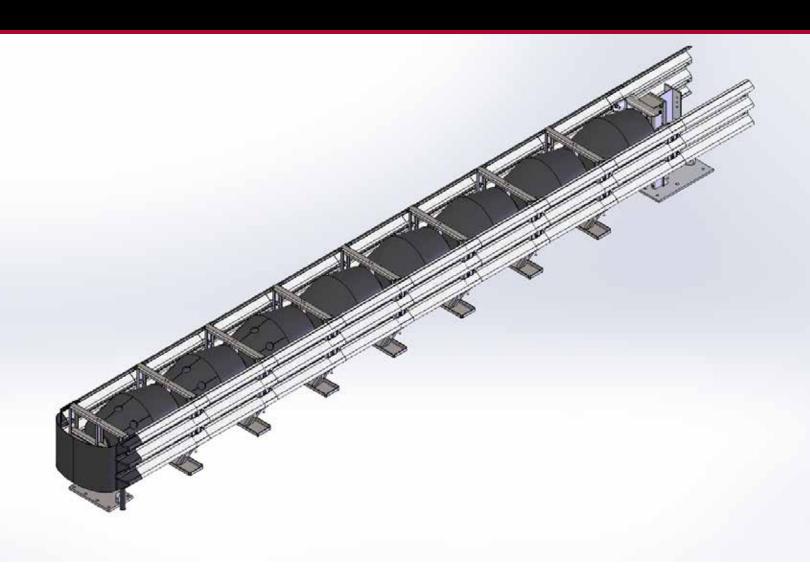
UNIVERSAL TAU-II®

NCHRP 350 TL-3 Redirective, Non-Gating, Crash Cushion







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UniversalTAU-II® Crash Cushion

INTRODUCTION

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PREFACE

The Barrier Systems, Inc. (BSI), Universal TAU-II crash cushion system incorporates the newest roadside safety materials and engineering processes.

As with any roadside safety device, the Universal TAU-II system must be installed properly to insure proper performance. Thoroughly review and fully understand the installation instructions and product limitations before starting the installation. Do not start the installation without the proper plans and tools required for installation.

If you need additional information, or have questions about the Universal TAU-II Crash Cushion, please call the BSI Customer Service Department at (888) 800-3691 (U.S. toll free) or (707) 374-6800.

INTRODUCTION

The TAU-II system has been tested to meet the rigorous requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Levels 2 and 3. The systems will be provided in lengths and capacities for both low speed and high speed applications.

The TAU-II system is redirective and non-gating, and is ideally suited for narrow hazards such as the ends of rigid barriers, tollbooths, utility poles and more. Ease of installation, numerous transition options, low maintenance requirements, and reusability of system components make the TAU-II system ideal for treating many roadside hazards.

Redirective, non-gating crash cushions are highway safety devices whose primary function is to improve the safety for occupants of errant vehicles that impact the end of rigid or semi-rigid barriers or fixed roadside hazards by absorbing the kinetic energy of impact or by allowing controlled redirection of the vehicle. These devices are designed to safely decelerate an errant vehicle to a safe stop or redirect an errant vehicle away from roadside or median hazards. These types of systems are typically applied to locations where head-on and angled impacts are likely to occur and it is desirable to have the majority of post impact trajectories on the impact side of the system.

SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The Universal TAU-II system is designed and constructed to provide acceptable structural adequacy, minimal occupant risk and safe vehicle trajectory as set forth in NCHRP 350 for redirective, non-gating crash cushions. Refer to Figure 1 to familiarize yourself with the basic parts and part names of the system.

The Universal TAU-II system is designed to shield the ends of median barriers and other fixed objects likely to be struck head-on, by absorbing and dissipating the kinetic energy of impacting vehicles. Universal TAU-II systems utilize disposable Energy Absorbing Cartridges (EACs) to absorb the kinetic energy of the impacting vehicle. The EACs are separated by diaphragms and held in place with a framework of thrie-beam corrugated steel rail panels that "telescope" rearward during head-on impacts. As the vehicle compresses the cushion, it exerts a force on the first bay containing an EAC. The diaphragms distribute the impact forces uniformly to all the remaining cartridges in each bay until the vehicle eventually stops. The depth of penetration is dependent upon both the original impact speed and the mass of the impacting vehicle. Only the Energy Absorbing Cartridges are expended after most head-on impacts.

When hit at an angle along the side, the system is restrained laterally by guidance cables that run the length of the system and attach to the bottoms of the diaphragms and terminate at the anchors at each end of the system. The front and rear cable anchors are attached to the foundation as described in Appendix A Foundation Requirements.

BEFORE TAU-II INSTALLATION

Placement and use of the TAU-II system should be accomplished in accordance with the guidelines and recommendations set forth in the "AASHTO Roadside Design Guide," FHWA memoranda and other state and local standards.

Depending on the application and circumstances at the job site, installation and assembly of a Test Level 3 system should take a two-person crew less than 3 hours.

The TAU-II is a highly engineered safety device made up of a relatively small amount of parts. Before

starting the assembly, become familiar with the basic elements that make up the TAU-II system. The TAUII system components are illustrated separately in Figure 1 (Pages 6-7).

Limitations and Warnings

The Universal TAU-II system has been rigorously tested and evaluated per the recommendations in the NCHRP Report 350 Guidelines for terminals and crash cushions. The impact conditions recommended in NCHRP 350 are intended to address typical in-service collisions.

When properly installed and maintained, the system is capable of stopping or containing and redirecting impacting vehicles in a predictable and safe manner under the NCHRP 350 impact conditions. Vehicle impacts that vary from the NCHRP 350 impact conditions described for redirective, nongating, crash cushions may result in significantly different results than those experienced in testing.

Vehicle impact characteristics different than or in excess of those encountered in NCHRP 350 testing (speed and angle) may result in system performance that may not meet the NCHRP 350 evaluation criteria.

If you need additional information, or have questions about the Universal TAU-II Crash Cushion, please call the BSI Customer Service Department at (888) 800-3691 (U.S. toll free) or (707) 374-6800.

PROVIDED TOOLS

- Long bolt for nested slider panel installation
- Allen socket for the slider bolt assembly
- Cable socket

REQUIRED TOOLS

- ½" [12 mm] drive deep sockets:
 - 7/16 [11 mm] 15/16 [24 mm]
 - 1 1/8 [29 mm]
 - ¾ [19 mm] 1 ¼ [32 mm]
 - 13/16 [21 mm]
 - % [22 mm]
- 3/4" [19mm] combination end wrench
- ½" (12 mm) drive ratchet with extensions
- Rotohammer for drilling holes in concrete:
- 7/8" [22 mm] X 10" [250 mm] bit for chemical anchors
- ½" Torque wrenchs:
- 20 ft-lbs [27 N-m] and 500 ft-lbs [680 N-m] capacity
- Measuring tape
- Safety Equipment: Glasses, Gloves
- ½" (12 mm) Air impact wrench (Optional)

Note: The tools list is a general recommendation. Depending on the specific characteristics of the job site, more or less tools may be necessary.

INTRODUCTION

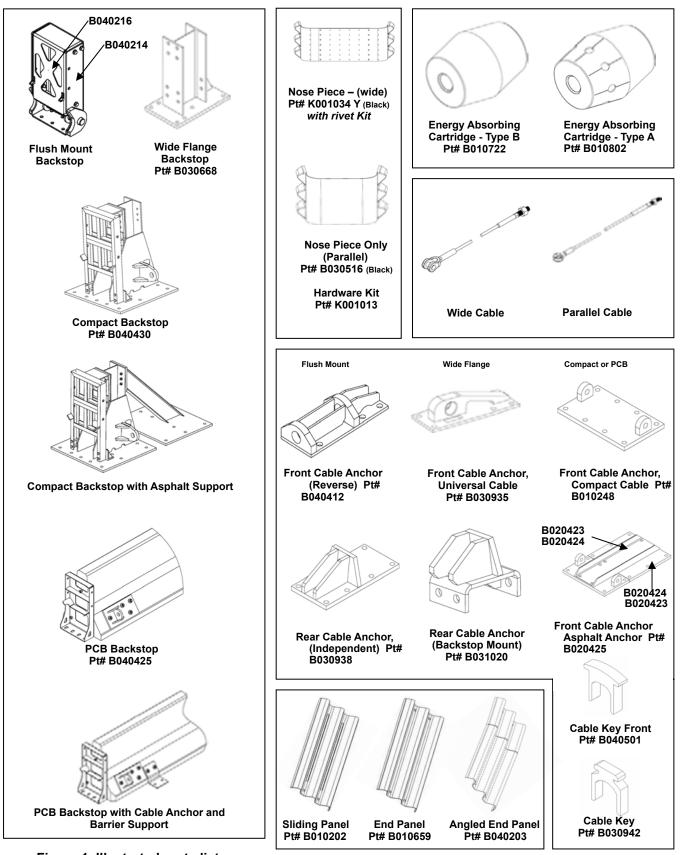
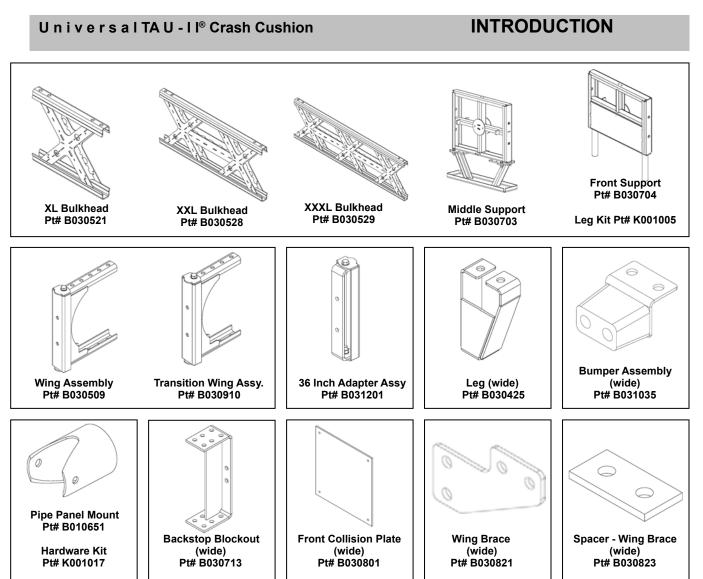
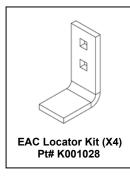


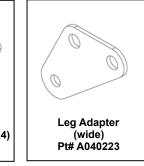
Figure 1. Illustrated parts list

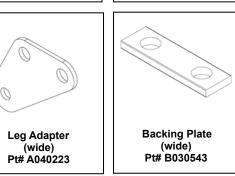


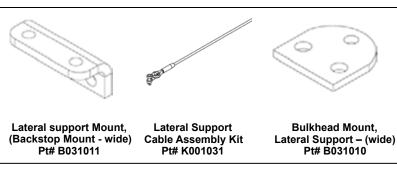


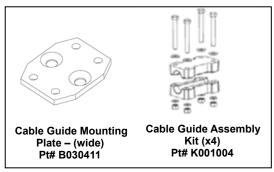




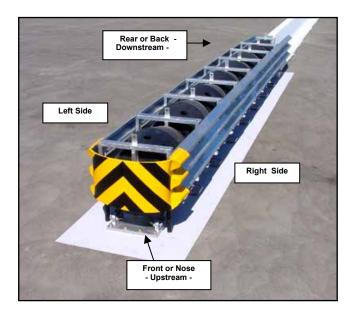








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Sign Conventions

The picture of the TAU-II system above is labeled to show the descriptive terms that will be used throughout this manual.





Preparing for installation

Depending on the size of the system ordered, the parts will be shipped on two to five pallets. Assembly of the TAU-II system is typically done at the worksite. (If preferred, the system can be assembled "off-site" and set into position as one piece, with a forklift or crane.)

Before beginning the assembly of the TAU-II system, check the packing list to be certain that all of the system components were included in the shipment.

The TAU-II Crash Cushion system has been designed to attach to concrete or asphalt foundations. BSI recommends that at a minimum, the system be anchored to standard six-inch reinforced 4,000 psi (28 MPa) Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) pad or roadway, or 8" (200 mm) AR-4000 Asphalt Concrete. When installing to concrete, care must be taken when building the concrete pad to space the rebar so as to minimize interference with the anchor bolt holes.

(See Appendix "C", Page 47, for BSI recommended foundation options and material specifications.)

NOTE:

It is important to determine the system's installation position and angle, to optimize proper function and transition.

This system is available in two configurations:

- 1) The system can be attached directly to the end of a concrete barrier, utilizing the "PCB Backstop" (BSI part # B040425) or the "Flush Mount Backstop" (BSI part # B040219).
- 2) The second configuration utilizes a "Compact Backstop" (BSI part # B010537) which is a free standing back support.

This manual describes the installation procedure for an 8 bay (Test Level 3) system.

(See the System Configuration Chart in Appendix "A", Page 44, for guidelines on choosing a system length to accommodate different traffic criteria.)

INTRODUCTION

Depending on the installation design, transition hardware may be necessary. Because each transition is unique, BSI recommends that the transition hardware be properly fitted before anchoring the system. Pre-assemble the transition

hardware before setting the system base plates to assure the proper spacing between the system and the object being treated.

(NOTE: See Appendix "D", Page 63, for some recommended transition types)

CONCRETE PAD INSTALLATION



Step 1. (Compact Backstop to Concrete Foundation)

Place the Compact Backstop in the desired final installation position. Use the holes in the base plate as a template to mark the location of the anchor points. Remove the backstop and drill the anchor bolt holes. The holes should be 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) diameter. Install the anchors into the pad following the instructions included with the anchor epoxy. When the epoxy is fully cured, install the nuts and flat washers. Tighten to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).



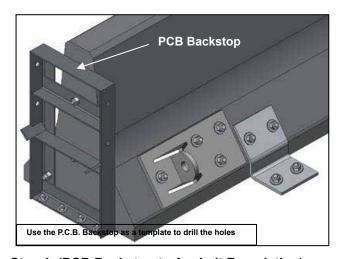
Step 1. (PCB Backstop to Concrete Foundation) Place the PCB Backstop in the desired final installation position. Use the holes in the backstop as a template to mark the location of the anchor points. The holes should be 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) diameter. Use a caulking gun and gun insert filled with anchoring compound to secure the 3/4" x 8 1/4" (20 mm x 610 mm) galvanized anchors. Torque to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).

ASPHALT INSTALLATION



Step 1. (Compact Backstop to Asphalt)

If the unit is being installed on asphalt, the Asphalt Adapter must be attached to the Compact Backstop. Use the base as a template to mark the anchor point locations. All holes should be 15 to 16½" (380 to 420 mm) deep. Use 18" (460 mm) anchors for the Compact Backstop and the Asphalt Adapter. Install the anchors into the foundation following the instructions included with the anchor epoxy. When the epoxy is fully cured, install the nuts and flat washers. Tighten to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).



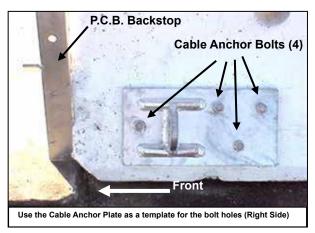
Step 1. (PCB Backstop to Asphalt Foundation)

Place the PCB Backstop in the desired final installation position. Use the holes in the backstop as a template to mark the location of the anchor points. The holes should be 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) diameter. Use a caulking gun and gun insert filled with anchoring compound to secure the 3/4" x 8 1/4" (20 mm x 610 mm) galvanized anchors. Torque to to 5 ft-lbs (8 N-m).

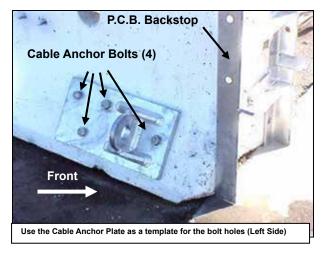
CONCRETE PAD INSTALLATION

Step 2. (Concrete Rear Cable Anchors)

NOTE: IF YOU ARE USING THE COMPACT BACKSTOP, SKIP TO STEP 3.



Use the holes in the plate as a template to mark the location of the holes for the anchor studs. (There is one Cable Anchor for each side of the P.C.B.). The holes should be drilled 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) in diameter. Install the (all thread) studs into the PCB following the instructions included with the anchor epoxy. When the epoxy is fully cured, install the nuts and flat washers. Tighten to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).

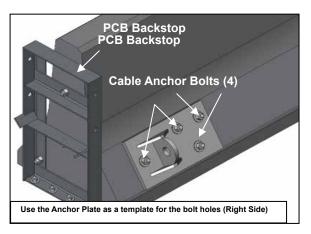


NOTE: For proper system performance, the concrete barrier must be rigidly attached to an adequate foundation. See Appendix "C" for Anchor Foundation Options and Page 24 for anchoring material options..

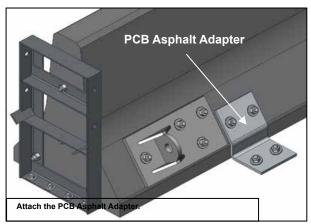
ASPHALT INSTALLATION

Step 2. (Asphalt Rear Cable Anchors)

NOTE: IF YOU ARE USING THE COMPACT BACKSTOP, SKIP TO STEP 3.

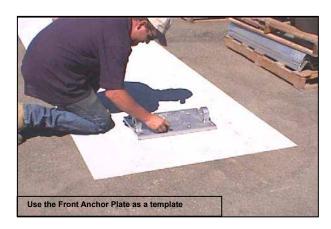


Refer to the Installation Drawings in Appendix "C" to determine the correct Cable Anchor installation position. Use the holes in the plate as a template to mark the location of the holes for the anchor studs. (There is one Cable Anchor for each side of the P.C.B.). The holes should be drilled 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) in diameter. Install the (all thread) studs into the PCB following the instructions included with the anchor epoxy. When the epoxy is fully cured, install the nuts and flat washers. Tighten to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m)



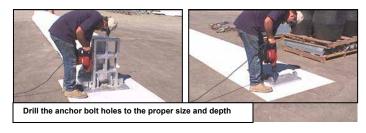
Attach the PCB Asphalt Adapter. Drill holes 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) in diameter in the concrete barrier. Drill 15 to 16 ½" (380 to 420 mm) in the foundation and install 18" (460 mm) anchors following the instructions included with the anchor epoxy. When the epoxy is fully cured, install the nuts and flat washers. Tighten to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).

CONCRETE PAD INSTALLATION



Step 3. (Concrete Front Cable Anchor)

Place the Front Cable Anchor in the desired final installation position. Use **Appendix C** for layout dimensions. Use the holes in the plate as a template to mark the location of the anchor points. Remove the plate and drill the anchor bolt holes to the desired size and depth. The holes should be 6" (150 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) diameter.



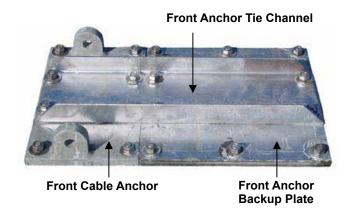




NOTE:

It is important that the holes are drilled straight and in the correct position so that the plate will fit back over the bolts after they have been set with anchoring material. If the total hole depth cannot be reached due to rebar interference, a "diamond tip" drill or equivalent should be used to reach the total hole depth.

ASPHALT INSTALLATION



Step 3. (Asphalt Front Cable Anchor)

The Asphalt Front Cable Anchor is a three piece unit. Place the Front Cable Anchor and the Front Anchor Backup Plate in the desired final installation position. Use the holes in the plates as a template to mark the location of the anchor points. Remove the plates and drill the anchor bolt holes to the desired size and depth. The holes should be 15 to 16 ½" (380 to 420 mm) deep and 7/8" (22 mm) diameter. Install the cable and clevis pin before installing the Front Anchor Tie Channel. Install the Front Anchor Tie Channel on top of the Front Cable Anchor and the Front Anchor Backup Plate.

NOTE:

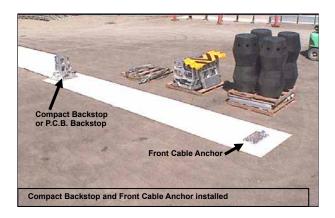
It is important that the holes are drilled straight and in the correct position so that the plate will fit back over the bolts after they have been set with anchoring material. If the total hole depth cannot be reached due to interference, a "diamond tip" drill or equivalent should be used to reach the total hole depth.

ALL FOUNDATIONS

After the anchoring epoxy is properly cured, install a nut and washer on each of the anchor bolts extending through the base plates of the Backstop and Front Cable Anchor plate.

For PC Concrete foundations, torque the nuts to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).

For Asphaltic Concrete foundations, torque the nuts to 5 ft-lbs (8 N-m).

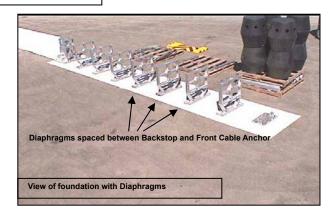


This photo shows a view of how the installation would look after the Backstop and Front Cable Anchor are securely fastened.



Step 4.

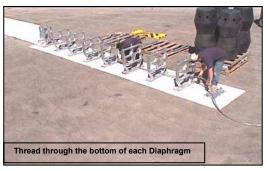
The Diaphragms should be spaced (one by one) evenly between the Front Cable Anchor and the Backstop. It is not important that they be exactly spaced at this point as they can easily be moved into the desired final assembly position when necessary.



The photo above shows what the installation would look like after the diaphragms have been placed between the Backstop and the Front Cable Anchor.

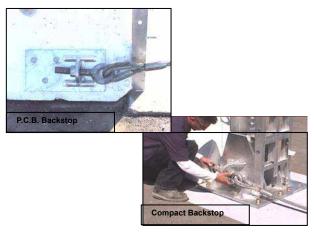
NOTE: Do not install the Front Support Assembly and nose piece at this time, it will be installed later.





Step 5.

Starting at the upstream end of the system, thread the Guide Cable through the space in the bottom of the Diaphragms. Make sure to pull the threaded cable end through first so that it will end up at the back of the unit. (Make sure that the Guide Cable is threaded through the bottom of each Diaphragm.)



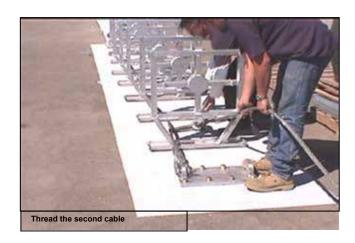
Push the threaded end of the cable through the hole in the anchor tab on the left side of the Compact Backstop. Install the nut on the end of the adjusting screw.

NOTE: Do not thread the nut beyond the end of the adjusting screw at this time. The nut will be tightened later.



Attach the other end of the Guide Cable to the left side of the Front Cable Anchor by first removing the pin from the clevis (shackle). Place the clevis over the anchor eye and re-install the pin through the eye, making sure that the handle portion of the pin is on the inside of the anchor assembly. Firmly tighten the pin.

For asphalt installations, the cable and clevis pin have been attached in Step 3 (Page 12). Repeat the process outlined in steps 6, 7, and 8, for the



other cable. Install the second cable along the right side of the system without crossing the first cable.



Use the Cable Guide Assembly blocks to attach the Guide Cable to the bottom cross rail of the Diaphragms. The cable blocks consist of two grooved halves that, when put together, provide a path for the Guide Cable to move through.

It is easiest to install the Cable Guides by first placing the two halves of the blocks together around the cable. Next, hold the blocks and cable up to the plate on the bottom of the Diaphragm. Push the bolt from the top down through the plate and then through the blocks.

NOTE: See Page 28, Figure 9 for cable guide positions for wide flange systems.

UniversalTAU-II® Crash Cushion

Install a lock washer and nut to secure the bolt. Continue the process until all four of the attachment bolts are installed on each Cable Guide Assembly.

NOTE: If properly installed, the Guide Cable should slide freely through the Cable Guide blocks and the Diaphragm should slide freely along the cable.

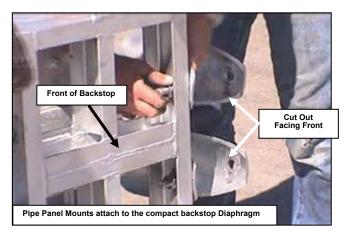


Use an impact wrench (or hand tools) to securely tighten the (4) bolts holding the Cable Guide blocks to the plate on the bottom of each Diaphragm. Use the Cable Guide Hardware Kit #K001004.



The photo above shows what the Diaphragms should look like after the Cable Guide blocks have been installed.

PARALLEL SYSTEM

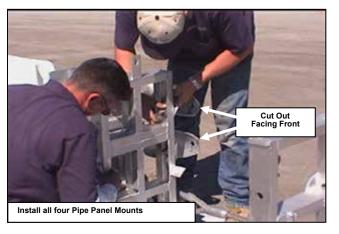


Step 6.

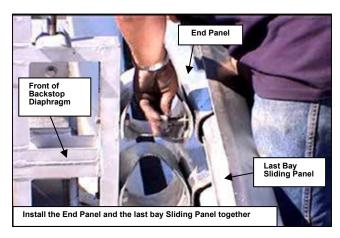
Attach the Pipe Panel Mounts to the sides of the Backstop. (The End Panels are not attached directly to the Backstop Diaphragm.) The Pipe Panel Mount attaches between the Backstop Diaphragm and the End Panel to facilitate proper system performance during side impacts in this area.

The Pipe Panel Mount is made from a piece of 6" (150 mm) diameter galvanized pipe with angles of material cut out of the top and bottom of one end.

NOTE: It is important that the end of the mount that is cut flat be facing the back (downstream) end of the system and that the cut out end of the Pipe Panel Mount be facing toward the front (upstream).



To attach the Pipe Panel Mount to the Backstop Diaphragm, place a washer on the attachment bolt and push the bolt through the inside hole on the Pipe Panel Mount and continue the bolt through the hole located on the side of the Diaphragm that is a part of the Backstop as shown in the photo above. Use the Pipe Panel Hardware Kit #K001017.

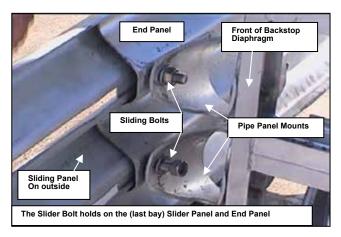


Step 7.

At this point you will start assembling the sides of the system. The first two side panels are installed together as the Sliding Bolt attaches both of the panels to the Pipe Panel Mount located on the side of the Backstop Diaphragm. Attach the right side End Panel and right side rear-most Sliding Panel to the Pipe Panel Mount using the Sliding Bolt.

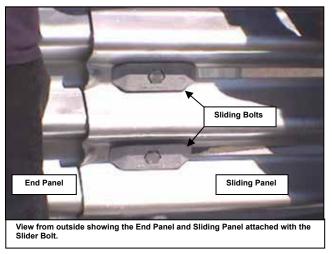
Insert the Slider Bolt through the slotted portion of the last bay Sliding Panel. Continue the bolt through the front hole of the End Panel. Continue the bolt through the bolt hole in the outside of the Pipe Panel Mount as shown in the photo above.

NOTE: For the system to telescope properly, the slotted Sliding Panel <u>MUST</u> be on the outside of the End Panel.



The photo above shows the end of the Slider Bolt coming through (from the outside) the slot in the last left bay side Sliding Panel, through the front hole of the End Panel and through the outer hole of the Pipe Panel Mount.

NOTE: See configuration chart to determine if you have "stacked" or "nested" slider panels in some locations.

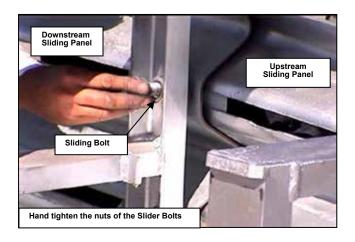


NOTE: For ease in assembly of the rest of the system, hand tighten the nut on the Slider Bolts. The bolts will be tightened in a later step. Use Slider Bolt Hardware Kit #K001003.



You will now attach the right side panels one-by-one, moving towards the front of the system. Attach the rear bay and second-to-last bay Sliding Panels to the first diaphragm using Sliding Bolts. Insert the Sliding Bolt through the slot in the second-to-last bay Sliding Panel. Continue pushing the bolt through the hole in the front of the last Sliding Panel and finally push the bolt through the hole in the side of the corresponding Diaphragm.

NOTE: For the system to telescope properly, the forward most slotted Sliding Panel M<u>UST be on</u> the outside.



Repeat this step until all Sliding Panels have been mounted to the Diaphragms. The forward-most Sliding Panel must always be on the outside of the system (next to the mushroom head of the sliding bolt).



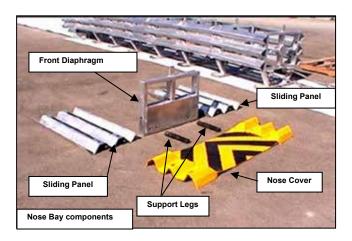
The photo above shows what the system will look like after the End Panel and all of the Sliding Panels have been installed on the right side as well as the End Panel and rear-most Sliding Panel on the left side.

Continue attaching the Sliding Panels along the left side of the system until all of the Sliding Panels are installed.

NOTE: For the system to telescope properly, the forward most slotted Sliding Panel MUST be on the outside.



The photo above shows what the system will look like after both of the End Panels and all of the Sliding Panels have been installed.



The final bay will be assembled separately from the rest of the system and then installed as a complete unit. The components that make up the final bay are two Sliding Panels, the Front Diaphragm, the Nose Cover and the Leg Supports.

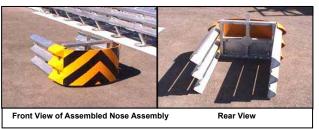


Step 8.

Attach the Nose Cover and left Slider Panel to the Front Support. Install the bushing in the hole of the nose piece. Install the fender washer on the machine bolt (Slider Bolt not used) and push the bolt through the bushing in the Nose Cover hole. Continue the bolt through the hole in the front edge of the last-bay Slider Panel and finally push the bolt through the hole in the Front Diaphragm. Install the washer and hand tighten the nut. (The nut will be tightened later.) Use Nose Piece Hardware Kit #K001013.



Repeat the process outlined in Step 8 with the right side of the assembly.





The final step in the assembly of the nose bay is to install the Support Legs. Place the nose assembly on its side. Push one of the leg support machine bolts and washer through the hole in the bottom rail of the Front Support. Screw the Leg Support onto the bolt and tighten the bolt with a wrench or socket.

Warning: DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN THIS BOLT.
Use the Front Support Leg Hardware Kit #K001005.



Carry the complete nose bay assembly to the front of the system. Attach the Slider Panels to the diaphragm by pushing the Slider Bolt through the slots in the final bay Slider Panels and then through the hole in the front of next bay Slider Panel. Finally, push the Slider Bolt through the hole in the side of the Diaphragm and attach the flat washer and nut.

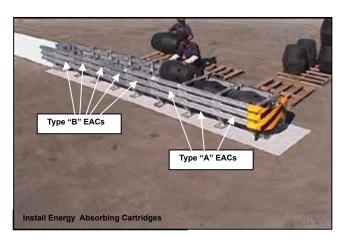
NOTE: For the system to telescope properly, the forward most slotted Sliding Panel MUST be on the outside.



It is important to make sure that the system bays are fully extended to ensure that the Energy Absorbing Cartridges will fit properly. Pull the Slider Panels of each bay until fully extended, working from the base toward the nose assembly.



Torque all of the Sliding Bolts to 20 ft-lbs (27 N-m). Torque the Front Panel Bolts (holding nose cover) to 200 ft-lbs (270 N-m). Do not overtighten.



Step 9.

Insert a Type "A" Energy Absorbing Cartridge into each of the first three (3) bays of the 8 bay (TL-3) system. The Type "A" cartridges have holes and slots on the sides toward the end of the cartridge. Install each cartridge on its side with the holes and slots facing the front (upstream) of the system.

Insert a Type "B" Energy Absorbing Cartridge into the remaining five (5) bays. The Type "B" Cartridges have three holes on one end of the cartridge. Install each cartridge on its side with the holes facing the back (downstream) of the system.

Refer to the matrix in Appendix "A" for proper cartridge configurations.

NOTE: For proper system performance, the Energy Absorbing Cartridges must be installed in the proper order and in the proper direction as shown in Appendix "A".



Step 10.

The final step in the installation of the TAU-II system is to apply tension to the Guide Cables that run underneath the system.

CONCRETE INSTALLATION:

Torque the nut on the end of the threaded cable end to 500 ft-lbs (680 N-m).

Torque the nut on the end of the adjustable Eye Bolt to 120 ft-lbs (160 N-m).

NOTE: For proper performance, the cables must be tensioned properly.

Step 11.

Use the check list on page 43 to confirm that all of the installation steps have been completed.

ASPHALT INSTALLATION



The above photo shows what a completely installed Test Level 3 TAU-II system with a compact backstop will look like.

INTRODUCTION

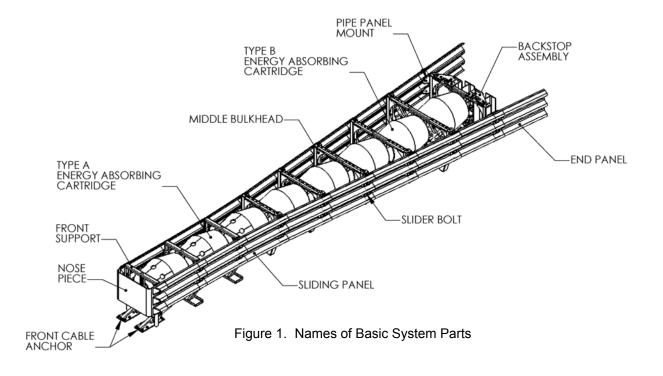
This manual is organized in steps that address each of the different installation options that are available. The Universal TAU-II system is very versatile and also easy to assemble and install if these basic guidelines are followed.

The Universal TAU-II system has been tested to meet the rigorous requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Levels 2 and 3. The systems are provided in lengths and capacities for both low speed and high speed applications and hazard widths up to 8.5 feet [2.6m].

The Universal TAU-II system is redirective, non-gating, and is ideally suited for hazards such as the ends of rigid barriers, tollbooths, utility poles, and more. Ease of installation, numerous non-proprietary transition options, low maintenance requirements, very low life cycle costs and reusability of system components make the Universal TAU-II system ideal for treating many roadside hazards.

Redirective, non-gating crash cushions are high-

way safety devices whose primary function is to improve the safety for occupants of errant vehicles that impact the end of rigid or semi-rigid barriers or fixed roadside hazards by absorbing the kinetic energy of impact or by allowing controlled redirection of the vehicle. These devices are designed to safely decelerate an errant vehicle to a safe stop or redirect an errant vehicle away from roadside or median hazards. These types of systems are typically applied to locations where head-on and angled impacts are likely to occur and it is desirable to have the majority of post impact trajectories on the impact side of the system.



SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The Universal TAU-II system is designed and constructed to provide acceptable structural adequacy, minimal occupant risk and safe vehicle trajectory as set forth in NCHRP 350 for redirective, non-gating crash cushions. Refer to Figure 1 to familiarize yourself with the basic parts and part names of the system.

The Universal TAU-II system is designed to shield the ends of median barriers and other fixed objects likely to be struck head-on, by absorbing and dissipating the kinetic energy of impacting vehicles. Universal TAU-II systems utilize disposable Energy Absorbing Cartridges (EACs) to absorb the kinetic energy of the impacting vehicle. The EACs are separated by diaphragms and held in place with a framework of thriebeam corrugated steel rail panels that "telescope" rearward during head-on impacts. As the vehicle compresses the cushion, it exerts a force on the first bay containing an EAC. The diaphragms distribute the impact forces uniformly to all the remaining cartridges in each bay until the vehicle eventually stops. The depth of penetration is dependent upon both the original impact speed and the mass of the impacting vehicle. Only the Energy Absorbing Cartridges are expended after most head-on impacts.

When hit at an angle along the side, the system is restrained laterally by guidance cables that run the length of the system and attach to the bottoms of the diaphragms and terminate at the anchors at each end of the system. The front and rear cable anchors are attached to the foundation as described in Appendix "C" Foundation Requirements.

STEP 1

FOUNDATION REQUIREMENTS

The Universal TAU-II crash cushion is designed to be compatible with a variety of foundations. If an existing foundation is present, verify dimensions and system layout. If modification is required, use the BSI specifications as a guideline and adapt accordingly. If no foundation is present or currently does not meet the system requirements, construct the foundation per these BSI specifications.

There are different foundation configurations depending on the system used and the type of backstop selected. Systems up to 36" [910mm] can have a P.C.B. (Portable Concrete Barrier) Backstop, Flush Mount Backstop or a stand-alone Compact Backstop. PCB and Compact Backstop systems are compatible with the optional Asphalt Anchoring Kits. Systems 42" [1070mm] and greater use a Wide Flange Backstop and require a PCC (Portland Concrete) foundation and anchoring kit.

NOTE: Recommended maximum 8% cross slope on all foundation options.

Foundation options for all configurations are specified in the following drawings contained in APPENDIX "C", Page 47:

- General Foundation and Anchorage Specs.
 Drawing No. A040113...... Page 48
- Universal TAU-II Foundation, PCB Backstop-PCC Concrete Pad: Drawing No. A040105 Page 49
- Universal TAU-II Foundation PCB Backstop-PCC Block: Drawing No. A040117 Page 50
- Universal TAU-II Foundation
 Compact Backstop-PCC Concrete Pad: Drawing No. A040102 Page 52
- Universal TAU-II Foundation

Compact Backstop-PC	CC Blocks: Drawing
No. A040115	

- Universal TAU-II Foundation
 Wide Flange Backstop-PCC Concrete Pad: Drawing No. A040108 Page 56
- Universal TAU-II Foundation
 Dimensions Metric Units Millimeters:
 ChartsPages 60-62

Variations of these foundations may be reviewed and determinations made as to equivalence by the project engineer.

STEP 2

Anchor System to Foundation

With the proper foundation in place, anchor the Backstop, Rear Cable Anchors, and Front Cable Anchors according to the particular foundation detail (refer to Step 1).

The anchorage of the system must be in accordance with BSI foundation specifications found in Appendix "C".

To anchor the Universal TAU-II system:

- Determine the backstop components and Front Cable Anchor positions about the centerline of the system. The foundation drawings show positioning.
- 2.) Using the actual parts as templates, either mark the holes to be drilled or drill through the parts acting as guides.
- 3.) Hole diameter and depth depends on the foundation and the anchoring compound used. See chart below for the hole diameter as specified by the anchoring compound manufacturer. Reference BSI Foundation and Anchorage Specifications in APPENDIX "C" for specific embedment depths.
- 4.) Prepare the holes as specified by the anchoring compound manufacturer.
- 5.) With the Front Cable Anchor and backstop components in place, apply the anchoring compound to the holes as specified by the manufacturer. Insert the anchors into the holes with the nuts and washers attached.
- 6.) Allow anchoring compound to cure before tightening the anchors.

The anchoring package supplied with the Universal

TAU-II system contains the necessary threaded rods and anchoring compound needed to install the system. Follow the instructions on the supplied package and reference the guidelines outlined below.

Anchor holes should be drilled using air-flushed or water-flushed rotary percussive drilling equipment. If diamond core or non-percussive drills are used, the hole must be thoroughly scoured using a coarse wire flue brush.

Other anchoring materials can be used if they comply with the following specifications: material should meet the ASTM C307 tensile strength of 2,000 psi (14 Mpa) and compressive strength of 10,000 psi (70 Mpa) per ASTM C109 or C579. The anchoring compound should provide a pull out strength of 20,000 lbf (89 kN) minimum in 4,000 psi (28 Mpa) concrete. Products such as HILTI HIT HY150 injection Adhesive Anchor, RE500 injection Adhesive Anchor or HVA Adhesive Anchoring System fit these criteria. Refer to Table 1 below for required hole size for recommended anchor compounds.

Mechanical / Removable Anchors

When standard chemical anchors cannot be used to secure Barrier System products as a result of state, local, site or other requirements, mechanical anchors may be used. Various mechanical anchors are available that use wedge, self-undercutting, or expansion coils to establish the locking bond with the concrete. A minimum of 18,000 lbf [80kN] ultimate load in the tension (pull out) and a shear of 22,000 lbf [98kN] is required for use with BSI products. One product recommended is the Hilti HCA item number 00252018 HCA 3/4" x 6".

Torque anchors set in PCC concrete to 120 ft-lbf [160 N-m]. Torque anchors set in asphalt to 5 ft-lbf [8 N-m].

IMPORTANT: FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS FOR HOLE SIZE AND PREPARATION

ANCHORING COMPOUND	HOLE DIAMETER
US Anchor Ultra Bond Speed Set	7/8" [22 mm]
HILTI - HIT HY 150	13/16" [20.5mm]
HILTI - HVA Adhesive Anchor System	7/8" [22 mm]
HILTI - RE 500	13/16" [20.5 mm] to 1" [25 mm]

STEP 3 Assemble Bulkheads

The Universal TAU-II is comprised of multiple bulkheads assembled to create a variety of different system lengths and widths. Systems are constructed with different bulkheads depending on the size of the system that is needed.

As illustrated in Figure 2, systems can be fully parallel, fully tapered or a combination. Every system requires a Front Support, a series of Middle Bulkhead Assemblies and a Backstop Assembly.

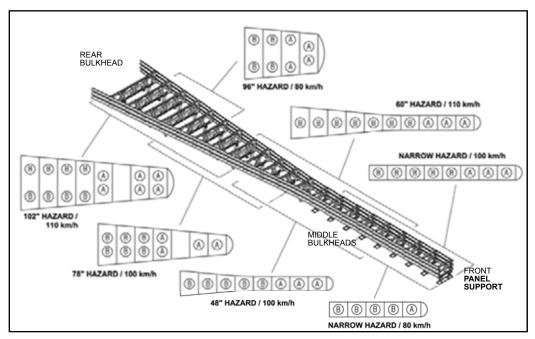


Figure 2.

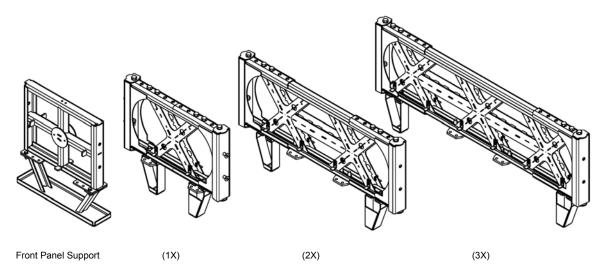


Figure 3. Middle Bulkheads

The Front Support

The Front Support is different from a bulkhead in that it has polymer front support Legs and it doesn't attach to the cables underneath the system. The Front Support also has metal plates called Collision Plates, attached in the impact area on the front of the assembly. The Front Support can be built in different variations depending on the system size.

Using a Front Support: (parallel and combination systems)

Parallel and combination systems use the Front Support (Figure 4). A tapered system designed with a large nose section may use a modified 1X, 2X or 3X bulkhead for the Front Support (Figure 5).

The polymer front support legs bolt directly to the bottom of the Front Support using the hardware provided. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite.

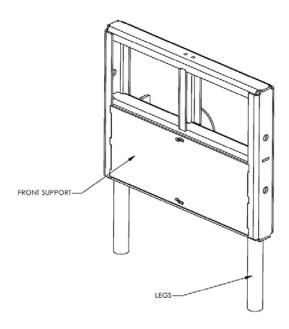


Figure 4. Use the Front Support for a parallel or combination systems.

Using a modified Bulkhead for Front Support (Tapered systems)

An X style bulkhead can also be used as a Front Panel Support. The X style bulkheads are assembled according to the specific system requirements (Figure 5). Refer to the system drawing for the front bulkhead size needed. The Wing Assemblies slide over the ends of the bulkhead weldment and adjust to the width needed.

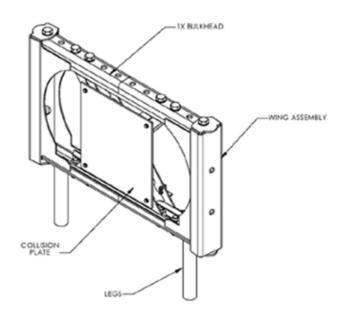


Figure 5. A 1X Style Middle Bulkhead converted into a Front Support

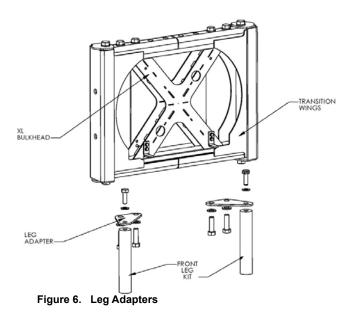
A Single X Bulkhead (1X) provides for Front Support widths of 30" [760] (using Transition Wing Assembly), 36" [910], 42" [1070], and 48" [1220].

A Double X Bulkhead (2X) provides for Front Support widths of 54" [1370], 60" [1525], 66" [1680], and 72" [1830].

A Triple X Bulkhead (3X) provides for Front Support widths of 78" [1980], 84" [2130], 90" [2290], and 96" [2440].

The Wing Assemblies are bolted in the appropriate location using Backing Plates and the hardware provided. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite (Figure 5).

The polymer front support legs bolt directly to the bottom of the assembly using free holes on the Wing Assemblies and the hardware provided (Figure 4,5). Some configurations require a leg adapter (Figure 6).



EAC Locating Tabs are bolted to the back of the assembly and Front Collision Plates are bolted to the front of the assembly. All fasteners use a lock washer and Locktite.

Middle Bulkhead Assemblies

The Middle Bulkheads come in two different styles: fixed and adjustable X-style. Depending on the system's cable location, the Cable Guide Mounting plates bolt to the bottom of the assembly at one of three positions.

Parallel Middle Bulkhead

The width of the Parallel Middle Bulkhead is not adjustable and is used in systems that are totally parallel or systems that start out parallel and finish with a rear taper (Figure 7).

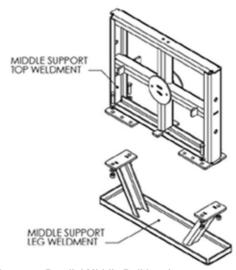


Figure 7. Parallel Middle Bulkhead

Adjustable Middle Bulkheads

The Adjustable Middle Bulkheads come in three different widths and are designated by the number of X patterns on the face of the bulkhead (Figure 3). The narrowest has a single X in its structure, the double X has two and the largest bulkhead has three X's.

All of the bulkheads have adjustable wings that are rigidly bolted on to each side (Figure 8). Using the adjustable wings, the different sized bulkheads can accommodate hazard widths up to 102" [2.6m]. The bulkheads can descend in 6" [150mm] increments until reaching the desired width.

The adjustable Middle Bulkheads are assembled according to the specific system requirements. Refer to the system drawing for the middle bulkhead sizes needed. The Wing Assemblies slide over the ends of the bulkhead and adjust to the width needed.

Single X (1) Middle Bulkheads provide for assembly widths of 30" [760] (using Transition Wing Assembly), 36" [910], 42" [1070], and 48" [1220].

Double X (2X) Middle Bulkheads provide for assembly widths of 54" [1370mm], 60" [1520mm], 66" [1680mm], and 72" [1830mm].

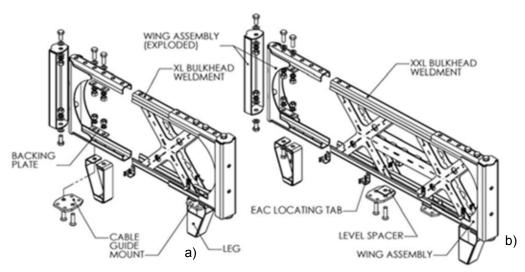


Figure 8. Adjustable Middle Bulkheads a) Single X (1X) b) Double X (2X)

Triple X (3X) Middle Bulkheads provide for assembly widths of 78" [1980mm], 84" [2130mm], 90" [2290mm], 96" [2440mm], 102" [2.6m].

The Wing Assemblies are bolted in the appropriate location using Backing Plates and the hardware provided. The Legs bolt directly to the bottom of the assembly where the Wing Assemblies attach using the same hardware. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite.

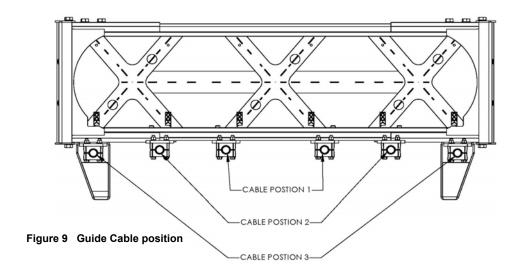
Cable Guide Mounts

If a parallel or 1X bulkhead is used as the Front Bulkhead Assembly, the cable is in the 1st position (Figure 9) and the Cable Guide Mounts would bolt in the corresponding location.

If a 2X or 3X bulkhead is used as the Front Bulkhead

Assembly, the cable is in position 2 or 3 (Figure 9) respectively and the Cable Guide Mounts attach accordingly. If said cable position alignswith the leg mounting position the Cable Guide Mount bolts through the leg using the hardware provided for the Cable Guide Mount.

Backing Plates are used on all Leg, Wing Assembly, and Cable Guide fastenings. A Level Spacer is used when attaching components across the step between the Bulkhead



Weldment and the Wing Assembly.

EAC Locating Tabs

EAC Locating Tabs are bolted to the front and back of each Middle Bulkhead Assembly. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite (Figure 8).

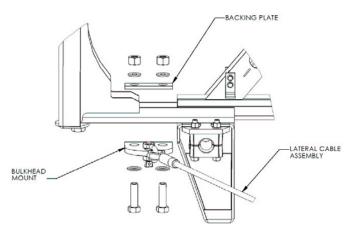


Figure 10. Lateral Cable Support

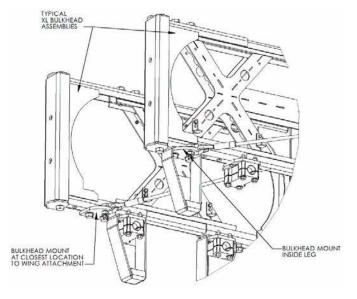


Figure 11. Lateral Cable Supports mounted inside and outside the leg

Lateral Cable Support

Some systems require a Lateral Cable Support Kit (Refer to Step 10 of this manual). The Lateral Cable Support Kit contains Bulkhead Mounts that attach to the last two bulkhead assemblies of required systems. They bolt to the outermost free

holes in the Wing Assemblies (Figure 10). They do fit inside the Legs if necessary (Figure 11).

NOTE: Refer to the System Configuration chart in Appendix "A" to determine if Lateral Cable supports are required.

Empty Bay Bumpers

Some systems require an empty bay (no Energy Absorbing Cartridges). These systems utilize a Bumper Kit to minimize damage in an impact (Figure 12). The kit includes (4) Bumpers that mount to the rear bulkhead assembly of the empty bay. Two Bumpers mount to the top of the assembly at the Wing to Bulkhead joint using the same hardware. The other two Bumpers mount through the Leg to the Wing – Bulkhead joint.

NOTE: Refer to the System Configuration chart in Appendix "A" to determine if empty bays are required.

Following complete assembly of the Front, Middle, and Backstop Bulkhead assemblies, position them in order. Space them at approximately 34" [860mm] apart, center to center. Also, align them through the centerline of the system. Accuracy and care taken here will improve ease of assembly and reduce efforts to straighten the system.

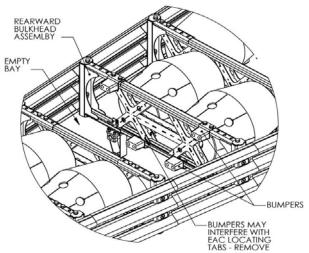


Figure 12 Empty Bay Bumpers

STEP 4

Backstop Assemblies

The Backstop Assembly is selected per application and can be configured to protect hazards up to 8.5' [2.6m] in width. Backstops can either be attached directly to a barrier wall or a suitable structure (Portable Concrete Barrier (PCB) Backstop, Flush Mount Backstop) or installed as a stand-alone system (Compact Backstop, Wide Flange Backstop). All backstops require minimum assembly if they are not pre-assembled.

PCB Backstop

The PCB Backstop (Figure 13) is configured from parts anchored directly to an existing concrete barrier wall. Refer to Step 1 and Step 2 for PCB Backstop layout and anchorage details. Pipe Panel Mounts bolt to the sides of the backstop and provide a mounting point for the Slider and End Panels.

Refer to the System Configuration Chart in Appendix "A" to determine system widths and Capacity Limitations.

If a 36" [910mm] Backstop is desired, attach the 36" [910mm] Backstop Adapters (Figure 14) to the sides of the backstops and bolt the Pipe Panel Mounts to the pivoting sections.

If the system is installed on an asphalt foundation, the portable concrete barrier must be anchored using the supplied brackets.

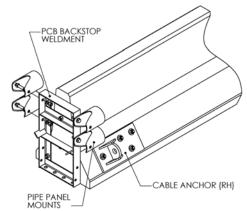


Figure 13 PCB Backstop (Parallel System)

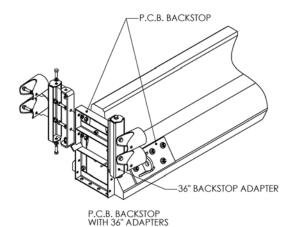


Figure 14 PCB Backstop (Tapered System)

TAPERED SYSTEM

Compact Backstop

The Compact Backstop (Figure 15) is bolted together in two halves and is usually pre-assembled. The Backstop is a stand alone design is not anchored to the hazard being protected.

Refer to Step 1 and Step 2 for Backstop layout and anchorage details.

Pipe Panel Mounts bolt to the sides of the backstop and provide a mounting point for the Slider and End Panels. Refer to the system drawing for the backstop assembly size needed.

If a 36" [910mm] Backstop is desired, attach the 36" [910mm] Backstop Adapters (Figure 16) to the sides of the backstops and bolt the Pipe Panel Mounts to the pivoting sections.

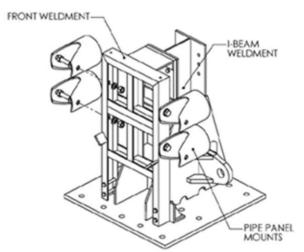


Figure 15 Compact Backstop (Parallel Systems)

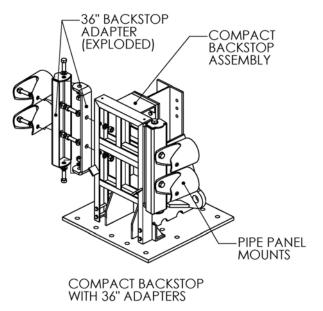


Figure 16 Compact Backstop (Tapered Systems)

Flush Mount Backstop

The Flush Mount Backstop system (Figure 17) is intended for applications where the hazard width exceeds the limitations of the PCB Backstop and are applicable in locations with limited foundation size. The Flush Mount Backstop can be attached to reinforced safety shape or vertical concrete structures up to 36" [910mm]. Systems over 24" [610mm] wide require the 36" [910mm] adapter. Edges of vertical concrete may require chamfer according to local standards.

The Cable Tensioning is moved to the front of the system so the rear cable anchors do not protrude outside of the rear extension panels.

The backstop is attached to the foundation and to the concrete backstop. Install anchors in accordance with BSI specifications. Vertical slots on the backstop allow removal replacement of the backstop. Anchors must be placed at the top of said slots to be effective. Flush Mount Backstop systems use the same cable used in all parallel systems. The cable is installed with the threaded tensioning end forward. The looped end is pinned in place at the backstop. The Front Cable Anchor uses an inserted key to keep the threaded stud from rotating during tensioning.

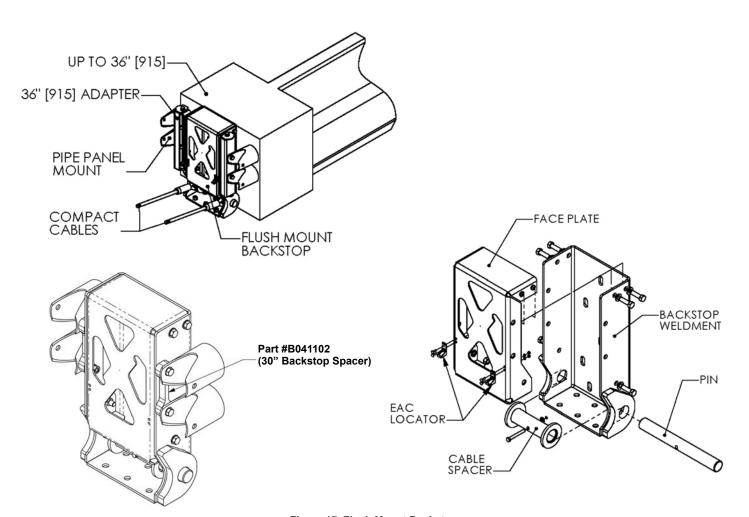


Figure 17 Flush Mount Backstop

Wide Flange Backstop

The Wide Flange Backstop (Figure 18) uses a combination of backstop elements to protect wide hazards.

The Wide Flange Backstop incorporates XL, XXL, or XXXL bulkhead assemblies attached to two Wide Flange Backstop Weldments.

The backstop bulkheads are assembled according to the specific system requirements. The Wing Assemblies slide over the ends of the bulkhead weldment and adjust to the width needed.

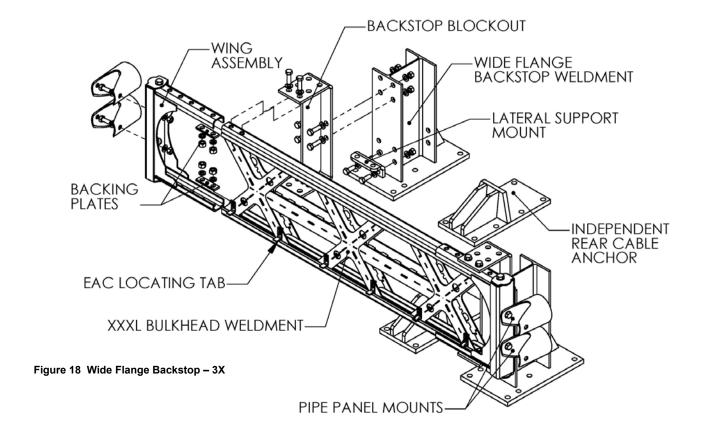
XL Bulkheads provide for backstop bulkhead assembly widths of 42" [1070] (using Transition Wing Assembly), 48" [1220], 54" [1370], and 60" [1525].

XXL Bulkheads provide for backstop bulkhead

assembly widths of 66" [1680], 72" [1830], 78" [1980], and 84" [2130].

XXXL Bulkheads provide for backstop bulkhead assembly widths of 90" [2290], 96" [2440], and 102" [2290].

Backstop Block-outs mount to the bulkhead assemblies at the Wing Assembly to Bulkhead Weldment joint. The block-outs are bolted through the Wing Assemblies and bulkhead weldment and fastened using Backing Plates and the hardware provided. The bulkhead assembly and block-outs are then bolted to the Wide Flange Backstop Weldments. Pipe Panel Mounts are fastened to the pivoting section of the Wing Assemblies. EAC Locating Tabs bolt to the front of the bulkhead assembly. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite.



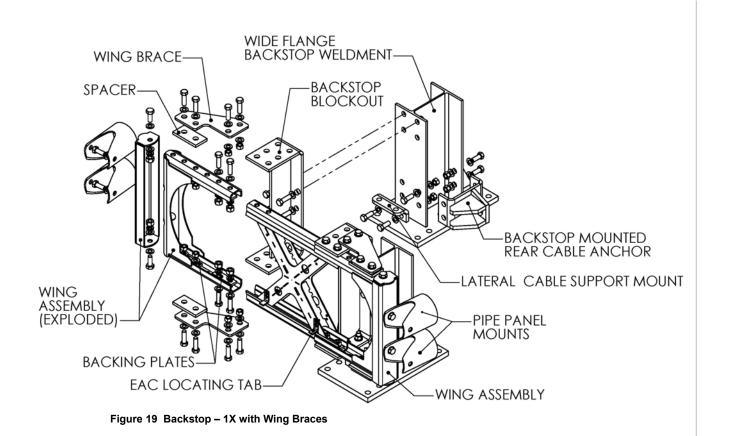
Depending on the position of the cables in reference to the Wide Flange Backstop positioning, either an independent rear cable anchor (Figure 18) or a backstop mounted rear cable anchor (Figure 19) will be used. The independent rear cable anchor stands alone and requires no assembly. (Reference Step 1 and Step 2 for layout and anchorage specifications). The backstop mounted rear cable anchor bolts between the flanges of the Wide Flange Backstop. They are mounted to the interior of the system. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite. When the front support bulkhead and backstop utilize the same bulkhead, the rear cable anchors are mounted to the backstops. When the front support bulkhead and backstop bulkheads are different, the system is supplied with independent rear cable anchors mounted on the pad surface.

Some systems require a Lateral Cable Support Kit. The Lateral Cable Support Kit contains Lateral Support Mounts that attach to the backstop assembly of required systems. They bolt to the front of the Wide Flange Backstop Weldments in the lowest hole set. If backstop mounted rear cable anchors are used, one of the bolts will be shared. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite.

Refer to the System Configuration Chart in Appendix "A" to determine if Lateral Cable supports are

required.

If the Wing Assemblies of the particular backstop are adjusted to one of their two most extended positions (54" [1370mm], 60" [1525mm], 78" [1980mm], 84" [2130mm], and 102" [2290mm] backstops), Wing Braces and Spacers are required (Figure 19). The Wing Braces attach to the Wing Assemblies and the Backstop Block-outs on the top and bottom. The Spacers level their mounting surfaces. All fasteners use a lock washer or Locktite.



STEP 5

Attach Panels

The Universal TAU-II system uses two types of panels: Sliding Panels (Figure 20) and End Panels (Figure 21). Sliding Panels have a pair of holes forward and two long slots running the length of the panels. End Panels have a pair of holes at each end and do not have slots. Sliding panels are used on all collapsing bays. End panels are attached to the backstop only (Call BSI for non-proprietary transition options). Slider Bolts hold the panels to the bulkheads. Some systems require nested panels (doubled) on rearward bays.

NOTE: Refer to the System Configuration Chart in Appendix "A" to determine if/where nested panels are required. A long bolt is supplied to assist in the assembly to nest the panels.

Install the panels from back to front staggering from each side. Place the End Panels first. While holding the End Panel in place, lap the forward Sliding Panel over it and bolt through the slot, End Panel, and Pipe Panel Mount (Figure 22). Leave the nuts of the Slider Bolts loose and perform on both sides. Lap the next forward Sliding Panel and bolt through the slot, hole set in rearward Sliding Panel, and bulkhead. Leave the Slider Bolt nuts loose and progress forward alternating sides (Figure 23). If the bay requires nested panels, perform procedure with (2) panels, one nested inside the other.

The last panels to be installed will be on the first bay of the system, the Front Support. These panels lap the rearward panel and fasten to the 2nd bulkhead from the front as instructed above. The front of these panels will mount to the Front Support through the Nose Piece. Refer to Section 6 for this connection (Figure 26).

Leave the Slider Bolt nuts loose until the system is almost completely assembled and installed.

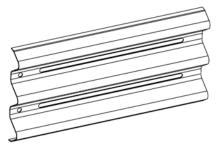


Figure 20 Slider Panel

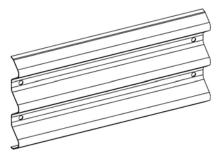


Figure 21 End Panel (no slots)

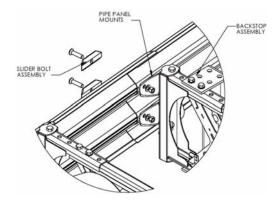


Figure 22 Attach Rear Panel

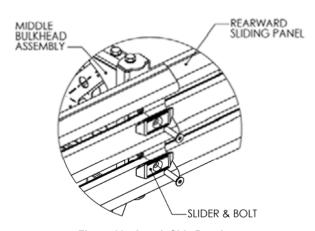


Figure 23 Attach Side Panels
Page 35

STEP 6 Attach Nose Piece / Delineation Marker

Narrow systems (up to 36" [910mm] Front Support) use a one-piece polyurethane nose (Figure 24) with molded thrie beam corrugations on both ends. Wider Front Support Assemblies (42" [1070mm] and above) use two polyurethane parts (Figure 25) riveted together. The two part nose pieces have thrie beam corrugations on one side and a series of holes through the flat section. Guide Cable Torque

The Nose Piece attaches to the Front Support assembly through the Sliding Panels (Figure 26). Thick flat round washers are inserted in the mounting holes of the nose piece to limit compression of the polyurethane. Two ¾" [20mm] bolts with fender washers clamp the nose piece and Sliding Panel to the Front Support on each side. Fasteners use lock washers or Locktite.

Torque to 200 ft-lbf [270 N-m].

The two part nose pieces overlap across the width of the system. Adjust to desired profile and align holes. Using the supplied pop-rivets and washers, rivet two columns of holes. Rivets should pass through the overlapping nose pieces at the furthest possible columns apart (Figure 26).

Apply delineation markings as required (not supplied).

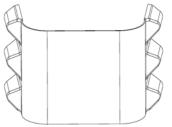


Figure 24 Nose Piece (up to 36")

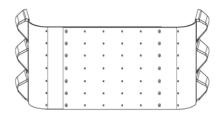


Figure 25 Nose Piece (wide)

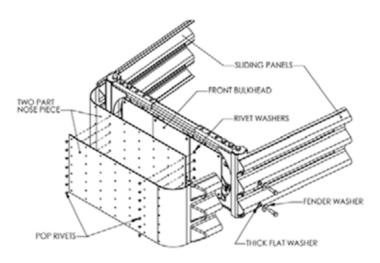


Figure 26 Wide Nose Piece Assembly

Install Cables and Cable Guides

Cable Location

Every system has a set of cables that run through the cable guides that attach underneath each bulkhead. The Cable Guides clamp around the cable and bolt to the bottom of the bulkheads. The Cable Guide is universal and fits all bulkhead and cable configurations. Two Cable Guide assemblies are used on every middle bulkhead assembly (Figure 27).

The cables are tentioned between the Backstop and Front Cable Anchor. The Front Cable Anchor is mounted under the first bay.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The Front Support Assembly is not attached to the cable.

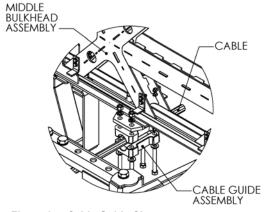


Figure 27 Cable Guide Clamp

Systems using a PCB, Compact Backstop or Flush Mount Backstop.

Systems using a PCB, Flush Mount or Compact Backstop use 1" [25mm] diameter cable (Figure 28). These Cables are identified by the loop and shackle on one end and a threaded stud swaged to the other end. (The shackle is not used on the Flush Mount Backstop).



Figure 28 Compact Cable

Systems with Wide Flange Backstops
Systems with Wide Flange Backstops use a
1 1/8" [28mm] diameter cable (Figure 29). These
cables have a threaded stud swaged to the rear end
and a large "open swage socket" on the front end. A
Key is also included which limits rotation of the cable
during tensioning at the Rear Cable Anchor.

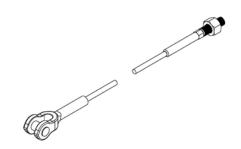


Figure 29 Universal Cable

The cables are fed through the bulkheads from the front. On parallel style bulkheads, the cables thread between the legs. On XL-XXXL bulkheads, the cables can go between the legs or through the legs, depending on the configuration. Lead with the rear of the cable. Place the rear cable end through the Rear Cable Anchor, PCB Backstop, or Compact Backstop. Start the tensioning nut with about 1" [25mm] of thread.

Without pinning the Front Cable Anchor, attach the Cable Guides to the bulkheads. Start from the last bulkhead and move forward. Cable Guides attach with ½" [12mm] hardware provided. Fasteners use lock washers or Locktite.

When all the Cable Guides are installed, pin the front cable end to the Front Cable Anchor. On Wide Flange Backstop configurations, install the Key to the Rear Cable Anchor (Figure 30).

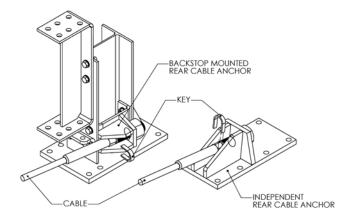


Figure 30 Backstop Cable Mount

Stretch and Align the System

This step can be avoided or reduced if care is taken to align and space the bulkheads properly during assembly.

Attach a pair of chains or straps to the Front Bulkhead assembly. Using a truck or other tow vehicle, pull the system forward to fully extend the bays. The bays are fully extended when the Slider Bolts are bottomed out in the slots of the Sliding Panels.

If necessary, bump or nudge the system into alignment. Each bulkhead should be aligned along the centerline of the system.

Recommended attachment points for straps or chains are at the corners of Front Support on the top and bottom horizontal channels. When attaching to XL-XXXL bulkheads, secure as close to the Wing Assembly attachment points as possible.

NOTE: Be sure not to jerk or pull on the backstop anchors before the anchoring compound has cured and the backstop is secured to the foundation.

STEP 9 Tension Cables and Torque Slider Bolts

Tension the Cables. Torque the cables in 50 ft-lbf [65 N-m] increments alternating between the two. Reference Torque Chart below (Table 2) for torque requirements. Use the deep socket provided.

Tighten Slider Bolts to approximately 100 ft-lbf [130 N-m], loosen, and then torque to 20 ft-lbf [27 N-m]. This procedure ensures proper nesting of the panels and torque accuracy.

NOTE: Care must be taken to not over tighten the sliders. Follow the procedure outlined above.

Install Lateral Support Cables

Skip this section if the system does not require a Lateral Cable Support Kit.

NOTE: Refer to the System Configuration chart in Appendix "A" to determine if Lateral Support Cables are required.

If the system requires a Lateral Cable Support Kit, the cable mounts should be installed on the last two bulkhead assemblies and the Wide Flange Backstops. Refer to Figure 9 and Figure 10 of Step 3

The Lateral Support Cables are ½" [12mm] diameter and have a ½" [12mm] shackle on one end. There are eight (8) cable assemblies in the kit. The shackles pin to the cable mounts on the bulkheads and Wide Flange Backstops (Figure 31, 32, 33, 34, 35). The two cables from each backstop are routed to the opposite sides of the last two bulkheads (Figure 35).

These cables are attached to the cables pined to the bulkheads with cable clamps. Six cable clamps are used in series of three. Place the clamps at the furthest extents of the overlapping cables. The first cable clamp should be approximately 3" [75mm] from the cable end. Subsequent clamps should be spaced at 3" [75mm] (Figure 33).

Cables should be taught with minimal slack, but do not require tensioning. Routing above or below the main system cables is acceptable. Bundle access cable and use provided plastic wrap ties to secure the bundles to the suspended cables.

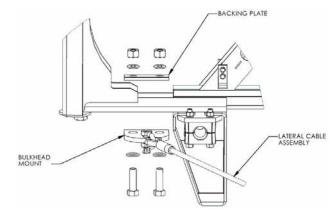


Figure 31 Lateral Support Cable

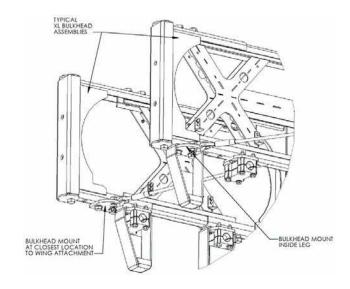
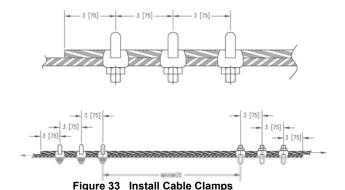


Figure 32 Lateral Support Cables



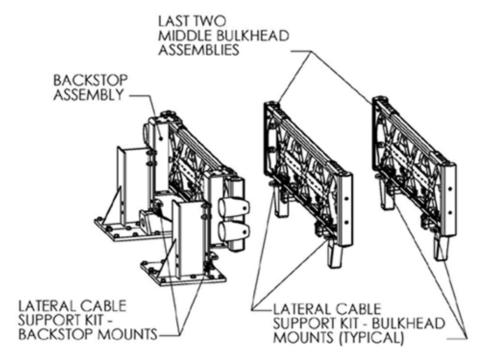
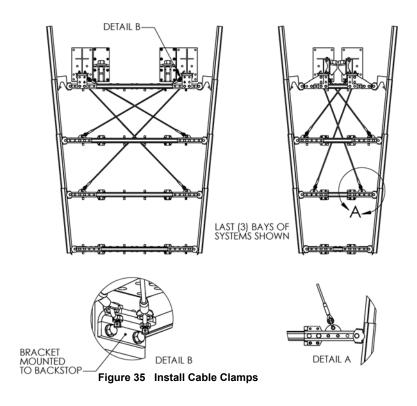


Figure 34 Cable Mounts



Insert Energy Absorbing Cartridges

There are two types of Energy Absorbing Cartridges (EAC). Each EAC has a forward and rearward end. Type "A" EAC's (Figure 36) have eight (8) 3" [75mm] diameter holes around the circumference of the front half of the cylinder. Type "B" EAC's (Figure 37) have a solid cylinder wall with three (3) vent holes on the rearward end.

When installing the EAC's in a system it is important to ensure that they are placed according to manufacturer specification.

NOTE: Refer the System Configuration Chart in Appendix "A" for proper EAC placement.

When placed in the system, the front of the EAC will face the front of the system (narrow end). Text on the EAC reading "This Side Up" should be legible and at the top of the inserted EAC. The EAC should rest on the EAC Locating Tabs.

Note that bays capable of holding (2) EAC's will always use (2) EAC's except in specified empty bays. They will also always be placed in the widest locations available.

NOTE: A single bay will never have more than (2) EAC's in it. Refer the System Configuration Chart in Appendix "A" for proper placement.

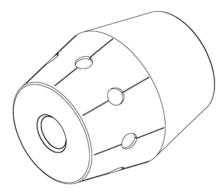


Figure 36 Energy Absorbing Cartridge - Type A

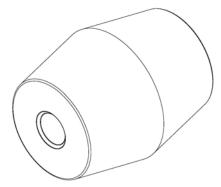


Figure 37 Energy Absorbing Cartridge - Type B

Final Inspection

Use the check list below to confirm that all of the installation steps have been completed.

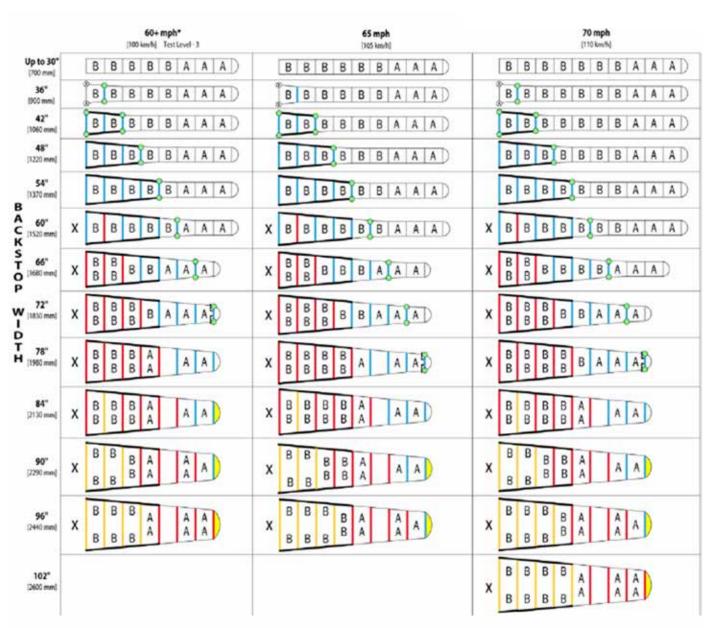
Inspection Date	Inspection By:	Item
		All front cable anchor plate and backstop anchor bolts in place and epoxy cured.
		Clevis and pin, mounted to the front cable anchor, is installed with the handle portion of the pin on the inside of the anchor assembly, firmly tightened. (This may be different depending on the type of foundation, ie, asphalt or PCC.)
		All cable guide assemblies securely fastened.
		System cables tightened to meet torque specifications.
		Pipe panel mounts positioned properly, flat end facing back, cut out facing forward.
		Sliding panels installed properly to allow for stacking.
		Sliding panels should have no more than a ¾" (19mm) gap between stacked panels.
		Nose cover properly installed with thick spacer and tightened to specifications.
		Torque Sliding Bolt assemblies to specifications. Do NOT over tighten.
		Energy Absorbing Cartridges (EAC) installed in proper A-B position and sequence. See Configuration Chart.
		EAC air discharge holes positioned properly. Rotate cast ID to the top of the cartridge.
		Asphalt adapter installed on both sides of portable concrete barrier when applicable.
		Torque all fasteners to meet specifications.

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX A - System Configuration Chart

	30 mph* [50 km/h]	35+ mph* [60 km/h]	44 mph [70 km/h] <i>Test Level -2</i>	50 mph* [80 km/h]	53 mph [85 km/h]	55 mph [90 km/h]
Up to 30" [700 mm]	ВВ	BBA	BBBA	B B B B A	B B B B A A	B B B B A A
36" [900 mm]	BBB	BBBA	BBBBA	BBBBA	B B B A A	BBBBAA
42" [1060 mm]	B B	BBA	BBBA	BBBBA		BBBBAA
48" [1220 mm]	ВВ	B B A	BBBA	BBBBA		BBBBAA
54" [1370 mm]	ВВ	B B A	B B B A	B B B B A		B B B B A A
60" [1520 mm]	ВВ	B B A	X B B B A	X B B B A		X B B B B A A
66" [1680 mm]		B A B A	X B B A	X B B B A		X B B B B A A
72" [1830 mm]		B A B A	X B B A A	X B B A A		X B B A A A A
78" [1980 mm]		B A B A	X B B A A	X B B A A B B A A		X B B A A A
84" [2130 mm]			X B B A A	X B B A A A B B B A A		X B B A A A A B B B A A A A
90" [2290 mm]			X B B A A	X B B A A A B B B A A A		X B B A A A A A
96" [2440 mm]			X B B A B A	X B B A A A A		X B B A A A A A
102" [2600 mm]						
L	Doub Singl	ral Support Cable ole Slider Panels le Slider Panel Adapter Required	Doub Triple Parall Nose	e X Bulkhead (XL) le X Bulkhead (XXL) • X Bulkhead (XXXL) el Diaphragm Piece level. Contact Customer serv	A Type A Energy Absorbing B Type B Energy Absorbing Transition Wing Assemb 36" Adapter Assembly Re Wide Nose Piece	g Cartridge ly Required

BACKSTOP WIDTH



ADDITIONAL HIGHER SPEED SYSTEMS



Call or email BSI Customer Service: 888 800-3691 (U.S. Toll Free) 707 374-6800 (Outside U.S.) email: rkeener@barriersystemsinc.com

Visit our website at www.barriersystemsinc.com

An ISO 9001:2000 Company

APPENDIX B - System Torque Chart

CONCRETE INSTALLATION

Compact Backstop Anchors	120 ft-lbs (160 N-m)
PCB Backstop Anchors	120 ft-lbs (160 N-m)
Cable Anchor (Rear)	120 ft-lbs (160 N-m)
Cable Anchor (Front)	120 ft-lbs (160 N-m)
Cable Adj. Eye Bolt	500 ft-lbs (675 N-m)

ASBHALT INSTALLATION

Compact Backstop Anchors	5 ft-lbs (8 N-m)
PCB Backstop Anchors	5 ft-lbs (8 N-m)
PCB Asphalt Adapter	5 ft-lbs (8 N-m)
Cable Anchor (Front)	5 ft-lbs (8 N-m)
Cable Adj. Eye Bolt	120 ft-lbs (160 N-m)

SYSTEM COMPONENT INSTALLATION

Sliding Bolt Assembly	20 ft-lbs (27 N-m)
Front Panel Holding Nose Cover	200 ft-lbs (270 N-m)
Pipe Panel Mount to Backstop	70 ft-lbs (95 N-m)
Cable Guide Bolts	30 ft-lbs (48 N-m)

The Universal TAU-II Crash Cushion has been successfully tested in various configurations having the cable torque ranging from 120 ft-lbs for asphalt installation, to 500 ft-lbs of torque for concrete applications. The system will function properly under this full range of torque. If a torque wrench is not available, refer to the table below for an alternate method of reaching the desired torque range.

Ways of creating approximately 500 ft-lbs of torque:

- 6 ft. [1. 8 m] wrench extension with entire weight of 100 lbs [45 kg] applied 12" from the end
- 42 in. [1.1 m] wrench extension with entire weight of 200 lbs [90 kg] applied 12" from the end
- Use free weights or human weight

These methods should ensure torque within tested range and manufacturer tolerances.

APPENDIX C

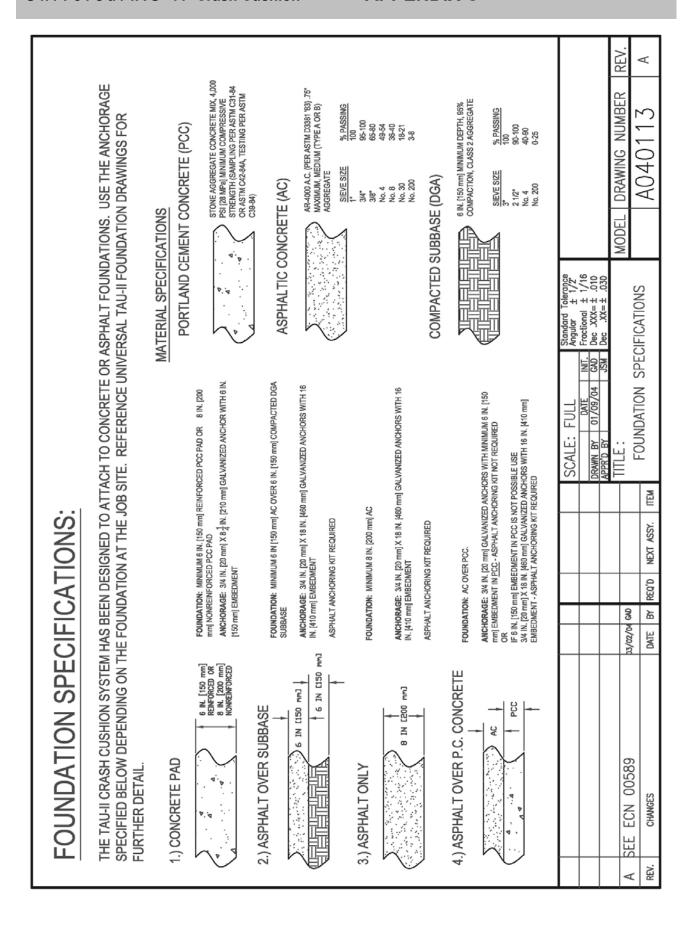
Anchoring Foundation Options

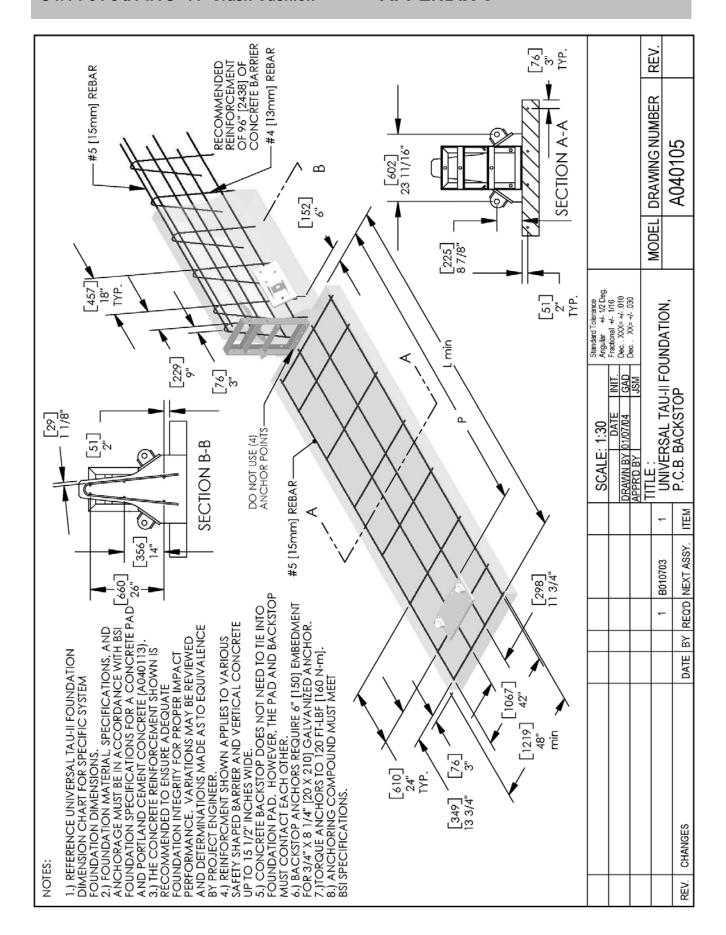
There are three approved anchoring foundation configurations for the TAU-II system. The first method utilizes a solid concrete pad over the length of the system. The second utilizes concrete blocks at the Backstop and Front Cable Anchor locations. The third is on Asphaltic Concrete foundation.

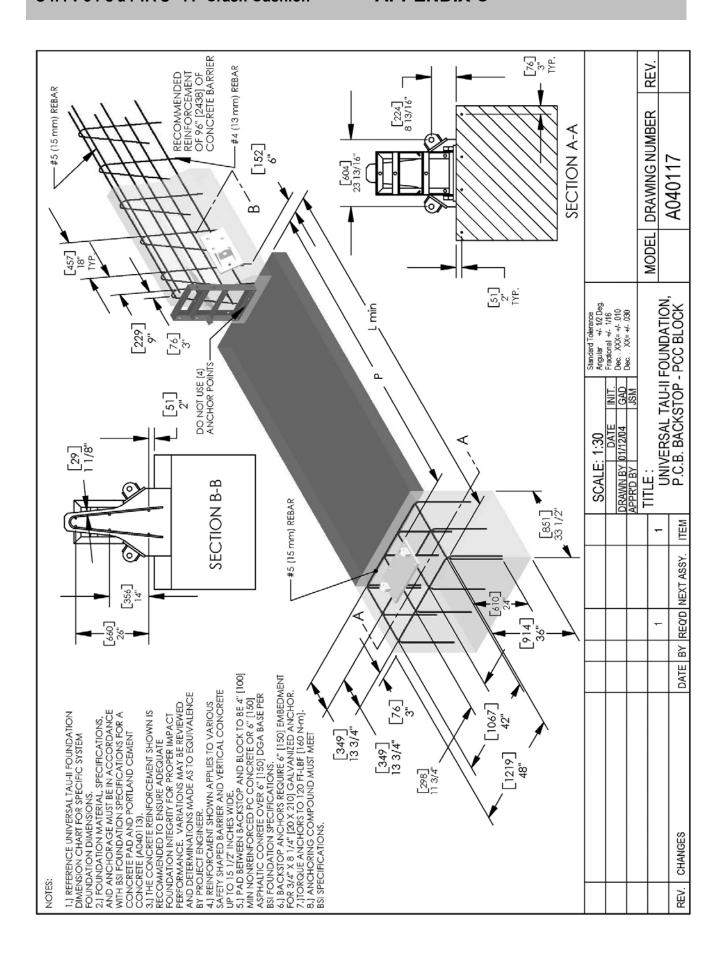
(Variations of these foundations may be reviewed and determinations made as to equivalence by the Project Engineer.)

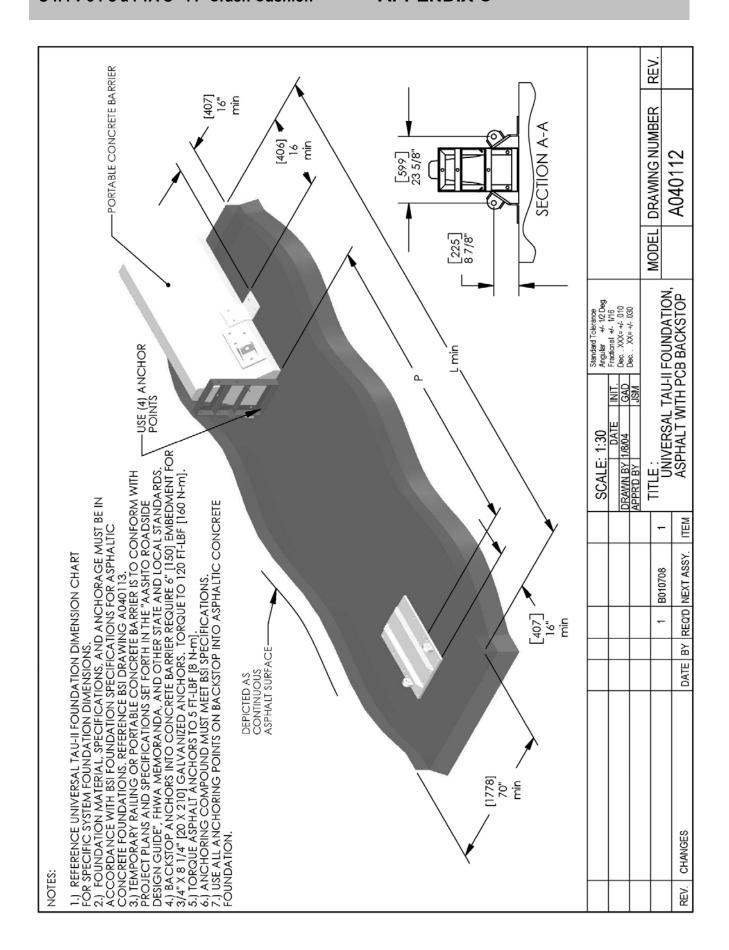
There are different foundation configurations depending on which backstop you are using (Compact or P.C.B.). Foundation options for both of the Backstop systems are shown in the following drawings. **DRAWINGS**

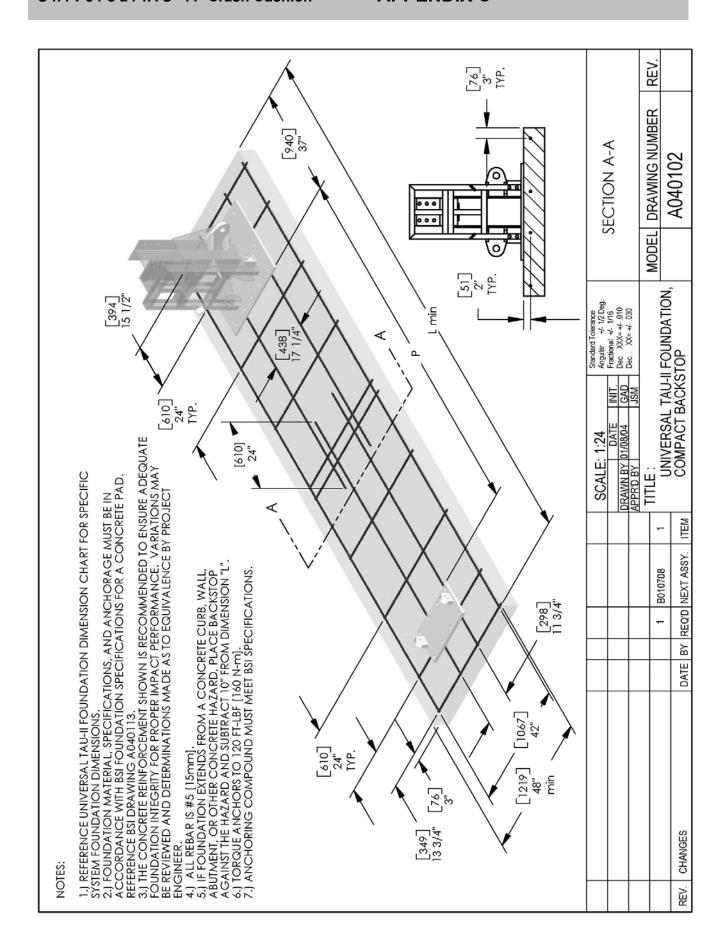
Foundation Specifications 48 DWG# A040113
PCB Backstop 49 DWG# A040105
PCB Backstop – PCC Block 50 DWG# A040117
Asphalt with PCB Backstop 51 DWG# S040112
Compact Backstop 52 DWG# A040102
Flush Mount Backstop – PCC Pad 53 DWG# A040420
Compact Backstop, PCC Blocks . 54 DWG# A040115
Asphalt with Compact Backstop . 55 DWG# A040110
Wide Flange Backstop 56 DWG# A040108
Foundation Dimension Charts English Units

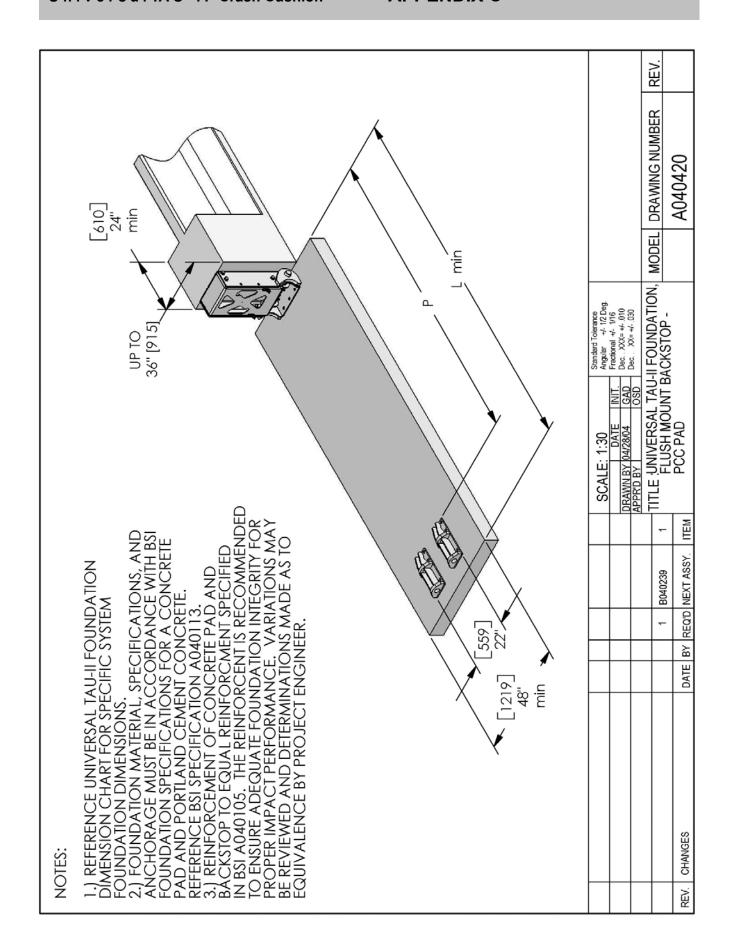


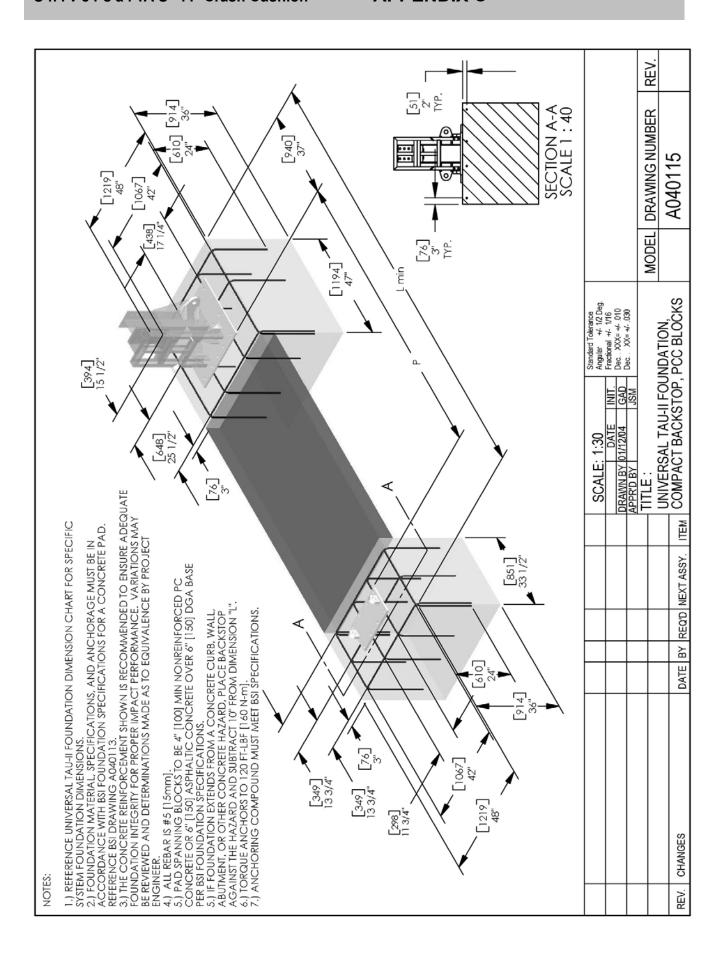


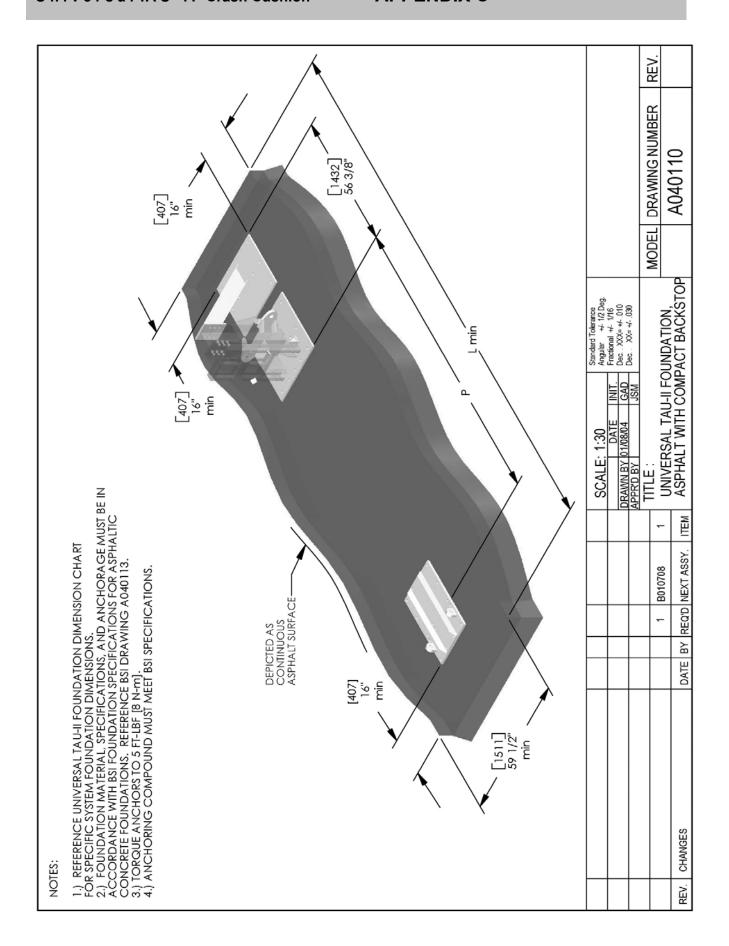


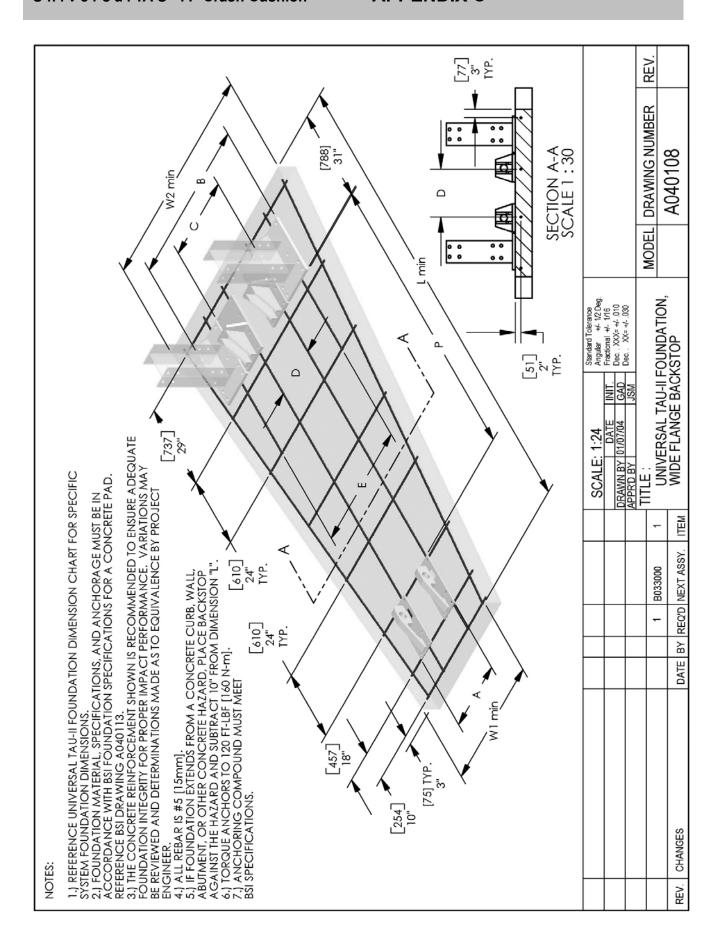












	DRAWING	NUMBER		A040105 A040117			A040102 A040115			A040112			A040110			A040105 A040117		A040102 A040115			A040112			A040110			A040420				A040108		
		75	30T120PBC	30T120PYC	426 1/2 404	30T120CBC	30T120PYC	456 1/2	30T120PBA	30T120PYA	480 3/4	30T120CBA	30T120CYA	497 1/2	36T120PBC	36T120PYC 426 1/2	36T120CBC	36T120CYC	456 1/2 396 3/4	36T120PBA	36T120PYA	480 3/4 404	36T120CBA	36T120CYA	497 1/2 396 3/4	36T120FBC	36T120FYC	424 1/2 400 1/2					
		72	30T115PBC	30T115PYC	392 1/2 369 7/8	30T115CBC	30T115CYC	422 1/2 362 5/8	30T115PBA	30T115PYA	446 3/4 369 7/8	30T115CBA	30T115CYA	463 1/2	36T115PBC	392 1/2	36T115CBC	36T115CYC	422 1/2 362 5/8	36T115PBA	36T115PYA	446 3/4 369 7/8	36T115CBA	36T115CYA	463 1/2 362 5/8	36T115FBC	36T115FYC	390 1/2					
		70	30T110PBC	30T110PYC	358 1/2 335 3/4	30T110CBC	30T110CYC	388 1/2	30T110PBA	30T110PYA	412 3/4 335 3/4	30T110CBA	30T110CYA	429 1/2	36T110PBC	358 1/2	36T110CBC	36T110CYC	388 1/2 328 1/2	36T110PBA	36T110PYA	412 3/4 335 3/4	36T110CBA	36T110CYA	429 1/2 328 1/2	36T110FBC	36T110FYC	356 1/2	42T110WBC 42T110WYC	397 44	337	31 NA	16 NA
SNO		65	30T105PBC	30T105PYC	324 1/2 301 1/2	30T105CBC	30T105CYC	354	30T105PBA	30T105PYA	378 3/4	30T105CBC	30T105CYA	394	36T105PBC	324 1/5	36T105CBC	36T105CYC	354 294 1/4	36T105PBA	36T105PYA	378 3/4	36T105CBA	36T105CYA	394 294 1/4	36T105FBC	36T105CYC	322	42T105WBC 42T105WYC	363	303 303	31 NA	16
DIMENSI	ITY (MPH)	60 TL-3	30T100PBC	30T100PYC	290 1/2 267 1/2	30T100CBC	30T100CYC	320	30T100PBA	30T100PYA	344 3/4 267 1/2	30T100CBA	30T100CYA	361	36T100PBC	36T100PYC 290 1/2	36T100CBC	36T100CYC	320	36T100PBA	36T100PYA	344 3/4 267 1/2	36T100CBA	36T100CYA	361 260 1/4	36T100FBC	36T100FYC	288	42T100WBC 42T100WYC	329 44	51 269	31 NA	16
TAU-II FOUNDATION DIMENSIONS STANDARD UNITS - INCHES	SYSTEM SPEED CAPACITY (MPH)	55	30T090PBC	30T090PYC	256	30T090CBC	30T090CYC	286	30T090PBA	30T090PYA	310 1/4 233 3/8	30T090CBA	30T090CYA	327	36T090PBC	36T090PYC 256	36T090CBC	36T090CYC	286 226 1/8	36T090PBA	36T090PYA	310 1/4 233 3/8	36T090CBA	36T090CYA	327 226 1/8	36T090FBC	36T090FYC	254	42T090WBC 42T090WYC	295	51 235	31 NA	16 NA
IL TAU-II FOUNDA US STANDARD UNITS - INCHES	SYSTEMS	53	30T085PBC	30T085PYC	222 199 1/4	30T085CBC	30T085CYC	252	30T085PBA	30T085PYA	276 1/4	30T085CBA	30T085CYA	293	30T085PBC	30T085PYC 222	36T085CBC	36T085CYC	252 192	36T085PBA	36T085PYA	276 1/4 199 1/4	36T085CBA	36T085CYA	293	36T085FBC	36T085FYC	220 196					
NIVERSAL TA		20	30T080PBC	30T080PYC	188	30T080CBC	30T080CYC	217 1/2	30T080PBA	30T080PYA	242 1/4	30T080CBA	30T080CYA	258 1/2	36T080PBC	36T080PYC 188	36T080CBC	36T080CYC	217 1/2	36T080PBA	36T080PYA	242 1/4 165 1/8	36T080CBA	36T080CYA	258 1/2 157 7/8	36T080FBC	36T080FYC	185 1/2	42T080WBC 42T080WYC	227 44	51 167	31 NA	16
ONIV		40 TL-2	30T070PBC	30T070PYC	154	30T070CBC	30T070CYC	183 1/2	30T070PBA	30T070PYA	208 1/4	30T070CBA	30T070CYA	224 1/2	36T070PBC	36T070PYC 154	36T070CBC	36T070CYC	183 1/2	36T070PBA	36T070PYA	208 1/4	36T070CBA	36T070CYA	224 1/2 123 3/4	36T070FBC	36T070FYC	151 1/2	42T070WBC 42T070WYC	193 44	133	31 NA	16
		35	30T060PBC	30T060PYC	119 1/2 96 7/8	30T060CBC	30T060CYC	149 1/2	30T060PBA	30T060PYA	173 3/4 96 7/8	30T060CBA	30T060CYA	190 1/2	36T060PBC	36T060PYC 119 1/2	36T060CBC	36T060CYC	149 1/2 89 5/8	36T060PBA	36T060PYA	173 3/4 96 7/8	36T060CBA	36T060CYA	190 1/2 89 5/8	36T060FBC	36T060FYC	93 1/2	42T060WBC 42T060WYC	159 44	99	31 NA	16 MA
		30	30T050PBC	30T050PYC	85 1/2 62 3/4	30T050CBC	30T050CYC	115 1/2 55 1/2	30T050PBA	30T050PYA	139 3/4 62 3/4	30T050CBA	30T050CYA	156 1/2	36T050PBC	36T050PYC 85 1/2	36T050CBC	36T050CYC	115 1/2 55 1/2	36T050PBA	36T050PYA	139 3/4 62 3/4	36T050CBA	36T050CBA	156 1/2 55 1/2	36T050FBC	36T050FYC	83 1/2 59 1/2	42T050WBC 42T050WYC	125 44	51 65	31 NA	16 NA
		SYSTEM WIDTH (IN)	UP TO 30" PCB BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	UP TO 30" COMPACT BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	UP TO 30" ASPHALT PCB BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	UP TO 30" ASPHALT COMPACT BACKSTOP		L (in)	36" PCB BACKSTOP	L (in)	36" COMPACT BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	36" ASPHALT PCB BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	36" ASPHALT COMPACT BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	UP TO 36" PCC PAD FLUSH MOUNT BACKSTOP		L (in) P (in)	42" WF BACKSTOP	L (in) W1 (in)	W2 (in) P (in)	A (III) B (in) C (in) *	D (in)

DRAWING	NUMBER			A040108								9040408	2040								A040108									A040108									A040108			
	75																																									
	72																																									
	70	48T110WBC 48T110WYC	44	337	22	NA NA	16	AN	54T110WBC	397	44	51	33/	31	AN	16	SOT440MBC	60T110WYC	397	44	51	22/	31	AN (16 NA	66T110WRC	66T110WYC	363	44	303	22	54 3/4	16	41 3/4	72T110WBC	72T110WYC	329	75	269	22	27 3/4	16
	65	48T105WBC 48T105WYC	503	303	22	NA NA	16	NA	54T105WBC	363	44	51	303	31	NA	16	COTTOEWED	60T105WYC	363	44	51	303	31	NA.	16 NA	66T105WRC	66T106WYC	329	44	269	22	54 3/4	16	41 3/4	72T105WBC	72T105WYC	329	75	269	22	27 3/4	16
TY (MPH)	60 TL-3	48T100WBC 48T100WYC	328 44	269	22	NA A	16	NA	54T100WBC	320	44	51	269	31	NA.	16	NA COT400MBC	60T100WYC	329	44	51	203	31	V S	16 NA	66T100WBC	66T100WYC	295	44	235	22	54 3/4	16 3/4	41 3/4	72T100WBC	72T100WYC	295	75	235	22	27 3/4	16
SYSTEM SPEED CAPACITY (MPH)	55	48T090WBC 48T090WYC	282 44 2	235	22	NA NA	16	NA	54T090WBC	295	44	51	235	31	Ŋ	16	COTOGONADO	60T090WYC	295	44	51	230	31	¥,	16 NA	66T090WBC	66T090WYC	261	44	201	22	54 3/4	16	41 3/4	72T090WBC	72T090WYC	757	75	167	22	27 3/4	16
SYSTEMS	53																																									
	20	48T080WBC 48T080WYC	44	167	22	NA AN	16	AN	54T080WBC	541080WTC	44	51	797	31	NA	16	NA	60T080WYC	227	44	51	22/	31	AN .	16 NA	66T080WBC	66T080WYC	193	44	133	22	54 3/4	16 3/4	41 3/4	72T080WBC	72T080WYC	193	75	133	22	27 3/4	16
	40 TL-2	48T070WBC 48T070WYC	44 2	133	22	- SA	16	AN	54T070WBC	5410/0WTC	44	51	133	31	NA	16	NA	60T070WYC	193	44	51	22	31	NA.	16 NA	66T070WRC	66T070WYC	159	44	0 66	22	54 3/4	16	41 3/4	72T070WBC	72T070WYC	92	75	66	48 5/8	S AN	42 5/8 NA
	35	48T060WBC 48T060WYC	8 4 E	96	22	NA NA	16	NA	54T060WBC	150	44	51	66	31	NA	16	NA	60T060WYC	159	44	51	22	31	AN é	16 NA	GETOGOWAC	66T060WYC	125	69	65	48 5/8	54 3/4	42 5/8	NA	72T060WBC	72T060WYC	125	75	65	48 5/8	NA	42 5/8 NA
	30	48T050WBC 48T050WYC	44 2	65	22	NA A	16	NA	54T050WBC	541050WTC	44	51	92	31	NA	16	NA	60T050WYC	125	44	51	22	31	Y A	16 NA																	
	SYSTEM WIDTH (IN)	48" WF BACKSTOP	V(in)	WZ (III) P (in)	A (in)	G (in) *	D (in)	E (in) *	54" WF BACKSTOP	(aj)	W1 (in)	W2 (in)	A (in)	B (iii)	C (in) *	D (in)	E (III) *	10100000	L (in)	W1 (in)	W2 (in)	A (in)	B (in)	C (in) *	D (in) F (in) *	66" WF BACKSTOP		L (in)	W1 (in)	WZ (III)	A (in)	B (in)	D (ii)	E (in) *	72" WF BACKSTOP	- 17 1	W1 (in)	W2 (in)	P (in)	A (ii)	C (in) *	D (in) F (in) *

				STSIEM	SYSTEM SPEED CAPACITY (MPH)	II Y (MPH)					DRAWING
30	35	40 TL-2	20	53	55	60 TL-3	65	20	72	75	NUMBER
	78T060WBC	78T070WBC	78T080WBC		78T090WBC	78T100WBC	78T105WBC	78T110WBC			
	78T060WYC	78T070WYC	78T080WYC		78T090WYC	78T100WYC	78T105WYC	78T110WYC			
	125	159	193		227	295	329	329			
	60.2	25	90		44	44	44	44			
	72	00	133		167	235	280	269			A040108
	48 5/8	48 5/8	48 5/8		22	22	22	22			
	54 3/4	54 3/4	54 3/4		54 3/4	54 3/4	54 3/4	54 3/4			
	AA	AA	AA		27 3/4	27 3/4	27 3/4	27 3/4			
	42 5/8	42 5/8	42 5/8		16	16	16	16			
	ΑN	AA	NA		41 3/4	41 3/4	41 3/4	41 3/4			
		84T070WBC	84T080WBC		84T090WBC	84T100WBC	84T105WBC	84T110WBC			
		84T070WYC	84T080WYC		84T090WYC	84T100WYC	84T105WYC	84T110WYC			
		159	193		227	295	329	329			
		69	69		69	44	44	44			
		75	75		75	75	75	75			
		66	133		167	235	569	569			A040108
		48 5/8	48 5/8		48 5/8	22	22	22			
		54 3/4	54 3/4		54 3/4	54 3/4	54 3/4	54 3/4			
		AA	AA		AA	27 3/4	27 3/4	27 3/4			
		42 5/8	42 5/8		42 5/8	16	16	16			
		ΑA	NA		AA	41 3/4	41 3/4	41 3/4			
		90T070WBC	90T080WBC		90T090WBC	90T100WBC	90T105WBC	90T110WBC			
		90T070WYC	90T080WYC		90T090WYC	90T100WYC	90T105WYC	90T110WYC			
		159	193		227	295	329	329			
		69	69		69	44	44	44			
		55 65	99		98	66	66	66			A040108
		99 48 5/8	48 5/8		48 5/8	22	22	22			
		78 5/8	78 5/8		78 5/8	78 5/8	78 5/8	78 5/8			
		51 5/8	51 5/8		51 5/8	27 3/4	27 3/4	27 3/4			
		42 5/8	42 5/8		42 5/8	16	16	16			
		65 5/8	65 5/8		65 5/8	65 5/8	65 5/8	65 5/8			
		96T070WBC	96T080WBC		96T090WBC	96T100WBC	96T105WBC	96T110WBC			
		96T070WYC	96T080WYC		96T090WYC	96T100WYC	96T105WYC	96T110WYC			
		159	193		227	295	329	329			
		93	69		69	69	69	44			
		55 6	99		99	66	66	55			A040108
		72 6/0	133		40 5/0	0/2 0/4	203	203			
		78 5/8	78 5/8		78 5/8	78 5/8	78 5/8	78 5/8			
		AA	515/8		51 1/3	51 5/8	27 3/4	27 3/4			
		66 5/8	42 5/8		42 5/8	42 5/8	16	16			
		NA	65 5/8		65 5/8	65 5/8	65 5/8	65 5/8			
								102T110WBC			
								102T110WYC			
								329			
								69			
								66			9040400
								269			A040108
								48 5/8			
								51 5/8			
								42 5/8			
								0/2 20			

8242 7661 367105CBC 8991 7477 367105PBA 367105PBA	7379 6795 367100CBC 367100CPC 8128 6610 367100PBA	5928 7379 5928 5928 6795 5928 6795 59290CBC 36T100CBC 36T00CYC 5774 6610 5774 6610 59790PBA 36T100PBA 36	5639 6502 7379 5061 5928 6795 361085CBC 361090CBC 361100CBC 361085CYC 361090CYC 361100CYC 6401 7264 8128 6401 5744 6610	5639 6502 7379 5061 5928 6795 36T085CBC 36T090CBC 36T100CBC 36T085CYC 36T090CYC 36T100CYC 6401 7264 8128 4877 5744 6610	3327 4775 5639 6502 7379 1739
36T100CBA 36T105CBA 36T100CYA 36T105CBC 9169 10033 6610 7477 36T100FBC 36T105FBC 36T105FYC 36T105FWC 7315 8179 6706 7315 8179 42T100WPC 42T105WPC 42T100WPC 42T105WPC 1118 1118		361090PYA 7880 5928 361090CBA 361090CYA 8306 5744 361090FPC 6452 6452 6452 421090WBC 421090WBC 421090WBC 1483 1118 1195 5969	361085FBA 361090PBA 361085FBA 361090PYA 7017 7880 5061 5928 361085CBA 361090CBA 361085CBC 361090CVA 7442 8306 4877 5744 361085FBC 361090FBC 361085FYC 361090FYC 5588 6452 6458 6452 6458 6452 6458 6452 7493	BA 36T080PBA 36T085PBA 36T090PBA YA 36T080PYA 36T080PYA 36T090PYA 6153 7017 7880 4194 5061 5928 BA 36T080CBA 36T085CBA 36T080CBA YA 36T080CYA 36T080CYA 8306 GE66 7442 8306 4010 4877 5749 BC 36T080FBC 36T080FBC Y 36T080FYC 36T090FBC Y 36T080FYC 36T090FPC Y 4978 8642 BC 4712 5588 6452 A102 4978 427090WPC 427090WPC 75766 7493 7438 7438 7569 1118 1118 1128 1295 1295 1285 650 669	36T080FBA 36T080CBA 36T080CBA 36T080CBA 36T080CBA 36T080CBA 36T080FBC 36T0

DRAWING	NUMBER						00,00	A040108												A040108											0070707	A040108										A040108											A040108				
	120																																																								
	115																																																								
	110	48T110WBC	A0T440MVC	40004	10004	1118	1295	8560	529	787	AN	406	004	12	541110WBC	54T110WYC	10084	1118	1295	8560	559	787	NA	406	N VIV	COTATONIO	001110400	601110WYC	10084	1118	1295	8560	228	787	NA S	406	AN STORES	66T110WBC	66T110WYC	9220	1118	1905	080/	1301	705	406	1060	72T110WBC	72T110WYC	8357	1118	1905	6833	529	1391	705	1060
	105	48T105WBC	AOTADEMAN	0000	9220	118	1295	9692	529	787	AN	406	400	Y.	541105WBC	54T105WYC	9220	118	1295	7696	559	785	NA	406	VIV	COTTOCIATOR	COTTO	601105WYC	9220	118	1295	7696	529	787	NA S	406	AN	66T105WBC	66T105WYC	8357	1118	COSL	0833	1391	705	406	1060	72T105WBC	72T105WYC	8357	115	1905	6833	556	1391	705	1060
ту (КРН)	100 TL-3	48T100WBC	A0T400MVC	00557	0000	1118	1295	6833	529	787	Ν	408	400	XX.	541100WBC	54T100WYC	8357	1118	1295	6833	559	787	NA	406	O VIV	COT400MD	001100400	601100WYC	8357	1118	1295	6833	228	787	NA	406	AN	66T100WBC	66T100WYC	7493	1118	1902	8080	1301	705	406	1060	72T100WBC	72T100WYC	7493	1118	1905	5969	529	1391	705	1060
SYSTEM SPEED CAPACITY (KPH)	06	48T090WBC	CONTOCUTOR	7402	1490	1118	1295	5969	529	787	ΔN	406	400	Y.	541090WBC	54T090WYC	7493	1118	1295	5969	559	787	NA	406	S VIV	COTOCOTOS	COTOGOTOG	60T090WYC	7493	1118	1295	5969	228	787	NA	406	AN	66T090WBC	66T090WYC	6299	1118	1905	2010	1391	705	406	1060	72T090WBC	72T090WYC	5766	1118	1905	4242	529	1391	705	1060
SYSTEM (82																																																								
	80	48T080WBC	AOTOONIAVO	2000	27,00	1118	1295	4242	559	787	AN	308	904	X.	541080WBC	54T080WYC	9249	1118	1295	4242	559	787	NA	406	NA A	COTOCOLAGO	OCTOO	601080WYC	5766	1118	1295	4242	559	787	¥.	406	NA COLOR	66T080WBC	66T080WYC	4902	1118	1905	33/8	1391	705	406	1060	72T080WBC	72T080WYC	4902	1118	1905	3378	529	1391	705	1060
	70 TL-2	48T070WBC	ANTOTOTOK	2000	4440	1118	1295	3378	529	787	ΔN	AOA	400	Y.	541070WBC	54T070WYC	4902	1118	1295	3378	559	787	AN	406	NA A	COTOTOTO	001010100	601070WYC	4902	1118	1295	3378	228	787	NA	406	AN	66T070WBC	66T070WYC	4039	1118	1905	2010	1301	705	406	1060	72T070WBC	72T070WYC	4039	1753	1905	2515	1235	1391	A S	AN
	09	48T060WBC	AOTOGOMAN	4030	4029	1118	1295	2515	559	787	NA	408	400	XX.	541060WBC	54T060WYC	4039	1118	1295	2515	559	787	NA	406	NA A	COTOCOMO	OCTOO	601060WYC	4039	1118	1295	2515	528	787	NA S	406	AN	66T060WBC	66T060WYC	3175	1/53	1902	1001	1391	NA	1083	AN	72T060WBC	72T060WYC	3175	1753	1905	1651	1235	1391	AN A	NA
	20	48T050WBC	AOTOROMANO	2475	2170	1118	1295	1651	559	787	ΔN	406	400	12	541050WBC	54T050WYC	3175	1118	1295	1651	559	787	NA	406	S VIV	COTOCOLAIDO	COTOTOTOTO	601050WYC	3175	1118	1295	1651	228	787	NA	406	NA A																				
	SYSTEM WIDTH (mm)	1220mm WF BACKSTOP		(money)	L (IIIII)	(mm) LM	WZ (mm)	P (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	(mm)	((((((((((((((((((((D (MM)	C (IIIIII)	1370mm WF BACKSTOP		L (mm)	W1 (mm)	W2 (mm)	P (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	(mm)	4625mm WE BACKETOD	DESCRIPTION IN DESCRIPTION		L (mm)	(mm) M	W2 (mm)	P (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)	1675mm WF BACKSTOP		L (mm)	W1 (mm)	WZ (mm)	P (mm)	B (mm)	(mm) C	D (mm)	E (mm)	1830mm WF BACKSTOP		L (mm)	W1 (mm)	W2 (mm)	P (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	E (mm)

					SYSTEM 8	SYSTEM SPEED CAPACITY (KPH)	іту (КРН)					DRAWING
SYSTEM WIDTH (mm)	20	09	70 TL-2	80	85	06	100 TL-3	105	110	115	120	NUMBER
1980mm WF BACKSTOP		78T060WBC	78T070WBC	78T080WBC		78T090WBC	78T100WBC	78T105WBC	78T110WBC			
		78T060WYC	78T070WYC	78T080WYC		78T090WYC	78T100WYC	78T105WYC	78T110WYC			
L (mm)		3175	4039	4902		5766	7493	8357	8357			
W1 (mm)		1753	1753	1753		1118	1118	1118	1118			
W2 (mm)		1905	1905	1905		1905	1905	1905	1905			904040
P (mm)		1651	2515	3378		4242	5969	6833	6833			A040108
A (mm)		1235	1235	1235		229	558	558	228			
D (IIIII)		801	1821	1981		1391	705	705	1391			
C (mm)		1083	1083	1083		406	406	406	406			
E (mm)		NA	NA	NA		1060	1060	1060	1060			
2135mm WF BACKSTOP			84T070WBC	84T080WBC		84T090WRC	84T100WRC	84T105WRC	84T110WRC			
1000000 IA IIII			84T070WVC	84T080WVC		8AT090MVC	84T100MVC	84T105WVC	84T110MVC			
(mm)			4030	7007		5766	7403	8357	8357			
M(4 (mm)			1753	1753		1753	1118	118	1118			
(MIIII)			1005	1005		1005	1005	1005	1005			
P (mm)			2515	3378		4242	5060	6833	6833			A040108
A (mm)			1235	1235		1235	559	559	559			
B (mm)			1391	1391		1391	1391	1391	1391			
C (mm)			NA	NA		NA	705	705	705			
D (mm)			1083	1083		1083	406	406	406			
E (mm)			AA	Ą		AA	1060	1060	1060			
2285mm WF BACKSTOP			90T070WBC	90T080WBC		90T090WBC	90T100WBC	90T105WBC	90T110WBC			
			90T070WYC	90T080WYC		90T090WYC	90T100WYC	90T105WYC	90T110WYC			
L (mm)			4039	4902		5766	7493	8357	8357			
W1 (mm)			1753	1753		1753	1118	1118	1118			
W2 (mm)			2515	2515		2515	2515	2515	2515			0070707
P (mm)			2515	3378		4242	5969	6633	6833			A040108
A (mm)			1235	1235		1235	222	2004	222			
D (mm)			1311	1311		1311	705	705	705			
D (mm)			1083	1083		1083	408	408	408			
E (mm)			1667	1667		1667	1667	1667	1667			
2440mm WF BACKSTOP			96T070WBC	96T080WBC		96T090WBC	96T100WBC	96T105WBC	96T110WBC			
			96T070WYC	96T080WYC		96T090WYC	96T100WYC	96T105WYC	96T110WYC			
L (mm)			4039	4902		9249	7493	8357	8357			
W1 (mm)			2362	1753		1753	1753	118	1118			
W2 (mm)			2515	2515		2515	2515	2515	2515			0070700
P (mm)			2515	3378		4242	2969	6833	6833			2040100
B (mm)			1997	1997		1997	1997	1997	1997			
C (mm)			AA	1311		1305	1311	705	705			
D (mm)			1692	1083		1083	1083	406	406			
E (mm)			NA	1667		1667	1667	1667	1667			
2590mm WF BACKSTOP									102T110WBC			
									102T110WYC			
L (mm)									8357			
W1 (mm)									1753			
WZ (mm)									2515			A040108
A (mm)									1235			
B (mm)									1997			
C (mm)									1311			
D (mm)									1083			
E (mm)									1667			

APPENDIX D

TRANSITIONS

There are a variety of transition options available for the TAU-II system. The system was designed to be compatible with a variety of generic transitions already available to the industry.

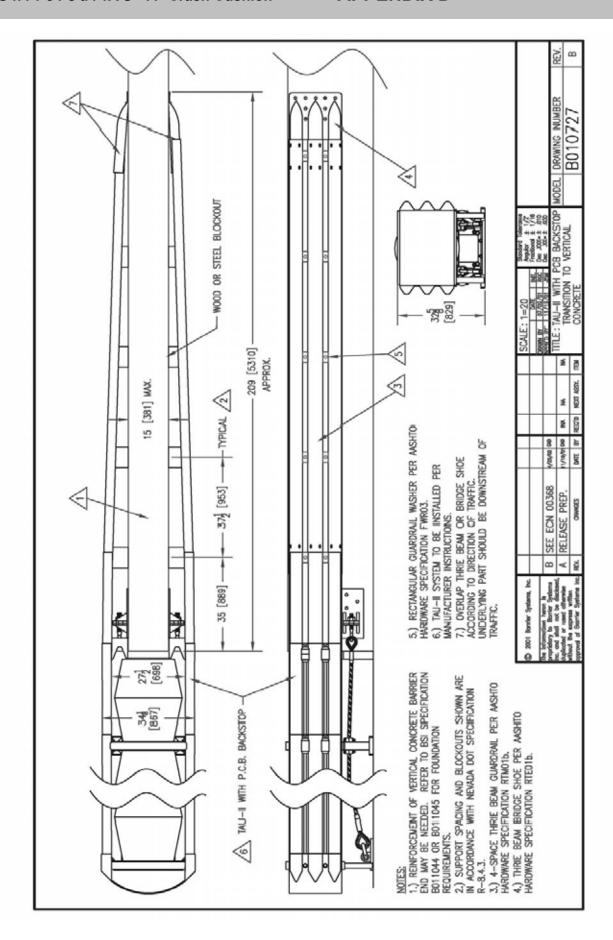
Placement and installation of the TAU-II system and transitions must be accomplished in accordance with the guidelines and recommendations set forth in the "AASHTO Roadside Design Guide," FHWA memoranda and other state and local standards.

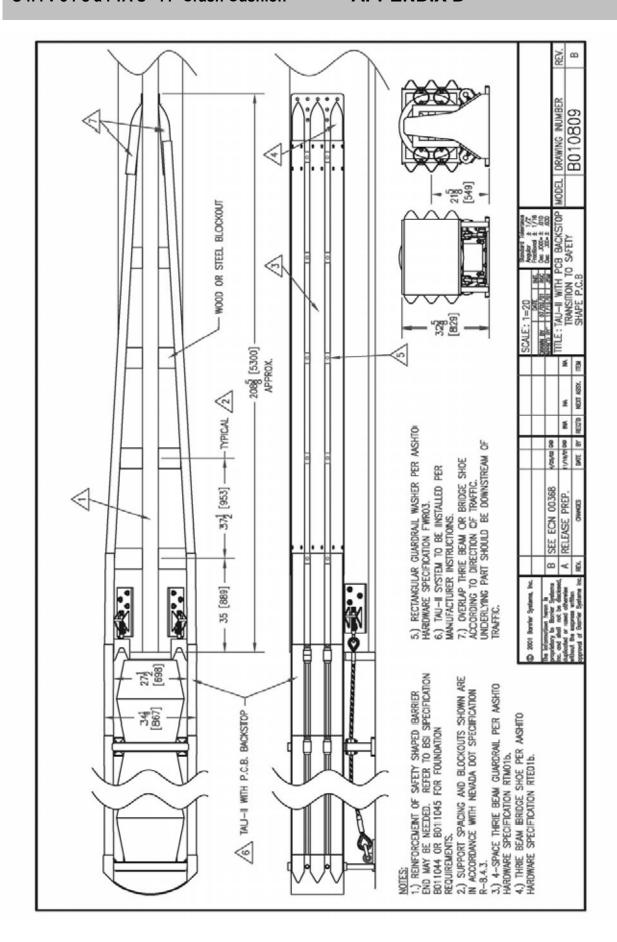
There are different transition configurations depending on which backstop you are using (Compact or P.C.B.). Transition options for either of the backstop systems are shown in the following drawings. **DRAWINGS**

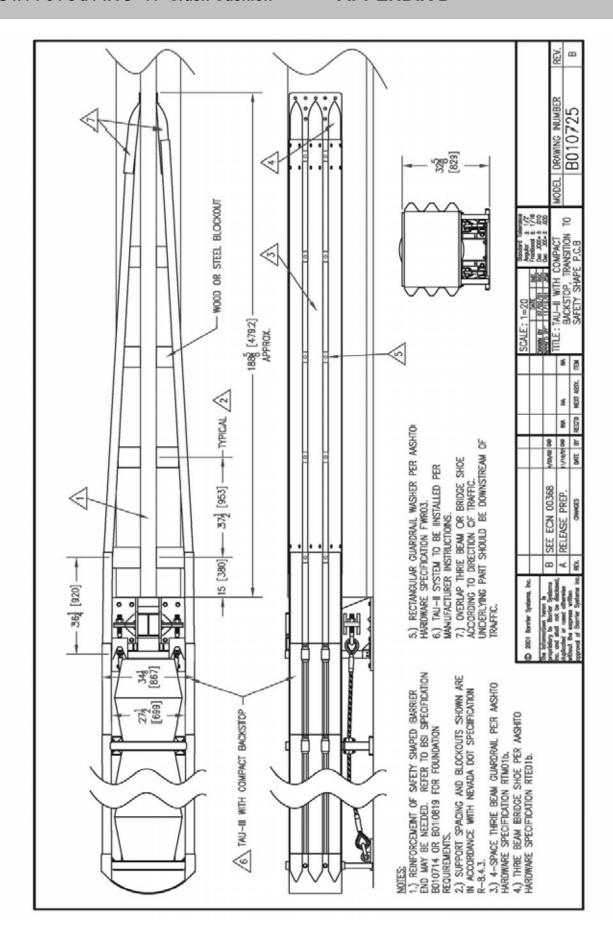
DWG# B010727
PCB Backstop to Safety Shape PCB 65 DWG# B10809
Compact Backstop to Safety Shape PCB 66 DWG# B010725
Compact Backstop to Safety Shape PCB One Side
Compact backstop to Safety shape PCB Offset 68 DWG# B010726
Compact Backstop to Concrete End Shoe 69 DWG# B010806
Compact Backstop to Thrie Beam Rail 70 DWG# B010724
Compact Backstop to W-Beam Rail 71 DWG# B010728
Transition to Median Barrier
Transition to Concrete Block
Wide System to Bridge Pier with Concrete Barrier
Transition to Cylindrical Bridge Pier 75

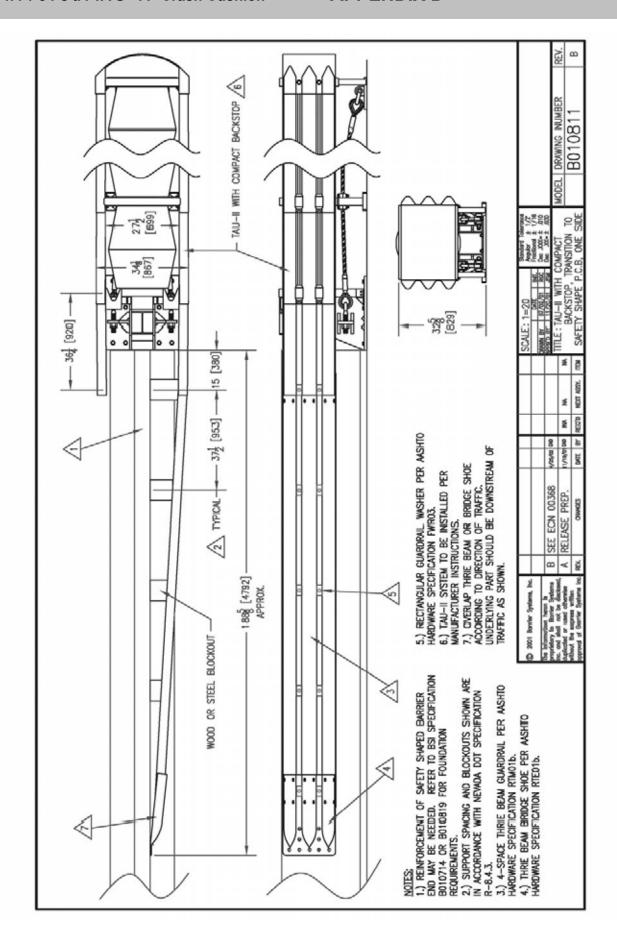
PCB Backstop to Vertical Concrete 64

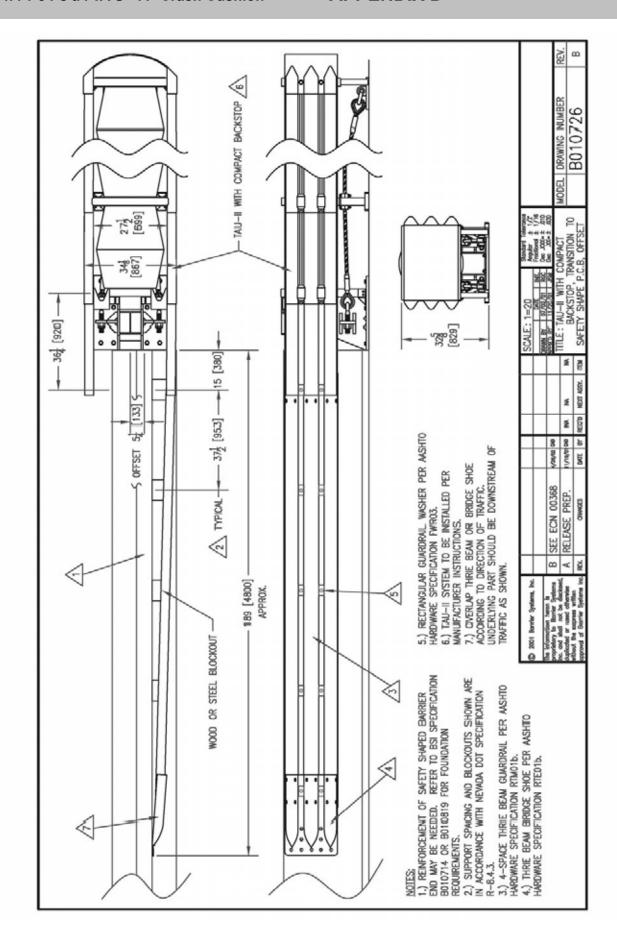
DWG#AP070301

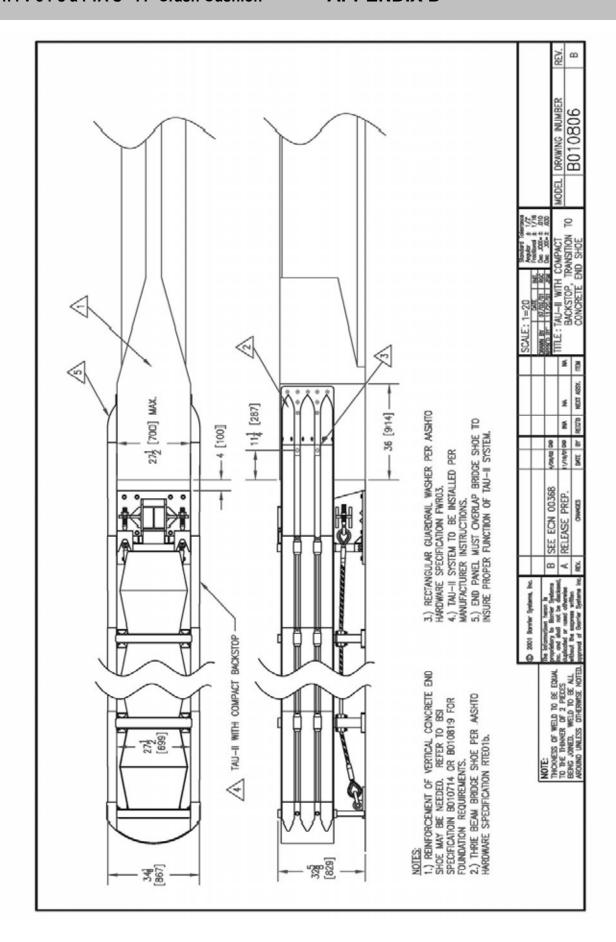


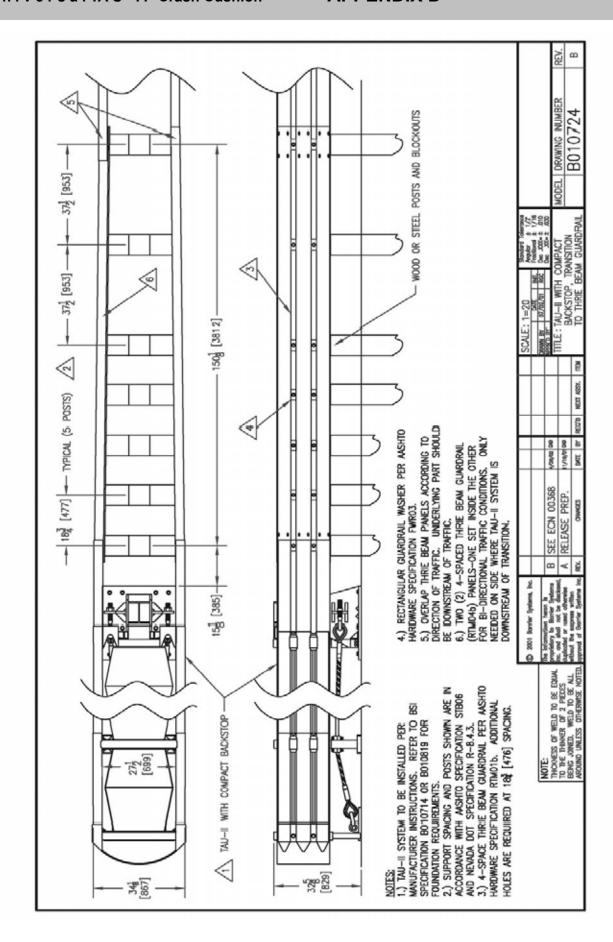


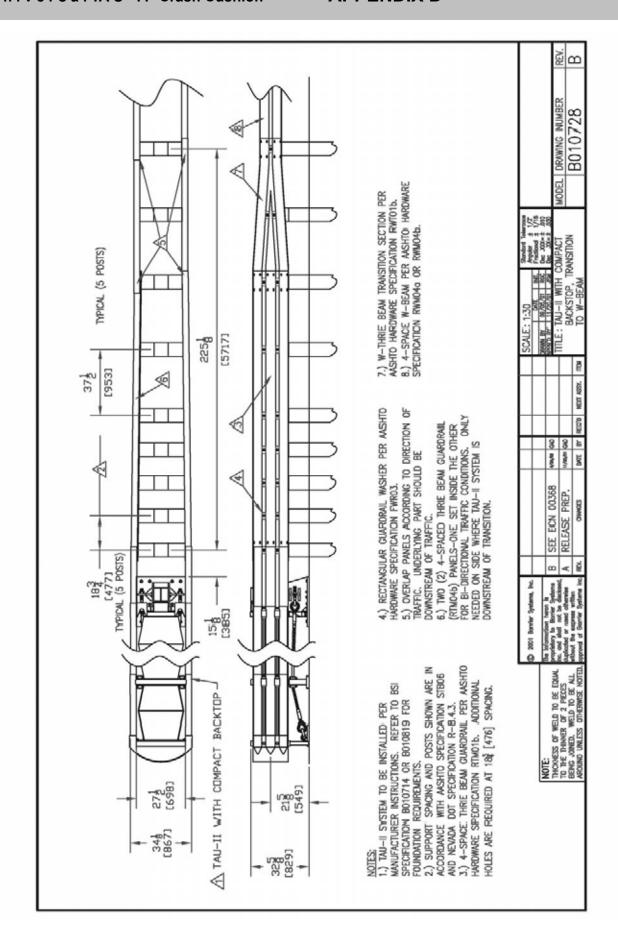


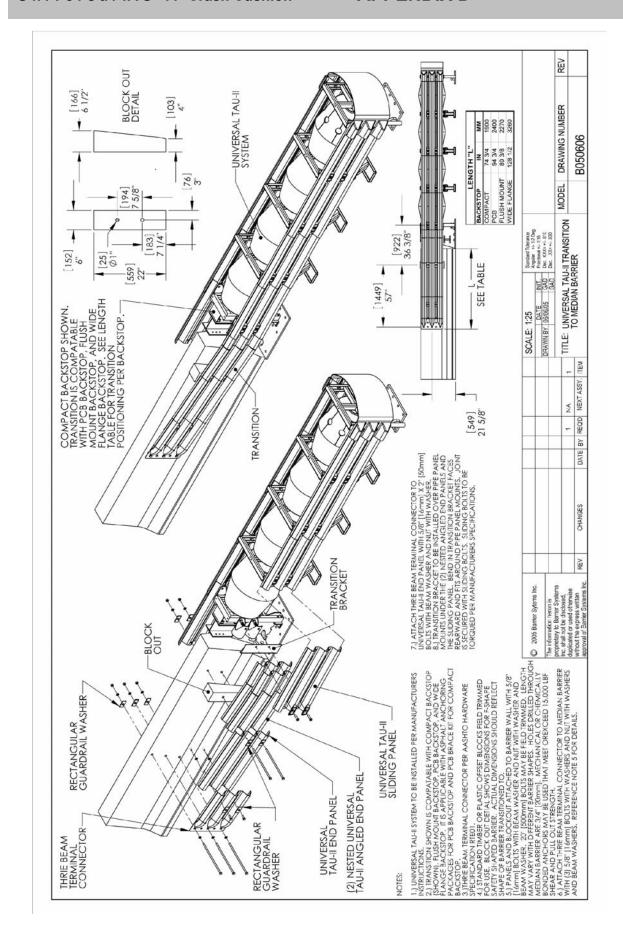


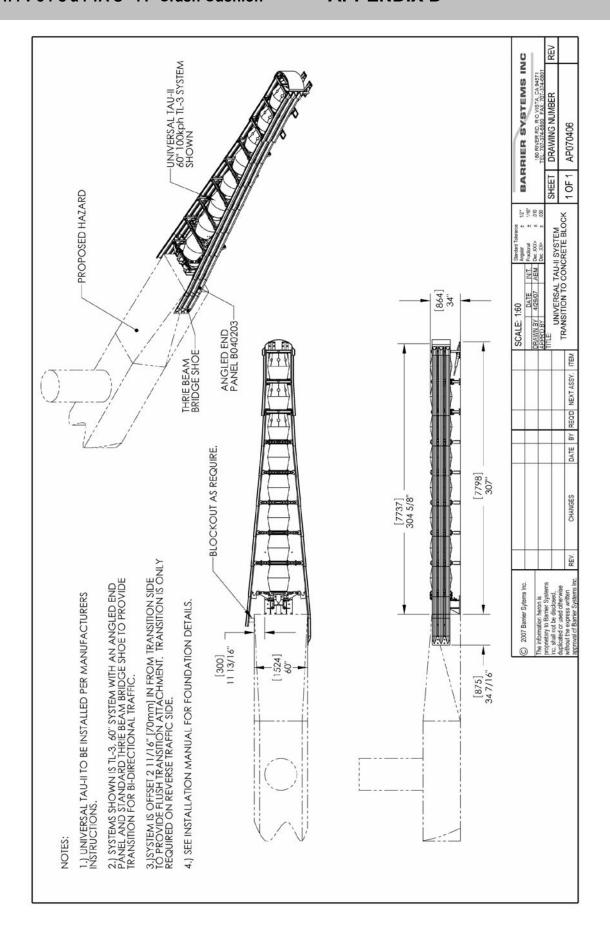


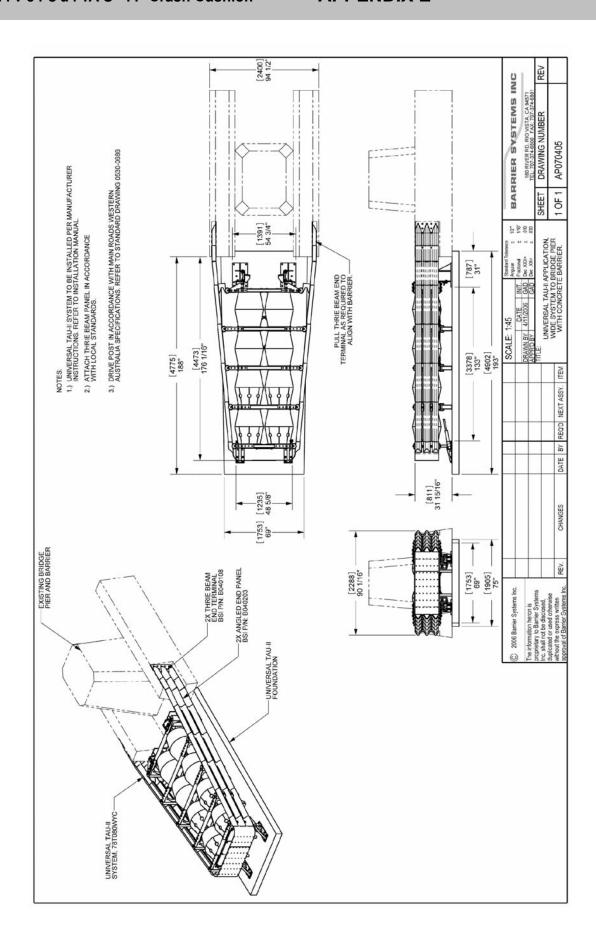


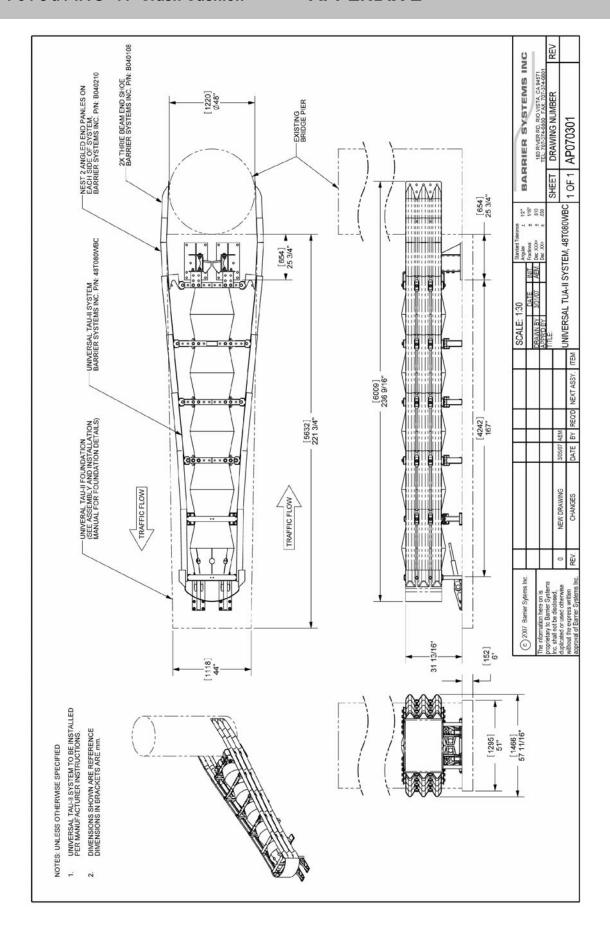












Universal TAU-II[®] Attachment to BarrierGuard 800[™] Installation Guide

Refer to the Universal TAU-II Installation and Maintenance Manual for more information, introduction, system overview, required tools, and other considerations for the Universal TAU-II systems.

The Universal TAU-II system is installed after the BarrierGuard 800 is fully deployed, installed, and anchored. Reference the BarrierGuard 800 Design, Installation, and Maintenance Manual for complete information on the BarrierGuard 800 barrier system implementation and installation.

The Universal TAU-II system utilizes a monolithic backstop that bolts directly in place of the terminal cover of the BarrierGuard 800. The front cable anchor remains as the only foundation anchorage required for the Universal TAU-II system. The front cable anchor is to be anchored to the same foundation type as the end of the BarrierGuard 800 that it is attached to (PC Concrete or Asphaltic Concrete). Anchorage shall be in accordance with BSI specifications A040113.

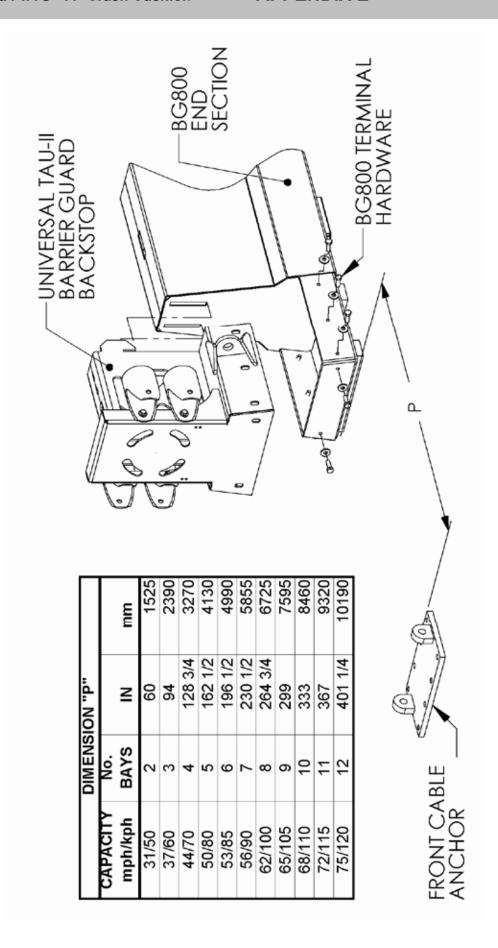
Installation Procedure: Each Procedure references a page number from the Universal TAU-II Installation Manual for further information —

- 1.) Remove terminal cover from BarrierGuard 800 end section (if in place).
- 2.) Install and fasten Universal TAU-II Barrier-Guard 800 Backstop in place. (See diagram on next page).
- 3.) Locate and position Front Cable anchor (see below). Drill and secure the appropriate anchors for the foundation used per BSI specification A040113. Use the Front Cable anchor as the drilling template. Use a BSI approved anchoring compound. See pages 12 &13.
- 4.) Place the Middle Bulkheads along the centerline of the system spaced approximately 34" [865mm] apart. See page 13.
- 5.) Thread the guide Cables through the legs of the

Middle Bulkheads, threaded end first, starting from the front of the system. Loosely place the threaded end into the backstop lugs and spin the nut on to hold it in place. See pages 13 & 14.

- 6.) Pin the guide Cables to the Front Cable Anchor with the shackles. See page 14.
- 7.) Install Cable Guides. See pages 14 & 15.
- 8.) Attach Pipe Panel Mounts. See page 15.
- Install the End Panels and first Slider Panels starting at the Pipe Panel Mounts. If a transition is to be installed the End Panel will be replaced by the Angled End Panel. See page 16 & 72.
- 10.) Install Slider Panels. Start from the back of the system and move forward, overlapping the rearward panel. Secure the panels in place with the Slider Bolts. See pages 16 & 17.
- 11.) Install the Front Support, attach the Slider Panels, Nose Cover, and Leg Supports and connect to the first Middle Support with Slider Bolts. See page 18.
- Torque Slider Bolts and Front Panel Bolts and install Energy Absorbing Cartridges. See page 19.
- Apply tension to cables Torque to specification. Ensure foundation anchors are properly cured. See page 20.

(See Installation Diagram on Next Page)



Notes

APPENDIX E

Notes











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180 River Road • Rio Vista, CA 94571 • +1 707.374.6800 U.S. Toll Free: 888.800.3691 • www.barrriersystemsinc.com Installation manual details for the TAU-II System are subject to change without notice to reflect improvements and upgrades. Additional information is available from Barrier Systems Sales and Service © Lindsay Transportation Solutions