable		29.007		56		56 28 007		-
Accrued closure/post-closure liability Capital lease obligations		38,907		-		38,907		1.570
1 0		4,768		2,544		7,312		1,570
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities		43,776		4,961		48,737		49,770
Total liabilities		56,809		6,475		63,284		117,736 169,457
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						•
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		500		270		001		5 447
Deferred pensions		523		278		801		5,447
Total deferred inflows of resources		523		278		801		5,447
NET POSITION		20.120		27.000		66.200		40.541
Net investment in capital assets		39,139		27,069		66,208		42,541
Restricted for:				1.500		1.500		
Debt service Unrestricted		41.657		1,590		1,590		10.444
	¢	41,657	•	4,910	-	46,567	•	10,444
Total net position	\$	80,796	\$	33,569	\$	114,365	\$	52,985

County of Fresno Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-ty	pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds	Governmental Activities
	Solid Waste	County Service Areas, Other	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	¢ 15.007	¢ 5,005	¢ 21.992	¢ 221.549
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 15,997 1,877	\$ 5,885 7,868	\$ 21,882 9,745	\$ 221,548
Total operating revenues	17,874	13,753	31,627	1,289 222,837
Total operating revenues	17,674	13,733	31,027	222,637
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	3,933	2,086	6,019	40,766
Insurance	26	127	153	115,119
Professional services	3,467	4,118	7,585	18,631
General and administrative	4,228	2,063	6,291	28,917
Repairs and maintenance	1,424	1,786	3,210	3,026
Rents and leases	12	1	13	8,239
Parts and supplies	201	20	221	5,362
Accrued closure/post-closure costs	3,186	-	3,186	-
Utilities	118	859	977	13,390
Depreciation	1,381	792	2,173	7,685
Total operating expenses	17,976	11,852	29,828	241,135
Operating income (loss)	(102)	1,901	1,799	(18,298)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
(Loss) on sale of capital assets	(159)	(311)	(470)	(825)
Use of money and property	4,227	387	4,614	6,315
Interest expense	-	(111)	(111)	-
Tax revenues	-	819	819	-
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-	5,491
Closure/post-closure expense/fees	(125)	-	(125)	-
Grants and other revenues	485		485	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,428	784	5,212	10,981
Net income (loss) before transfers	4,326	2,685	7,011	(7,317)
Transfers in (out)				
Transfers in	219	5	224	8,756
Transfers out	(157)		(239)	(1,629)
Total transfers in (out)	62	(77)	(15)	7,127
Change in net position	4,388	2,608	6,996	(190)
Net position - beginning	75,750	27,535	103,285	52,808
Prior period adjustment	658	3,426	4,084	367
Net position - beginning restated	76,408	30,961	107,369	53,175
Net position - ending	\$ 80,796	\$ 33,569	\$ 114,365	\$ 52,985

County of Fresno Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	I	Business-typ	e Acti	vities - Ente	erprise	e Funds		overnmental Activities
	So	id Waste	Serv	County vice Areas, Other		Total	Inte	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from users	\$	18,324	\$	15,954	\$	34,278	\$	225,896
Cash paid to suppliers		(10,432)		(13,372)		(23,804)		(173,762)
Cash paid to employees		(3,846)		(2,038)		(5,884)		(39,842)
Cash paid for claims				-		_		(15,473)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,046		544		4,590		(3,181)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Tax revenues		-		812		812		-
Transfers from other funds		219		5		224		8,756
Transfers to other funds		(157)		(82)		(239)		(1,629)
Advances paid to/returned to other funds		_		326		326		=
Cash paid to closure/post-closure liability		(2,457)		-		(2,457)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(2,395)		1,061		(1,334)		7,127
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of capital assets		762		2,282		3,044		(13,055)
Insurance recoveries		- 102		2,202		3,044		5,491
Principal paid on long-term liabilities				(235)		(235)		5,471
Interest paid on long-term liabilities		-		(103)		(103)		_
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		762		1.944		2,706		(7,564)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		702		1,944		2,700		(7,304)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Use of money and property received		4,196		418		4,614		6,431
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		4,196		418		4,614		6,431
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		6,609		3,967		10,576		2,813
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		87,025		7,084		94,109		142,739
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	93,634	\$	11,051	\$	104,685	\$	145,552
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position:						_		
Cash and cash equivalents in cash and investments	\$	49,567	\$	9,461	\$	59,028	\$	141,068
Cash and cash equivalents in cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents in restricted cash and investments	φ	44,067	ψ	1,590	φ	45,657	Ψ	4,484
Total	\$	93,634	\$	11,051	\$	104,685	\$	145,552
	_	, -,		,1		,	_	,

County of Fresno Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities			
	County Service Areas, Solid Waste Other		Total		Internal Service Funds			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(102)	\$	1,901	\$	1,799	\$	(18,298)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		3,186		-		3,186		-
Pension expense		45		24		69		466
Depreciation expense		1,381		792		2,173		7,685
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		190		(343)		(153)		(121)
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		(544)		44		(500)		532
Decrease (increase) in due from other governmental units		-		(104)		(104)		2,679
Decrease (increase) in construction in progress		(1,812)		(1,983)		(3,795)		834
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		198		(97)		101		877
(Decrease) increase in salaries and benefits payable		42		24		66		458
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue		-		104		104		-
(Decrease) increase in deposits held for others		1,273		-		1,273		-
(Decrease) increase in due to other funds		234		203		437		(2,773)
(Decrease) increase in due to other governmental units		(45)		(21)		(66)		912
(Decrease) increase in liability for self-insurance				-				3,568
Total adjustments		4,148		(1,357)		2,791		15,117
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,046	\$	544	\$	4,590	\$	(3,181)

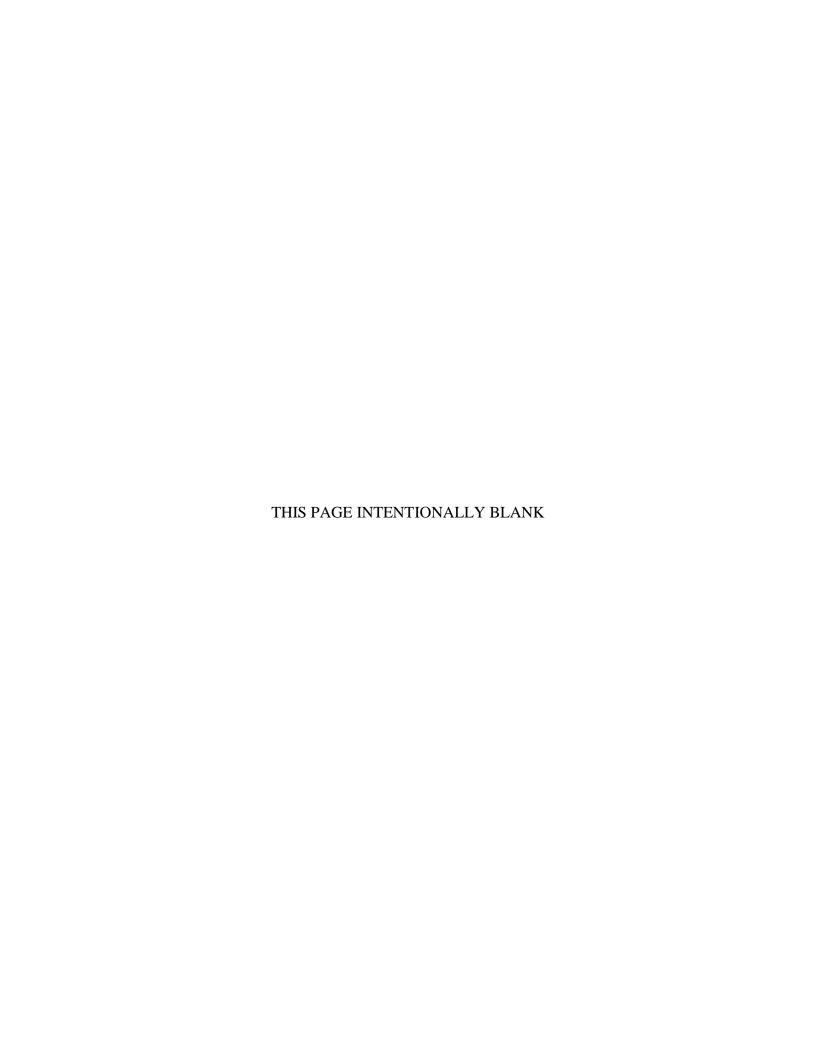
County of Fresno Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Investment Trust			Agency		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	3,167,865	\$	130,930		
Accounts receivable		5,163		7,897		
Taxes receivable		-		2		
Interest receivable		-		775		
Property held by public administrator				4,034		
Total assets	\$	3,173,028	\$	143,638		
LIABILITIES						
Due to other taxing units	\$	-	\$	63,627		
Due to other governmental units		5,594		30,157		
Fiduciary liability				49,854		
Total liabilities		5,594	\$	143,638		
NET POSITION						
Net position held in trust	\$	3,167,434				

County of Fresno Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Investment Trust	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Contributions to pooled investments	\$	10,629,207
Total contributions		10,629,207
Interest and investment revenue:		
Use of money and property		141,090
Total interest and investment revenue		141,090
Total additions		10,770,297
DEDUCTIONS		
Distributions from pooled investments		10,423,067
Total deductions		10,423,067
Change in net position		347,230
Net position - beginning		2,820,204
Net position - ending	\$	3,167,434



NOTE 1 - The Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Fresno (County) is a political subdivision chartered by the State of California (State) and, as such, can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State. The County operates under its Charter and is governed by an elected, five-member Board of Supervisors (Board). The Board is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including law and justice; education; detention; social; health; road construction; road maintenance; park and recreation facilities; elections and records; communications; planning; zoning; and tax collection.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the County (primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The following circumstances set forth a primary government's financial accountability for a legally separate organization (from Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61):

- a. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body *and* (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization *or* (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.
- b. The primary government is financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on *and* there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

The basic financial statements include blended component units. The blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the County's operations and data from these units is combined with data of the primary government.

For financial reporting purposes, the County's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the County's Board. The financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained by making a request to the County of Fresno, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office, 2281 Tulare Street, Room 105, Fresno, California 93721.

Blended Component Units: The following organizations are included in the County's financial statements as blended components.

County Service Areas, Other (CSAs), which include Lighting Districts, Maintenance Districts, and Waterworks Districts, are blended as Special Revenue funds and Enterprise funds since they are an integral part of the County, their governing bodies are comprised of the Board, and there is potential that the organizations can provide specific financial benefits or impose financial burdens on the County.

The Fresno County Financing Authority (FCFA) was formed to finance the construction, installation and equipping of the County facilities. The bonds issued by the FCFA are recorded in the County's Debt Service Fund. The FCFA and the County have a financial and operational relationship (FCFA is financially accountable to the County), which requires that the FCFA's financial statements be blended into the County's financial statements. A five-member board, appointed by the Board, determines the FCFA's policies.

The Fresno County Tobacco Funding Corporation (FCTFC) is reported in the County's Debt Service Fund. The FCTFC and the County have a financial relationship, which requires that the FCTFC's financial statements be blended into the County's financial statements. The FCTFC's board consists of members of the Board or members appointed by the Board. A separate financial report can be reviewed at the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

Discretely Presented Component Unit: Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities, which have some financial accountability to the Board, though the entities' governing boards are substantially different from the Board. As of June 30, 2020, the County had no discretely presented component units.

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(A) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues. When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use, restricted resources are used prior to depleting unrestricted resources.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category; *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary*, are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds. These funds are each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and combined into one column for reporting as nonmajor funds in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, which result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Non-operating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports seven major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes the following services: public protection; public ways and facilities; health and sanitation; public assistance; education; and recreation.
- The *Disaster Claiming Fund* accounts for all activities used in providing relief to County citizens and businesses as a result of any ongoing or preceding catastrophic events (such as the Creek Fire or the COVID-19 pandemic).
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for all activities involving the issuance and payment of debt. This includes receipt of bond issuance proceeds, the distribution of those proceeds, along with the payment of principal and interest to extinguish the debt.
- The Behavioral Health Mental Health (MH) Fund is used to account for health services mandated under the California Mental Health Act. Revenue is derived primarily from state grants.
- The *Social Services Fund* accounts for a variety of public assistance and social service programs that are funded primarily from federal and state grants.
- The Local Health and Welfare Fund is used to account for proceeds of sales tax and vehicle license fees designated for State & local programs that were realigned to counties in 1991 (1991 Realignment). In addition, the fund is used to deposit County general fund revenues to satisfy the mandated Maintenance of Effort (MOE) county contribution for mental health and health programs.
- The 2011 Realignment Fund is utilized to account for funds provided by the State pursuant to Assembly Bill 118, which required counties to use County Local Revenue Fund 2011 exclusively for specific public safety services related to appropriate rehabilitative, housing, and supervision services to youth offenders.

The County reports both of its enterprise activities as major proprietary funds:

- The *Solid Waste Enterprise Fund* is used to account for the County's operation of one transfer station, three disposal sites located in various areas of the County, one planning joint powers agreement, and one administrative fund.
- The *County Service Areas*, *Other Fund* is used to account for special districts, governed by the Board, which include County Service Areas (CSAs), Lighting Districts, Waterworks Districts, and one administrative fund.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one County department to another County department on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal service funds account for the activities of fleet maintenance, information services, the County's financial software, centralized facility services, and security. In addition, the County's Risk Management Fund accounts for the County's self-insurance programs – worker's compensation; long-term disability; employee benefits; personal injury; and property damage – on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds are utilized to account for funds held by the County for other entities. The Investment Trust Fund accounts for the investments of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts; other special districts governed by local boards; regional boards; and authorities. The Investment Trust Fund also accounts for tax collections passed through to cities within the County. This fund reports the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand. The Agency Funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments. Refer to Note 12 for more information on Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association (FCERA).

(B) Basis of Accounting

The Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Internal Service Funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Investment Trust Fund and other Agency Funds do not use a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Using the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property taxes are accrued when their receipt is within sixty days after the end of the accounting period, to be both measurable and available. Sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants, and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within one hundred eighty days after the end of the accounting period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated

absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the County's enterprise funds and the various other funds of the County.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating*. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

(C) Budgeting

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29144 and Section 30200 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before October 2 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, the appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per California Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget (County Budget) is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

A balanced operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for the General and Special Revenue funds and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting with some exceptions. The FCTFC is an exception, because it has no adopted budget. A budget is not adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the department level in both the General and Special Revenue funds. Some Special Revenue funds benefit multiple departments, while most operate under a single department. The legal level of control is at the object level except for capital assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments, expenditures that exceed appropriations and transfers of appropriations between levels within the same department, or between departments, within any fund are authorized by the County Administrative Office and must be approved by the Board. The Board must also approve supplemental appropriations financed by unanticipated revenues.

The General Fund, Disaster Claiming Fund, Behavioral Health-MH, Social Services, Local Health and Welfare, and 2011 Realignment Budgetary Comparison Schedules are part of Required Supplementary Information on pages 70-75.

(D) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the Statement of Cash Flows, consist of cash and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less.

(E) Restricted Cash and Investments

The County reports restricted cash and investments in the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the enterprise funds. Amounts reported in the Debt Service Fund and CSA, Other enterprise fund are restricted for debt service payments. Amounts reported in the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for future projects. The amount reported in the Solid Waste enterprise fund is money set aside based on estimates to cover closure costs and thirty years of post-closure maintenance costs to provide financial assurance once the landfills are closed.

(F) Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest its surplus cash (excluding cash belonging to the FCERA) in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, corporate bonds rated P-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or A-1 by Moody's Investor Service, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and the State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Gains and losses are recognized based upon the specific identification method. All pooled investments are reported at fair value. The fair values of equity and fixed income securities are derived from quoted market prices. The fair values of private market investments are estimated from fair values provided by the real estate investment funds, futures investment managers, and alternative investment managers.

(G) Receivables

The County accrues revenues at fiscal year-end in both the governmental and government-wide statements. Certain receivables have an element of uncertainty in their ability to be collected; as such, County receivables are reported net of uncollectible accounts.

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as of September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10 and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31. Property taxes are accounted for in the Property Tax Collection fund, an Agency fund, until apportionment and disbursement to taxing jurisdictions.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Code along with Revenue and Taxation Code. Pursuant to Article XIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State Constitution, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value. For fiscal year 2019-20, the County recorded \$271,007 in property taxes that were used to finance general governmental services.

Teeter Plan - The County elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County, through the Property Tax Collection fund, purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the Property Tax Collection fund records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including the County, special districts, and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the Property Tax Collection fund. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received.

(H) Prepaid Items

Prepaid items consist primarily of cash aid provided by social services programs for various public support and care needs, such as EBTs. Issuances are calculated at fiscal month end and recorded as prepaid items for the following period.

(I) Capital Assets

Capital assets, including infrastructure, are recorded at historical cost, or at estimated historical cost, if the actual cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed. Certain donated property uses the entry price measurement, also known as acquisition value, which measures the price that would be paid to acquire that asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date.

The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual, cost of more than \$5 for equipment and \$100 for buildings, infrastructure and intangible assets. Capital assets also have an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (applicable to assets procured under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the asset's estimated life (or capital lease period) in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives, are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Depreciation on capital assets is taken over the following estimated lives:

Type of Asset	Life in Years			
Land	0			
Buildings and improvements	20-50			
Equipment	3-15			
Infrastructure	40			
Intangible	5-15			

Estimated Hasful

(J) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the County recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the face of its financial statements.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

(K) Liability for Earned Compensated Absences

The County reports a liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered as of the Statement of Net Position date. This liability is based on the probability that the County will eventually compensate employees for these benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as annual leave cash-outs or cash payments at termination or retirement. The liability is calculated based on pay or salary rates in effect at the statement of net position date and includes amounts for salary-related payments, such as Social Security and Medicare taxes. The County has included the liability within the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements.

(L) Allocation of Pension and Net Pension Liability

The County reports a net pension liability in its proprietary and government-wide financial statements, resulting from the application of GASB Statement No. 68. The County has allocated this liability amongst the governmental and business-type activities based on calculated shares of pension contributions as of the first year of implementation (fiscal year 2015). For the sake of comparability and consistency, the County has elected to utilize that basis to allocate; should there be a material operational shift (wherein projected contributions from the various funds change substantially), the allocation methodology will be updated and an accounting estimate adjustment will be made and disclosed.

(M) Bond Issuance Costs and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond discounts, as well as issuance costs, due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount or premium.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(N) Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to constraints on how specific amounts can be spent. The Board, the County's highest decision-making authority, establishes, modifies, or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. Ordinances and resolutions are considered of equal authority with respect to fund balance. Please refer to Note 14 for more information on fund balance.

(O) Special Assessments

The total amount of special assessments for special districts paid on June 30, 2020, was \$73,075. Special assessments take many forms and are authorized to exist under various state codes such as Streets and Highways, Government, Health and Safety, Water, Public Utilities, and others. Certain special assessments may be authorized to be bonded. They can include both debt collection activity and fees for services provided by the special district. The County is not liable for this. Rather, the County acts solely as an agent for the special district, which is liable for the debt or providing the services. Accordingly, this liability is not reflected in these financial statements. The assessments are added to the tax bill in accordance with several state codes as mentioned herein such as Proposition 218.

(P) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period.

(Q) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the County implemented the following GASB Statements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 95 – Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. This statement provides temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions and pronouncements. The requirements of this statement are effective immediately. The County will implement GASB Statements No. 84, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, and 93 in accordance with the postponed effective dates as stated in GASB Statement No. 95.

The following GASB Statements will be implemented and are currently being analyzed to determine the potential impact on the County's future financial statements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87 - Leases. The requirements of the statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91 – *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 92 - Omnibus 2020. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 93 – Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 94 – *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 96 – *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 97 – Certain Component Units Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84 and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The requirements in paragraph 4 as it applies to defined contribution plans, defined OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, and paragraph 5 are effective immediately. All other requirements are applicable for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

State in the Tobale in			
Cash and investments			\$ 925,960
Restricted cash and investments			85,468
Fiduciary Funds:			
Cash and investments			3,298,795
Total cash and investments			\$ 4,310,223
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 consist of the follow	ing:		
Cash on hand	\$	3,566	
Imprest cash		125	
Postage funds		637	
Total cash & cash equivalents			\$ 4,328
Deposits with financial institutions			37,555
Investments (pooled)			4,212,442
Total pooled cash and investments			4,254,325
Debt Investments (fiscal agents)	12,759		
External Investments (fiscal agents)		43,139	
Total cash, investments, and investments with f	iscal age	nts	\$ 4,310,223

The following represents a condensed statement of net position for the Treasury Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020.

Cash and investments	\$ 4,333,103
Less: transitory items/warrants payable	 (78,778)
Net position held in trust for pool participants	\$ 4,254,325
Equity of internal pool participants	\$ 955,530
Equity of external pool participants (voluntary and involuntary)	 3,298,795
	\$ 4,254,325

The following represents a condensed statement changes in net position for the Treasury Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020.

Statement of Changes in Net Position

Net position at July 1, 2019	\$ 3,853,452
Net change in investments by pool participants	400,873
Net position held in trust for pool participants at June 30, 2020	\$ 4,254,325

Investments authorized by the California Government Code (CGC) and the County of Fresno Treasury Investment Pool Investment Policy (IP)

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by CGC, or the IP, where more restrictive. The table also identifies the more restrictive provisions of the CGC or the IP that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of the County's debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of either the CGC or the IP.

Authorized Investment Types	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio	Maximum Maturity
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	100%	5 Years
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	100%	5 Years
Bankers' Acceptances	40%	180 Days
Commercial Paper	40%	270 Days
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	30%	13 Months
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	50%	13 Months
Repurchase Agreements	15%	Overnight/Weekend
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$65,000	Daily Liquidity
Medium Term Notes	30%	5 Years
Mutual Funds	20%	Daily Liquidity
Mortgage-Backed Securities	10%	5 Years

Investment Authorized by Debt Agreements

The County and its component units have \$12,759 in investments held by bond trustees pledged to the payment or security of certain debt issues. These funds are invested in accordance with bond covenants and are pledged for payment of principal, interest, and specified capital improvements.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity is of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. A way the County manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments as well as timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturing evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the County's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the County's investments by maturity:

Pooled Investments in County Treasury:

		R	emaining Mat	urity (in month	ıs)
			13 to 24 months	25 to 36 months	37 to 60 months
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	\$ 1,978,788	\$ 227,657	\$ 405,595	\$ 398,938	\$ 946,598
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	992,898	153,474	236,579	209,061	393,784
U.S. Treasury Notes	177,520	111,061	20,602	20,737	25,120
Commercial Paper	299,898	299,898	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds	161,164	25,110	35,815	46,896	53,343
Mutual Fund	110,000	110,000	-	-	-
Bank Accounts	612,835	612,835			
Total	\$ 4,333,103	\$ 1,540,035	\$ 698,591	\$ 675,632	\$ 1,418,845
Less: Outstanding Warrants Still Invested	(78,778)				
Total Financial Statement Pooled Investments	\$ 4,254,325				

Investments with Fiscal Agents:

Remaining Maturity (in months)

	Totals		months r less	 to 24 onths	_	to 36 nths	_	to 60 nths
Cash Balance	\$	3,569	\$ 3,569	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Federated Government Obligation Fund		451	451	-		-		-
Money Market Mutual Funds		8,739	 8,739	-		-		-
Total	\$	12,759	\$ 12,759	\$ -	\$	-	\$	

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented in the following schedule is the minimum rating required by the CGC, the IP, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

Pooled Investments in County Treasury:

				Ratings as of the Year End 6/30/2020							
Investment Type	Total	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt from Disclosure	A1/P1 A-AAA	B-BBB	C-CCC	Not Rated				
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	\$ 1,978,788	N/A	\$ -	\$ 1,978,788	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	992,898	A3	-	992,898	-	-	-				
U.S. Treasury Notes	177,520	N/A	-	177,520	-	-	-				
Commercial Paper	299,898	A-1	-	299,898	-	-	-				
Municipal Bonds	161,164	N/A	-	161,164	-	-	-				
Mutual Fund	110,000	N/A	-	35,000	-	-	75,000				
Bank Accounts	612,835	N/A					612,835				
Total	\$ 4,333,103		\$ -	\$ 3,645,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 687,835				

Investments with Fiscal Agents:

Ratings as of the Year End 6/30/2020

Investment Type		Total	Minimum Legal Rating	Exe fro Disclo	m	A1/P1 -AAA	B-F	BBB	C-C	CCC	Not R	Rate d
Cash Balance	\$	3,569	N/A	\$	-	\$ 3,569	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Federated Government Obligation Fund		451	N/A		-	451		-		-		-
Money Market Mutual Funds		8,739	N/A			 8,739				-		
Total	\$	12,759		\$		\$ 12,759	\$		\$	-	\$	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The IP does not limit the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the limitations stipulated by the CGC. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the County's total investments are as follows:

<u>Issuer</u>	Investment Type	Repor	Reported Amount				
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal Agency Securities	\$	581,985				
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities		811,533				
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities		541,918				
Toyota Motor Credit	Medium Term Corporate Note		243,569				

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that the County will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party if a depository institution fails. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities held by another party if the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction fails. The CGC and IP do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision applicable to *deposits*: to guarantee the safety of the public funds, any deposits must be collateralized in accordance with CGC Section 53652 et.al.

As of June 30, 2020, all of the County's deposits with financial institutions in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limits were held in fully collateralized accounts, as permitted by the CGC. As of June 30, 2020, all of the County's investments were held with the County's custodian or by a broker-dealer (counterparty) other than the broker-dealer used by the County to purchase the securities.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The County is a voluntary participant in the LAIF that is regulated by the CGC under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State. The fair value of the County's investments in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the County's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawals is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the County's position in the LAIF pool. A copy of the most recent annual report of the State's Pooled Money Investment Board, which manages the LAIF pool, is available at the following link: http://www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia-laif/reports/annual.asp.

GASB Statement No. 79 established specific criteria used to determine whether a qualifying external investment pool might elect to use an amortized cost exception to fair value measurement. Those criteria will provide qualifying external investment pools and participants in those pools with consistent application of an amortized cost-based measurement for financial reporting purposes. The statement also establishes additional note disclosures for qualifying investment pools. There was no material impact on the County's financial statements due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 79.

Fair Value Measurements

In fiscal year 2016, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The statement provides guidance on fair value measurements under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and recognizes them within a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and,
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The County judges its investment pricing based upon Interactive Data with the exception of Commercial Paper, which is priced from the Union Bank statement. Both entities use evaluated pricing models to determine values.

The County's pooled investments have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

			Fair Value Measurements Using									
				Quoted Prices in Active Markets			Other Observable Inputs	Un	observable Inputs			
Investment Type	F	air Value		(Level 1)			(Level 2)	(Level 3)				
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	\$	1,978,788		\$	-	\$	1,978,788	\$	-			
Medium-Term Corporate Notes		992,898			-		992,898		-			
U.S. Treasury Notes		177,520			-		177,520		-			
Commercial Paper		299,898			-		299,898		-			
Municipal Bonds		161,164					161,164					
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	3,610,268	\$			\$	3,610,268	\$				
Investments at Net Asset Value:												
Mutual Fund		110,000										
Bank Account		612,835										
	\$	4,333,103	=									

NOTE 4 - Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are restricted for various purposes in the funds that comprise governmental and business-type activities. Restricted cash and investments consist of the following:

Governmental activities:	
General Fund:	
EBT/other social services accounts	\$ 19,206
Debt Service:	
Bond repayment	12,327
Capital Projects:	3,794
Internal Service Funds:	 4,484
Total	\$ 39,811
Business-type activities:	
Enterprise funds:	
Solid Waste Enterprise:	
American Avenue post-closure care - other	\$ 43,075
Corrective action	 992
Subtotal	 44,067
CSAs:	
Bond repayment/construction	 1,590
Subtotal	 1,590
Total	\$ 45,657

NOTE 5 - Receivables

Taxes and accounts receivable balances for the General, Debt Service, Nonmajor Governmental, Internal Service, and Proprietary funds are stated net of allowances for uncollectible accounts.

At June 30, 2020, the General Fund had a HARP loans allowance of \$854 while the Internal Services Risk Management fund had an allowance of \$115. The total allowance for uncollectible accounts was \$969.

GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, requires disclosure of significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of the date of the financial statements. The detail of receivable balances not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year is as follows:

Loans Receivable

The County engages in affordable housing programs and housing assistance rehabilitation programs designed to encourage construction or improvement of housing for persons with low to moderate incomes. Under these programs, loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with County terms. Since the County does not expect to collect these loans in the near term, they have been offset by deferred inflows of resources in the fund financials statements. The amount not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year is \$41,767.

The County Board approved a loan for \$5,000 from the General Fund to the San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority (SJVIA) to assist with cash flow needs. The borrowed funds, including accrued interest at the County Treasury pool rate, are to be repaid no later than December 31, 2021.

The County established a County Service Area (CSA) Revolving Fund to provide temporary financial assistance to CSAs that have or are projected to have short-term financial deficits.

NOTE 6 - Interfund Transactions and Balances

Loans reported as receivables and payables are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans) as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses repay the funds that initially paid for them. Such reimbursements are reflected as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and reductions to expenditures or expenses in the reimbursed fund. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statement presentation.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund													
		General	N	Major	Nonmajor		Solid				Ir	nternal		
		Fund		Govt.		Govt.		Waste		CSAs		Service		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,202	\$	313	\$	550	\$	148	\$	10,048	\$	12,261
Major Governmental		77,159		1,324		-		-		-		-		78,483
Nonmajor Governmental		8,382		-		705		-		14		551		9,652
Solid Waste Enterprise		454		-		-		715		-		41		1,210
CSAs		180		-		-		-		67		174		421
Internal Service		443		-		-		43		-		2,802		3,288
Totals	\$	86,618	\$	2,526	\$	1,018	\$	1,308	\$	229	\$	13,616	\$	105,315

The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

Transfers To	Transfers From												
	General		Major	N	Nonmajor		Solid			Internal			
	Fund		Govt.		Govt.		Waste		SAs	Service		Total	
General Fund	\$ -	\$	43,018	\$	17,264	\$	185	\$	-	\$	8,756	\$ 69,223	
Major Governmental	999,375		15,144		-		-		-		-	1,014,519	
Nonmajor Governmental	59,914		-		6,187		34		5		-	66,140	
Solid Waste Enterprise	157		-		-		-		-		-	157	
CSAs	82		-		-		-		-		-	82	
Internal Service Funds	1,629		-									1,629	
Totals	\$1,061,157	\$	58,162	\$	23,451	\$	219	\$	5	\$	8,756	\$1,151,750	

Transfers are comprised principally of transfers between the General Fund and special revenue funds and are related to State/Local Program Realignment (Assembly Bill 1288), Vehicle License Fees, and to debt service transfers to pay principal and interest payments on pension obligation bonds. In addition, significant transfers occurred between the various special revenue funds and the General Fund due to the County's budgetary practice of receiving revenues in the special revenue funds but budgeting for and spending expenditures in the General Fund. Resources are subsequently transferred to reimburse the General Fund.

The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's advances between funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	To 	From Other Funds			
General Fund	\$	345	\$	-	
CSAs				345	
	\$	345	\$	345	

Advances from the General Fund to the CSAs are specifically for construction projects, wherein the County has entered into grant agreements with the State to fund specific projects and is spending funding upfront with reimbursement trailing from the grant agreements. While the expenditures and expected revenue are budgeted for and spent out of the General Fund, they are truly construction expenditures of the CSAs and therefore are reported in that fund, with advances representing the amount owed to the General Fund.

NOTE 7 – Tax Abatements

The County provides property tax abatements through the California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act of 1965. The program enrolls land in Williamson Act or Farmland Security Zone contracts within established agricultural preserves whereby the land is restricted to agricultural or qualified recreational uses in exchange for reduced property tax assessments. Participation in the program is voluntary. Enrollment of new land in the Williamson Act or the Farmland Security Zone programs has been placed on hold until such time that the State of California re-instates full subvention payment for partial replacement of local property tax revenue foregone resulting from the participation in the Williamson Act Program. The Williamson Act Program is administered according to the statute and the County of Fresno's Interim Program Guidelines adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The Development Services Division of the Public Works and Planning Department is responsible for administering the County's Williamson Act Program.

The Fresno County Assessor administers the property tax reduction that parcels enrolled in the program receive. Parcels enrolled in the Williamson Act Program are assessed for property tax purposes at a rate consistent with their actual use, rather than the market value of the property. The minimum contract term for the Williamson Act is ten years and for the Farmland Security Zone is twenty years. Both the Williamson Act and the Farmland Security Zone contracts automatically renew until a notice of non-renewal or a certificate of cancellation is recorded. Under the non-renewal process, the annual tax assessment gradually increases over a defined period until the assessment reflects the market value of the property. Under the cancellation process, a onetime cancellation fee is assessed based upon a certain percentage of the unrestricted, current fair market value of the property.

No other commitments were made by the County as part of the Williamson Act or Farmland Security Zone contracts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Williamson Act Program tax abatements were \$44,898.

NOTE 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance y 1, 2019	Additions		Retii	re me nts	Adjustments		Balance e 30, 2020
Governmental activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$ 17,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(122)	\$ 16,878
Land easements	41,838		-		-		-	41,838
Construction in progress	60,811		44,844		(11,757)		(1,543)	92,355
Infrastructure in progress	14,546		16,310		(1,349)		264	29,771
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	134,195		61,154		(13,106)		(1,401)	180,842
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	569,600		85,459		-		(6,411)	648,648
Equipment	116,070		12,724		(10,288)		(1,771)	116,735
Infrastructure	642,121		7,207		-		-	649,328
Intangible	45,726		135		-		-	45,861
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,373,517		105,525		(10,288)		(8,182)	1,460,572
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(227,103)		(15,202)		-		9,836	(232,469)
Equipment	(79,846)		(8,943)		10,145		(1,849)	(80,493)
Infrastructure	(314,666)		(11,614)		-		-	(326,280)
Intangible	(45,605)		(280)		-		259	(45,626)
Total accumulated depreciation	(667,220)		(36,039)		10,145		8,246	(684,868)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	706,297		69,486		(143)		64	775,704
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 840,492	\$	130,640	\$	(13,249)	\$	(1,337)	\$ 956,546
Business-type activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$ 9,183		-		-		-	\$ 9,183
Construction in progress	 9,223		3,623		(387)		27	 12,486
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 18,406		3,623		(387)		27	 21,669
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	100,326		-		-		279	100,605
Equipment	19,930		2,293		(1,695)		101	20,629
Total capital assets, being depreciated	120,256		2,293		(1,695)		380	121,234
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(58,594)		(1,407)		-		84	(59,917)
Equipment	(17,595)		(766)		1,687		(104)	(16,778)
Total accumulated depreciation	(76,189)		(2,173)		1,687		(20)	(76,695)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	44,067		120		(8)		360	44,539
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 62,473	\$	3,743	\$	(395)	\$	387	\$ 66,208

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 9,956
Public protection	2,294
Public ways and facilities	10,444
Health, sanitation, and public assistance	4,227
Education	1,064
Culture and recreation	9
Depreciation on capital assets held by the County's internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	8,045
Total depreciation expense - governmental functions	\$ 36,039
Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:	
Solid waste enterprise	\$ 1,381
County service areas, other	 792
Total depreciation expense - business-type functions	\$ 2,173

NOTE 9 - Leases

Operating Leases

The County conducts some of its operations from leased facilities. The total rental expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, for operating leases was \$14,440.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases entered into by the County that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year	110001110011							
Ended June 30	<u>0</u>	Ac	Activities					
2021		\$	12,946					
2022			11,941					
2023			9,475					
2024			8,565					
2025			8,516					
2026-2030			37,784					
2031-2035			34,160					
2036-2040			24,427					
	Total	\$	147,814					

Capital Leases

The County has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the County when all terms of the lease agreements are met. The County has also entered into similar capital lease agreements for buildings. In addition, the County has entered into certain equipment and building lease agreements under which the assets, while not becoming property of the County when all terms of the agreement are met, still qualify as capital leases.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30	_	Γotal yme nts	-	puted erest	Net Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments			
2021	\$	1,296	\$	103	\$	1,193		
2022		1,007		52		955		
2023		510		17		493		
2024		154		5		149		
2025		16		1		15		
Total	\$	2,983	\$	178	\$	2,805		

The following is a schedule of property under capital leases segregated by major class at June 30, 2020:

	Governmenta Activities					
Equipment	\$	29,370				
Accumulated depreciation		(26,777)				
Net	\$	2,593				

NOTE 10 – Service Concession Arrangements (SCA)

GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements (SCA) defines an SCA as a type of public-private or public-public partnership. As used in GASB Statement No. 60, an SCA is an arrangement between a government (the transferor) and an operator in which all of the following criteria are met:

- a. The transferor conveys to the operator the right and related obligation to provide public services through the use and operation of a capital asset (referred to in the statement as a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration, such as an up-front payment, installment payments, a new facility, or improvements to an existing facility.
- b. The operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties.
- c. The transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve what services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services.

The County has determined that it has no arrangements that meet the criteria set forth above.

NOTE 11 - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations of the County consist of bonds, capital lease obligations, post—closure care costs of landfills, earned compensated absences, adverse judgments, a liability for self-insurance, and the County's proportionate share of net pension liability.

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General, Other Governmental, Enterprise, and Internal Service Funds.

The following is a schedule of long-term liabilities for governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

									Aı	nounts
	B	alance				1	Balance	due within		
Governmental activities	July	1, 2019	A	ditions	De	ductions	Jun	e 30, 2020	or	ie year
Earned compensated absences	\$	47,222	\$	52,093	\$	(46,062)	\$	53,253	\$	22,933
Capital lease obligations (Note 9)		3,154		716		(1,065)		2,805		1,193
Liability for self-insurance (Note 13)		84,395		19,081		(15,512)		87,964		23,204
Adverse Judgment (Note 16)		23,000		1,503		-		24,503		24,503
Bonds payable		389,833		-		(35,777)		354,056		16,362
Accreted interest		251,935		26,556		-		278,491		-
Net pension liability (Note 12)	1	,092,494		-		(45,296)		1,047,198		
Total governmental activities	\$ 1	,892,033	\$	99,949	\$	(143,712)	\$	1,848,270	\$	88,195

	В	alance					I	Balance	Du	e within
Business-type activities	July 1, 2019		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2020		one year	
Earned compensated absences	\$	301	\$	76	\$	-	\$	377	\$	207
Bonds		2,780		-		(235)		2,545		250
Loans		62		-		(3)		59		3
Closure and post-closure		42,287		2,956		-		45,243		6,339
Net pension liability		8,467		-		(1,155)		7,312		
Total business-type activities	\$	53,897	\$	3,032	\$	(1,393)	\$	55,536	\$	6,799
Totals	\$ 1	,945,930	\$ 1	.02,981	\$ ((145,105)	\$	1,903,806	\$	94,994

The following is a schedule of future bonds payable requirements for governmental activities:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Payment		
2021	\$ 16,362	\$ 8,593	\$ 24,955		
2022	16,486	8,423	24,909		
2023	15,587	8,262	23,849		
2024	14,744	8,123	22,867		
2025	14,782	7,992	22,774		
2026-2030	71,622	38,492	110,114		
2031-2035	142,976	30,128	173,104		
2036-2040	18,500	3,399	21,899		
2041-2045	-	-	-		
2046-2050	19,496	-	19,496		
2051-2055	19,519	-	19,519		
Sub-total	350,074	113,412	463,486		
Less: Original issue premium	4,707	-	4,707		
Original issue discount	(725)		(725)		
Total	\$ 354,056	\$ 113,412	\$ 467,468		

Pension Obligation Bonds

In March 2002, the County issued \$117,055 in Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds; Refunding Series 2002 to advance refund a portion of the County's Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1998. The 1998 Series bonds were originally issued in March 1998 in the amount of \$184,910. The proceeds of the refunding issue were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities and to provide cash, which was placed into an irrevocable escrow account with a trustee bank. The purpose of the escrow account is to provide resources to service a portion of the 1998 Series when the respective bonds come due between August 2002 and August 2008. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability is not reported in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the debt service requirements for the next six fiscal years by extending the overall payments by eleven years and resulted in a net present value loss of \$7,704.

The portion of the County's taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 1998 that were not refunded have various maturity dates between 2002 and 2008. The interest rates range from 6.01% to 6.26%. The County's taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2002 include both serial and term bonds. The serial bonds have various maturity dates between 2009 and 2014 with interest rates ranging between 6.06% and 6.45%. The term bonds matured in 2018 with an interest rate of 6.67% and a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing in 2016. The 1998 Pension obligation bonds that were refunded in 2002 have matured.

In March 2004, the County issued Series 2004A and 2004B Pension Obligation Bonds for \$327,898 and \$75,000, respectively. These were issued to fund a portion of the County's unfunded accrued actuarial liability in the retirement system. The Series 2004A Pension Obligation Bonds include current interest bonds, term bonds, and capital appreciation bonds. The Series 2004B bonds were issued as auction rate bonds. The debt matures between 2005 and 2033. In September 2006, the Series 2004B Pension Obligation

Bonds were converted from auction rate to fixed rate securities. The Series 2004A Pension Obligation Bonds (Fixed Rate Bonds) maturing in August 2019 (totaling \$26,765) were refunded from the issuance of Series 2015A Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds.

In September 2015, the County issued \$27,255 in Series 2015A Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, maturing in fiscal year 2020. The Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds generated a net present value savings (net of all costs) of \$2,018 or 7.5% of the refunded bond par amount. This financing refunded, on a current basis, a portion of the Series 2004A Pension Obligation Bonds totaling \$26,765.

The Debt Service fund is utilized to pay for pension obligation bonds. Payments for pension obligation bonds for the current year are shown as transfers out in the General, Special Revenue, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds and as transfers-in in the Debt Service Fund.

Lease Revenue Bonds

In February 2004 the FCFA, which was established to provide for the acquisition, disposition and/or financing of capital improvements and/or working capital for the County, issued \$26,000 in lease revenue bonds for the Juvenile Justice Campus. These bonds were refunded from the issuance of Series 2012A Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds.

The FCFA issued \$14,375 of lease revenue bonds October 1, 2004 to fund the County's Energy Project. The majority of the debt issued was to fund a gas energy generating plant, which will produce energy for the County Jail and other facilities. The remaining portion was used to upgrade lighting and electrical fixtures. These bonds were refunded from the issuance of Series 2012A Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds.

On April 16, 2007, the FCFA issued \$55,350 in lease revenue bonds for the construction of a juvenile court and offices for joint occupancy and use by the County and the County of Fresno Superior Court. The Series 2007 Bonds consist of \$25,605 in serial bonds maturing between 2010 and 2021 with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.125%, and \$29,745 in term bonds maturing between 2023 and 2030 with interest rates ranging between 4.3% and 4.75%. These bonds were refunded from the issuance of Series 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds.

In September 2012, the County issued \$22,425 in Series 2012A Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, maturing between 2013 and 2022. The Series 2012A Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds generated present value savings (net of all costs) of \$2,790 or 10.66% of the refunded bond par amount. This financing refunded, on a current basis, all outstanding maturities of the County's Series 2004 and 2004B Lease Revenue Bonds.

In June 2016, the County issued \$37,270 in Series 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, maturing between 2017 and 2030, with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The Series 2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds generated present value savings (net of all costs) of \$5,946 or 14.2% of the refunded par amount. This was an advance, in-substance defeasance of the Series 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds, refunding that bond series in its entirety.

Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds

In July 2002, the California County Tobacco Securitization Agency (the Agency) issued \$9,925 in Series 2002 asset-backed serial maturities and \$83,030 in Series 2002 asset-backed term bonds. These bonds mature between 2005 and 2038. The interest rates for the asset-backed serial maturities range from 3% to 5%. The interest rates for the asset-backed term bonds range from 5.63% to 6.13%.

In April of 2006, the Agency issued the Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Subordinate Series 2006 for \$39,015. The FCTFC entered into a loan agreement with the Agency to borrow the bond proceeds and to secure the loan with County Tobacco Assets consisting of seventy-five percent of its rights to future tobacco settlement revenues. The 2006 Tobacco Bonds are turbo capital appreciation bonds, issued in four series and maturing in 2046 through 2055. The interest rates on the bonds range from 6.50% to 7.75%.

Capital Appreciation and Series Bonds

The County has issued two series of capital appreciation bonds. The first series is the Series 2004 A Pension Obligation Bonds for \$327,898. The second is the Series 2006 Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds. Capital appreciation bonds are debt securities on which the investment return on an initial principal amount is reinvested at a stated compounded rate until maturity, at which time the investor receives a single payment (the "maturity value") representing both the initial principal amount and the total investment return.

The following schedule represents the capital appreciation bonds issued by the County and the California County Tobacco Securitization Agency:

Pension Obligation Bonds

	Maturity	Interest		Initial	Accreted Value Accreted Val				
Series	Date	Rate	Principal Amount		Jun	e 30, 2020	at Maturity		
2004A	August 15, 2033	1.3% to 5.67%	\$	327,898	\$	542,688	\$	711,250	
			Less principal			(327,898)			
			Accı	eted interest	\$	214,790			

Tobacco Securitization Tax Bonds

Series	Maturity Date	Interest Rate		nitial pal Amount	 	Accreted Value at Maturity		
2006A	June 1, 2046	6.50%	\$	16,606	\$ 41,020	\$	216,420	
2006B	June 1, 2046	6.65%		2,890	7,286		39,920	
2006C	June 1, 2055	7.00%		9,757	25,806		286,800	
2006D	June 1, 2055	7.75%		9,762	28,604		409,500	
Total			\$	39,015	\$ 102,716	\$	952,640	
			Less	principal	(39,015)			
			Accreted interest		\$ 63,701			
			Total accreted		\$ 278,491			

Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds

In September of 1997, the FCFA issued \$5,392 limited obligation improvement bonds reported in the CSAs fund with an average interest rate of 5.92% payable semi-annually to purchase infrastructure improvements for Quail Lake, a planned community. The bonds are payable from assessments on the property owners within the special district and are not payable from any funds of the County.

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements for business-type activities bonds:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Int	erest	Total	l Payment
2021	\$	250	\$	162	\$	412
2022		270		145		415
2023		285		126		411
2024		305		106		411
2025		325		86		411
2026-2028		1,110		114		1,224
Total	\$	2,545	\$	739	\$	3,284

Loans Payable

CSA No. 49, as part of funding for a Surface Water Treatment Plant, received a \$80 loan payable from the California Department of Public Health. The note is to be repaid in semi-annual installments beginning in fiscal year 2015. As of June 30, 2020, the special district's unpaid loan balance was \$59.

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

The County accounts for all solid waste landfill closure and post-closure costs based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure costs as an operating expense and liability in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The County owns a solid waste landfill which is currently operating, the American Avenue Disposal Site, as well as two landfills which ceased accepting waste in fiscal years 1991 and 2010, the Southeast Regional Disposal Site and the Coalinga Disposal Site, respectively. Southeast Regional completed its closure activities during fiscal year 1999 and began post-closure activities, which are still ongoing as of June 30, 2020. Coalinga completed its closure activities during fiscal year 2017 and began post-closure activities in fiscal year 2018.

The \$45,243 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2020, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the landfill capacity used to date. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$35,133 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and post-closure care as of June 30, 2020. The total current cost of landfill closure and post-closure care is an

estimate and subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The percentage of landfill capacity used to date, the estimated remaining landfill life, the liability for closure and post-closure care at the balance sheet date, and the estimated remaining local closure and post-closure costs to be recognized for the three landfills are as follows:

Landfill	Capacity used at June 30, 2020	Estimated Years Remaining	Total Estimated Liability June 30, 2020		Liability Recognized June 30, 2020		Remaining Liability to be Recognized	
American Avenue	52.70%	30	\$	74,274	\$	39,141	\$	35,133
Coalinga	49.30%	-		3,006		3,006		-
Southeast Regional	100.00%	-		3,096		3,096		-
Total			\$	80,376	\$	45,243	\$	35,133

The increase from fiscal year 2018-2019 in the closure and post-closure care liability for American Avenue was reported as an operating expense in 2019-2020. Closure and post-closure costs for Southeast Regional and Coalinga Disposal Sites are reported as non-operating expenses. The County is required by state and federal laws to finance closure and post-closure care. Amounts collected from current users for these costs are reported in restricted cash and investments. Regarding the American Avenue Site, the County expects that future user fees and interest earnings over the remaining landfill lives will fund the closure and post-closure liabilities. Regarding the Southeast Regional and Coalinga Disposal Sites, the County expects any ongoing costs to be funded from interest earnings and from quarterly payments from waste haulers and cities by agreement.

Additionally, Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (CFR) requires that counties finance certain closure and post-closure maintenance and monitoring activities for their hazardous waste disposal sites. Post-closure activities are required for a minimum of 30 years after closure. The County's Blue Hills Hazardous Waste Disposal Site closed in the fiscal year 1992-93.

The County is further required by 40 CFR 264.144 to establish a financial assurance for post-closure care in accordance with the approved post-closure plan for the facility 60 days prior to the initial receipts of hazardous waste or the effective date of the regulation, whichever was later. The County used the financial test under 40 CFR 264.145(f) for over twenty years to provide financial assurance before being informed in 2008 by the California Department of Toxic Substances Control that this financial test was unusable by local governments to provide financial assurance. The County changed financial assurance options in April 2012 changing to a Post-Closure letter of credit as allowed under 40 CFR 264.145(d). The Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit was established for \$1,468 in favor of the Department of Toxic Substances Control.

Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. During the current year, the County performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds, and at June 30, 2020, does not expect to incur a liability.

NOTE 12 - Pensions

Plan Description - The County of Fresno provides pension benefits to eligible employees through a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (pension plans) administered by the Fresno County Employees Retirement Association (FCERA). FCERA is governed by the Board of Retirement under the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL). Readers should refer to the 1937 CERL Act for more complete information. Members of the pension plans include all permanent employees working full-time or at least 50% part-time for the County and the following entities: Superior Court of California-County of Fresno, Clovis Veterans Memorial District, Fresno Mosquito and Vector Control District, and Fresno/Madera Area Agency on Aging (FMAAA). Employees become eligible for membership commencing with the pay period following the date of employment in a permanent position.

FCERA is a contributory defined pension plan established on January 1, 1945 under the provisions of the 1937 CERL Act and provides service retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits for employees of the County of Fresno and participating entities. The County of Fresno Board of Supervisors and governing boards of participating entities adopt resolutions, as permitted by State of California Government Code 31450 (County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL)), which affect the benefits of FCERA members. FCERA is governed by the California Constitution, CERL, and the bylaws, policies and procedures adopted by FCERA Board of Retirement.

FCERA issues a stand-alone financial report that can be reviewed at the FCERA website: https://fresnocountyretirement.org/financial/ or FCERA's office, located at 7772 North Palm Avenue, Fresno, CA, 93711.

FCERA administers nine (9) pension tiers for General and Safety members. Due to the passage of the Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), the County established two (2) new tiers for General and Safety members: General Tier V and Safety Tier V. PEPRA changed the benefits that may be offered to employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 including increasing the minimum retirement age, increasing the percentage for member contributions, and excluding certain types of compensation as pensionable. PEPRA also created limits on pensionable compensation. The cumulative effect of PEPRA changes will reduce the County's long-term retirement costs.

Summary of Pension Plans and Eligible Participants

General Members

- Tier I General members hired on or before June 30, 2005 and General members of certain bargaining units hired after June 30, 2005.
- Tier II General Members of certain bargaining units hired after June 30, 2005 and General Tier I members hired on or before June 30, 2005 who elect to transfer to Tier II.
- Tier III General Members of certain bargaining units hired after December 17, 2007 and eligible Tier II members hired on or before December 17, 2007 who elect to transfer to Tier III per elective bargaining agreements.
- Tier IV General Members hired on or after June 11, 2012.
- Tier V General Members hired on or after January 1, 2013.

Safety Members

- Tier I Safety members hired on or before June 30, 2005 and Safety members of certain bargaining units hired after June 30, 2005.
- Tier II Safety members of certain bargaining units hired after June 30, 2005 and Safety Tier I members hired on or before June 30, 2005 who elect to transfer to Tier II.
- Tier III Not offered.
- Tier IV Safety members hired on or after June 11, 2012.
- Tier V Safety members hired on or after January 1, 2013.

Benefits Provided

All pension tiers provide benefits in accordance with CERL regulations upon retirement, disability, or death of members. Retirement benefits are based upon years of service, final average compensation, and retirement age. Employees terminating before accruing five (5) years of service credit forfeit the right to receive retirement benefits unless they establish reciprocity with another eligible public agency within the prescribed time period. Non-vested employees who terminate service are entitled to withdraw their accumulated contribution plus accrued interest. Employees who terminate service after earning five (5) years of retirement service credit, may leave their contributions on deposit and elect to take a deferred retirement. The difference between expected and actual experience for vested and non-vested benefits may result in an increase or decrease to pension expense and net pension liability.

Service related disability benefits are based upon final average compensation or retirement benefits (if eligible). Non-service related disability benefits are based upon (1) years of service and final average compensation or (2) retirement benefits (if eligible). Death benefits are based upon a variety of factors including whether the employee was retired or not.

Annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) after retirement are provided to General Member Tiers I, II, and III and Safety Member Tiers I and II. General and Safety Member Tiers IV and V are not eligible for COLA increases. COLAs are granted to eligible retired members effective in April of each year based upon the Bureau of Labor statistics Consumer Price Index, West Region as of the preceding January 1 and is subject to an annual maximum of three percent (3%).

Specific details for retirement, disability, or death benefit calculations and COLA information are available in the FCERA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Financial Report). The FCERA Financial Report is available at https://fresnocountyretirement.org/financial/.

Contributions

The FCERA Board of Retirement is authorized under Article 16 of the Constitution of the State to establish and amend retirement contributions for active employees and participating employers. Contributions are made by the members and the employers at rates recommended by FCERA's independent actuary and approved by the Board of Retirement and the County of Fresno Board of Supervisors. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (safety or general) and, depending on Tier, are designed to provide funding for approximately one-fourth to one-half of the regular retirement benefits and one-half of all cost of living benefits. Members are required to contribute between 8.11% and 16.22% of their annual covered salary. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of CERL. Employer contribution rates are determined pursuant to Section 31453 of CERL and are designed to provide funding for the remaining regular retirement and cost of living benefits, as well as all regular disability and survivor's benefits.

Employer and employee contributions and active members are as follows:

	Employer	Employe e	Active
Retirement Plan	Contribution Rates	Contribution Rates	Members
General Tier I	62.85%	9.88%	2,679
General Tier II	59.58%	6.89%	99
General Tier III	59.93%	7.99%	588
General Tier IV	51.85%	7.23%	241
General Tier V	49.28%	7.30%	3,070
Safety Tier I	86.75%	12.53%	435
Safety Tier II	87.91%	11.40%	52
Safety Tier IV	73.62%	10.22%	60
Safety Tier V	69.73%	11.96%	452
All Categories	60.84%	9.18%	7,676

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a pension liability of \$1,054,510 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL). The NPL was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the NPL was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan (FCERA) participants, actuarially determined.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized a debit to pension expense of \$9,858. Pension expense represents the change in the NPL during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions of methods, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	\$ 11,246	\$	64,631	
Experience changes in assumptions	18,204		49,698	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on retirement plan investments	57,022		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,415		1,100	
Contributions by County subsequent to the				
actuarial measurement date	 222,360			
	\$ 313,247	\$	115,429	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$313,247 and deferred inflows of resources of \$115,429, above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

\$222,360 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30	A	mount
2021	\$	17,537
2022		(44,995)
2023		(5,101)
2024		8,017
Thereafter		-
	\$	(24,542)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020, based on an actuarial valuation in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 68, was based on the June 30, 2019 measurement date, and determined using the following actuarial assumptions. Total pension liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service for current and inactive employees.

Inflation	2.75% per year.
Employee Contribution Crediting Rate	2.75% compounded semi-annually.
Administrative Expenses	1.20% of payroll allocated to both the employer and member based on the components of the total contribution rate (before expenses) for the employer and member.
Salary increases	General Members: 4.35% to 11.75%; and Safety Members: 4.75% to 11.75%, varying by service, including inflation.
COLA increases	Investment rate of return 3.00% maximum for retiree COLA increase applicable to General Member Tiers I, II and III and Safety Member Tiers I and II.
Post-Retirement Mortality:	
Healthy	For General Members and all Beneficiaries: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D; set forward one year for

For Safety Members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D, set back two years.

females.

Disabled

For General Members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D, set forward eight years.

For Safety Members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Mortality projected with 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D set forward seven years.

The above mortality tables contain about a 20% margin, based on actual to expected deaths, to reflect future mortality improvement, based on a review of mortality experience as of the measurement date.

Contribution Rates

For General Members and all Beneficiaries: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D, set forward one year for females, weighted 35% males and 65% females for members and weighted 65% male and 35% female for beneficiaries.

For Safety Members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D, set back two years weighted 80% male and 20% female.

For Safety Beneficiaries; Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with two-dimensional scale MM2015D; set forward one year for females, weighted 20% male and 80% female.

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Cost Method. Entry Age is age at the member's hire date. Normal Cost and Actuarial Accrued Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are based on costs allocated as a level percentage of compensation.

Expected Remaining Service Lives

Average expected service lives of all employees is determined by:

- Calculating each active employee's expected remaining service life as the present value of \$1 per year of future services at zero percent interest.
- Setting remaining service life to zero for each nonactive or retired member.
- Dividing the sum of the above amounts by the total number of active employees, nonactive and retired members.

The information and analysis used in selecting each assumption that has a significant effect on the actuarial valuation is shown in the July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018 Actuarial Experience Study dated April 9, 2019. Unless otherwise noted, all actuarial assumptions and methods shown apply to members for all tiers.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.00%) was determined using a building block method in which expected future real return (expected return, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return through weighting the expected future real rates of return by the targeted asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation, and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and best estimated of arithmetic real rates of returns for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	20.00%	5.44%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	5.00%	6.18%
Developed International Large Cap Equity	15.00%	6.54%
Developed International Small Cap Equity	3.00%	6.64%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.00%	8.73%
Core Bonds	4.00%	1.42%
High Yield Bonds	3.00%	3.64%
Global Sovereign	7.00%	0.16%
Bank Loan	3.00%	3.45%
TIPS	3.00%	1.20%
Local Emerging Market Debt	3.00%	4.72%
Real Estate	3.00%	4.51%
Value Add Real Estate	1.00%	8.80%
Opportunistic Real Estate	1.00%	12.00%
Infrastructure	3.00%	7.90%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	6.00%	9.90%
Private Credit	8.00%	5.80%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (TPL) was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and employer contributions will be made at the rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based upon these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. The long-

term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the NPL of FCERA, as of June 30, 2020, which is allocated to all employers and is calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. Additionally, the table reflects the County's proportionate share of net pension liability should it be calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	6.00%		 7.00%	8.00%		
County's proportionate share of						
the NPL	\$	1,835,553	\$ 1,054,510	\$	415,943	

Pension Fund Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension fund's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FCERA GASB 68 Actuarial Valuation Report.

NOTE 13 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has established a Risk Management Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The Fund is also used to account for the unemployment benefits program and for employee medical coverage provided through contracts with various health maintenance organizations.

The Risk Management Fund provides coverage of the general liability, workers' compensation, medical malpractice, and property-other programs. Property-other consists of fire, bond, and miscellaneous insurance and damaged vehicle loss programs. General liability coverage self-insured up to a maximum of \$750 per claim. Coverage above \$750, up to a maximum amount of \$25,000, is provided through a risk pool agreement with the Public Risk Innovation Solutions and Management ("PRISM") Program. PRISM was formerly known as the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (the "CSAC-EIA"). The risk pool is reinsured through commercial companies from \$5,000 to \$25,000 per claim.

Crime bond coverage is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2.5 per occurrence and excess coverage of \$15,000 per occurrence is provided through a risk pool agreement with PRISM.

Pollution liability coverage is self-insured for \$75 per claim and excess coverage up to a maximum of \$10,000 is provided through a risk pool agreement with PRISM.

Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to a maximum of \$500 per claim. Excess coverage up to a statutory amount per claim is provided through a risk pool agreement with PRISM.

The County is entirely self-insured for medical malpractice claims.

Property-other is self-insured up to a deductible of \$25 per claim with a maximum of \$800,000 in All Risk excess coverage per annual occurrence, and \$600,000 in Flood limits per annual occurrence. Earthquake coverage has maximums in excess insurance of \$25,000. Excess insurance is provided through a risk pool agreement with PRISM.

Cyber liability coverage is self-insured up to a maximum of \$100 per claim. Coverage above \$100, up to \$5,000, is provided through a risk pool agreement with PRISM. Policy limits vary based on the type of loss. Aircraft coverage has a maximum limit in excess insurance of \$25,000 provided through a risk pool agreement with PRISM.

County departmental contributions to the workers' compensation, general liability, and medical malpractice programs are based on actuarial recommendations. The reported actuarial liabilities for workers' compensation, general liability, and medical malpractice assume a long-term annual rate of return of 1.5 percent. The undiscounted actuarial liability for these programs is \$86,815. Reserves for self-insurance for these programs include estimated liability amounts for claims filed against the County for their programs, as well as the estimated amount of claims incurred but not reported, as computed by the actuary. Contributions to the property damage, unemployment, and vehicle damage programs are based on actual historical claim loss experience.

The claims liability of \$87,964 reported in the Risk Management Fund at June 30, 2020 is based on the requirement that claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The claims liability includes all allocated loss adjustment expenses. While the ultimate amount of claims is dependent on future developments, management is of the opinion that the claims liability at June 30, 2020 is adequate to cover such claims. Changes in the Risk Management fund's claims liability amount during the last two fiscal years were as follows:

	June	e 30, 2020	June	30, 2019	
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$	84,395	\$	80,615	
Current year claims provision and changes in estimates		19,081		38,423	
Claim payments		(15,512)		(34,643)	
Balance at fiscal year-end	\$	87,964	\$	84,395	

NOTE 14 - Fund Balance

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2020, fund balance for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaid items and amounts available for loans.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the County's Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally, which is achieved by the County's Board approving the commitment with a 4/5 majority vote.
- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the County's Board or (b) a body (for example, a budget or finance committee) or official to which the County's Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The CAO has been delegated this authority for the County of Fresno.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2020, were distributed as follows:

	General Fund	Disaster Claiming	Debt Service	Behavioral Health - MH	Social Services	Local Health and Welfare	Realignment Fund	Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:									
Postage/imprest cash	\$ 427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36	\$ 463
SJVIA loan	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
CSA loans	376								376
Subtotal	5,803							36	5,839
Restricted for:									
General government	266	2,395	-	-	-	-	-	33,108	35,769
Public protection	6,886	-	-	-	-	-	68,582	35,627	111,095
Public ways and facilities	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,066	53,072
Health, sanitation & public assistance	432	-	-	75,838	44,935	43,402	-	39,420	204,027
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,779	45,779
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,522	53,522
Debt service			63,322						63,322
Subtotal	7,590	2,395	63,322	75,838	44,935	43,402	68,582	260,522	566,586
Committed to:									
General government:									
Reserve	54,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,000
Third party	23,287	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,287
SJVIA	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
Public protection:									
Sheriff vehicle replacement	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	600
Rowell lease payoff	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000
Eagle 2 replacement	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Public ways and facilities:									
CSA revolving fund	330								330
Subtotal	91,417								91,417
Unassigned	92,976								92,976
Total	\$ 197,786	\$ 2,395	\$ 63,322	\$ 75,838	\$ 44,935	\$ 43,402	\$ 68,582	\$ 260,558	\$ 756,818

NOTE 15 – Net Position

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position reflects net position that is subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. A legally enforceable enabling legislation restriction is one that a party external to a government such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary can compel a government to honor.
- Unrestricted Net Position represents net position of the County that is not restricted for any project or purpose.

NOTE 16 - Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The County is subject to various lawsuits and claims involving public liability and other actions incidental to the ordinary course of County operations. Taken together, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the County, a liability for litigation of \$24,503, representing the County's best estimate of the ultimate loss, has been accrued in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Refer to Note 11 for more information on these and other long-term liabilities.

A number of lawsuits and claims are pending against the County for which the financial loss to the County has been determined to be reasonably possible. The County intends to vigorously defend itself against these lawsuits. The County has recorded actuarially determined reserves in the internal service funds to adequately cover estimated potential material adverse losses at June 30, 2020.

The County participates in many state and federal assisted grant programs, which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amounts, if any, of current or previous expenditures, which may be disallowed upon future audits by the grantors, cannot be determined until such an audit occurs. The County expects such amounts, if any, will not be material to its financial statements. Amounts have been accrued for disallowed expenditures resulting from completed audits.

NOTE 17 – Deficit Fund Equity

The County has an internal service fund with a deficit net position caused by presenting its proportionate share of net pension liability due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

	Deficit Net
Internal Service Funds	Position
Security Services	\$5,319

NOTE 18 – Joint Venture

A joint venture is defined by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as "a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain either (a) an ongoing financial interest, or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility." The County participates in the following joint venture:

San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority (SJVIA) - On September 29, 2009, the Counties of Tulare and Fresno entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by which they created the SJVIA as a separate public agency charged with the responsibility of providing health and medical benefits for over 9,000 Fresno and Tulare County employees. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Fresno County Auditor-Controller's Office, 2281 Tulare Street #105, Fresno, California 93724.

NOTE 19 – Prior Period Adjustments

A prior period adjustment, increasing net position by \$367, was made in the governmental activities Risk Management Internal Service Fund. This adjustment recognizes an overestimated accrual and reversal in prior fiscal years relating to worker's compensation expenses. No additional prior-period adjustments were made for other governmental activities funds.

The business-type activities had additional prior period adjustments decreasing net position by \$4,084. These adjustments were due to adjusting beginning balances for various asset related adjustments.

The following table outlines the change in net position affected by prior period adjustments in the government-wide financial statements:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals
Net position, stated at June 30, 2019	\$	212,771	\$	103,285	\$ 316,056
CSA Special Revenue Fund - assets		-		3,426	3,426
Solid Waste - assets		-		658	658
ISF Risk Management - Worker's Comp. adj.		367			 367
Net position, restated at June 30, 2019		213,138		107,369	320,507
Change in net position		62,503		6,996	69,499
Net position at June 30, 2020	\$	275,641	\$	114,365	\$ 390,006

NOTE 20 - Restatements

The County's previously reported June 30, 2020 Financial Statements with an original audit report date of December 30, 2020 were restated as a result of an understatement of unearned revenue and an overstatement of federal grant revenue for the Disaster Claiming Fund. The information in the following table shows the effect of the restatement on each affected financial statement.

	Governmental Activities		
	As Previously		Effect of
	Reported	As Restated	Change
Statement of Net Position			
Unearned revenue	\$ 32,843	\$ 97,796	\$ 64,953
Total liabilities	2,034,967	2,099,920	\$ 64,953 64,953
Net position - Unrestricted	(423,379)	(488,332)	(64,953)
Total net position	340,594	275,641	(64,953)
Total fiet position	040,004	270,041	(04,000)
Statement of Activities			
Gerneral government - Program Revenue: Operating			
grants and contributions	119,297	54,344	(64,953)
Total government activities - Program Revenue: Operating			
grants and contributions	1,025,688	960,735	(64,953)
Total primary government - Program Revenue: Operating			(- ()
grants and contributions	1,026,173	961,220	(64,953)
Change in net position	127,456	62,503	(64,953)
Net position, ending	340,594	275,641	(64,953)
	Governmental Funds		
	As Previously		Effect of
	Reported	As Restated	Change
Balance Sheet - Disaster Claiming Fund			
Unearned revenue	_	64,953	64,953
Fund balance - Restricted	67,348	2,395	(64,953)
Total fund balances	67,348	2,395	(64,953)
Balance Sheet - Total Governmental Funds			
Unearned revenue	32,797	97,750	64,953
Fund balance - Restricted	631,539	566,586	(64,953)
Total fund balances	821,771	756,818	(64,953)
	02.,	. 55,5.5	(0.,000)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and			
Changes in Net Position - Disaster Claiming Fund	04.500	10.007	(0.4.050)
Aid from other governmental agnecies: Federal	81,580	16,627	(64,953)
Total revenue	83,975	19,022	(64,953)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	83,975	19,022	(64,953)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - ending	67,348 67,348	2,395 2,395	(64,953) (64,953)
i und balances - ending	07,340	2,393	(04,955)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and			
Changes in Net Position - Total Governmental Funds			
Aid from other governmental agnecies: Federal	504,736	439,783	(64,953)
Total revenue	1,781,127	1,716,174	(64,953)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	26,808	(38, 145)	(64,953)
Net change in fund balances	19,895	(45,058)	(64,953)
Fund balances - ending	821,771	756,818	(64,953)

NOTE 21 - Subsequent Events

In accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States, subsequent events have been evaluated through December 30, 2020, the date in which the financial statements have been issued.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. In response, the County of Fresno, followed by the Governor of California, issued a Shelter at Home order effective March 19, 2020, requiring non-essential businesses to temporarily close to the public. After a brief period in which the order was removed and several restrictions were lifted, the County issued a new Regional Stay Home Order, effective December 6, 2020, reapplying those restrictions due to increased COVID-19 cases and severely limited ICU availability. At the current time, management is unable to quantify the potential effects of this ongoing pandemic for future financial statements.

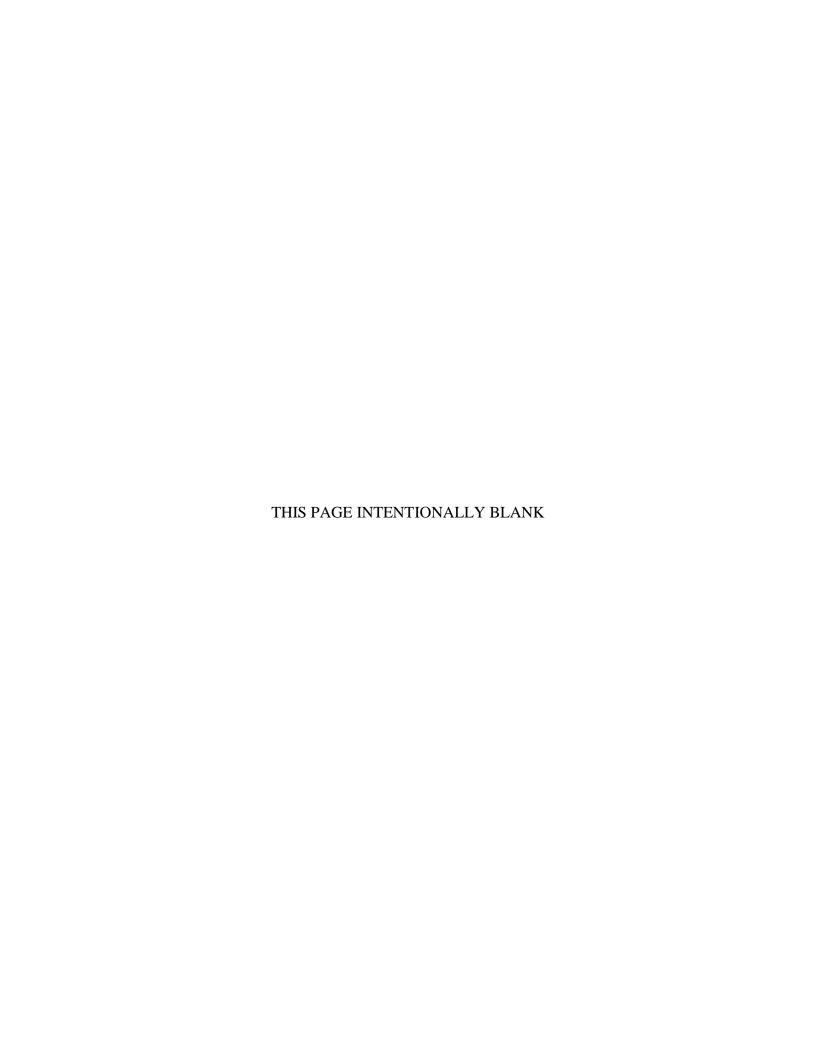
On July 1, 2020, the County issued \$100,000 of 5 percent fixed-rate, priced to yield 0.17 percent, tax and revenue anticipation notes. The notes received SP-1+ ratings from Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (S&P). Proceeds from the notes will be used to meet fiscal year 2020-21 expenditures and the discharge of other obligations of the County. The maturity date of the notes is June 30, 2021.

On September 4, 2020, the Creek Fire started. As a result, the Governor of California proclaimed a State of Emergency on September 6, 2020, to exist in multiple counties, including the County of Fresno. On September 10, 2020, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Fresno ratified the proclamation by the Emergency Services Director and adopted a resolution proclaiming the local emergency status. On October 16, 2020, a Presidential Major Disaster Declaration was issued in response to the Creek Fire.

During the week of September 14, 2020, the County's recommended budgets for the fiscal year 2020-21 were submitted to the Board and were approved.

On October 20, 2020, the County authorized the acquisition of property at 5555 E. Olive Ave and 5520 E. Hedges Ave. in Fresno, including two buildings, a parking area, and other improvements. The purchase price of the property is \$9,500 and includes the assumption of a lease of a portion of the property which shall be phased out over an eighteen-month period, assumption of an existing cell tower license, and three easement agreements granting easements to the seller for existing communication equipment.

During the month of October 2020, the County incurred a loss of approximately \$1,534 due to a fraudulent vendor scheme. As of the issuance date, the County remains involved in an ongoing investigation with several law enforcement agencies and is actively pursuing recovery of the funds through its insurance policies. The County expects to incur a total loss of \$25 after insurance recoveries are received for the remaining total.



Required Supplementary Information (Other than MD&A)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Varia	nce with Final Budget
Resources (inflows):						
Taxes	\$ 273,570	\$ 273,570	\$	284,330	\$	10,760
Licenses and permits	12,652	12,652	•	13,316		664
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	5,819	5,819		4,610		(1,209)
Use of money and property	2,956	2,956		5,041		2,085
Aid from other governmental agencies:						
State	108,294	110,156		100,576		(9,580)
Federal	151,414	165,276		104,161		(61,115)
Other	4,138	4,287		360		(3,927)
Charges for services	51,767	54,388		52,113		(2,275)
Other revenues	40,450	40,671		9,775		(30,896)
Total resources	651,060	 669,775		574,282		(95,493)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):						
General government	62,181	62,181		45,253		16,928
Public protection	499,648	512,908		468.737		44,171
Public ways and facilities	4,218	4,218		2,493		1,725
Health, sanitation and public assistance	1,219,728	1,276,298		1,052,762		223,536
Education	247	247		252		(5)
Culture and recreation	4,419	4,386		3,250		1,136
Total charges to appropriations	1,790,441	1,860,238		1,572,747		287,491
Excess (deficiency) of resources						
over (under) appropriations	(1,139,381)	(1,190,463)		(998,465)		(382,984)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		187		199		12
Transfers in	1,137,163	1,223,580		1,061,157		(162,423)
Transfers out	(42,804)	(80,276)		(69,223)		11,053
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,094,359	 1,143,491		992,133	-	(151,358)
Total other infancing sources (uses)	1,074,337	 1,143,471		772,133		(131,336)
Net change in fund balance	(45,022)	(46,972)		(6,332)		40,640
Fund balance - beginning	204,118	204,118		204,118		-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 159,096	\$ 157,146	\$	197,786	\$	40,640

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Disaster Claiming Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Orig Bud		 Final Budget		Actual amount	ance with
Revenues						
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,395	\$ 2,395
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-		16,627	16,627
Total revenues		-	 -		19,022	19,022
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			<u> </u>		19,022	 19,022
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		-	(82,000)		(16,627)	65,373
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(82,000)		(16,627)	65,373
Net change in fund balance		-	(82,000)		2,395	84,395
Fund balance - beginning		-	-		_	_
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$ (82,000)	\$	2,395	\$ 84,395

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Behavioral Health - MH Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,595	\$ 3,595
Intergovernmental revenues	48,676	48,676	44,452	(4,224)
Total revenues	48,676	48,676	48,047	(629)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	48,676	48,676	48,047	(629)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	9,790	9,790	10,409	619
Transfers out	(135,776)	(135,776)	(85,858)	49,918
Total other financing sources (uses)	(125,986)	(125,986)	(75,449)	50,537
Net change in fund balance	(77,310)	(77,310)	(27,402)	49,908
Fund balance - beginning	103,240	103,240	103,240	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 25,930	\$ 25,930	\$ 75,838	\$ 49,908

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Social Services Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$ 485	\$	485	\$	2,272	\$	1,787	
Intergovernmental revenues	402,751		426,732		413,642		(13,090)	
Charges for services	487		487		948		461	
Other revenues	129		129		2		(127)	
Total revenues	403,852		427,833		416,864		(10,969)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	403,852		427,833		416,864		(10,969)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-		-		37		37	
Transfers out	(405,806)		(429,787)		(426,508)		3,279	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(405,806)		(429,787)		(426,471)		3,316	
Net change in fund balance	(1,954)		(1,954)		(9,607)		(7,653)	
Fund balance - beginning	54,542		54,542	54,542				
Fund balance - ending	\$ 52,588		52,588		\$ 44,935		(7,653)	

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Health and Welfare Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual Amount		iance with al Budget
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	484	\$	484	\$	1,862	\$	1,378
Intergovernmental revenues		258,210		260,659		265,282		4,623
Total revenues		258,694		261,143		267,144		6,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		258,694		261,143		267,144		6,001
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		11,199		11,199		14,472		3,273
Transfers out		(316,380)		(318,831)		(288,317)		30,514
Total other financing sources (uses)		(305,181)		(307,632)		(273,845)		33,787
Net change in fund balance		(46,487)		(46,489)		(6,701)		39,788
Fund balance - beginning		50,103	50,103		50,103			-
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,616	\$	3,614	\$	43,402	\$ 39,788	

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule 2011 Realignment Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	 iance with al Budget
Revenues				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,773	\$ 3,773
Intergovernmental revenues	184,986	187,436	156,519	(30,917)
Total revenues	184,986	187,436	160,292	 (27,144)
Expenditures				
General government	-	50	44	6
Total expenditures	-	50	44	6
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 184,986	 187,386	 160,248	 (27,150)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (out)	(202,736)	(218,475)	(194,921)	23,554
Total other financing sources (uses)	(202,736)	(218,475)	(194,921)	 23,554
Net change in fund balance	(17,750)	(31,089)	(34,673)	(3,596)
Fund balance - beginning	103,255	103,255	103,255	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 85,505	\$ 72,166	\$ 68,582	\$ (3,596)

County of Fresno Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 and Section 30200 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County of Fresno (County) is required to prepare a balanced budget for each fiscal year on or before October 2. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of a resolution of adoption. The resolution of adoption specifies the maximum authorized expenditures for each budget unit for that fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the County Board of Supervisors (Board).

In June of each year, the County Administrative Officer (CAO) prepares and submits a temporary recommended budget document to the County Board. In September of that year, the CAO submits the recommended budget to the Board, and public hearings are held at that time to provide the general public with an opportunity to speak on any budget items before the Board. The recommended budget, once adopted, is uploaded to the County's financial system in late September so that budget monitoring for the new fiscal year can begin. After fiscal year-end closing activities are completed and the State Budget is approved, the CAO presents quarterly budget updates to the Board for adjustments to the recommended budget, as necessary, as a result of State Budget adjustments or other unforeseen changes.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental funds that are budgeted include the general fund, special revenue funds, and the debt service fund but do not include the capital projects fund. Proprietary funds include the enterprise funds. Expenditures are controlled at the object level within each budget unit of the County except for capital assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. The object level (sub-object level for capital assets) within a budget unit is the legal level of budgetary control at which the County's management may not reallocate resources without special approval. Any amendments or transfers of appropriations between object levels (sub-object level for capital assets) within the same budget unit, or between budget units or funds, must be authorized by the CAO and approved by the Board. Supplemental appropriations, normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year, require the Board's approval as well. Pursuant to Government Code Section 29092, the CAO is authorized to approve transfers and revision of appropriations within a single budget unit as deemed necessary and appropriate. Budgeted amounts in the budgetary comparison schedules are reported as originally adopted and as amended during the fiscal year.

The budget approved by the Board for the General Fund includes budgeted expenditures and reimbursements for amounts disbursed on behalf of other governmental funds. In the accompanying budgetary comparison schedules, actual reimbursements for these items have been eliminated from the resources and related expenditures have been eliminated from the charges to appropriations to provide a meaningful comparison of actual and budgeted results of operations.

County of Fresno Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

The budgets for governmental funds may include an account known as "Intrafund Revenue." This account is used by the County to show reimbursements between operations within the same fund (an example would be charges by one budget unit to another budget unit within the General Fund).

The amounts reported on the budgetary basis differ from the basis used to present the basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Annual budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting; reimbursements for amounts disbursed on behalf of other governmental funds are reported as resources and related expenditures as charges to the appropriation; certain transactions are accounted for in different periods between budgetary and GAAP reporting basis; and securities lending activities and transactions from sub-funds reclassified from County Agency funds are reported in GAAP reporting basis.

County of Fresno Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts in thousands)

Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association – Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
County's portion of the net pension liability (asset)	93.330%	93.145%	92.747%	92.992%	93.078%	92.930%	92.708%
County's proportionate share of the net pension							
liability (asset)	\$1,054,510	\$1,100,961	\$1,211,572	\$1,425,569	\$1,010,008	\$815,975	\$1,252,321
County's covered payroll	\$ 393,997	\$ 373,992	\$ 357,538	\$ 343,435	\$ 325,382	\$324,102	\$ 319,905
County's proportionate share of the net pension							
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	267.64%	294.38%	338.87%	415.09%	310.41%	251.760%	391.470%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							
pension liability	81.35%	79.87%	77.11%	72.31%	78.77%	82.14%	72.11%
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							

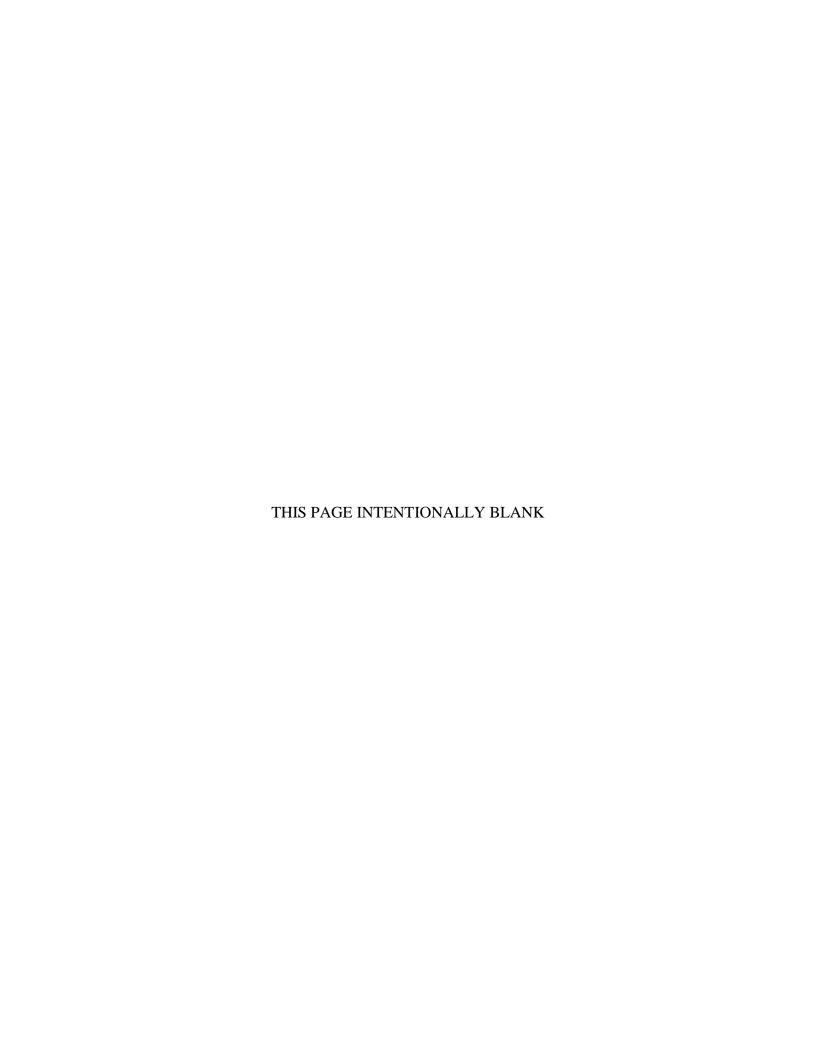
^{*}Amounts presented above were determined as of 6/30. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Fresno County Employee's Retirement System – Schedule of County Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

]	FY 2020	I	FY 2019		FY 2018		FY 2017		FY 2016	FY 2015	I	FY 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	210,452	\$	196,103	\$	184,077	\$	178,107	\$	171,462	\$153,622	\$	147,009
Contributions in relation to actuarially													
determined contribution		210,712		196,073		184,317		178,220		171,577	153,542		147,091
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(260)	\$	30	\$	(240)	\$	(113)	\$	(115)	\$ 80	\$	(82)
					_								
County's covered payroll	\$	433,783	\$	373,992	\$	357,538	\$	343,435	\$	325,382	\$324,102	\$	319,905
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		48.58%		52.43%		51.55%		51.89%		52.73%	47.37%		45.98%

^{*}Amounts presented above were determined as of 6/30. Additional years will be presented as they become available.



Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

County of Fresno Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major facilities other than those financed by Proprietary and certain Trust Funds. Budgets are adopted in the General Fund at the beginning of projects and are periodically modified by the Board of Supervisors during the course of construction as circumstances require. Transfers are made from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to finance capital expenditures. There are no combining statements because the County uses one Capital Projects Fund, which is reported on the nonmajor combining financial statements.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are established to finance particular governmental activities and are funded by receipts of specific taxes or other earmarked revenues. Such funds are authorized by statutory or charter provisions to pay for certain activities of a continuing nature.

Road Fund

The Road fund is used to finance operations to provide maintenance, rehabilitation, and reconstruction of County roads, bridges, and attendant facilities as authorized by California Streets and Highways Code and to provide for traffic safety.

County Administrative Office (CAO) Indian Gaming

The CAO Indian Gaming fund, established pursuant to Government Code Sections 12710-12718, is used to account for funding and administrative costs for Indian Gaming activities.

County Administrative Office

The CAO fund was established and is used to receive and distribute discretionary revenues received by the County through payments made for parking, misdemeanor, and felony fees & fines owed.

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector

The Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector fund was established to account for the collection and retention of fees used specifically for the preparation of delinquent tax records and giving notice of delinquency.

Assessor/Recorder

California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 95.35 allowed for the establishment of the Assessor/Recorder fund to account for resources that support, maintain, improve, and/or provide for the full operation of modernized computer systems.

Behavioral Health

The Behavioral Health fund accounts for revenues generated by various code section fines and fees, to be used in specified mental health and substance abuse categories.

County of Fresno Nonmajor Governmental Funds

County Clerk Elections

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 103625(i)(f), the County Clerk Elections fund was established to provide enhanced services to the public through improvements of the record systems.

Child Support Services

The Child Support Services fund was established to account for mandated accountability pursuant to FSD Letter 00-03 in order to receive deposits from the State for administering child support programs and related costs.

District Attorney

The District Attorney fund was established to account for revenues and assets seized as authorized by the Health and Safety Code. Funds are later transferred to other divisions to cover costs in District Attorney operations.

Probation

The Probation fund receives its funds from the State Victim Compensation Program and uses it specifically for the purpose of emergency needs of crime victims in Fresno County.

Public Health

The Public Health fund was established to account for revenues received from fees and grants. Monies received provide for such activities as health preparedness, emergency medical system administrative costs, and other various health programs for the County.

Public Works

The Public Works fund was established to account for a variety of specified fines and fees, which are subsequently utilized for an assortment of public way and facility projects.

Public Works-CDBG

The Public Works-CDBG fund was established to house revenues related to the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program.

Community Facilities Districts

The Community Facilities Districts fund was created to segregate amounts to be utilized in improvements to the various Community Facilities Districts within the County.

Public Facilities Fees

Traffic mitigation fees are collected by Board action from property owners, developers, and builders to be used for road infrastructure improvements.

County of Fresno Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Sheriff-Coroner

The Sheriff-Coroner Fund was established to account for state-authorized fees as well as asset forfeiture. These funds are subsequently used in the Sheriff's Civil Division for specific projects.

Inmate Welfare

California Penal Code requires the Sheriff's Office to maintain an Inmate Welfare Fund. These funds are solely for the benefit of inmates, and cannot be used to supplant required levels of service by the Sheriff's Office.

County Free Library

The Fresno County Free Library is a Special District, under the governance of the Board of Supervisors, which provides informational, cultural, and recreational services to the public through 35 library outlets.

Fish and Game

This fund was established to receive the County's share of fines levied for violations of fish and game laws within its boundaries. Expenditures are made from time to time for purposes of improving the habitat for wildlife propagation and for incidental administrative matters.

Off-Highway License

The Off-Highway Vehicle Law of 1971 requires users of trail bikes, dune buggies, and similar vehicles designed for off-highway use to purchase an identification certificate. This fund can only be used to account for acquisition and development of off-road recreation areas. Such expenditures include feasibility studies, planning studies, and environmental impact reports.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS)

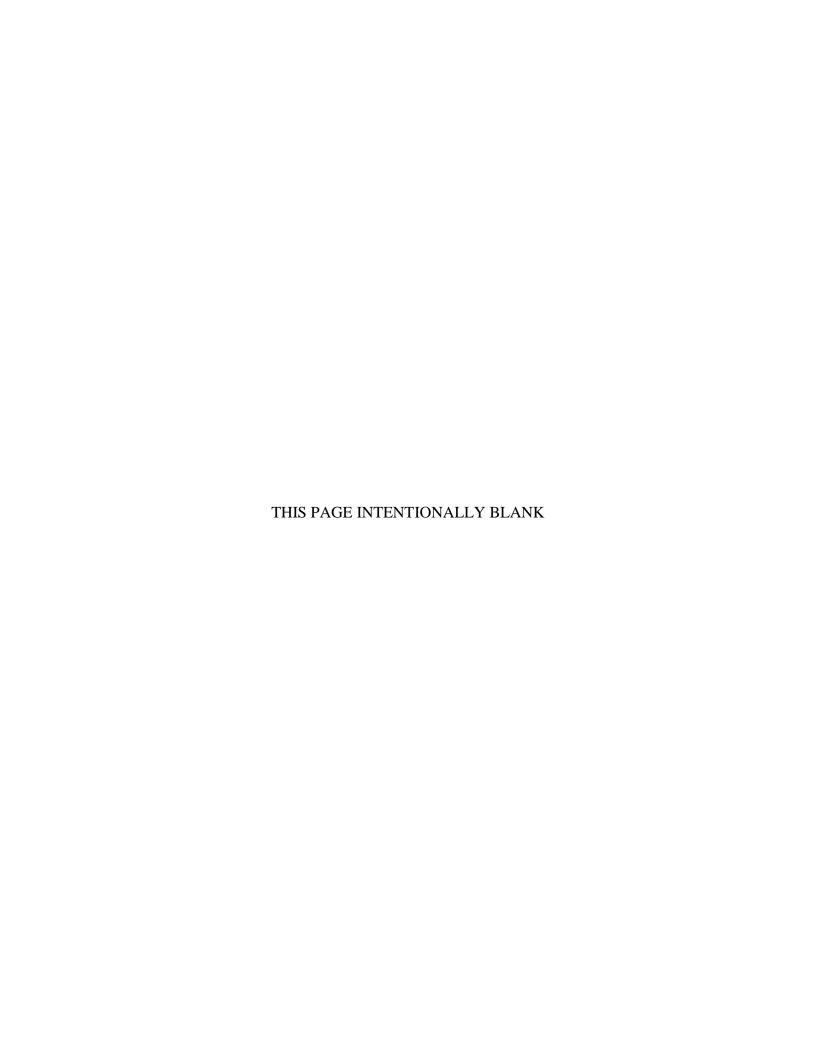
The EMS fund was established in 1989-90 to receive deposits associated with Senate Bill (SB) 12 and Proposition 99 monies. Disbursements from this fund must be in accordance with Health & Safety Code Section 1797.98a and Assembly Bill (AB) 75. Such expenditures include reimbursing physicians and hospitals for emergency treatment performed on individuals who are unable to pay.

Community Corrections Performance Incentive

This fund was established as a result of California SB 678. These funds are utilized to reduce recidivism of felony probationers by improving probation services.

County Service Areas, Other

These special districts, governed by the Fresno County Board of Supervisors, include County Service Areas, and Lighting and Maintenance Districts. These districts were established to provide services such as road, park, and lighting maintenance to specific areas in the County. They are financed by ad valorem property taxes in the area benefited, or by special assessments levied on specific properties.



County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Resources (inflows):				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,371	\$ 2,371
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	2,086	2,086
Other revenues	-	-	9,161	9,161
Total resources			13,618	13,618
Charges to appropriations (outflows):				
Principal	31,250	31,250	29,314	1,936
Interest & fiscal charges	6,017	9,827	9,307	520
Total charges to appropriations	37,267	41,077	38,621	2,456
Excess (deficiency) of resources				
over (under) appropriations	(37,267)	(41,077)	(25,003)	11,162
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	33,244	33,244	33,244	-
Transfers out	-	(4,500)	(2,288)	2,212
Total other financing sources (uses)	33,244	28,744	30,956	2,212
Net change in fund balance	(4,023)	(12,333)	5,953	18,286
Fund balance - beginning	57,369	57,369	57,369	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 53,346	\$ 45,036	\$ 63,322	\$ 18,286

ASSETS		Capital ects Fund	Spec	cial Revenue Funds		Total
Cash and investments	\$	57,322	\$	217,240	\$	274,562
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	3,794	Ψ	217,240	Ψ	3,794
Receivables, net:		3,774		_		3,774
Accounts				3,955		3,955
Interest		31		3,933 994		1,025
Due from other funds		325		691		<i>'</i>
		323				1,016
Due from other governmental units		- (1.472		13,355	-	13,355
Total assets		61,472		236,235		297,707
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Prepaid expense		-		74		74
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		74		74
Total assets and deferred outflows						
of resources	\$	61,472	\$	236,309	\$	297,781
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	7,261	\$	5,103	\$	12,364
Salaries and benefits payable	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,110	Ψ	2,110
Due to other funds		689		8,963		9,652
Due to other governmental units		-		834		834
Deposits and other liabilities		_		9,146		9,146
Unearned revenue		_		3,117		3,117
Total liabilities	-	7,950		29,273		37,223
Fund balances:						
				36		36
Nonspendable		- 52 522				
Restricted		53,522		207,000		260,522
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	Ф.	53,522	ф.	207,036	Ф.	260,558
rotal naomities and fund barances	\$	61,472	\$	236,309	\$	297,781

$Combining\ Statement\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures,\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances$

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	_	tal Projects Fund	Special enue Funds	Total
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	-	\$ 47,451	\$ 47,451
Licenses and permits		-	5,580	5,580
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-	3,863	3,863
Use of money and property		1,974	10,228	12,202
Aid from other governmental agencies:				
State		19,761	56,842	76,603
Federal		-	41,746	41,746
Other		-	1,125	1,125
Charges for services		356	15,470	15,826
Other revenues		6,016	6,493	12,509
Total revenues		28,107	188,798	216,905
EXPENDITURES				
General government		7,876	1,386	9,262
Public ways and facilities		-	65,237	65,237
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		-	1,049	1,049
Education		-	28,618	28,618
Capital outlay		38,615	126	38,741
Total expenditures		46,491	96,416	142,907
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(18,384)	 92,382	 73,998
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		21,514	1,937	23,451
Transfers (out)		(124)	(66,016)	(66,140)
Total other financing sources (uses)		21,390	(64,079)	(42,689)
Net change in fund balances		3,006	28,303	31,309
Fund balances - beginning		50,516	178,733	229,249
Fund balances - ending	\$	53,522	\$ 207,036	\$ 260,558

	Ro	oad Fund		O Indian ming	Admi	County inistrative Office	Co Tre	uditor- ntroller/ easurer- Collector	 assessor/ lecorder	ehavioral Health
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	37,132	\$	144	\$	-	\$	8,744	\$ 26,801	\$ 23,128
Receivables, net:										
Accounts		1,865		-		111		-	51	16
Interest		158		1		1		42	130	110
Due from other funds		461		-		15		-	107	3
Due from other governmental units		3,391				-		-	-	 787
Total assets		43,007		145		127		8,786	 27,089	24,044
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		-	-	-
Deferred pensions		_		-		_		-	_	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		_		_		_		-	-	
Total assets and deferred outflows										
of resources	\$	43,007	\$	145	\$	127	\$	8,786	\$ 27,089	\$ 24,044
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	4,128	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 29	\$ _
Salaries and benefits payable		1,102	·	-		-		-	81	-
Due to other funds		858		-		-		-	232	-
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-	31	-
Deposits and other liabilities		78		-		-		-	2,666	-
Unearned revenue		27		-		-		-	-	-
Total liabilities		6,193		-		-			3,039	-
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_	_	_
Restricted		36,814		145		127		8,786	24,050	24,044
Total fund balances		36,814		145		127		8,786	 24,050	 24,044
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	43,007	\$	145	\$	127	\$	8,786	\$ 27,089	\$ 24,044

	nty Clerk ections	d Support ervices	District attorney	Pr	obation	Pul	olic Health	Pub	lic Works
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 1,260	\$ 25	\$ 9,105	\$	4,414	\$	10,358	\$	6,389
Receivables, net:									
Accounts	-	-	1,084		2		19		50
Interest	7	8	34		21		51		30
Due from other funds	-	-	-		-		8		-
Due from other governmental units	-	1,215	79		-		2,067		-
Total assets	1,267	1,248	10,302		4,437		12,503		6,469
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Prepaid expense	-	-	-		-		-		-
Deferred pensions	-	-	-		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows	-	-	-		-		-		-
of resources	\$ 1,267	\$ 1,248	\$ 10,302	\$	4,437	\$	12,503	\$	6,469
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3	\$	-	\$	65
Salaries and benefits payable	-	-	-		-		-		-
Due to other funds	-	1,222	3,014		108		1,000		576
Due to other governmental units	-	-	99		-		-		704
Deposits and other liabilities	-	-	5,536		4		-		-
Unearned revenue	-	 	-		-		1,141		
Total liabilities	-	1,222	8,649		115		2,141		1,345
Fund balances									
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-		-		-
Restricted	1,267	26	1,653		4,322		10,362		5,124
Total fund balances	1,267	26	 1,653		4,322		10,362		5,124
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,267	\$ 1,248	\$ 10,302	\$	4,437	\$	12,503	\$	6,469

	V	Public Vorks- CDBG	Community Facilities Districts		Public Facilities Fees		Sheriff- Coroner		Inmate Welfare		unty Free Library
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	3,246	\$	7,824	\$	5,471	\$	6,297	\$	11,377	\$ 42,965
Receivables, net:											
Accounts		-		-		-		-		154	-
Interest		18		31		20		34		54	196
Due from other funds		-		-		2		8		-	87
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-		1,930		-	3,886
Total assets		3,264		7,855		5,493		8,269		11,585	47,134
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		-		-	74
Deferred pensions		-		-		-		-		-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-	74
Total assets and deferred outflows											
of resources	\$	3,264	\$	7,855	\$	5,493	\$	8,269	\$	11,585	\$ 47,208
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 216
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-		-	927
Due to other funds		-		-		-		299		430	230
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-		-	-
Deposits and other liabilities		-		133		630		-		-	-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		1,929		-	20
Total liabilities		-		133		630		2,228		430	1,393
Fund balances											
Nonspendable		_		-		_		-		-	36
Restricted		3,264		7,722		4,863		6,041		11,155	45,779
Total fund balances		3,264		7,722		4,863		6,041		11,155	45,815
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,264	\$	7,855	\$	5,493	\$	8,269	\$	11,585	\$ 47,208

	Fish a	nd Game	Off-Highway License		Me	ergency edical rvices	Cor Perf	nmunity rections formance centive	nty Service eas, Other	tal Special enue Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	6	\$	130	\$	802	\$	932	\$ 10,690	\$ 217,240
Receivables, net:										
Accounts		-		5		-		598	-	3,955
Interest		-		1		4		6	37	994
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-	-	691
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-		-	-	13,355
Total assets		6		136		806		1,536	10,727	236,235
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		-	-	74
Deferred pensions		-		-		-		-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-	_	74
Total assets and deferred outflows										
of resources	\$	6	\$	136	\$	806	\$	1,536	\$ 10,727	\$ 236,309
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	534	\$	-	\$ 128	\$ 5,103
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-	-	2,110
Due to other funds		-		-		95		845	54	8,963
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-	-	834
Deposits and other liabilities		-		-		52		-	47	9,146
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-	-	3,117
Total liabilities		-		-		681		845	229	29,273
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		_	-	36
Restricted		6		136		125		691	10,498	207,000
Total fund balances		6		136		125		691	10,498	207,036
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6	\$	136	\$	806	\$	1,536	\$ 10,727	\$ 236,309

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

$(amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands)$

	Ro	ad Fund	O Indian nming	Admi	County nistrative Office	Cor Treas	uditor- ntroller/ urer- Tax llector	Assess	sor/ Recorder	Behav	ioral Health
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	15,560	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		573	-		-		-		4		-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-	-		1,529		38		-		265
Use of money and property		2,106	7		3		393		1,217		1,029
Aid from other governmental agencies:											
State		39,477	-		-		-		-		894
Federal		14,090	-		-		-		-		7,077
Other		183	-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		2,343	-		-		-		3,616		-
Other revenues		-	-		-		-		17		4,009
Total revenues		74,332	 7		1,532		431		4,854		13,274
Expenditures											
General government		-	-		-		-		1,381		-
Public ways and facilities		63,814	-		-		-		-		-
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		-	-		-		-		-		-
Education		-	-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		63,814	-		-		-		1,381		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		10,518	7		1,532		431		3,473		13,274
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in		641	_		_		_		106		_
Transfers out		(1,818)	_		(1,527)		(23)		(1,303)		(10,951)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,177)	-		(1,527)		(23)		(1,197)		(10,951)
Net change in fund balances		9,341	7		5		408		2,276		2,323
Fund balances - beginning		27,473	138		122		8,378		21,774		21,721
Fund balances - ending	\$	36,814	\$ 145	\$	127	\$	8,786	\$	24,050	\$	24,044

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

$(amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands)$

	Count Elec	y Clerk tions	d Support ervices	District torney	Pro	obation	Publi	ic Health	Publ	ic Works
Revenues			J			,		,		
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-	-	-		-		-		5,003
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-	-	-		-		18		2
Use of money and property		60	49	374		202		458		292
Aid from other governmental agencies:										
State		-	9,426	1,978		894		1,155		-
Federal		-	18,298	-		-		2,254		-
Other		-	-	-		-		942		-
Charges for services		-	-	930		-		972		-
Other revenues		-	-	1,200		54		61		525
Total revenues		60	27,773	4,482		1,150		5,860		5,822
Expenditures										
General government		-	-	-		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		-	-	-		-		-		-
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		-	-	-		-		-		-
Education		-	-	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-	-	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-	-	-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		60	27,773	4,482		1,150		5,860		5,822
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		-	-	-		-		90		-
Transfers out		(127)	(27,768)	(5,906)		(437)		(3,219)		(698)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(127)	(27,768)	(5,906)		(437)		(3,129)		(698)
Net change in fund balances		(67)	5	(1,424)		713		2,731		5,124
Fund balances - beginning		1,334	21	3,077		3,609		7,631		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,267	\$ 26	\$ 1,653	\$	4,322	\$	10,362	\$	5,124

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

	Public Works- CDBG		Community Facilities Districts		Public Facilities Fees		Sheriff- Coroner		Inmate Welfare		County Free Library	
Revenues												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,835
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		802		-		-		587		-		-
Use of money and property		165		351		253		294		509		1,882
Aid from other governmental agencies:												
State		-				-		391		-		225
Federal		-		-		-		-		-		19
Other		-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		355		3,985		1,648
Other revenues		150		-		-		72				314
Total revenues		1,117		351		253		1,699		4,494		35,923
Expenditures												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		-		-		-
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		-		-		-		-		-		-
Education		-		-		-		-		-		28,618
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		126
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		28,744
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		1,117		351		253		1,699		4,494		7,179
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers in		_		_		_		17		_		1,083
Transfers out		(1,673)		_		_		(2,593)		(3,654)		(968)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,673)		-		-		(2,576)		(3,654)		115
Net change in fund balances		(556)		351		253		(877)		840		7,294
Fund balances - beginning		3,820		7,371		4,610		6,918		10,315		38,521
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,264	\$	7,722	\$	4,863	\$	6,041	\$	11,155	\$	45,815

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fish a	Fish and Game		Off-Highway License		nergency al Services	Community Corrections Performance Incentive		County Service Areas, Other		al Special
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	56	\$	47,451
Licenses and permits		-		-		-	-		-		5,580
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		3				619	-		-		3,863
Use of money and property		-		5		32	50		497		10,228
Aid from other governmental agencies:											
State		-		9		-	2,393		-		56,842
Federal		-		8		-	-		-		41,746
Other		-		-		-	-		-		1,125
Charges for services		-		-		-	-		1,621		15,470
Other revenues		-		-		-			91		6,493
Total revenues		3		22		651	2,443		2,265		188,798
Expenditures											
General government		5		-		-	-		-		1,386
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-	-		1,423		65,237
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		-		-		1,049	-		-		1,049
Education		-		-		-	-		-		28,618
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-		-		126
Total expenditures		5		-		1,049	-		1,423		96,416
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(2)		22		(398)	2,443		842		92,382
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in		-		-		_	_		_		1,937
Transfers out		_		_		(101)	(3,250)	_		(66,016)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(101)	(3,250		-		(64,079)
Net change in fund balances		(2)		22		(499)	(807)	842		28,303
Fund balances - beginning		8		114		624	1,498		9,656		178,733
Fund balances - ending	\$	6	\$	136	\$	125	\$ 691	\$	10,498	\$	207,036

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual Amount	iance with al Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	9,517	\$	9,517	\$	15,560	\$ 6,043
Licenses and permits		615		615		573	(42)
Use of money and property		300		300		2,106	1,806
Intergovernmental revenues		71,763		71,763		53,750	(18,013)
Charges for services		1,533		1,533		2,343	810
Other revenues		10		10		-	(10)
Total revenues		83,738		83,738		74,332	(9,406)
Expenditures							
Public ways and facilities		97,669		95,197		63,814	31,383
Total expenditures		97,669		95,197		63,814	31,383
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(13,931)	_	(11,459)		10,518	(40,789)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		1,252		1,352		641	(711)
Transfers out		-		(2,572)		(1,818)	754
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,252		(1,220)		(1,177)	43
Net change in fund balance		(12,679)		(12,679)		9,341	(40,746)
Fund balance - beginning		27,473		27,473		27,473	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 14,794			14,794	\$ 36,814		\$ (40,746)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule CAO Indian Gaming

	ginal dget	Final Budget		Actual Amount		 nce with Budget
Revenues Use of money and property	\$ _	\$	_	\$	7	\$ 7
Total revenues	 _		-		7	 7
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 				7	 7
Net change in fund balance	-		-		7	7
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$ 138 138	\$	138 138	\$	138 145	\$ 7

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule County Administrative Office For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	ance with Budget
Revenues Fines, forfeitures and penalties Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	1,692 9 1,701	\$ 1,692 9 1,701	\$ 1,529 3 1,532	\$ (163) (6) (169)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,701	 1,701	 1,532	(169)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,700) (1,700)	(1,700) (1,700)	(1,527) (1,527)	173 173
Net change in fund balance		1	1	5	4
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	122 123	\$ 122 123	\$ 122 127	\$ 4

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Budget
Revenues							
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38	\$ 38
Use of money and property		-		-		393	393
Total revenues		-				431	431
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						431	431
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(1,319)		(1,319)		(23)	1,296
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,319)		(1,319)		(23)	1,296
Net change in fund balance		(1,319)		(1,319)		408	1,727
Fund balance - beginning		8,378		8,378		8,378	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	7,059	\$	7,059	\$	8,786	\$ 1,727

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Assessor/Recorder

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ (1)	
Use of money and property	225	225	1,217	992	
Charges for services	2,387	2,387	3,616	1,229	
Other revenues			17	17	
Total revenues	2,617	2,617	4,854	2,237	
Expenditures					
General government	3,572	3,572	1,381	2,191	
Total expenditures	3,572	3,572	1,381	2,191	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(955) (955)	3,473	46	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	9,387	9,387	106	(9,281)	
Transfers out	(17,921	(17,921)	(1,303)	16,618	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,534	(8,534)	(1,197)	7,337	
Net change in fund balance	(9,489	(9,489)	2,276	7,383	
Fund balance - beginning	21,774	21,774	21,774		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 12,285	\$ 12,285	\$ 24,050	\$ 7,383	

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Behavioral Health

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Fines, forfeitures and penalties Use of money and property	\$	1,758	\$	1,758	\$	265 1,029	\$	(1,493) 1,029
Intergovernmental revenues Other revenues		8,486		8,486		7,971 4,009		(515) 4,009
Total revenues		10,244		10,244		13,274		3,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		10,244		10,244		13,274		3,030
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(15,324)		(15,324)		(10,951)		4,373
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,324)		(15,324)		(10,951)		4,373
Net change in fund balance		(5,080)		(5,080)		2,323		7,403
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	21,721 16,641	\$	21,721 16,641	\$	21,721 24,044	\$	7,403

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule County Clerk Elections For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Use of money and property Charges for services	\$	- 29	\$	- 29	\$	60	\$	60
Total revenues		29		29		60		(29)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		29		29		60		31
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(25)		(25)		(127)		(102)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(25)		(25)		(127)		(102)
Net change in fund balance		4		4		(67)		(71)
Fund balance - beginning		34		1,334		1,334		_
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,3	38	\$	1,338	\$	1,267	\$	(71)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Support Services For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues	\$	20 29,521	\$	20 29,521	\$	49 27,724	\$	29 (1,797)
Total revenues		29,541		29,541		27,773		(1,768)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		29,541		29,541		27,773		(1,768)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(29,542)		(29,542)		(27,768)		1,774
Total other financing sources (uses)		(29,542)		(29,542)		(27,768)		1,774
Net change in fund balance		(1)		(1)		5		6
Fund balance - beginning		21		21		21		
Fund balance - ending	\$	20	\$ 20		\$	26	\$	6

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule District Attorney

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 374	\$ 374	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,828	2,699	1,978	(721)	
Charges for services	725	725	930	205	
Other revenues	2,200	2,200	1,200	(1,000)	
Total revenues	4,753	5,624	4,482	(1,142)	
Expenditures					
Public protection	50	50		50	
Total expenditures	50	50		50	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,703	5,574	4,482	(1,092)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(5,859)	(7,055)	(5,906)	1,149	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,859)	(7,055)	(5,906)	1,149	
Net change in fund balance	(1,156)	(1,481)	(1,424)	57	
Fund balance - beginning	3,077	3,077	3,077		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,921	\$ 1,596	\$ 1,653	\$ 57	

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Probation

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	202	\$	202
Intergovernmental revenues		763		763		894		131
Other revenues		98		98		54		(44)
Total revenues		861		861		1,150		289
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		861		861		1,150		289
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(475)		(475)		(437)		38
Total other financing sources (uses)		(475)		(475)		(437)		38
Net change in fund balance		386		386		713		327
Fund balance - beginning		3,609		3,609		3,609		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,995	\$	3,995	\$	4,322	\$	327

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Public Health

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amount		ance with Budget
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$ 8	\$	8	\$	-	\$ (8)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	100		100		18	(82)
Use of money and property	148		148		458	310
Intergovernmental revenues	3,653		4,790		4,351	(439)
Charges for services	1,086		1,116		972	(144)
Other revenues	 745		664		61	 (603)
Total revenues	5,740		6,826		5,860	(966)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 5,740		6,826		5,860	(966)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-		81		90	9
Transfers out	 (9,119)		(9,975)		(3,219)	6,756
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,119)		(9,894)		(3,129)	6,765
Net change in fund balance	(3,379)		(3,068)		2,731	5,799
Fund balance - beginning	7,631		7,631		7,631	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 4,252	\$	4,563	\$	10,362	\$ 5,799

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Public Works

	iginal ıdget	Final Budget		Actual Amount		ance with l Budget
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,003	\$ 5,003
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-		-		2	2
Use of money and property	-		-		292	292
Other revenues	 -				525	525
Total revenues					5,822	5,822
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 				5,822	5,822
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	(1,220)		(1,320)		(698)	622
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,220)		(1,320)		(698)	622
Net change in fund balance	(1,220)		(1,320)		5,124	6,444
Fund balance - beginning	-					
Fund balance - ending	\$ (1,220)	\$	(1,320)	\$	5,124	\$ 6,444

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Works - CDBG

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount			nce with Budget
Revenues Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	1,731	\$	1,731	\$	802	\$	(929)
Use of money and property	Ψ	1,731	Ψ	1,731	Ψ	165	Ψ	165
Other revenues		_		_		150		150
Total revenues		1,731		1,731		1,117		(614)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,731		1,731		1,117		(614)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(1,744)		(2,194)		(1,673)		521
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,744)		(2,194)		(1,673)		521
Net change in fund balance		(13)		(463)		(556)		(93)
Fund balance - beginning		3,820		3,820		3,820		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	3,807	\$	3,357	\$	3,264	\$	(93)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Facilities Districts For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		nce with Budget
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	351	\$ 351
Total revenues		-		-		351	351
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						351	351
Net change in fund balance		-		-		351	351
Fund balance - beginning		7,371		7,371		7,371	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	7,371	\$	7,371	\$	7,722	\$ 351

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Facilities Fees For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Use of money and property Total revenues		<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	253 253	\$	253 253
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		253		253
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(518)		(518)		-		518
Total other financing sources (uses)		(518)		(518)		-		518
Net change in fund balance		(518)		(518)		253		771
Fund balance - beginning		4,610	1	4,610		4,610		
Fund balance - ending	\$	4,092	\$	4,092	\$	4,863	\$	771

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sheriff-Coroner

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(amounts	expres	sed in t	housands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587	\$ 587
Use of money and property	-	-	294	294
Intergovernmental revenues	250	250	391	141
Charges for services	533	533	355	(178)
Other revenues	152	152	72	(80)
Total revenues	935	935	1,699	764
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	935	935	1,699	764
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	17	17
Transfers out	(2,727)	(3,763)	(2,593)	1,170
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,727)	(3,763)	(2,576)	1,187
Net change in fund balance	(1,792)	(2,828)	(877)	1,951
Fund balance - beginning	6,918	6,918	6,918	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 5,126	\$ 4,090	\$ 6,041	\$ 1,951

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Inmate Welfare

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Lies of meney and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 509	\$ 509
Use of money and property Charges for services	4.097	4,097	3,985	
				(112)
Total revenues	4,097	4,097	4,494	397
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,097	4,097	4,494	397
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(4,374)	(4,393)	(3,654)	739
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,374)	(4,393)	(3,654)	739
Net change in fund balance	(277)	(296)	840	1,136
Fund balance - beginning	10,315	10,315	10,315	-
Fund balance - ending	\$ 10,038	\$ 10,019	\$ 11,155	\$ 1,136

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule County Free Library

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		ance with
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	31,310	\$	31,310	\$	31,835	\$ 525
Use of money and property		211		211		1,882	1,671
Intergovernmental revenues		118		152		244	92
Charges for services		1,671		1,671		1,648	(23)
Other revenues		340		350		314	(36)
Total revenues		33,650		33,694		35,923	2,229
Expenditures							
Education		31,373		31,416		28,744	2,672
Total expenditures		31,373		31,416		28,744	2,672
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,277		2,278	"	7,179	 (443)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		133		133		1,083	950
Transfers out		(22,934)		(23,137)		(968)	22,169
Total other financing sources (uses)		(22,801)		(23,004)		115	23,119
Net change in fund balance		(20,524)		(20,726)		7,294	22,676
Fund balance - beginning		38,521		38,521		38,521	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	17,997	\$	17,795	\$	45,815	\$ 22,676

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fish and Game

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Fines, forfeitures and penalties Total revenues	\$	7 7	\$	7 7	\$	3 3	\$	(4) (4)
Expenditures General Government Total expenditures		7		7		5		2 2
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Net change in fund balance		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(2)		(6)
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8 6	\$	(6)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Off-Highway License

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		nce with Budget
Revenues Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Total revenues	\$	1 11 12	\$	1 11 12	\$	5 17 22	\$ 4 6 10
Expenditures General Government Total expenditures		11 11		11 11			 11
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Net change in fund balance		1		1		22	 (1)
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$	114 115	\$	114 115	\$	114 136	\$ (1)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Emergency Medical Services For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

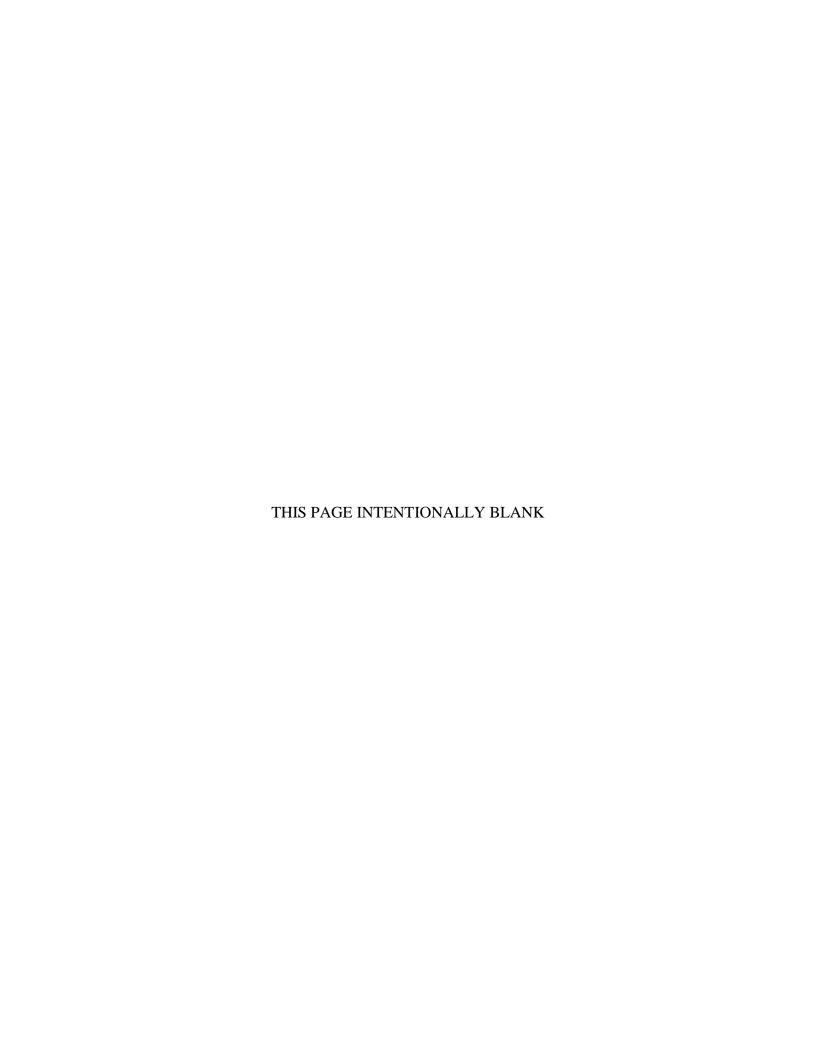
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		nce with Budget
Revenues							
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	846	\$	846	\$	619	\$ (227)
Use of money and property		4		4		32	28
Total revenues		850		850		651	(199)
Expenditures							
Health, sanitation, and public assistance		770		1,360		1,049	311
Total expenditures		770		1,360		1,049	311
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		80		(510)		(398)	 (510)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(129)		(129)		(101)	28
Total other financing sources (uses)		(129)		(129)		(101)	28
Net change in fund balance		(49)		(639)		(499)	(482)
Fund balance - beginning		624		624		624	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	575	\$	(15)	\$ 125		\$ (482)

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Corrections Performance Incentive For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Budget
Revenues							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50	\$ 50
Intergovernmental revenues		2,867		2,867		2,393	(474)
Total revenues		2,867		2,867		2,443	 (424)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,867		2,867		2,443	 (424)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(3,943)		(3,943)		(3,250)	693
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,943)		(3,943)		(3,250)	693
Net change in fund balance		(1,076)		(1,076)		(807)	269
Fund balance - beginning		1,498		1,498		1,498	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - ending	\$	422	\$	422	\$	691	\$ 269

County of Fresno Budgetary Comparison Schedule County Service Areas, Other For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		ance with l Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	44	\$	44	\$	56	\$ 12
Use of money and property		77		77		497	420
Charges for services		1,604		1,604		1,621	17
Other revenues		88		88		91	3
Total revenues		1,813		1,813		2,265	 452
Expenditures							
Public ways and facilities		-		5,982		1,423	4,559
Total expenditures		-		5,982		1,423	4,559
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,813		(4,169)		842	 (4,107)
Net change in fund balance		1,813		(4,169)		842	(4,107)
Fund balance - beginning		9,656		9,656		9,656	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	11,469	\$	5,487	\$	10,498	\$ (4,107)



County of Fresno Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds (ISF) are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County and to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fleet Services

Fleet Services is responsible for management of the County's vehicle and heavy equipment fleet, including fleet planning, acquisition, maintenance, operation, and sale of surplus equipment. Fleet Services also maintains radio communications for law enforcement and other departments with field operations.

Information Technology Services

Information Technology Services (ITS) provides a wide range of data processing services to County departments and other agencies. The scope of department activities includes computer programming, systems and programming support, online teleprocessing services via remote terminal devices, and data entry. As of June 30, 2017, the operations of Graphic Communications Services and Communications were absorbed into this ISF. Therefore, ITS provides printing, duplicating, and mailing services along with the administration, design, installation, and maintenance of the County's telephone system.

Facility Services

Facility Services provides mechanical, electrical, structural and janitorial services to County departments. This includes routine and preventive maintenance, remodeling and modifications, computer cabling and furniture moves.

Security Services

Security Services is responsible for the physical security of most County facilities and employees. Security Services also administers the County parking program, which includes enforcement of parking regulations in all County parking areas.

Risk Management

Risk Management provides the mechanism to finance all County insurance and self-insurance programs. Financing for the health and dental plans covering County employees and retirees is also maintained by Risk Management, including the cost of administering these benefits. Other activities include coordination of the County safety program, and the recovery of damages to County employees and property from responsible third parties.

County of Fresno Internal Service Funds

PeopleSoft Operations

PeopleSoft Operations provides services and support for the financial accounting system software used by the County. The components financed through this internal service fund include the financial accounting system and the payroll system. Charges for this internal service fund support both the purchasing of software and the provision of technical support for the software.

Combining Statement of Net Position

Internal Service Funds June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Interest receivable	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 12,746 \$ 11,411 \$ 4,699 \$ - Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	
Interest receivable	
Due from other funds 1,422 7,297 3,800 6 Due from other governmental units - </td <td>41</td>	41
Due from other governmental units	
Noncurrent assets 14,230 18,797 8,717 6 Noncurrent assets: Accounts receivable -	48
Noncurrent assets: Accounts receivable - - - - - - - - -	
Accounts receivable - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>89</td>	89
Nondepreciable: Construction in progress - 1,630 5,547 - Depreciable: - 369 2,722 7,290 - Equipment 57,983 15,665 1,803 1 Less accumulated depreciation (37,389) (9,358) (1,208) (1 Intangible 110 10,877 - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	
Construction in progress - 1,630 5,547 - Depreciable: Buildings and improvements 569 2,722 7,290 - Equipment 57,983 15,665 1,803 1 Less accumulated depreciation (37,389) (9,358) (1,208) (1 Intangible 110 10,877 - - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	
Depreciable: Buildings and improvements 569 2,722 7,290 - Equipment 57,983 15,665 1,803 1 Less accumulated depreciation (37,389) (9,358) (1,208) (1 Intangible 110 10,877 - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	
Buildings and improvements 569 2,722 7,290 - Equipment 57,983 15,665 1,803 1 Less accumulated depreciation (37,389) (9,358) (1,208) (1 Intangible 110 10,877 - - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	
Equipment 57,983 15,665 1,803 1. Less accumulated depreciation (37,389) (9,358) (1,208) (1.208) Intangible 110 10,877 - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	
Less accumulated depreciation (37,389) (9,358) (1,208) (1.208) Intangible 110 10,877 - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80	
Intangible 110 10,877 - - Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) - - Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 - Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80	57
Less accumulated amortization (110) (10,877) -	26)
Total noncurrent assets 21,163 10,659 13,432 Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80	
Total assets 35,393 29,456 22,149 7. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	31
Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	20
Deferred pensions 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,8	
Total deferred outflows of resources 1,130 7,134 3,375 1,80	64
I TADIL TOTES	
Salaries and benefits payable 129 462 319 2	98 40
	77
ě	65
Liability for self-insurance	
Deposits and other liabilities	
Unearned revenue 20 -	
1. 1	61
Capital lease obligations - 1,177	
Total current liabilities 1,200 6,371 5,674 7	41
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Liability for self-insurance	
	99
Capital lease obligations - 1,570	
Net pension liability 3,802 24,017 11,360 6,2'	76
Total noncurrent liabilities 3,893 26,526 11,627 6,4	
Total liabilities 5,093 32,897 17,301 7,2	16
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	07
	87
Total deferred inflows of resources 416 2,629 1,243 6	87
NET POSITION	
	31
Unrestricted 9,851 (6,848) (6,452) (5,3.	
Total net position \$\\\ 31,014 \\ \\$ 1,064 \\ \\$ 6,980 \\ \\$ (5,3)	19)

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Risk Management	PeopleSoft Operations	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 109,299	\$ 2,913	\$ 141,068
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,484	=	4,484
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	213	2	486
Interest receivable	513	14	666
Due from other funds	243	206	13,616
Due from other governmental units	7,267	2 125	7,267
Total current assets	122,019	3,135	167,587
Noncurrent assets:			
Accounts receivable	229	-	229
Nondepreciable:			
Construction in progress	-	-	7,177
Depreciable:			
Buildings and improvements	-	-	10,581
Equipment	10		75,618
Less accumulated depreciation	(7)		(48,088)
Intangible	-	9,576	20,563
Less accumulated amortization	-	(9,576)	(20,563)
Total noncurrent assets	232		45,517
Total assets	122,251	3,135	213,104
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	1,254	28	14,785
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,254	28	14,785
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,206	466	13,074
Salaries and benefits payable	116	25	1,291
Due to other funds	2,211	125	3,288
Due to other governmental units	7,363	_	7,428
Liability for self-insurance	23,204	-	23,204
Deposits and other liabilities	877	-	877
Unearned revenue	26	-	46
Compensated leave and absences	116	-	1,336
Capital lease obligations			1,177
Total current liabilities	37,119	616	51,721
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Liability for self-insurance	64,760	<u>-</u>	64,760
Compensated leave and absences	140	_	1,636
Capital lease obligations	_	_	1,570
Net pension liability	4,221	94	49,770
Total noncurrent liabilities	69,121	94	117,736
Total liabilities	106,240	710	169,457
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	462	10	5,447
Total deferred inflows of resources	462	10	5,447
MET DOCITION			
NET POSITION	2		40 541
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	16 200		42,541
	\$ 16,800		\$ 10,444 \$ 52,985
Total net position	\$ 16,803	\$ 2,443	\$ 52,985

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Internal Service Funds

	Fleet	Services	Information Technology Services		Facility Services			ecurity ervices
Operating revenues:	\$	14,757	\$	50 101	\$	22 212	\$	6 9 1 2
Charges for services Other revenues	Э	,	Э	50,191	Э	32,212	ф	6,842
Total operating revenues		37 14,794		50,198		1,026 33,238		6,952
Total operating revenues		14,794		30,198		33,236		0,932
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and benefits		3.115		18,647		9,898		5.686
Insurance		23		206		365		141
Professional services		154		3,141		10.066		1,195
General and administrative		3,019		19,162		3,915		628
Repairs and maintenance		1,605		-		805		552
Rents and leases		146		7,686		42		362
Parts and supplies		3,794		1,273		238		57
Utilities		75		393		12,857		27
Depreciation		2,563		4,702		350		68
Total operating expenses		14,494		55,210		38,536		8,716
Operating income (loss)		300		(5,012)		(5,298)		(1,764)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		233		(1,058)		-		-
Insurance recoveries		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		587		532		193		7
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		820		(526)		193		7
Net income (loss) before transfers		1,120		(5,538)		(5,105)		(1,757)
Transfers in (out)								
Transfers in		1,768		2,353		3,930		-
Transfers out		(122)		(764)		(387)		(222)
Total transfers in (out)		1,646		1,589		3,543		(222)
Change in net position		2,766		(3,949)		(1,562)		(1,979)
Net position - beginning Prior period adjustment		28,248		5,013		8,542		(3,340)
Net position - beginning restated		28,248		5,013		8,542		(3,340)
Net position - ending	\$	31,014	\$	1,064	\$	6,980	\$	(5,319)

${\bf Combining\ Statement\ of\ Revenues, Expenses,\ and\ Changes\ in\ Net\ Position}$

Internal Service Funds

		Risk	Pec	pleSoft		
	Ma	nagement	Оре	erations		Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	114,800	\$	2,746	\$	221,548
Other revenues		109		-		1,289
Total operating revenues		114,909		2,746		222,837
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		3,325		95		40,766
Insurance		114,379		5		115,119
Professional services		2,797		1,278		18,631
General and administrative		534		1,659		28,917
Repairs and maintenance		64		-		3,026
Rents and leases		3		-		8,239
Parts and supplies		-		-		5,362
Utilities		38		-		13,390
Depreciation		2		-		7,685
Total operating expenses		121,142		3,037		241,135
Operating income (loss)		(6,233)		(291)		(18,298)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		(825)
Insurance recoveries		5,491		-		5,491
Use of money and property		4,863		133		6,315
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		10,354		133		10,981
Net income (loss) before transfers		4,121		(158)		(7,317)
Transfers in (out)						
Transfers in		366		339		8,756
Transfers out		(130)		(4)		(1,629)
Total transfers in (out)		236		335		7,127
Change in net position		4,357		177		(190)
Net position - beginning		12,079		2,266		52,808
Prior period adjustment		367		-		367
Net position - beginning restated	Φ.	12,446	<u></u>	2,266	_	53,175
Net position - ending	\$	16,803	\$	2,443	\$	52,985

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds

				formation chnology	Facility		S	ecurity
	Flee	et Services	5	Services	Services		Services	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from users	\$	14,989	\$	47,612	\$	36,325	\$	7,029
Cash paid to suppliers		(9,000)		(27,444)		(30,874)		(2,784)
Cash paid to employees		(3,045)		(18,243)		(9,644)		(5,557)
Cash paid for claims		-		-				-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,944		1,925		(4,193)		(1,312)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Residual equity transfers in		-		-		-		-
Residual equity transfers out		-		-		-		-
Transfers from other funds		1,768		2,353		3,930		-
Transfers to other funds		(122)		(764)		(387)		(222)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,646		1,589		3,543		(222)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Sales of capital assets		-		-		-		734
Purchases of capital assets		(4,416)		(7,900)		(1,499)		-
Insurance recoveries		-		-		-		-
Principal paid on capital debt		-		-		-		-
Interest paid on capital debt		-		-				-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(4,416)		(7,900)		(1,499)		734
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Use of money and property received		591		557		202		12
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		591		557		202		12
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		765		(3,829)		(1,947)		(788)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		11,981		15,240		6,646		788
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	12,746	\$	11,411	\$	4,699	\$	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,746	\$	11,411	\$	4,699	\$	-
Restricted cash and investments	•	10.746	•	11 411	Φ.	4.600	•	_
Total	\$	12,746	\$	11,411	\$	4,699	\$	

County of Fresno Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Risk	PeopleSoft	Total Internal	
CACH ELOWICEDOM ODED ATINO A CENTITIES	Management	Operations	Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ 117.146	¢ 2.705	e 225.00 <i>c</i>	
Cash received from users	\$ 117,146	\$ 2,795	\$ 225,896	
Cash paid to suppliers	(101,193)		(173,762)	
Cash paid to employees Cash paid for claims	(3,252)	. ,	(39,842)	
•	(15,473)		(15,473) (3,181)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,772)	221	(3,181)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Residual equity transfers in	-	-	\$ -	
Residual equity transfers out	-	-	-	
Transfers from other funds	366	339	8,756	
Transfers to other funds	(130)	(4)	(1,629)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	236	335	7,127	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Sales of capital assets	190	_	924	
Purchases of capital assets		(164)	(13,979)	
Insurance recoveries	5,491	-	5,491	
Principal paid on capital debt	-	_	-	
Interest paid on capital debt	-	_	_	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	5,681	(164)	(7,564)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Use of money and property received	4,937	132	6,431	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	4,937	132	6,431	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,082	530	2,813	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	105,701	2,383	142,739	
Prior period adjustment	-	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 113,783	\$ 2,913	\$ 145,552	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 109,299	\$ 2,913	\$ 141,068	
Restricted cash and investments	4,484	,,,13	4,484	
Total	\$ 113,783	\$ 2,913	\$ 145,552	
		. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

County of Fresno Combining Statement of Cash Flows

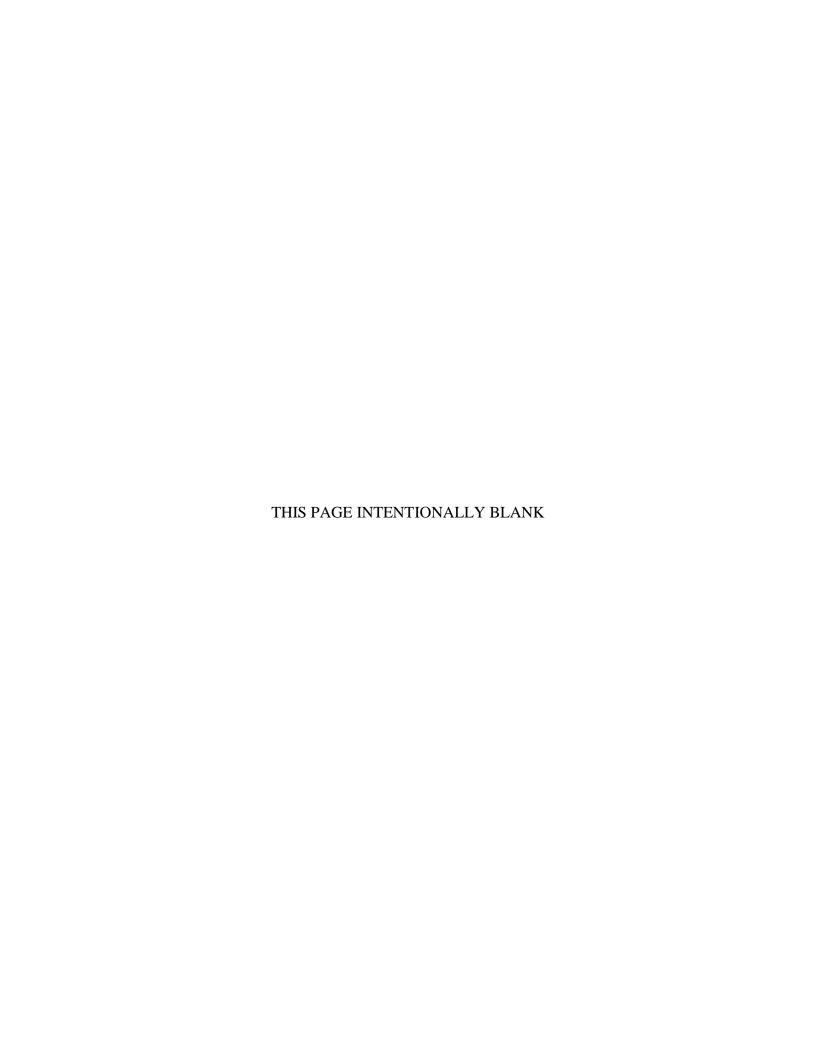
Internal Service Funds

	Information Technology			nnology	Facility		Security	
	Fleet	Services	Sei	rvices	S	ervices	S	ervices
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	300	\$	(5,012)	\$	(5,298)	\$	(1,764)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Pension expense		36		225		106		59
Depreciation expense		2,563		4,702		350		68
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		33		71		(142)		28
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		162		(2,657)		3,174		43
Decrease (increase) in due from other governmental units		-		-		55		6
Decrease (increase) in construction in progress		-		4,293		(3,459)		-
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(183)		70		857		183
(Decrease) increase in salaries and benefits payable		34		179		148		70
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
(Decrease) increase in deposits held for others		-		-		-		
(Decrease) increase in due to other funds		(1)		54		16		2
(Decrease) increase in due to other governmental units		-		-		-		(7)
(Decrease) increase in liability for self-insurance								
Total adjustments		2,644		6,937		1,105		452
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,944	\$	1,925	\$	(4,193)	\$	(1,312)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities								
Transfer of capital assets to government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales (Purchase) of capital assets		(4,416)		(7,900)		(1,499)		734

County of Fresno Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Risk Management	PeopleSoft Operations	Total Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (6,233)	\$ (291)	\$ (18,298)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Pension expense	39	1	466
Depreciation expense	2	-	7,685
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(109)	(2)	(121)
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds	(241)	51	532
Decrease (increase) in due from other governmental units	2,587	-	2,648
Decrease (increase) in construction in progress	-	-	834
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(485)	466	908
(Decrease) increase in salaries and benefits payable	34	(7)	458
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue	-	-	-
(Decrease) increase in deposits held for others	-	-	-
(Decrease) increase in due to other funds	(2,853)	9	(2,773)
(Decrease) increase in due to other governmental units	919	-	912
(Decrease) increase in liability for self-insurance	3,568		3,568
Total adjustments	3,461	518	15,117
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,772)	\$ 227	\$ (3,181)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities			
Transfer of capital assets to government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales (Purchase) of capital assets	190	(164)	(13,055)



County of Fresno Agency Funds

Fiduciary Funds

The County maintains an Investment Trust Fund that is used to account for the investments made by the County. The County, in a fiduciary capacity, also maintains various Agency Funds that are used to account for assets held for others by the County. These funds include County funds which are segregated from other County funds for purposes of control, property taxes collected on behalf of other governmental units and monies held by the Public Administrator-Guardian. It should be noted that the Investment Trust fund is discretely presented in the basic financial statements.

Trust Funds:

Investment: This fund is used to account for the investments made by the County of Fresno on behalf of Non-County entities.

Agency Funds:

Property Tax Collection: This fund is used by the County in its role as Tax Collector to record property tax receipts awaiting apportionment to other governmental units and recipient County funds and their periodic distribution.

Public Administrator-Guardian: This fund is used for the accounting and recording of all Public Administrator-Guardian monies held by the County in a fiduciary capacity.

San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority: The San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority was established as a multi-entity authority with the express goal of negotiating, purchasing, or otherwise providing funding for health, vision, dental and life insurance for the employees of the various entities in the authority (including the County of Fresno). This fund is used for the accounting and recording of all San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority monies held by the County in a fiduciary capacity.

Other Agency Funds: These funds are under the control of various County officials and agencies and are used to accumulate resources for specific purposes.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Agency Funds

		Balance ly 1, 2019				Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020		
Property Tax Collection	341	ly 1, 2017		raditions		ocductions	Juli	2 30, 2020	
Assets:									
Cash	\$	43,125	\$	1,194,939	\$	1,175,214	\$	62,850	
Taxes receivable		53		-		51		2	
Interest receivable		887		-		112		775	
Total assets	\$	44,065	\$	1,194,939	\$	1,175,377	\$	63,627	
Liabilities:									
Due to other taxing units	\$	44,065	\$	1,194,939	\$	1,175,377		63,627	
Total liabilities	\$	44,065	\$	1,194,939	\$	1,175,377	\$	63,627	
Public Administrator - Guardian									
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	11,774	\$	14,057	\$	13,728	\$	12,103	
Property held by public administrator	Φ	3,616	Ф	1,242	Ф	824	Ф	4,034	
Total assets	\$	15,390	\$	15,299	\$	14,552	\$	16,137	
Total assets	Ψ	13,370	Ψ	13,277	Ψ	14,332	Ψ	10,137	
Liabilities:	_		_		_		_		
Fiduciary liability	\$	15,390	\$	15,299	\$	14,552	\$	16,137	
Total liabilities	\$	15,390	\$	15,299	\$	14,552	\$	16,137	
San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	13,057	\$	250,406	\$	241,203	\$	22,260	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	7,298	Ψ	599	Ψ	-	Ψ	7,897	
Total assets	\$	20,355	\$	251,005	\$	241,203	\$	30,157	
Liabilities:									
Due to other governmental units	\$	20,355	\$	251,005	\$	241,203	\$	30,157	
Total liabilities	\$	20,355	\$	251,005	\$	241,203	\$	30,157	
Other Agency Funds Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	44,823	\$	2,450,105	\$	2,461,211	\$	33,717	
Total assets	\$	44,823	\$	2,450,105	\$	2,461,211	\$	33,717	
Liabilities:									
Fiduciary liability	\$	44,823	\$	2,450,105	\$	2,461,211	\$	33,717	
Total liabilities	\$	44,823	\$	2,450,105	\$	2,461,211	\$	33,717	
Total Agency Funds		·		· · · · · ·		· · · · · ·		,	
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	112,779	\$	3,909,507	\$	3,891,356	\$	130,930	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	7,298	Ψ	599	Ψ	-	Ψ	7,897	
Taxes receivable		53		-		51		2	
Interest receivable		887		-		112		775	
Property held by public administrator		3,616		1,242		824		4,034	
Total assets	\$	124,633	\$	3,911,348	\$	3,892,343	\$	143,638	
Liabilities:									
Due to other taxing units	\$	44,065	\$	1,194,939	\$	1,175,377	\$	63,627	
Due to other governmental units	•	20,355		251,005		241,203		30,157	
Fiduciary liability		60,213		2,465,404		2,475,763		49,854	
Total liabilities	\$	124,633	\$	3,911,348	\$	3,892,343	\$	143,638	



STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and help the reader assess the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and activities it performs.

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

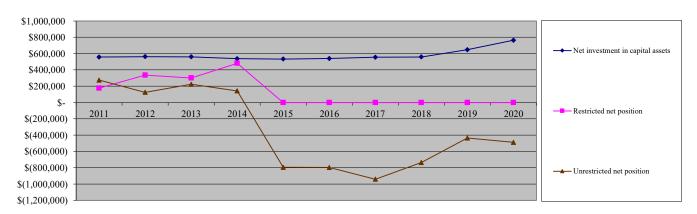
County of Fresno Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

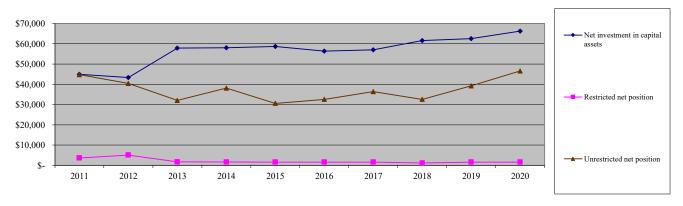
					Fisca	l Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 557,748	\$ 562,279	\$ 560,544	\$ 537,359	\$ 533,674	\$ 539,314	\$ 556,268	\$ 558,579	\$ 647,516	\$ 763,973
Restricted net position	177,153	335,573	301,425	482,088	-	_	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted net position	275,332	124,904	223,627	142,637	(793,620)	(795,311)	(939,690)	(735,368)	(434,745)	(488,332)
Total governmental activities net position	1,010,233	1,022,756	1,085,596	1,162,084	(259,946)	(255,997)	(383,422)	(176,789)	212,771	275,641
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	44,875	43,336	57,836	58,001	58,661	56,353	56,970	61,569	62,473	66,208
Restricted net position	3,654	5,090	1,690	1,646	1,588	1,588	1,589	1,178	1,596	1,590
Unrestricted net position	44,735	40,392	32,032	38,104	30,583	32,533	36,358	32,543	39,216	46,567
Total business-type activities net position	93,264	88,818	91,558	97,751	90,832	90,474	94,917	95,290	103,285	114,365
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	602,623	605,615	618,380	595,360	592,335	595,667	613,238	620,148	709,989	830,181
Restricted net position	180,807	340,663	303,115	483,734	1,588	1,588	1,589	1,178	1,596	1,590
Unrestricted net position	320,067	165,296	255,659	180,741	(763,037)	(762,778)	(903,332)	(702,825)	(395,529)	(441,765)
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,103,497	\$ 1,111,574	\$ 1,177,154	\$ 1,259,835	\$ (169,114)	\$ (165,523)	\$ (288,505)	\$ (81,499)	\$ 316,056	\$ 390,006

Note 1: Accrual basis of accounting

Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities



County of Fresno Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year											
•	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
Program Revenues												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services												
General government	21,579	22,628	18,258	15,712	22,475	31,721	33,698	36,083	35,067	38,620		
Public protection	65,412	40,711	38,244	31,486	26,476	23,462	19,745	27,462	27,279	26,556		
Public ways and facilities	14,216	12,822	10,782	8,121	2,227	6,903	15,345	9,569	6,074	7,334		
Health, sanitation and public												
assistance	28,350	33,090	16,032	22,045	20,771	16,329	18,669	29,412	16,716	24,994		
Education	3,318	3,388	3,378	2,574	1,808	1,879	1,761	6,606	3,034	1,962		
Culture and recreation	1,421	1,496	1,353	899	1,023	771	957	1,014	855	867		
Operating grants and contributions	786,733	715,246	690,028	770,108	812,333	622,116	652,321	910,527	919,835	960,735		
Capital grants and contributions	10,353	3,069	187				_					
Subtotal Governmental activities												
program revenues	931,382	832,450	778,262	850,945	887,113	703,181	742,496	1,020,673	1,008,860	1,061,068		
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services												
Water and sewer	3,033	2,695	3,456	3,478	4,001	3,980	5.897	5.032	6,761	5,885		
Landfill	10,097	9,054	9,861	13,814	16,379	15,337	13,615	14,037	18,278	15,997		
Operating grants and contributions	10,077	7,054	2,001	625	494	304	13,013	452	367	485		
Capital grants and contributions				023	-	509	336	-432	507			
Capital grants and contributions						309	330					
Subtotal Business-type activities												
program revenues	13,130	11,749	13,317	17,917	20,874	20,130	19,848	19,521	25,406	22,367		
Total primary government												
program revenues	944,512	844,199	791,579	868,862	907,987	723,311	762,344	1,040,194	1,034,266	1,083,435		
General Revenues												
Governmental activities:												
Taxes												
Property taxes	203,317	196,145	209,419	216,038	232,374	233,408	254,804	260,350	262,330	271,007		
Sales taxes	103,174	140,232	154,998	161,119	186,747	216,434	195,316	51,043	58,264	62,561		
Franchise taxes	4,735	4,849	4,784	14,070	22,736	17,946	17,558	10,756	16,192	17,110		
Motor vehicle in-lieu taxes	36,063	35,491	34,077	37,713	58,964	230,264	223,883	215,224	258,594	265,955		
Road use tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Tobacco settlement proceeds	12,089	8,352	13,213	6,657	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other	4,816	4,708	4,832	18,110	13,970	23,531	7,066	(11,695)	2,934	8,474		
Gain/(loss) on bond refunding and												
sale of capital assets	-	-	338	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Unrestricted investment earnings	5,450	5,945	14,159	14,776	9,344	14,407	2,804	561	32,538	33,511		
Miscellaneous	1,072						_					
Subtotal governmental activities												
general revenues	370,716	395,722	435,820	468,483	524,135	735,990	701,431	526,239	630,852	658,618		
Business-type activities:												
Property tax				671	711	744	773	765	796	819		
Other	2,421	2,355	2,326	1,446	1,870	1,891	1,918	3,803	3,202	9,745		
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets	2,721	2,333	(19)	1,740	1,0/0	1,091	1,918	(402)	(2,529)	2,143		
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,507	1,257	974	1,732	638	1,837	316	172	4,007	4,614		
Subtotal business-type activities	1,507	1,23/	214	1,732	030	1,03/	510	1/2	4,007	7,017		
general revenues	3,928	3,612	3,281	3,849	3,219	4,472	3,152	4,338	5,476	15,178		
·	\$ 1,319,156	\$ 1,243,533	\$ 1,230,680	\$ 1,341,194	\$ 1,435,341	\$ 1,463,773	\$ 1,466,927	\$ 1,570,771	\$1,670,594	\$ 1,757,231		
Total primary government revenues	ψ 1,517,130	ψ 1,243,333	ψ 1,230,000	ψ 1,341,194	ψ 1,7-2,241	φ 1,403,773	φ 1,700,927	ψ 1,3/0,//1	φ1,0/0,394	ψ 1,/3/,231		

Note 1: Accrual basis of accounting

County of Fresno Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year																		
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Expenses																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$ 41,68	5 \$	51,348	\$	52,919	\$	45,280	\$	34,673	\$	72,302	\$	72,551	\$	247,100	\$	235,530	\$	266,452
Public protection	298,35	4	293,106		304,365		319,197		291,148		343,711		362,779		253,532		266,178		403,010
Public ways and facilities	54,71	1	48,529		41,895		43,145		45,635		78,926		127,525		51,304		36,765		69,231
Health, sanitation, and public assistance	770,16	9	751,998		686,767		787,234		760,840		869,387		940,554		710,821		659,419		853,749
Education	26,01	3	24,897		24,191		25,073		23,918		26,510		27,342		27,565		18,288		26,118
Culture and recreation	2,41	9	2,331		2,712		2,933		2,380		2,868		3,370		3,450		2,122		2,818
Interest on long-term debt	44,24	3	44,232		42,519		40,030		40,219		41,782		36,571		36,402		35,302		35,820
Subtotal governmental activities expenses	1,237,59	4	1,216,441	1,	,155,368		1,262,892	_	1,198,813		1,435,486	1	1,570,692	_	1,330,174	_	1,253,604		1,657,198
Business-type activities:																			
Solid waste enterprise	14,06	8	14,024		14,063		6,162		5,652		6,572		7,453		9,350		8,265		12,274
County service areas, other	5,55	4	5,607		6,139		17,783		21,451		17,402		16,722		17,219		14,726		18,260
Subtotal business-type activities expenses	19,62	2	19,631		20,202		23,945		27,103		23,974		24,175		26,569		22,991		30,534
Total primary government expenses	1,257,21	6	1,236,072	1,	,175,570		1,286,837		1,225,916		1,459,460	1	1,594,867		1,356,743		1,276,595		1,687,732
Extraordinary item - RDA dissolution transaction		_	-		(274)		-		_		-		-		-		_		_
Excess (deficiency) before transfers - governmental activities Transfers	(9,42		(2,359) 32		164,060 271		58,714 302		240,358 (2,724)		8,377 297		(126,765) (645)		216,738 240		386,108 252		62,488 15
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		-							(=,, = .)				(*)						
- business-type activities	(4,26	1)	(3,033)		1.564		(2,969)		(2,501)		1,437		(1,175)		(2,710)		7,891		7,011
Transfers	(9		(32)		(271)		(302)		2,724		(297)		645		(240)		(252)		(15)
Special Items	(*	-	-		-		-		-,,		-		-		-		(===)		()
Change in net position																			
Governmental activities	(9,32	6)	(2,327)		164,057		59,016		237,634		8,674		(127,410)		216,978		386,360		62,503
Business-type activities	(4,35	7)	(3,065)		1,293		(3,271)		223		331		(530)	_	(2,950)		7,639		6,996
Total primary government	\$ (13,68	3) \$	(5,392)	\$	165,350	\$	55,745	\$	237,857	\$	9,005	\$	(127,940)	\$	214,028	\$	393,999	\$	69,499

Note 1: Accrual basis of accounting

County of Fresno Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fi	iscal Year				
	2011*		2012			2013		2014		2015
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	3,200	\$	3,585	\$	3,939	\$	4,110	\$	43,092
Restricted		83,356		195,072		199,306		49,932		4,985
Committed		-		-		-		-		18,724
Assigned		39,138		33,896		57,176		23,035		77,493
Unassigned		133,154		66,022		47,117		72,338		46,239
Total General Fund	\$	258,848	\$	298,575	\$	307,538	\$	149,415	\$	190,533
Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$	1,889	\$	854	\$	683	\$	775	\$	736
Restricted		93,797		97,561		123,153		391,338		443,609
Committed		-		-		_		-		-
Assigned		24,407		29,357		33,597		37,391		37,009
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total other governmental funds	\$	120,093	\$	127,772	\$	157,433	\$	429,504	\$	481,354
		2016		2017	Fi	iscal Year 2018		2019		2020
		2010		ZUL /		2018				
Canaval Fund		_010		2017		_010		2017		2020
General Fund	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	
Nonspendable	\$	47,208	\$	49,736	\$	8,971	\$	5,840	\$	5,803
Nonspendable Restricted	\$	47,208 9,398	\$	49,736 4,255	\$	8,971 -	\$	5,840 6,205	\$	5,803 7,590
Nonspendable Restricted Committed	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602	\$		\$	5,840	\$	5,803
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654	\$	8,971 - 68,410 -	\$	5,840 6,205 91,380	\$	5,803 7,590 91,417
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520		49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193		8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236		5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693		5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654	\$	8,971 - 68,410 -	\$	5,840 6,205 91,380	\$	5,803 7,590 91,417
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520		49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193		8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236		5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693		5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520		49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193		8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236		5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693		5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520 200,171	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193 211,440	\$	8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236 205,617	\$	5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693 204,118	\$	5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976 197,786
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520 200,171	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193 211,440	\$	8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236 205,617	\$	5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693 204,118	\$	5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976 197,786
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520 200,171	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193 211,440	\$	8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236 205,617	\$	5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693 204,118	\$	5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976 197,786
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed	\$	47,208 9,398 21,024 83,021 39,520 200,171 816 529,190	\$	49,736 4,255 63,602 8,654 85,193 211,440	\$	8,971 - 68,410 - 128,236 205,617	\$	5,840 6,205 91,380 - 100,693 204,118	\$	5,803 7,590 91,417 - 92,976 197,786

Note 1: Modified accrual basis of accounting

^{*} Note 2: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011, under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to reserved and unreserved.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 230,422	\$ 334,763	\$ 380,541	\$ 394,370	\$ 422,029	\$ 449,842	\$ 450,120	\$ 311,393	\$ 320,594	\$ 331,781
Licenses and permits	7,987	8,600	8,872	14,070	17,272	17,946	17,558	10,756	16,192	18,896
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	10,268	9,577	9,529	14,657	13,866	13,015	11,944	10,049	10,408	8,473
Use of money and property	5,745	6,278	14,315	12,562	8,022	12,087	2,804	561	32,538	33,511
Aid from other governmental agencies	880,190	788,758	714,785	811,917	850,931	846,114	885,091	1,092,732	1,180,254	1,223,179
Charges for current services	98,139	83,947	66,491	68,274	55,541	56,305	63,611	64,043	62,995	68,887
Other revenues	39,383	25,724	24,358	29,554	26,690	25,386	26,932	46,541	26,030	31,447
Total revenues	1,272,134	1,257,647	1,218,891	1,345,404	1,394,351	1,420,695	1,458,060	1,536,075	1,649,011	1,716,174
Expenditures										
General government	40,359	35,648	32,976	38,715	37,014	40,860	59,083	42,903	46,135	54,559
Public ways and facilities	63,448	55,691	32,807	31,106	36,880	33,901	34,876	383,305	431,489	467,157
Public protection	293,043	289,991	298,179	312,604	324,104	340,802	359,422	46,448	40,017	67,730
Health, sanitation, and public assistance	769,639	750,154	682,001	779,890	798,019	832,667	854,187	931,587	903,032	969,670
Education	26,275	23,898	23,891	23,708	25,152	25,350	26,205	25,881	27,818	28,870
Culture and recreation	2,191	2,342	2,684	2,900	2,596	2,688	2,898	4,453	2,998	3,250
Capital outlay	7,577	2,783	16,594	18,378	21,714	30,097	31,362	35,849	106,715	124,462
Debt service:										
Principal	25,042	24,080	30,785	30,295	32,655	36,585	40,035	44,505	47,690	29,314
Interest	24,515	27,465	25,509	22,677	20,960	19,221	15,318	13,584	11,132	9,307
Total expenditures	1,252,089	1,212,052	1,145,426	1,260,273	1,299,094	1,362,171	1,423,386	1,528,515	1,617,026	1,754,319
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	20,045	45,595	73,465	85,131	95,257	58,524	34,674	7,560	31,985	(38,145)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Bond proceeds	_	-	23,587	-	-	64,525	-	_	_	_
Bond premiums	_	_	_	_	_	6,360	_	_	_	_
Payment to escrow agent	_	-	-	-	-	(43,630)	-	_	_	_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,072	_	_	_	_	16	248	227	121	199
Transfers in	230,110	316,612	353,820	848,216	917,133	852,206	888,482	1,008,110	1,012,413	1,142,770
Transfers out	(227,070)	(314,520)	(350,907)	(849,296)	(920,117)	(855,814)	(891,006)	(1,010,824)	(1,013,551)	(1,149,882)
Refunded bond principal	-	-	(26,160)	-	-	(26,765)	-	-	-	-
Refunding bond issue proceeds	_	-	(820)	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,112	2,092	(480)	(1,080)	(2,984)	(3,102)	(2,276)	(2,487)	(1,017)	(6,913)
Net change in fund balances before										
extraordinary items	24,157	47,687	72,985	84,051	92,273	55,422	32,398	5,073	30,968	(45,058)
Extraordinary item		(25.1)								
Redevelopment Agency dissolution transaction		(274)								
Net change in fund balances	\$ 24,157	\$ 47,413	\$ 72,985	\$ 84,051	\$ 92,273	\$ 55,422	\$ 32,398	\$ 5,073	\$ 30,968	\$ (45,058)
Debt service as a percentage of non capital expenditures	3.98%	4.26%	4.99%	4.27%	4.20%	4.19%	3.98%	3.89%	3.89%	2.37%

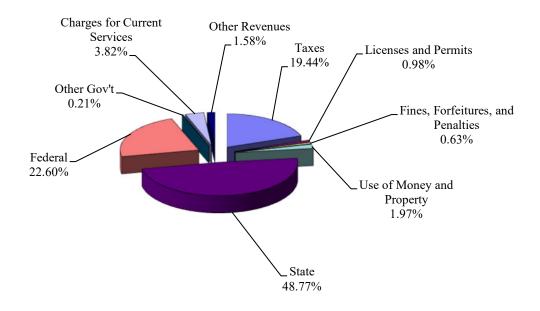
Note 1: Modified accrual basis of accounting

County of Fresno Governmental Funds Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (amount expressed in thousands)

Aid From Other Governmental Agencies

							Agencies			
Fiscal Year	Total Revenues	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties	Use of Money and Property	State	Federal	Other Gov't	Charges for Current Services	Other Revenues
2011	\$ 1,272,134	\$ 230,422	\$ 7,987	\$ 10,268	\$ 5,745	\$ 544,195	\$ 333,427	\$ 2,568	\$ 98,139	\$ 39,383
2012	1,257,647	334,763	8,600	9,577	6,278	465,232	322,815	711	83,947	25,724
2013	1,218,891	380,541	8,872	9,529	14,315	388,767	322,745	3,273	66,491	24,358
2014	1,345,404	394,370	14,070	14,657	12,562	489,408	320,457	2,052	68,274	29,554
2015	1,394,351	422,029	17,272	13,866	8,022	505,053	342,554	3,324	55,541	26,690
2016	1,420,695	449,842	17,946	13,015	12,087	520,137	322,977	3,000	56,305	25,386
2017	1,458,060	450,120	17,558	11,944	2,804	525,324	355,934	3,833	63,611	26,932
2018	1,536,075	311,393	10,756	10,049	561	681,841	407,703	3,188	64,043	46,541
2019	1,649,011	320,594	16,192	10,408	32,538	804,151	372,680	3,423	62,995	26,030
2020	1,716,174	331,781	18,896	8,473	33,511	778,589	439,783	4,807	68,887	31,447

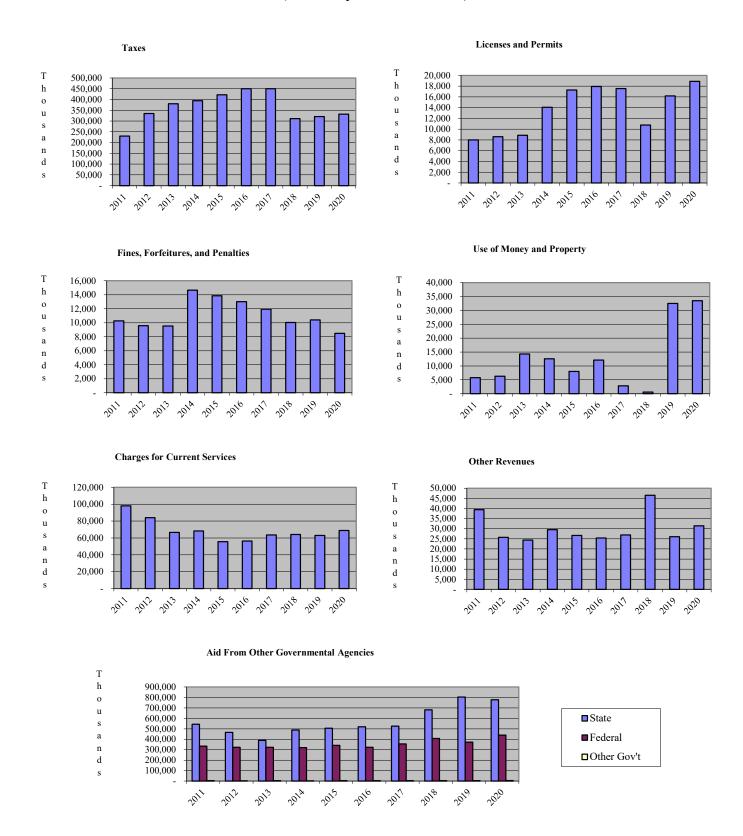
For Fiscal Year 2020



Governmental Funds Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

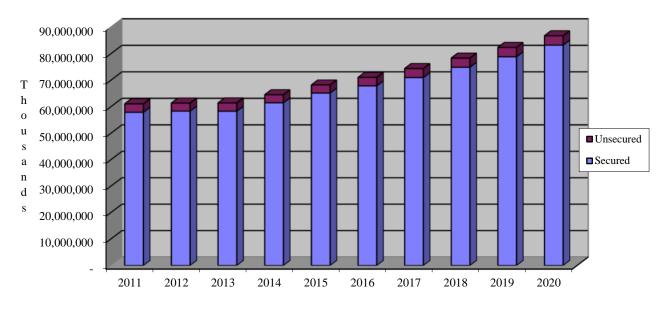
(amount expressed in thousands)



County of Fresno
Gross Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Secured	Unsecured	Total		
Fiscal Year	Estimated Actual	Estimated Actual	Estimated Actual	Ratio of Assessed to Estimated Actual	Total Direct Tax Rate
2011	\$ 57,958,443	\$ 3,171,629	\$ 61,130,072	100	1.00%
2012	58,378,659	3,040,714	61,419,373	100	1.00%
2013	58,343,171	3,124,705	61,467,876	100	1.00%
2014	61,518,986	3,032,881	64,551,867	100	1.00%
2015	65,196,174	3,054,484	68,250,658	100	1.00%
2016	67,898,181	3,190,135	71,088,316	100	1.00%
2017	71,057,076	3,376,707	74,433,783	100	1.00%
2018	74,950,077	3,432,862	78,382,939	100	1.00%
2019	78,876,831	3,519,686	82,396,517	100	1.00%
2020	83,267,031	3,520,780	86,787,811	100	1.00%

Estimated Value of Taxable Property



Source: Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, County of Fresno

Note: The estimated actual value of taxable property is the same as the gross assessed value.

County of Fresno Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (% Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	County Direct Rates	Overlappi	ng Rates	Total Rates		
Fiscal Year	Fresno County General	City of Fresno	School Districts			
2010 - 2011	1.00000	0.032438	0.198914	1.231352		
2011 - 2012	1.00000	0.032438	0.195870	1.228308		
2012 - 2013	1.00000	0.032438	0.198218	1.230656		
2013 - 2014	1.00000	0.032438	0.198436	1.230874		
2014 - 2015	1.00000	0.032438	0.198168	1.230606		
2015 - 2016	1.00000	0.032438	0.196924	1.229362		
2016 - 2017	1.00000	0.032438	0.197344	1.229782		
2017 - 2018	1.00000	0.032438	0.214798	1.247236		
2018 - 2019	1.00000	0.032438	0.211830	1.244268		
2019 - 2020	1.00000	0.032438	0.214650	1.247088		

Notes:

- (1) The above tax rates are for Tax Rate Area 005-001, which applies to most property within the City of Fresno.
- (2) California voters, on June 6, 1978, approved a constitutional amendment to Article XIIIA of the California Constitution, commonly known as Proposition 13, which limits the taxing power of California public agencies. Legislation enacted by the California Legislature to implement Article XIIIA (Statutes of 1978, Chapter 292, as amended) provides that notwithstanding any other law, local agencies may not levy any property tax except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978, and that each County will levy the maximum tax permitted by Article XIIIA of \$1 per \$100 of full cash value. Assessed value is equal to full cash value, pursuant to Senate Bill 1656, Statutes of 1978.

Source:

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, County of Fresno

County of Fresno Principal Taxpayers June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2011

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	•	202	0	2011					
	Assessed		% of Total County		Assessed		% of Total County		
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Value		Rank	Assessed Value		
Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	\$ 2,626,541	1	3.026	\$	1,673,608	1	2.738		
Southern California Edison Co.	556,968	2	0.642		389,489	3	0.637		
Panoche Energy Center, LLC	254,400	3	0.293		589,250	2	0.964		
Chevron USA, Inc.	248,391	4	0.286		328,000	4	0.537		
AERA Energy, LLC	188,242	5	0.217		109,693	9	0.179		
Gap, Inc.	154,145	6	0.178		201,213	5	0.329		
Gallo E & J Winery	152,857	7	0.176		116,678	7	0.191		
Macerich Fresno Limited Partnership	140,815	8	0.162		129,169	8	0.211		
Pacific Bell Telephone Co.	118,530	9	0.137		169,328	6	0.277		
RPI Fig Garden, LP	111,187	10	0.128		-	-	0.000		
Atlantic Path 15 LLC		-			89,981	10	0.147		
Total	\$ 4,552,076		5.245	\$	3,796,409		6.210		

Source: Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector, County of Fresno

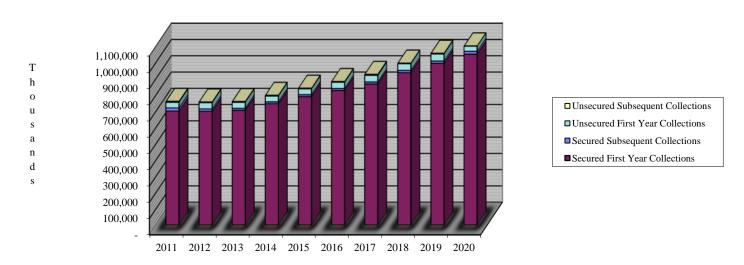
Note: Percentages based on estimated property values of \$86,787,811 in 2020 and \$61,130,072 in 2011.

County of Fresno Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Secured												Unsecur	red		
		Collections in 1 of Lev		Deling	uency	Collection in Subsequent Years Total Collection to Date			Collections in Fiscal Year of Levy Delinquency			quency	Collection in Subsequent Years	Total Collection to Date		
Fiscal Year	Tax Levies	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Amount	Percent	Tax Levies	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Amount	Percent
2011	720,195	701,038	97.340	\$ 19,157	2.660	\$ 19,157	\$ 720,195	100.00%	\$ 39,345	\$ 34,355	87.317	\$ 4,990	12.683	\$ 4,990	\$ 39,345	100.00%
2012	714,008	699,603	97.983	14,405	2.017	14,405	714,008	100.00%	41,579	39,028	93.865	2,551	6.135	2,551	41,579	100.00%
2013	717,057	705,356	98.368	11,701	1.632	11,701	717,057	100.00%	41,027	37,482	91.359	3,545	8.641	3,545	41,027	100.00%
2014	757,605	746,292	98.507	11,314	1.493	11,314	757,606	100.00%	38,947	35,944	92.290	3,003	7.710	3,003	38,947	100.00%
2015	801,553	789,983	98.557	11,550	1.441	11,550	801,533	100.00%	38,950	36,263	93.101	2,687	6.899	2,687	38,950	100.00%
2016	839,524	827,836	98.608	11,688	1.392	11,665	839,501	99.80%	41,729	38,931	93.295	2,799	6.708	2,793	41,724	99.80%
2017	879,820	867,520	98.602	12,299	1.398	12,250	879,770	99.60%	45,719	40,764	89.162	4,955	10.838	4,935	45,699	99.60%
2018	950,394	937,062	98.597	13,332	1.403	13,252	950,314	99.40%	44,286	41,949	94.723	2,337	5.277	2,323	44,272	99.40%
2019	1,008,351	994,415	98.618	13,937	1.382	13,826	1,008,241	99.20%	46,957	43,515	92.670	3,342	7.117	3,315	46,830	99.20%
2020	1,068,014	1,050,543	98.364	17,471	1.636	17,121	1,067,664	98.00%	50,925	48,611	95.456	2,314	4.544	2,268	50,879	98.00%

Property Tax Levies



Note: The above represents total collections made by the County of Fresno for all appropriate taxing units.

Source: County of Fresno Tax Rate Book

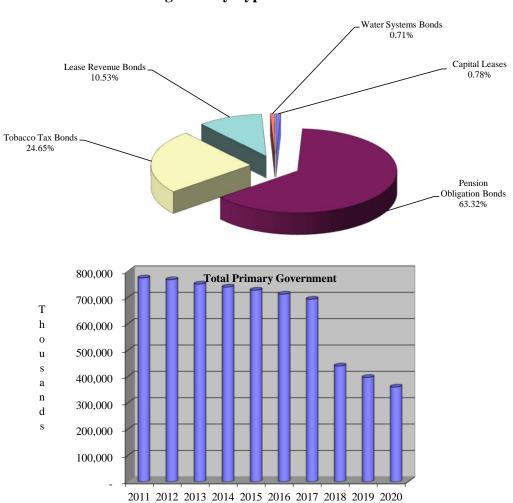
County of Fresno Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita)

		Governmenta		Business-Type Activities					es							
Fiscal Year	Capital Lease	Pension Obligation Lease Bonds		Tobacco Tax Bonds			Water Systems Bonds		Outstanding Loan		Capital Leases		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita ^a
2011	\$ 3,817	\$	548,951	\$ 133,789	\$	82,667	\$	4,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	773,424	2.60%	820
2012	4,601		543,387	136,041		78,704		4,060		-		-		766,793	2.34%	809
2013	4,066		536,085	134,397		71,924		3,910		-		-		750,382	2.20%	786
2014	4,521		527,007	136,575		67,214		3,750		80		-		739,147	2.14%	765
2015	5,461		516,073	139,591		62,304		3,580		75		-		727,084	NA	NA
2016	3,926		503,666	142,114		58,704		3,400		73		-		711,883	2.06%	737
2017	2,934		488,331	145,048		52,916		3,205		370		-		692,804	1.85%	711
2018	3,258		294,069	96,584		42,435		3,000		67		-		439,413	1.18%	451
2019	3,154		254,825	92,573		42,435		2,780		62		-		395,829	1.01%	404
2020	2,805		227,602	88,596		37,857		2,545		62		-		359,467	0.89%	364

Note 1: Accrual basis of accounting

Outstanding Debt by Type for Fiscal Year 2020



a See Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income for the prior year.

County of Fresno

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

2019-20 Assessed Valuation: \$ 86,787,811 (includes unitary utility valuation)

Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:	Total Debt 6/30/20	% Applicable (1)	Debt 6/30/20
Merced Community College District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2	\$ 6,605	2.684%	\$ 177
State Center Community College District	155,670	83.256%	129,605
West Hills Community College District and School Facilities Improvement Districts	66,551	26.61-99.586%	36,979
Central Unified School District	151,668	100%	151,668
Clovis Unified School District	345,203	100%	345,203
Fresno Unified School District	541,355	100%	541,355
Kings Canyon Joint Unified School District	78,640	91.146%	71,677
Sanger Unified School District	174,284	100%	174,284
Other Unified School Districts	318,654	Various	280,515
High School and School Districts	54,077	Various	45,343
City of Selma	3,840	100%	3,840
Hospital Districts	22,290	100%	22,290
Coalinga-Huron Recreation and Park District	14,535	100%	14,535
California Statewide Community Development Authority			
Community Facilities District No. 2012-01	4,125	100%	4,125
City Community Facilities Districts	3,075	100%	3,075
1915 Act Bonds (Estimated)	5,371	100%	5,371
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			1,830,042
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt:			
Successor Agencies	\$ 53,540	100%	\$ 53,540
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt	17 201	V	7.010
Community College District General Fund Obligations	17,201	Various	7,819
Central Unified School District Certificates of Participation	30,948	100%	30,948
Clovis Unified School District General Fund Obligations	19,725 13,385	100% 100%	19,725 13,385
Fresno Unified School District General Fund Obligations			*
Sanger Unified School District Certificates of Participation	39,275 58,608	100%	39,275 37,819
Other School District General Fund Obligations City of Clovis General Fund Obligations	7,992	Various 100%	7,992
City of Fresno General Fund Obligations	155,155	100%	155,155
City of Fresno Pension Obligation Bonds	107,555	100%	107,555
,	11,048	100%	11,048
Other City General Fund Obligations Coalinga Regional Medical Center General Fund Obligations	3,990	100%	3,990
Clovis Memorial Water District General Fund Obligations	3,470	100%	3,470
•	3,470	10070	438,181
Total Gross Overlapping General Fund Obligation Debt Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment and General Fund Obligation Debt			2,321,763
			2,321,703
Direct General Fund Obligation Debt: Fresno County General Fund Obligations	33,150	100%	33,150
•	*	100%	,
Fresno County Pension Obligation Bonds	228,023	100%	228,023
Total Direct General Fund Obligation Debt			261,173
Total Gross Combined Overlapping and Direct Debt			\$ 2,582,936
Ratios to 2019-20 Assessed Valuation:			
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt		2.11%	
Total Direct Debt (\$261,173)		0.30%	
Combined Total Debt		2.98%	
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$6,041,749):			
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt		0.89%	

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the County is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the County divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Note: Amounts from this report published on the 2018 & 2019 Financial Reports were unrounded.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on the principal amount due at maturity. Excludes tobacco bonds.

County of Fresno Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

			-	Amount			
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value			Bonds Payable	Less Resources Restricted to Paying Principal	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin
2011	\$ 61,130,072	1.25%	\$ 764,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 764,126
2012	61,419,373	1.25%	767,742	-	-	-	767,742
2013	61,467,876	1.25%	768,348	-	-	-	768,348
2014	64,551,867	1.25%	806,898	-	-	-	806,898
2015	68,250,658	1.25%	853,133	-	-	-	853,133
2016	71,088,316	1.25%	888,604	-	-	-	888,604
2017	74,433,783	1.25%	930,422	-	-	-	930,422
2018	78,382,939	1.25%	979,787	-	-	-	979,787
2019	82,396,517	1.25%	1,029,956	389,833	47,690	342,143	687,813
2020	86,787,811	1.25%	1,084,848	354,055	35,335	318,720	766,128

Note: California Government Code Section 29909 read in conjunction with Revenue and Taxation Code Section 135 imposes a legal debt limitation for General Obligation Bond indebtedness to 1.25 percent of total assessed value.

County of Fresno General Bonded Debt Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	\$ 674.74 657.80		Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	General Debt Service to General Expenditures
2011	\$	674.74	1.03%	3.31%
2012		657.80	1.01%	3.53%
2013		638.55	0.99%	4.15%
2014		624.12	0.92%	3.61%
2015		594.86	0.85%	3.61%
2016		543.52	0.75%	3.55%
2017		543.43	0.73%	3.51%
2018		514.02	0.66%	3.18%
2019		347.71	0.43%	3.38%
2020		345.97	0.41%	3.38%

^{*} Updated amounts based on the revised population estimates for 2020 from Department of Finance as released on July 1, 2020.

County of Fresno Pledged Revenue Coverage For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

CSA 47 Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds

		Less	: Operating	Net	Available		Debt S	Servio	ce	
Fiscal Year	Charges	Expenses		Revenue		F	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2011	\$ 1,160,367	\$	678,852	\$	481,515	\$	135,000	\$	284,989	115%
2012	1,211,528		796,012		415,516		140,000		276,395	100%
2013	1,235,362		816,663		418,699		150,000		266,995	100%
2014	1,285,578		866,263		419,315		160,000		256,610	101%
2015	1,326,035		823,055		502,980		170,000		245,555	121%
2016	1,321,276		821,220		500,056		180,000		233,830	121%
2017	1,379,703		834,824		544,879		195,000		221,268	131%
2018	1,315,000		899,000		416,000		205,000		207,868	101%
2019	1,697,000		882,000		815,000		220,000		193,630	197%
2020	1,697,142		1,034,570		662,572		235,000		178,388	160%

County of Fresno
Demographic and Economic Statistics
For the Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population	Personal Income*	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Family Income	Unemployment Rate
2011	936,089	\$ 29,741	\$ 31,542	\$ 54,700	16.77%
2012	943,493	32,729	34,539	55,500	15.27%
2013	952,166	34,041	35,635	54,600	14.87%
2014	964,040	34,567	35,785	57,900	10.40%
2015	972,297	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.30%
2016	984,541	34,567	35,785	58,900	9.40%
2017	995,975	37,360	38,323	59,900	8.30%
2018	1,007,229	39,295	40,101	59,900	7.60%
2019	1,018,241	40,583	41,137	64,800	7.40%
2020	1,023,358	42,843	43,084	70,700	14.50%

Sources: Population data provided by the California State Controller. Personal and Per Capita Personal Income data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Unemployment data provided by the California Employment Development Department. Median Family Income data provided by California Department of Housing and Community Development.

^{*} Personal Income amounts in thousands

County of Fresno Principal Employers Comparison of 2020 and 2011

		2020			2011	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Fresno Unified School District	16,348	1	3.63%	11,500	1	2.65%
Community Medical Centers	8,600	2	1.91%	6,000	3	1.38%
County of Fresno	8,422	3	1.87%	6,500	2	1.50%
Clovis Unified School District	8,216	4	1.83%	3,370	5	0.78%
California State University Fresno	5,630	5	1.25%	1,671	9	0.38%
State Center Community College District	5,255	6	1.17%	-	-	0.00%
City of Fresno	4,609	7	1.02%	3,780	4	0.87%
Children's Hospital of Central CA	4,140	8	0.92%	-	-	0.00%
Saint Agnes Medical	2,800	9	0.62%	2,031	8	0.47%
Kaiser Permanente Medical	2,300	10	0.51%	2,603	6	0.60%
Total	66,320		14.74%	40,783		9.39%

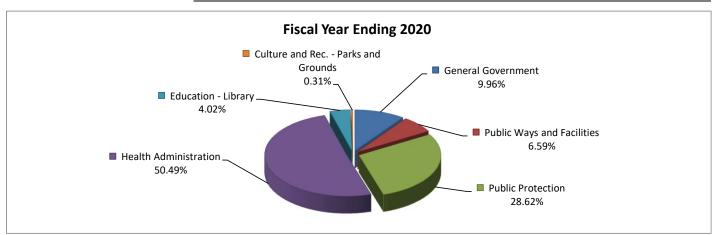
Source: The 2020 employee counts are obtained from various entity websites. The 2011 employee count

was obtained from the 2011 County of Fresno Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note: Percentages based on labor force of 450,000 in 2020 and 434,200 in 2011.

County of Fresno Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years Employees as of June 30

_	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function/Program										
General Government										
Administration	54	52	53	56	57	62	62	62	61	61
County Counsel	26	25	28	31	32	32	32	33	34	36
Finance	227	235	212	218	225	237	238	233	231	231
Internal Service	381	344	346	340	374	383	383	408	418	447
Other	23	23	24	25	27	28	30	32	32	32
Total_	711	679	663	670	715	742	745	768	776	807
Public Ways and Facilities										
Planning	106	105	105	110	120	137	144	159	161	166
Roads	222	198	198	196	196	203	206	223	246	247
Community Development	19	14	14	13	11	11	10	10	10	9
Solid Waste	22	21	21	21	21	15	15	16	16	17
Other	81	83	82	83	88	93	93	93	95	95
Total	450	421	420	423	436	459	468	501	528	534
Public Protection										
Sheriff - Coroner	996	1,011	1,038	1,067	1,071	1,139	1,182	1,231	1,254	1,247
Probation	514	544	546	572	585	639	641	650	659	660
District Attorney	228	222	238	256	254	260	255	247	252	249
Public Defender	82	79	84	88	105	111	112	120	144	162
Total_	1,820	1,856	1,906	1,983	2,015	2,149	2,190	2,248	2,309	2,318
Health Administration	3	3	2							
Child and Family Services	232	232	231	239	239	239	239	224	224	278
Adult Services	484	514	514	542	542	584	584	616	641	742
Social Services	2,160	2,182	2,320	2,452	2,457	2,559	2,600	2,643	2,639	2,642
Community Health	438	467	481	368	368	394	394	404	405	409
In-Home Supportive Services	7	7	7	7	7	12	12	12	12	12
Veterans Services	5	5	5	5	6	6	7	7	7	7
Total_	3,329	3,410	3,560	3,613	3,619	3,794	3,836	3,906	3,928	4,090
Education - Library	291	293	292	314	316	326	329	326	326	326
	271	273	2,72	317	510	320	329	320	320	320
Culture and Rec Parks and Grounds	26	20	16	17	19	24	24	24	24	25
Grand Total										



Source: 2020-2021 Recommended Budget

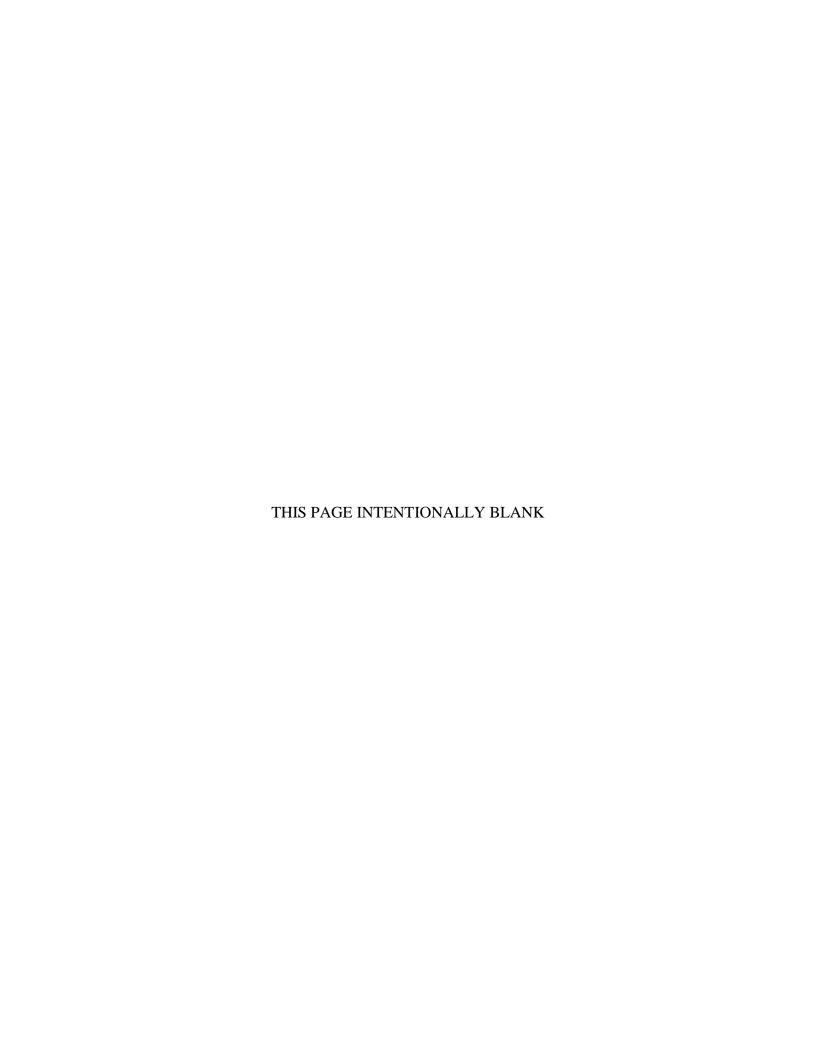
County of Fresno Operating Indicators by Function/Program For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

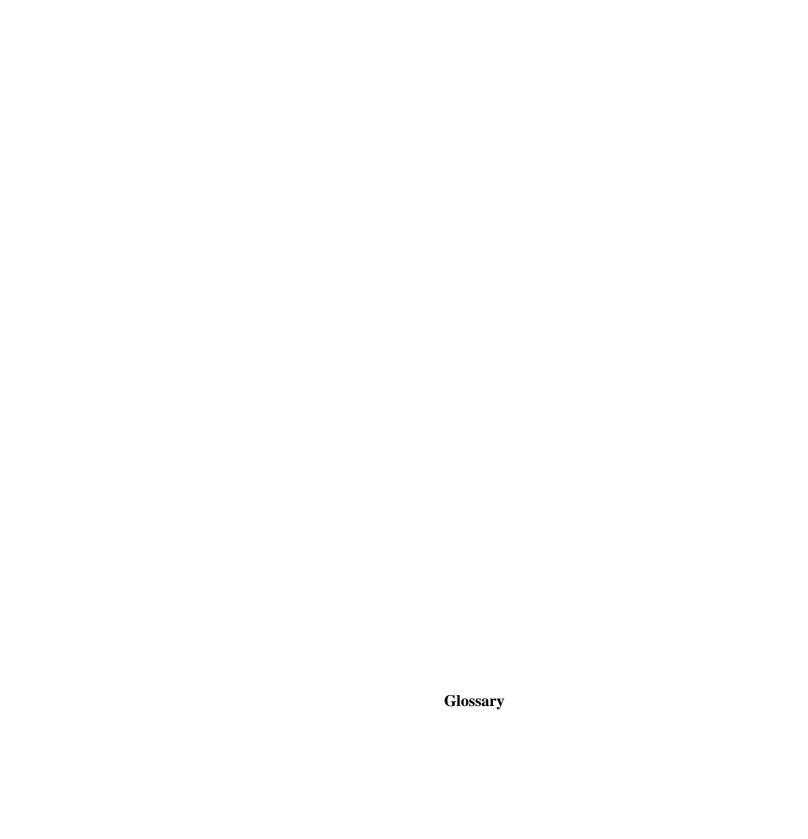
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function/Program										
Public protection										
Child Support Services										
Number of child support cases opened	62,175	60,115	58,444	56,755	57,388	58,556	59,934	60,152	59,943	58,992
Child support collected (in thousands)	\$ 82,918	\$ 83,681	\$ 82,529	\$ 82,525	\$ 85,345	\$ 86,430	\$ 88,016	\$ 90,658	\$ 92,071	\$ 108,960
Sheriff										
Zone offices	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol units	186	249	240	242	237	281	280	263	294	304
Dispatched calls	204,542	199,408	215,403	188,672	115,649	109,997	101,022	96,365	92,945	107,276
Physical arrests	7,789	9,299	7,954	7,171	4,658	4,985	6,338	4,978	4,888	3,979
Traffic citations	1,315	1,077	737	917	959	995	834	760	700	521
Stolen vehicles	1,020	899	997	770	644	809	711	695	779	799
Jail bookings	40,794	40,025	41,696	44,321	34,245	29,693	29,350	30,358	30,256	25,422
Avg. daily jail population	1,661	1,810	2,867	2,978	2,725	2,748	2,849	3,030	3,046	2,837
Public ways and facilities										
Street miles maintained	3,524	3,519	3,517	3,516	3,508	3,507	3,505	3,496	3,488	3,485
Health, sanitation, and public assistance										
Emergency Medical Services (EMS)										
Number of 9-1-1 medical calls	96,030	107,235	107,039	101,982	111,501	122,868	130,451	135,237	136,445	144,040
Department of Social Services										
Number of client months served	6,854,629	6,966,161	7 022 774	7 226 425	0 147 152	0 600 171	0 571 605	9 205 266	8,695,715	9 002 066
Number of client months served	0,834,629	0,900,101	7,032,774	7,336,435	8,147,153	8,688,471	8,571,695	8,305,266	8,093,713	8,903,966
Education										
Library										
Number of branches	35	35	35	35	39	39	39	39	37	37
Number of volumes	3,104,381	3,698,458	3,656,593	2,188,608	2,357,614	982,245	982,245	750,420	734,929	671,985
Volumes borrowed	3,874,259	3,989,774	3,844,412	4,216,039	4,175,236	3,882,699	3,508,508	3,295,783	2,547,469	1,893,902
Culture and recreation										
Parks and Grounds										
Acreage	2,120	2,120	2,120	2,000	1,089	1,089	1,409	1,290	1,578	1,578
Park passes issued	112	166	193	106	18	20	20	91	265	232

Sources: Various county departments

Note 1: The County's Resource Division had revised the total acreage data during 2011 based on re-mapping of the parks for all periods presented above.

Note 2: The County's Department of Social Services had corrected their service description to client months served during 2013 for all periods presented above.





ACCOUNTS PAYABLE. A short-term liability account reflecting amounts owed to private persons or organizations for goods and services received by a government (but not including amounts due to other funds or other governments).

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE. An asset account reflecting amounts due from private persons or organizations for goods and services furnished by a government (but not including amounts due from other funds or other governments).

ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. The recording of the financial effects on a government of transactions and other events and circumstances that have cash consequences for the government in the periods in which those transactions, events, and circumstances occur, rather than only in the periods in which cash is received or paid by the government.

ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION. A contra-asset account used to report the accumulation of periodic credits to reflect the expiration of the estimated service life of capital assets.

ACTIVE EMPLOYEES. Individuals employed at the end of the reporting or measurement period, as applicable.

ACTUARIAL VALUATION. The determination, as of a point in time (the actuarial valuation date), of the service cost, total pension liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments for pensions performed in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice unless otherwise specified by the GASB.

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE. The date as of which an actuarial valuation is performed.

ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION. A target or recommended contribution to a defined benefit pension plan for the reporting period, determined in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice based on the most recent measurement available when the contribution for the reporting period was adopted.

ADVANCE FROM OTHER FUNDS. A liability account used to record noncurrent portions of a long-term loan from one fund to another fund within the same reporting entity. See DUE TO OTHER FUNDS and INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE.

ADVANCE TO OTHER FUNDS. An asset account used to record noncurrent portions of a long-term loan from one fund to another fund within the same reporting entity. See DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS and INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE.

AGENCY FUND. A fund normally used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and/or other funds.

AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN. Group of single-employer plans with pooled administrative and investment functions but separate actuarial valuations and contribution rates.

AMORTIZATION. The portion of the cost of a limited-life or intangible asset charged as an expense during a particular period. The reduction of debt by regular payments of principal and interest sufficient to retire the debt by maturity.

ANNUAL OPEB COST. An accrual-basis measure of the periodic cost of an employer's participation in a defined other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan.

ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS (ARC). Term used in connection with other postemployment benefit plans to describe the amount an employer must contribute in a given year.

APPROPRIATION. A legal authorization granted by a legislative body to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes. An appropriation usually is limited in amount and time it may be expended.

ASSESSED VALUATION. A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government as a basis for levying taxes.

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE. Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making authority, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the County's special revenue funds.

AUDITOR'S REPORT. In the context of a financial audit, a statement by the auditor describing the scope of the audit and the auditing standards applied in the examination, and setting forth the auditor's opinion on the fairness of presentation of the financial information in conformity with GAAP or some other comprehensive basis of accounting.

BALANCE SHEET. The financial statement disclosing the assets, liabilities and equity of an entity at a specified date in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (BFS). The minimum combination of financial statements and note disclosures required for fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. Basic financial statements have three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. A term used to refer to *when* revenues, expenditures, expenses, and transfers - and the related assets and liabilities - are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the *timing* of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement, on either the cash or the accrual basis.

BUDGET. A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed means of financing them. Used without any modifier, the term usually indicates a financial plan for a single fiscal year. The term "budget" is used in two senses in practice. Sometimes it designates the financial plan presented to the appropriating governing body for adoption, and sometimes, the plan finally approved by that body.

BUDGETARY CONTROL. The control or management of a government or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget to keep expenditures within the limitations of available appropriations and available revenues.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. One of two classes of activities reported in the government-wide financial statements. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. These activities are usually reported in enterprise funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS. Long-lived tangible assets obtained or controlled as a result of past transactions, events or circumstances. Capital assets include buildings, equipment, and improvements other than buildings, land, intangible assets, and infrastructure. In the private sector, these assets are referred to most often as property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES. Expenditures resulting in the acquisition of or addition to the government's general capital assets.

CAPITALIZATION POLICY. The criteria used by a government to determine which outlays should be reported as capital assets.

CAPITAL LEASE. An agreement that conveys the right to use property, plant, or equipment, usually for a stated period of time. See LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND. A fund created to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

CASH BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. A basis of accounting under which transactions are recognized only when cash is received or disbursed.

CASH WITH FISCAL AGENT. An asset account reflecting deposits with fiscal agents, such as commercial banks, for the payment of bond principal and interest.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING PROGRAM. A voluntary program administered by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) to encourage governments to publish efficiently organized and easily readable Financial Reports and to provide technical assistance and peer recognition to the finance officers preparing them.

CHANGE IN THE FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS. The difference between the fair value of investments at the beginning of the year and at the end of the year, taking into consideration investment purchases, sales, and redemptions.

CLAIM. A demand for payment of damages or a policy benefit because of the occurrence of an event, such as the destruction or damage of property and related deaths or injuries.

CLOSED AMORTIZATION PERIOD. Term used in connection with the unfunded actuarial accrued liability associated with defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit plans. A specific number of years that is counted from one date and, therefore, declines to zero with the passage of time. For example, if the amortization period is initially 30 years on a closed basis, 29 years remain after the first year, 28 years after the second year, and so forth.

COLLECTIVE DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions arising from certain changes in the collective net pension liability.

COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY. The net pension liability for benefits provided through (1) a cost-sharing pension plan or (2) a single-employer or agent pension plan in circumstances in which there is a special funding situation.

COLLECTIVE PENSION EXPENSE. Pension expense arising from certain changes in the collective net pension liability.

COMMITTED FUND BALANCE. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Supervisors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES. Absences, such as vacations, illness and holidays, for which it is expected employees will be paid. The term does not encompass severance or termination pay, postretirement benefits, deferred compensation or other long-term fringe benefits, such as group insurance, and long-term disability pay.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (Financial Report). A financial report that encompasses all funds and component units of the government. The Financial Report should contain (a) the basic financial statements and required supplementary information, (b) combining statements to support columns in the basic financial statements that aggregate information from more than one fund or component unit, and (c) individual fund statements as needed. The Financial Report is the governmental unit's official annual report and also should contain introductory information, schedules necessary to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions, and statistical data.

CONTINGENT LIABILITY. Items that may become liabilities as a result of conditions undetermined at a given date, such as guarantees, pending lawsuits, judgments under appeal, unsettled disputed claims, unfilled purchase orders and uncompleted contracts. Contingent liabilities should be disclosed within the financial statements (including the notes) when there is a reasonable possibility a loss may have been incurred. Guarantees, however, should be disclosed even though the possibility of loss may be remote.

CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCIES. The difference between the annual required contributions (ARC) of the employer(s), and the employer's actual contributions in relation to the ARC.

CONTRIBUTIONS. Additions to a pension plan's fiduciary net position for amounts from employers, non-employer contributing entities (for example, state government contributions to a local government pension plan), or employees. Contributions can result from cash receipts by the pension plan or from recognition by the pension plan of a receivable from one of these sources.

COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS. Postemployment benefit changes intended to adjust benefit payments for the effects of inflation.

COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN. A single plan with pooling (cost-sharing) arrangements for the participating employers. All risks, rewards, and costs, including benefit costs, are shared and are not attributed individually to the employers. A single actuarial valuation covers all plan members and the same contribution rate(s) applies for each employer.

COVERED PAYROLL. Term used in connection with defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit plans to describe all elements of annual compensation paid to active employees on which contributions to a plan are based.

CREDIT RISK. The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS. Measurement focus according to which the aim of a set of financial statements is to report the near-term (current) inflows of resources, outflows of resources, and balances of expendable (spendable) financial resources. The current financial resources measurement focus is unique to accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments and is used solely for reporting the financial position and results of operations of governmental funds.

DEBT. An obligation resulting from the borrowing of money or from the purchase of goods and services. Debts of governments include bonds, time warrants, and notes.

DEBT SERVICE FUND. A fund established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

DEFERRED CHARGES. Expenditures that are not chargeable to the fiscal period in which they were made that are carried as an asset on the balance sheet, pending amortization or other disposition (e.g., bond issuance costs). Deferred charges differ from prepaid items in that they usually extend over a long period of time (more than five years) and are not regularly recurring costs of operation.

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES. An acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES. A consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

DEFICIT. (1) The excess of the liabilities of a fund over its assets. (2) The excess of expenditures over revenues during an accounting period or, in the case of proprietary funds, the excess of expenses over revenues during an accounting period.

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN. Plan having terms that specify the amount of benefits to be provided at or after separation from employment. The benefits may be specified in dollars (for example, a flat dollar payment or an amount based on one or more factors such as age, years of service, and compensation), or as a type or level of coverage (for example, prescription drugs or a percentage of healthcare insurance premiums).

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN. A pension plan having terms that specify the amount of pension benefits to be provided at a future date or after a certain period of time; the amount specified usually is a function of one or more factors such as age, years of service, and compensation.

DEPRECIATION. (1) Expiration in the service life of capital assets, other than wasting assets, attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy and obsolescence. (2) The portion of the cost of a capital asset, other than a wasting asset, charged as an expense during a particular period. In accounting for depreciation, the cost of a capital asset, less any salvage value, is prorated over the estimated service life of such an asset, and each period is charged with a portion of such cost. Through this process, the entire cost of the asset is ultimately charged off as an expense.

DISCOUNT RATE. The single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term expected rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS. An asset account used to indicate amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund for goods sold or services rendered. This account includes only short-term obligations on open account, not interfund loans.

DUE TO OTHER FUNDS. A liability account reflecting amounts owed by a particular fund to another fund for goods sold or services rendered. These amounts include only short-term obligations on open account, not interfund loans.

ECONOMIC RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS. Measurement focus under which the aim of a set of financial statements is to report all inflows of resources, outflows of resources, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. The economic resources measurement focus is used for proprietary and fiduciary funds, as well as for government-wide financial reporting. It is also used by business enterprises in the private sector.

EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS. Term used in the context of pension and other postemployment benefits to describe contributions actually made by the employer in relation to the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer. (Only amounts paid to trustees and outside parties qualify.)

ENCUMBRANCES. Commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services. Used in budgeting, encumbrances are not generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) expenditures or liabilities, but represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process are completed.

ENTERPRISE FUND. Proprietary fund type used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

ENTRY AGE ACTUARIAL COST METHOD. A method under which the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age(s). The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is called the normal cost. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is called the actuarial accrued liability.

EXCHANGE-LIKE TRANSACTION. Transaction in which there is an identifiable exchange between the reporting government and another party, but the values exchanged may not be quite equal or the direct benefits of the exchange may not be exclusively for the parties to the exchange.

EXPENDITURES. Decreases in net financial resources. Expenditures include current operating expenses requiring the present or future use of current net position, debt service and capital outlays, and intergovernmental grants, entitlements and shared revenues.

EXPENDITURE-DRIVEN GRANTS. Government-mandated or voluntary non-exchange transactions in which expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Also referred to as reimbursement grants.

EXPENSES. Outflows of resources or other using up of assets or incurrence of liabilities (or a combination of both) from delivering or producing goods, rendering services or carrying out other activities that constitute the entity's ongoing major or central operations.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS. Independent auditors typically engaged to conduct an audit of a government's financial statements.

EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL. An arrangement that commingles (pools) the moneys of more than one legally separate entity and invests, on the participants' behalf, in an investment portfolio; one or more of the participants is not part of the sponsors reporting entity. An external investment pool can be sponsored by an individual government, jointly by more than one government, or by a nongovernmental entity. An investment pool that is sponsored by an individual state or local government is an external investment pool if it includes participation by a legally separate entity that is not part of the same reporting entity as the sponsoring government. If a government-sponsored pool includes only the primary government and its component units, it is an internal investment pool and not an external investment pool.

FAIR VALUE. The amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS. The trust and agency funds used to account for assets held by a government unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government units and/or other funds.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES. Resources that are or will become available for spending. Financial resources include cash and resources ordinarily expected to be converted to cash (e.g., receivables, investments). Financial resources may also include inventories and pre-paids (because they obviate the need to expend current available resources).

FISCAL AGENT. A fiduciary agent, usually a bank or county treasurer, who performs the function of paying debt principal and interest when due

FUND. A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts in which cash and other financial resources, all related liabilities and residual equities, or balances, and changes therein, are recorded and segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

FUND BALANCE. Net position of a governmental fund (difference between assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources).

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Basic financial statements presented on the basis of funds. Term used in contrast with *government-wide financial statements*.

FUND TYPE. Any one of seven categories into which all funds are classified in governmental accounting. The seven fund types are: general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise, internal service, and trust and agency.

GENERAL FUND. The general fund is one of five governmental fund types and typically serves as the chief operating fund of the government. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL REVENUES. All revenues that are not required to be reported as program revenues. All taxes, even those that are levied for a specific purpose, are general revenues and should be reported by type of tax - for example, property tax, sales tax, transient occupancy tax. All other nontax revenues (including interest, grants and contributions) that do not meet the criteria to be reported as program revenues should also be reported as general revenues.

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP). The convention, rules, and procedures that serve as the norm for the fair presentation of financial statements. The various sources of GAAP for the state and local governments are set forth by SAS No. 69, *The Meaning of "Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles"* in the Independent Auditor's Report.

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION (GFOA). An association of public finance professionals founded in 1906 as the Municipal Finance Officers Association. The GFOA has played a major role in the development and promotion of GAAP for state and local governments since its inception and has sponsored the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program since 1946.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING. The composite activity of analyzing, recording, summarizing, reporting and interpreting the financial transactions of governments.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB). The ultimate authoritative accounting and financial reporting standard-setting body for state and local governments. The GASB was established in June 1984 to replace the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA).

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES. Activities generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are usually reported in governmental funds and internal service funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS. Funds generally used to account for tax-supported activities. There are five different types of governmental funds: the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Financial statements that incorporate all of a government's governmental and business-type activities, as well as its non-fiduciary component units. There are two basic government-wide financial statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Both basic governmental financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

IMPROVEMENT. An addition made to, or change made in, a capital asset, other than maintenance, to prolong its life or to increase its efficiency or capacity. The cost of the addition or change is added to the book value of the asset.

INACTIVE EMPLOYEES. Terminated individuals that have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retirees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

INDIRECT EXPENSES. Expenses that cannot be specifically associated with a given service, program, or department and thus, cannot be clearly associated with a particular functional category.

INFRASTRUCTURE. Long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE. Short-term loans made by one fund to another fund or the current portion of an advance to or from another fund

INTERFUND TRANSFERS. Flow of assets (such as cash or goods) between funds and blended component units of the primary government without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for payment.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND. A fund used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

JOINT VENTURE. A legal entity or other contractual arrangement in which a government participates as a separate and specific activity for the benefit of the public or service recipients and in which the government retains an ongoing financial interest.

LAPSE. As applied to appropriations, the automatic termination of an appropriation. Except for indeterminate appropriations and continuing appropriations, an appropriation is made for a certain period of time. At the end of this period, any unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof lapses, unless otherwise provided by law.

LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS. Contractual agreements that are termed leases, but that in substance are purchase contracts.

LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL. The level at which spending in excess of budgeted amounts would be a violation of law.

LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL. The level at which a government's management may not reallocate resources without special approval from the legislative body.

LEVEL PERCENTAGE OF PROJECTED PAYROLL AMORTIZATION METHOD. Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation; in dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to remain level.

LIABILITIES. Probable future sacrifices of economic benefits, arising from present obligations of a particular entity to transfer assets or provide services to other entities in the future as a result of past transactions or events.

LOANS RECEIVABLE. An asset account reflecting amounts loaned to individuals or organizations external to a government, including notes taken as security for such loans. Loans to other funds and governments should be recorded and reported separately.

MAJOR FUND. A governmental fund or enterprise fund reported as a separate column in the basic fund financial statements. The general fund is always a major fund. Otherwise, major funds are those whose revenues/expenditures, assets or liabilities, are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all government or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same items. Any other government or enterprise fund may be reported as a major fund if the government's officials believe that fund is particularly important to financial statement users.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A). A component of required supplementary information used to introduce the basic financial statements and to provide an analytical overview of the government's financial activities.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS. A way of presenting an entity's financial performance and position by considering which *resources* are measured (financial or economic) and *when* the effects of transactions or events involving those resources are recognized (the basis of accounting). The measurement focus of government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements is economic resources. The measurement focus of governmental fund financial statements is current financial resources.

MEASUREMENT PERIOD. The period between the prior and the current measurement dates.

MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. The accrual basis of accounting adapted to the governmental fund-type measurement focus. Under it, revenues and other financial resource increments (e.g., bond issue proceeds) are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; that is, when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period." "Available" means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Generally, expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred. All governmental funds, expendable trust funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS. One of three components of net position that must be reported in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. It consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should also be included. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent amount should not be included.

NET OPEB OBLIGATION. In the context of defined benefit pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plans, the cumulative difference between annual pension cost and the employer's contributions to the plan, including the pension/OPEB liability (asset) at transition, if any, and excluding (a) short-term differences and (b) unpaid contributions that have been converted to pension-related/OPEB-related debt.

NET PENSION LIABILITY. The liability of employers and non-employer contributing entities to employees for benefits provided through a defined benefit pension plan.

NET POSITION. The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. It is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE. The portion of fund balance of a governmental fund that cannot be spent either because the underlying resources are not in spendable form or because the government is legally or contractually required to maintain the resources intact.

OPERATING LEASE. A lease does not transfer ownership rights, risks, and rewards from the lessor to the lessee; the lease is called an operational lease and is similar to a rental.

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES. An increase in current financial resources that is reported separately from revenues to avoid distorting revenue trends. The use of the other financing sources category is limited to items classified by GAAP.

OTHER FINANCING USES. A decrease in current financial resources that is reported separately from expenditures to avoid distorting expenditure trends. The use of the other financing uses category is limited to items so classified by GAAP.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB). Medical, dental, vision, and other health-related benefits provided to terminated employees, retired employees, dependents, and beneficiaries.

OVERLAPPING DEBT. The proportionate share property within which each government must bear of the debts of all local governments located wholly or in part within the geographic boundaries of the reporting government. Except for special assessment debt, the amount of debt of each unit applicable to the reporting unit is arrived at by (1) determining what percentage of the total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the reporting unit, and (2) applying this percentage to the total debt of the overlapping jurisdiction. Special assessment debt is allocated on the basis of the ratio of assessment receivable in each jurisdiction, which will be used wholly or in part to pay off the debt, to total assessments, which will be used wholly or in part for this purpose.

PAY-AS-YOU-GO. A method of financing a pension plan under which the contributions to the plan are generally made at about the same time and in about the same amount as benefit payments and expenses becoming due.

PAYROLL GROWTH RATE. An actuarial assumption with respect to future increases in total covered payroll attributable to inflation; used in applying the level percentage of projected payroll amortization method.

PENSION BENEFITS. Retirement income and all other benefits, including disability benefits, death benefits, life insurance, and other ancillary benefits, except healthcare benefits, that are provided through a defined benefit pension plan to plan members and beneficiaries after termination of employment or after retirement. Postemployment healthcare benefits are considered other postemployment benefits, whether they are provided through a defined benefit pension plan or another type of plan.

PENSION PLANS. Arrangements through which pensions are determined, assets dedicated for pensions are accumulated and managed, and benefits are paid as they come due.

PLAN MEMBERS. Individuals that are covered under the terms of a pension plan. Plan members generally include (a) employees in active service (active plan members) and (b) terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them and retirees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits (inactive plan members).

POSTEMPLOYMENT. Period following termination of employment, including the time between termination and retirement postemployment healthcare benefits.

PROGRAM REVENUES. Term used in connection with the government-wide statement of activities. Revenues that derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; they reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues.

PROJECTED BENEFIT PAYMENTS. All benefits estimated to be payable through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees as a result of their past service and their expected future service.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS. Funds that focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial positions, and cash flows. There are two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

REAL RATE OF RETURN. The rate of return on an investment after adjustment to eliminate inflation.

REBATABLE ARBITRAGE. A term used in connection with the reinvestment of the proceeds of tax-exempt debt. A requirement to remit to the federal government interest revenue in excess of interest costs when the proceeds from the sale of tax-exempt securities are reinvested in a taxable money market instrument with a materially higher yield.

REPORTING ENTITY. The oversight unit and all of its component units, if any, that are combined in the Financial Report/BFS.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION. Consists of statements, schedules, statistical data, or other information which, according to the GASB, is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements.

RESTRICTED ASSETS. Assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE. Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

RESTRICTED NET POSITION. One of three components of net position that must be reported in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. It consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability or deferred inflow of resources relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability/deferred inflow of resources or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.

RETAINED EARNINGS. An equity account reflecting the accumulated earnings of an enterprise fund or internal service fund.

REVENUE BONDS. Bonds whose principal and interest are payable exclusively from earnings of an enterprise fund. In addition to a pledge of revenues, such bonds sometimes contain a mortgage on the enterprise fund's property.

RISK MANAGEMENT. All the ways and means used to avoid accidental loss or to reduce its consequences if it does occur.

SELF-INSURANCE. A term often used to describe the retention by an entity of a risk of loss arising out of the ownership of property or from some other cause, instead of transferring the risk to an independent third party through the purchase of an insurance policy. It is sometimes accompanied by the setting aside of assets to fund any related losses. Because no insurance is involved, the term self-insurance is a misnomer.

SERVICE LIFE. The average remaining years of service of all members of the plan (both current employees and retirees).

SINGLE AUDIT. An audit performed in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1997 and the United States' Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. The Single Audit Act allows or requires governments (depending on the amount of federal assistance received) to have one audit performed to the meet the needs of all federal agencies.

SPECIAL DISTRICT. An independent unit of local government organized to perform a single government function or a restricted number of related functions. Special districts usually have the power to incur debt and levy taxes; however, certain types of special districts are entirely dependent upon enterprise earnings and cannot impose taxes. Examples of special districts are water districts, drainage districts, flood control districts, hospital districts, fire protection districts, transit authorities, port authorities, and electric power authorities.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND. A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION. A financial statement reporting all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. This statement reports the residual amount of all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources as net position.

SUBSTANTIVE PLAN. Terms of a other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan as understood by the employer(s) and plan members.

TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES (TRANS). Notes issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes and revenues, usually retired only from tax collections, and frequently only from the proceeds of the tax and revenues levy whose collection they anticipate.

TERMINATION BENEFITS. Inducements offered by employers to active employees to hasten the termination of services, or payments made in consequence of the early termination of services. Termination benefits include early-retirement incentives, severance benefits, and other termination-related benefits.

TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY. The portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service.

TRUST FUNDS. Funds used to account for assets held by a government in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

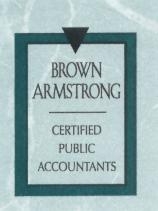
UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE. The residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

UNEARNED REVENUES. Resource inflows that do not yet meet the criteria for revenue recognition. In governmental funds, earned amounts also are reported as unearned revenue until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

UNMODIFIED OPINION. An opinion rendered without reservation by the independent auditor that financial statements are fairly presented.

UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION. One of three components of net position that must be reported in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. It is the difference between net position and its two other components (net investment in capital assets and restricted net position).

VARIABLE-RATE INVESTMENT. An investment with terms that provide for the adjustment of its interest rate (such as the last day of the month or a calendar quarter) and that, upon each adjustment until the final maturity of the instrument or the period remaining until the principal amount can be recovered through demand, can reasonably be expected to have a fair value that will be unaffected by interest rate charges.



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1919 GRAND CANAL BLVD SUITE C6 STOCKTON, CA 95207 TEL 888.565.1040

WWW.BACPAS.COM

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

November 25, 2020

Enedina Garcia County of Fresno Hall of Records 2281 Tulare Street, Suite 105 Fresno, California 93721

Dear Ms. Garcia:

Enclosed is one (1) bound copy of the financial statements for the County of Fresno, California Grants Funded by the State of California Office of Emergency Services for the year ended June 30, 2020. Also enclosed is one (1) stapled copy of our required communications letter.

Please call if you have any questions.

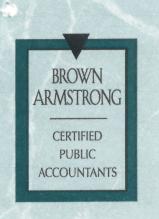
Sincerely,

BROWN ARMSTRONG ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

By: Eric H. Xin

EHX:mmj Enclosures

PfxEngagement\29029 6/30/20 Cal OES Audit\FS Transmittal



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BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Fresno, California

We have audited the Schedule of Source and Status of Cash and the Schedule of Budget and Expenditures of the County of Fresno (the County) grants funded by the State of California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Government Auditing Standards*, and certain provisions of the Cal OES Grant Recipient Handbook, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 20, 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Note 1 to the financial schedules. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during fiscal year 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial schedules in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial schedules prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial schedules and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no estimates that affected the County's Schedule of Source and Status of Cash and the Schedule of Budget and Expenditures of the grants funded by Cal OES.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We detected no such misstatements during our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial schedules or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 16, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial schedules or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those schedules, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Board of Supervisors and management of the County and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
Brown Armstrong
Secountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California November 16, 2020

COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES)

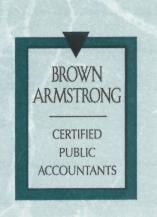
FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Fresno, California

Report on the Financial Schedules

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Source and Status of Cash and the related Schedule of Budget and Expenditures of the County of Fresno, California, (the County) grants funded by the State of California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial schedules, which collectively comprise the financial schedules relating to the grants funded by Cal OES as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Schedules

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial schedules based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and certain provisions of the Cal OES Grant Recipient Handbook. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial schedules. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial schedules, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control as it relates to the Cal OES grants relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial schedules in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial schedules.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial schedules of the County's grants funded by Cal OES for the year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial schedules present only the County's grants funded by Cal OES and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County as of June 30, 2020, the changes in its financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting relating to the grants funded by Cal OES and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance relating to the grants funded by Cal OES and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting and compliance relating to the grants funded by Cal OES. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance relating to the grants funded by Cal OES.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
Brown Armstrong
Secountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California November 16, 2020

COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES) SCHEDULE OF SOURCE AND STATUS OF CASH FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GRANT PROGRAMS*	A		 В	 С	 D	 <u>E</u>	 F	 G
BUDGET: Federal State Local	\$ 303, 67,	.817 - .515	\$ 151,004 - -	\$ 250,000	\$ 271,392 - 80,582	\$ 447,506 - 111,877	\$ 557,831 44,958 41,167	\$ 1,408,265 154,228
Total budget	371,	332	 151,004	 250,000	 351,974	 559,383	 643,956	 1,562,493
EXPENDITURES-REIMBURSEMENTS: Requested and received	115,		119,924	58,883	283,191	98,797	374,089	676,791
Requested and not yet received Local expenditures		700 475	 -	 70,447	 70,798	 115,566 53,625	 23,194	419,070
Total expenditures-reimbursements	225	599	 119,924	 129,330	 353,989	 267,988	 397,283	 1,095,861
GRANT BALANCE AVAILABLE	\$ 145,	733	\$ 31,080	\$ 120,670	\$ (2,015)	\$ 291,395	\$ 246,673	\$ 466,632
GRANT FUNDS NOT USED	\$		\$ 31,080	\$ 	\$ (2,015)	\$ 291,395	\$ 246,673	\$

^{*}Key to grant programs

District Attorney's Office

- A. Violence Against Women Vertical Prosecution Program Grant Number VV18010100
- B. Electronic Suspected Child Abuse Reporting System Program Grant Number ES17010100
- C. Electronic Suspected Child Abuse Reporting System Program Grant Number ES19020100

Probation Department

- D. County Victim Service Program XC16010100
- E. County Victim Service Program XC19010100
- F. Victim/Witness Assistance Program Grant Number VW18370100
- G. Victim/Witness Assistance Program Grant Number VW19380100
- H. Unserved/Underserved Victim Advocacy and Outreach Program Grant Number XV15010100
- I. Unserved/Underserved Victim Advocacy and Outreach Program Grant Number UV19020100
- J. Probation Specialized Units Program Grant Number PU18010100
- K. Probation Specialized Units Program Grant Number PU19020100
- L. Human Trafficking Advocacy Program Grant Number HA18010100
- M. Human Trafficking Advocacy Program Grant Number HA19020100

- N. Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Program Grant Number CQ18080100
- O. Internet Crimes Against Children Program Grant Number IC18070100

COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES) SCHEDULE OF SOURCE AND STATUS OF CASH (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Н		1				К		L		M		N		0		TOTAL
\$	88,466	\$	218,751	\$	19,424	\$	100,000	\$	115,642	\$	150,000	\$	40,578	\$	-	\$	4,122,676
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,543,542		1,742,728
	25,035		-				33,333		28,158		37,500				-		425,167
_	113,501		218,751		19,424		133,333		143,800		187,500		40,578		1,543,542		6,290,571
			10 170		10.101		77.000		07.000		00.170		10 570		===		
	86,522		42,478		19,424		77,093		37,802		22,178		40,578		773,193		2,826,367
	-		43,215		-		-		-		28,182		-		-		748,180
	24,549		-				9,667		10,960						-		231,268
	111,071		85,693		19,424		86,760		48,762		50,360		40,578		773,193		3,805,815
	2.420	•	122.050	s		•	46 E72	•	05.039	•	127 140	•		•	770 240	•	2 404 756
<u> </u>	2,430	\$	133,058	—		<u>Φ</u>	46,573	\$	95,038	\$	137,140	—		<u> </u>	770,349	\$	2,484,756
•	2.420	s		s		•		•	05.020	•		•		\$		•	004.004
<u> </u>	2,430	- P		<u> </u>		P		P	95,038	\$		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		\$	664,601

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COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES) SCHEDULE OF BUDGET AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GRANT PROGRAMS*	 Α	 В		С		D	 Е	 F	 G
BUDGET	\$ 371,332	\$ 151,004	_\$	250,000	_\$	351,974	\$ 559,383	\$ 643,956	\$ 1,562,493
EXPENDITURES TO DATE: Federal/State:									
Personnel services	187,124	103,052		129,330		185,612	165,902	368,316	1,034,851
Operating	-	16,872		-		97,579	48,461	5,773	61,010
Equipment	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Local:									
Personnel services	38,475	-		-		-	-	13,234	
Operating	-	-		-		70,798	53,625	9,960	-
Equipment	-			-			-		-
Total expenditures	 225,599	119,924		129,330		353,989	267,988	397,283	 1,095,861
GRANT BALANCE AVAILABLE	\$ 145,733	\$ 31,080	\$	120,670	\$	(2,015)	\$ 291,395	\$ 246,673	\$ 466,632
GRANT FUNDS NOT USED	\$ -	\$ 31,080	\$		\$	(2,015)	\$ 291,395	\$ 246,673	\$ -

^{*}Key to grant programs

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COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES) SCHEDULE OF BUDGET AND EXPENDITURES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

-	н				J	 K	 L	 M		N	 0		TOTAL
\$	113,501	_\$_	218,751	_\$_	19,424	\$ 133,333	 143,800	 187,500	_\$	40,578	\$ 1,543,542	_\$_	6,290,571
	86,097 425		76,838 8,855		19,424 -	77,093 -	34,864 2,938	49,625 735		-	467,151 22,212		2,985,279 264,860
	19,673 4,876		-		-	9,667	10,960	-		40,578	283,830		324,408 92,009 139,259
_	111,071	_	85,693		19,424	86,760	48,762	50,360		40,578	773,193		3,805,815
\$	2,430	\$	133,058	\$		\$ 46,573	\$ 95,038	\$ 137,140	\$		\$ 770,349	\$	2,484,756
\$	2,430	\$		\$		\$	\$ 95,038	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	664,601

District Attorney's Office

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COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES (Cal OES) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The State of California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) provides grants to local governments for a variety of law enforcement, criminal prosecution, crime prevention, and victims' services. Revenues and expenditures related to the County of Fresno, California's (the County) Cal OES programs are included in the County's basic financial statements and are accounted for within the General Fund.

Financial Schedule Presentation

The financial schedules are prepared in accordance with the method of accounting required by Cal OES. They present the information requested by Cal OES and, therefore, do not purport to reflect financial position or results of operations of the County in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Accounting

Revenue is recognized when grants and reimbursements are received from the State. Expenditures are recognized as disbursed and are claimed subject to the approved budget limitations by cost category.

NOTE 2 – LOCAL MATCH

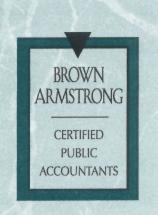
Certain Cal OES grants require the County to match grant funds from sources other than state or federal monies. The match claimed by the County represents services provided by County personnel. The County determined the value of these services in accordance with the Cal OES grant agreements.

NOTE 3 – GRANTS AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Of the \$3,805,815 total claimed by the County for expenditures incurred, \$2,826,367 has been requested and received from the State, \$249,193 was for local expenditures, and \$730,255 has been requested and not yet received.

NOTE 4 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 16, 2020, which is the date the financial schedules were available to be issued. No events have occurred that would require disclosure.



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BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL SCHEDULES PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Fresno, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying Schedule of Source and Status of Cash and the related Schedule of Budget and Expenditures of the County of Fresno, California, (the County) grants funded by the State of California Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial schedules, as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial schedules, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) relating to the grants funded by Cal OES to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial schedules, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control relating to the grants funded by Cal OES. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control relating to the grants funded by Cal OES.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial schedules will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial schedules of the grants funded by Cal OES are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial schedule amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance relating to the grants funded by Cal OES and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance relating to the grants funded by Cal OES. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance relating to the grants funded by Cal OES. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BROWN ARMSTRONG ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Brown Amstrong Secountaincy Corporation

Bakersfield, California November 16, 2020 FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS SECTION

COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

None.

COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA GRANTS FUNDED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

No prior year findings.

County of Fresno Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector Audit Plan for Fiscal Year 2021-22

Financial Reporting & Audits will be continuing audits from fiscal year 2020-21 that have not been completed due to various circumstances. An updated audit plan will be submitted to the Audit Committee once 2020-21 audits are complete and an updated risk assessment has been completed.

High Risk Departments and Business Cycles

<u>Department</u>	Business Cycle	
Public Health	Payroll	
Social Services	Payroll	
Social Services	Cash Receipts	
Public Health	Cash Receipts	

Additional Six Riskiest Departments and Business Cycles

These department and business cycles are considered medium risk. Inclusion in the audit plan will be at the discretion of the Audit Committee.

<u>Department</u>	Business Cycle
Behavioral Health	Assets (Capital and Sensitive)*
District Attorney	Cash Disbursements
Social Services	Fee Generated Revenue
Public Works	Cash Receipts
Public Health	Fee Generated Revenue
Mental Health Svcs Act (DBH)	Cash Receipts

Contract Audits

<u>Departments</u>	Contract Name/Number
Behavioral Health, Soc. Services	Therapeutic Foster Care Services; A-18-440
Behavioral Health, Soc. Services	Triage Center Emergency Shelter; A-19-257
Behavioral Health, Soc. Services	Child Abuse Prevention Services; A-17-069

Transition Reviews

The purpose of the review is to account for all property under the control of the existing County officer as well as to determine the department's compliance with established internal controls, policies and procedures. Based on past experience and current County environment, we expect to perform at least two transition reviews during Fiscal Year 2021-22 and project to use a total of 500 staff hours for transition reviews.

Follow-up Audits

The purpose of these audits will be to ensure that any recommendations and corrective actions that result from audits are implemented in a timely manner. These follow-up audits will occur six months from the issuance of the original audit report. We expect to use 400 staff hours for follow-up audits.