

## County of Fresno

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING STEVEN E. WHITE, DIRECTOR

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS**

APPLICANT: Gerrit Roeloffs

APPLICATION NOS.: Initial Study No. 7641 and Classified Conditional Use Permit

Application No. 3651

DESCRIPTION: Allow expansion of an existing pre-October 23, 2007 cattle

feedlot to a total of 8,000 heads of cattle on an 88.77-acre parcel in the AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum

parcel size) Zone District.

LOCATION: The project site is located at the southwest corner of West

Annadale Avenue and South Chateau Fresno Avenue, easterly adjacent to the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility (APN 327-200-10) (2585 S. Chateau

Fresno, Fresno, CA).

#### I. AESTHETICS

Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project:

- A. Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista; or
- B. Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

According to Figure OS-2 of the Fresno County General Plan there are no scenic roadways or highways located near or fronting the project site. The project site is located in an agricultural area with the Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility located directly east of the project site. There were no scenic vistas of scenic resources identified on or near the project site. Additionally, the project site is already improved with a feedlot. Based on the no identified scenic vista or resource and the presence of the existing feedlot, the project will have a less than significant impact resulting from the proposed expansion.

C. In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized

area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The subject site is already improved with a cattle feedlot. New development associated with the proposal includes the construction of calf hutches and corral shades. The surrounding area is utilized mainly for agricultural purposes with single family residential units located throughout the area. It should also be noted that directly east of the project site is the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility. In considering the existing nature of the feedlot and development associated with the proposal, a less than significant impact is seen. Increased development of the site will degrade the visual character of the site, but due to the agricultural nature of the operation and surrounding development, the project is not considered to be substantially degrading the visual character of the area.

D. Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED:

Per the Applicant's Operational Statement, the operation utilizes outdoor lighting. A Mitigation Measure will be implemented to reduce glare that would be produced from the utilization of outdoor lighting.

#### \* Mitigation Measure(s)

1. All outdoor lighting shall be hooded and directed downward so as not to shine on adjacent properties or public right-of-way.

#### II. AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY RESOURCES

In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:

- A. Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance, as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use; or
- B. Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?

#### FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to the 2016 Fresno County Important Farmlands Map, the project site is designated Confined Animal Agriculture. The subject parcel is subject to the Williamson Act Program under Contract No. 5654. The Policy Planning Section of the Department of Public Works and Planning has reviewed the proposal and required that a Statement of Intended Use be submitted for review and approval. Review of the submitted Statement of Intended Use, the project complies with the requirements and provisions of the Williamson Act.

- C. Conflict with existing zoning for forest land, timberland or timberland zoned Timberland Production; or
- D. Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The project site is not located in area zoned for forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production and will not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use.

E. Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The subject project site is already improved with a feedlot operation. The expansion will not result in the conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use as the facility is agricultural in nature and has not resulted in conversion of additional land during its existence. The project will not result in the conversion of forest land to non-forest use.

#### III. AIR QUALITY

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

- A. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable Air Quality Plan; or
- B. Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard; or

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD) has established thresholds for criteria pollutants which are 10 tons per year for Reactive Organic Gasses (ROG), Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), 100 tons per year for Carbon Monoxide (CO), 27 tons per year for Sulfur Dioxide (SO2), and 15 tons per year for PM 2.5 and PM 10. An Air Quality Analysis prepared for the proposed expansion determined that an increase in criteria pollutants would occur from construction and operation, but not exceed thresholds established by SJVAPCD. The SJVAPCD has reviewed the modeling and results of the Air Quality Analysis and did not express concern with the determinations made in the analysis to indicate that the project will conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable Air Quality Plan or result in a cumulatively considerable increase in criteria pollutants.

- C. Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations; or
- D. Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The SJVAPCD has reviewed the application and determined that the project is subject to Rule 4102 of the SJVAPCD for nuisance abatement should the project create a public nuisance. The subject application is for a cattle feedlot which will produce odors that could adversely affect a substantial number of people. Surrounding properties and uses indicate that minimal sensitive receptors would be affected by the proposed expansion. Therefore, a less than significant impact is seen as there is minimal sensitive receptors located in close proximity of the project site that could be adversely impacted by the project proposal and if a nuisance were to be reported to the SJVAPCD, the operator would be required to address nuisance or be subject to District enforcement action. A Health Risk Assessment (HRA) was also conducted by the applicant to determine adverse impacts the operation could have on sensitive receptors. The HRA concluded that the operation will not exceed thresholds established by the SJVAPCD. The SJVAPCD has reviewed the application and did not express concern to indicate that the project would result in adverse impacts related to odors or pollutant concentrations that would adversely impact a substantial number of people.

#### IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Would the project:

- A. Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service; or
- B. Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

#### FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to the California Natural Diversity Database, the project site is not located within any reported occurrence areas of a candidate, sensitive, or special state species. Neither the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) nor the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) express concerns with the project to indicate and adverse effect on candidate, sensitive, or special-status species. There were no riparian habitats or other sensitive natural communities identified on or near the project site that could be affected by the proposal. The subject parcel is already improved with a cattle feedlot, therefore it is unlikely that a special status species would occupy the site and the is no indication of a riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community.

C. Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally-protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to the National Wetlands Inventory, the subject site is located near an identified Lake. Upon further investigation, the identified lake is the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility located directly east of the project site. Although identified as a lake, the wastewater treatment facility is a manmade facility and is not considered a protected wetland. The project proposal will be confined to the subject parcel and have no effect on the treatment facility located directly east of the project site.

D. Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

There are no identified migratory wildlife corridor or native wildlife nursery site located on the project site. The project site is already improved with a cattle feedlot operation and the project proposal will not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or species.

- E. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance; or
- F. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state Habitat Conservation Plan?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

There were no identified policies, ordinances, or plans that the project proposal would conflict with. CDFW and USFWS did not express any concerns with the proposal to

indicate that the project would conflict with any provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved Habitat Conservation Plan.

#### V. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Would the project:

- A. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to Section 15064.5; or
- B. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5; or
- C. Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED:

The project proposal does include the provision of ground disturbance on an already disturbed site from the existing improvements related to the operating cattle feedlot. With the presence of the existing operation, the presence of cultural resources is not likely, but a mitigation measure will be implemented in the event that resources are unearthed during ground-disturbance related to the project proposal.

#### \* Mitigation Measure(s)

1. In the event that cultural resources are unearthed during ground-disturbing activities, all work shall be halted in the area o the find. An archeologist shall be called to evaluate the findings and make any necessary mitigation recommendations. If human remains are unearthed during ground-disturbing activities, no further disturbance is to occur until the Fresno County Sheriff-Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin and disposition. All normal evidence procedures should be followed by photos, reports, videos, etc. If such remains are determined to be Native American, the Sheriff-Coroner must notify the Native American Commission within 24 hours.

#### VI. ENERGY

Would the project:

- A. Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation; or
- B. Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The proposed structures involved with the proposal will be subject to the current building code, which take into account energy efficiency. An increase in energy consumption is expected with the provision of new structures, but is not expected to result in wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. The project will be subject to the current standards when applying for a building permit and will be subject to the most current state and local plans for renewable energy or energy efficiency, therefore, the project will not conflict with or obstruct state or local plans for renewable energy and energy efficiency.

#### VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

Would the project:

- A. Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
  - 1. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to Figure 9-2 and 9-3 of the Fresno County General Plan Background Report (FCGPBR) and the Earthquake Hazard Zone Application by the California Department of Conservation, the project site is not located on or near identified earthquake hazard zones.

- 2. Strong seismic ground shaking?
- 3. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to Figure 9-5 of the FCGPBR, the project site is not located on or near areas identified as being in a probabilistic seismic hazard area with peak horizontal ground acceleration. Therefore, the project is not subject to strong seismic ground shaking or seismic-related ground failure that would adversely affect the site.

4. Landslides?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to Figure 9-6 of the FCGPBR, the project site is not located within areas of the County that are subject to landslide hazards. The subject property is located in a considerably flat area that is utilized for agricultural operations and a wastewater treatment facility located directly east of the project site.

B. Result in substantial soil erosion or loss of topsoil?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

Per Figure 7-3 and 7-4 of the FCGPBR, the project site is not located in identified erosion hazard areas throughout Fresno County. The proposed improvements throughout the site will result in a minimal loss of topsoil. The subject site is located on flat agricultural land and will not result in substantial soil erosion and will have a less than significant impact on the environment due to the minimal loss of topsoil.

C. Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

No geologic unit or unstable soil has been identified on the project site that would become unstable as a result of the project. Additionally, the subject site has already been improved with a cattle feedlot operation and the proposed expansion is not expected to adversely effect the underlying soil conditions of the site.

D. Be located on expansive soil as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Figure 7-1 of the FCGPBR depicts identified expansive soil areas throughout Fresno County. The project site is not located in any identified expansive soil areas depicted in Figure 7-1.

E. Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Per the Applicant's Operational Statement, the proposal does not include the provision of additional septic systems or alternative wastewater disposal systems. As there is no proposal of additional septic systems or alternative wastewater disposal systems, no impact is seen.

F. Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

There were no unique paleontological or unique geologic resource identified on the project site or being affected by the project proposal.

#### VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Would the project:

- A. Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment; or
- B. Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The estimated greenhouse gas emissions for project operation is 14.7 metric tons a year of CH4, 0.17 metric tons a year of N20, and 3,866.18 metric tons a year of CO2 emissions. Review of the estimated emissions did not raise concern with reviewing agencies and departments. Under the guidelines for greenhouse gas emissions provided by the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD), a less than significant impact can be seen if best practice standards are implemented or if a 29% reduction in emissions compared to the business as usual baseline period is attained. Although best practice standards and a percentage reduction were not identified, the SJVAPCD reviewed the analysis conducted by the Applicant and did not raise concern to indicate that greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the proposed expansion will generate emissions that may have a significant impact on the environment or that the expansion will conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing emissions of greenhouse gasses.

#### VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Would the project:

- A. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials; or
- B. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The proposed expansion of the existing use is not expected to create a significant hazard to the public or environment as the use does not transport, use, or dispose hazardous materials. The proposed expansion would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through upset or accident conditions involving release of hazardous materials into the environment. The proposed expansion will result in the increase in waste produced from the cattle. A Waste Management Plan (WMP) has been provided by the Applicant detailing the waste generated by the existing use and increase resulting from the expansion, and treatment of waste. The concluded that the existing wastewater storage capacity can efficiently handle the proposed expansion,

therefore it can be seen that wastewater produced from the project is properly handled and would not create hazardous conditions to the public or environment.

C. Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

There are no existing or proposed schools within a one-quarter mile of the project site. For reference, the Houghton-Kearney K-8 School is located approximately 10,355 feet northwest of the project site. The project would not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous materials that would affect any school site.

D. Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to the NEPAssist database, there are no listed hazardous materials site located within a half-mile radius of the subject site. The subject site is not a listed hazardous materials site therefore the project would not result or create a significant hazard to the public or the environment.

E. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The project site is not located within two miles of a public airport or public use airport.

- F. Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan; or
- G. Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Reviewing agencies and departments did not express concern with the subject expansion project to indicate the project resulting in impairment of implementation or physically interfering with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. The project site is located in an agricultural region and also abuts the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility. The project will not result in exposure of people structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires.

#### X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

Would the project:

- A. Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality; or
- B. Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED:

Review of the application by the State Water Resources Control Board, Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the Water and Natural Resources Division did not produce any concerns to indicate that the project would result in violation of water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. The project will result in an increase in waste discharge or water usage and will include the usage of wastewater storage ponds. A Waste Management Plan, also reviewed by the listed agencies and departments, concluded that existing improvements related to waste and wastewater management have the capacity to service the proposed expansion. The Regional Water Quality Control Board noted that existing permits for the facility will need to be changed to reflect their current operation of a Bovine Feeding Operation. No reviewing agency or department indicated that the expansion would substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere with groundwater recharge. Per the Regional Water Quality Control Board, the existing operation is currently operating under a waste discharge permit for dairy operations and based on the proposal, should rescind the current permit and apply for the waste discharge permit for bovine feeding operations. This requirement shall be included as a mitigation measure to ensure that the operation does not violate waste discharge requirements and meet requirements set forth by the Regional Water Quality Control Board.

#### \* <u>Mitigation Measure(s)</u>

- 1. The subject facility is currently enrolled under the Waste Discharge Requirements General Order for Existing Milk Cow Dairies (Dairy General Order) through the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Per the operational statement, there is currently no milking operation at the subject facility, therefor under such circumstances, rescission of coverage under the Dairy General Order should be requested and the discharger should obtain coverage under "Waste Discharge Requirements General Order for Confined Bovine Feeding Operations".
- C. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on or off site?
  - 1. Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

#### FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The expansion proposes to construct calf-hutches and shade corrals. The addition of the proposed structures are expected to have a minimal increase in impervious surfaces that would effect erosion and siltation of the site and is expected to have an effect on the drainage pattern of the site. The proposed improvements will be subject to current building code and grading standards to ensure compliance with County standards, therefore it can be seen that the project will not result in substantial erosion or siltation. Per the site plan, the operation is serviced by wastewater retention ponds and per the submitted Waste Management Plan, the increase in cattle will not exceed capacity of their existing facilities.

- 2. Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite?
- 3. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

A Waste Management Plan (WMP) has been prepared for the subject expansion and indicates that the proposal will not exceed capacity of existing wastewater retention ponds servicing the operation. Review of the WMP indicates that the surface runoff will not result in flooding of the site and will not exceed the capacity of the retention ponds. Additional maintenance practices are also addressed in the WMP to ensure that the wastewater retention ponds do not fail.

4. Impede or redirect flood flows?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to FEMA FIRM Panel C2100H, the subject side is located in area designated Zone X, Area of Minimal Flood Hazard. Therefore, it can be seen that development under the project proposal will not impede or redirect flood flows.

D. In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Per FEMA FIRM Panel C2100H, the subject site is located in area designated Zone X, Area of Minimal Flood Hazard and is not subject to flood hazards. There are no bodies of water located near the project site to indicate increased risk from a tsunami or seiche zone hazard.

E. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Agency/department review of the proposal and supporting documents did not indicate the project would conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan. Per the Regional Water Quality Control Board, the described project will be required to rescind their current discharge permit and update to reflect the existing operation. This requirement is included as a mitigation measure. Based on the review, the project will not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan of sustainable groundwater management plan.

#### XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING

Would the project:

A. Physically divide an established community?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The subject application requests to expand an existing cattle feedlot operation. The project will not physically divide an established community.

B. Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The subject parcel is enrolled in the Williamson Act Program. The proposed expansion was required under the provisions of the Williamson Act Program to submit a Statement of Intended Use for review and determination that the proposed use is compatible with the Williamson Act Program. A Statement of Intended Use was submitted and reviewed by the Policy Planning Section for compliance of the proposed CUP with provisions of the Williamson Act Program and it was determined that the proposed use is compliant with the Williamson Act Program.

Identified policies of the Fresno County General Plan allow by discretionary permit in areas designated agricultural, special agricultural uses and agriculturally-related activities, including value-added processing facilities and certain non-agricultural uses. Approval of theses and similar uses in areas designated as Agricultural is subject to defined criteria. Review of those criteria does not indicate that the project conflicts with this policy and would not create a significant environmental impact.

#### XII. MINERAL RESOURCES

Would the project:

- A. Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state; or
- B. Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local General Plan, Specific Plan or other land use plan?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Per Figure 7-7 and 7-8 of the Fresno County General Plan Background Report, the project is not located on or near identified mineral resource locations or principal mineral producing locations.

#### XIII. NOISE

Would the project result in:

- A. Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies; or
- B. Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The subject operation is located in an agricultural area with the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility located directly east of the project site. The closest sensitive receptor to the project area is a single-family residence located approximately 720 feet south. Temporary increases in noise levels are expected from project construction and a permanent increase in noise levels will occur with the allowance of additional cattle on the operation. The Fresno County Noise Ordinance is in effect that requires operations to be in compliance with acceptable noise thresholds. The Department of Public Health, Environmental Health Division has reviewed the subject application and did not express concern with the proposed expansion in terms of the proposal having a significant increase on noise levels that would exceed thresholds of the adopted Fresno County Noise Ordinance. The increase in noise levels from temporary construction and permanent expansion of cattle is not likely to exceed thresholds of the Fresno County Noise Ordinance, therefore a less than significant impact is seen.

C. For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels; or

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The subject property is not located within two miles of a private airstrip, airport land use plan, public airport, or public use airport.

#### XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING

Would the project:

- A. Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?; or
- B. Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The subject application proposes to expand an existing cattle feedlot operation to allow additional cattle and construct additional improvements. The project will not induce substantial population growth in the are nor will it displace numbers of existing people or housing necessitating construction of replacement housing.

#### XV. PUBLIC SERVICES

Would the project:

- A. Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically-altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically-altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services?
  - 1. Fire protection;
  - 2. Police protection;
  - 3. Schools;
  - 4. Parks; or
  - 5. Other public facilities?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

Department and agency review of the subject application did not indicate that the project proposal will result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically-altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically-altered governmental facilities.

#### XVI. RECREATION

Would the project:

- A. Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated; or
- B. Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The project proposal is not expected to increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities.

#### XVI. TRANSPORTATION

Would the project:

- A. Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities; or
- B. Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

Review of the traffic generation associated with the proposed expansion appear to have little to no change compared to the existing operation. It was concluded that the expansion would not exceed thresholds for traffic generation where preparation of a Traffic Impact Study (TIS) is necessary. The project does not conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system.

Under CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3 subdivision (b), the project was not required to prepare an in-depth analysis on Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). In reviewing the amount of traffic generation associated with the proposal, minimal traffic increases are to occur with the expansion. Review of the proposal with the Transportation Planning Section of the Design Division and the Road Maintenance and Operations Division did not indicate that the project would conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3 subdivision (b).

- C. Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?; or
- D. Result in inadequate emergency access?

#### FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The submitted site plan does not change access points from public right-of-way and no concerns were expressed from the design and circulation of the site. Reviewing agencies and departments did not express concern with the site to indicate that the site design will result in inadequate emergency access.

#### XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Would the project:

- A. Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:
  - 1. Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or
  - 2. A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED:

Under the provisions of Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52), participating California Native American Tribes were notified of the subject application and given the opportunity to enter into consultation with the County on the subject application. No cultural resources were identified on the subject site nor did any notified Native American Tribe express concern with the application to indicate the potential presence of a cultural resource. Therefore, although tribal cultural resources were not identified on the project site, a mitigation measure shall be implemented to ensure proper handling of a cultural resource, should any resource be discovered during ground-disturbing activities.

#### \* Mitigation Measure(s)

1. See Section V. Cultural Resources Mitigation Measure No. 1

#### XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS

Would the project:

A. Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications

facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The project will not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunication facilities. Per the prepared Waste Management Plan, the existing wastewater retention and treatment facilities have enough capacity to service the proposed expansion.

B. Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The Water and Natural Resources Division and the State Water Resources Control Board reviewed the subject application and did not express concern with the proposed expansion to suggest that available water supplies would not be able to serve the project.

C. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT:

The facility is currently serviced by private wastewater treatment facilities maintained by the operation. The prepared Waste Management Plan reviewed the wastewater capacity of the existing site and determined that the expansion will not exceed capacity of existing wastewater containment facilities. Per the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), the current waste discharge permit with the RWQCB is filed under dairy operations. Based on the operational statement submitted by the Applicant, the operation should rescind their current waste discharge permit and refile under the cattle feedlot permit for waste discharge. This will ensure compliance of the operation with state regulations on waste dischargers. There are no new wastewater treatment facilities proposed for the subject expansion.

- D. Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals; or
- E. Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?

FINDING: NO IMPACT

Per the Applicant, the anticipated amount of solid waste produced from the project will be one cubic yard per day. Review of the prepared Waste Management Plan and anticipated solid waste production by responsible agencies and departments did not indicate that the proposed expansion would generate solid waste in excess of state or local standards or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure. The project will comply with federal, state and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

#### XX. WILDFIRE

If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:

- A. Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects; or
- B. Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire; or
- C. Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment; or
- D. Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

According to the 2007 Fresno County Fire Hazard Severity Zones in LRA Map, published by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the subject site is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones.

#### XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Would the project:

A. Have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

The subject site is already developed with a cattle feedlot and the proposal is to expand the feedlot to allow additional cattle on the site. Due to the nature of the operation, fish and wildlife species habitat is not likely to be present on the site as there is constant human and cattle disturbance that would deter occupation of the site. No endangering or rare plant or animal has been identified on the project site. Therefore, the project does not have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment.

B. Have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

FINDING: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED:

Per the analysis conducted, cumulative impacts regarding Aesthetics, Cultural Resources, Hydrology and Water Quality, and Tribal Cultural Resources have been identified, but with implemented mitigation measures, the impacts have been reduced to a less than significant impact.

C. Have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

FINDING: NO IMPACT:

There were no identified environmental effects resulting from the project that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

#### CONCLUSION/SUMMARY

Based upon the Initial Study prepared for Classified Conditional Use Permit Application No. 3651, staff has concluded that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment. It has been determined that there would be no impacts to Agricultural and Forestry Resources, Biological Resources, Hazards and Hazardous Materials, Land Use Planning, Mineral Resources, Population and Housing, Public Services, Recreation and Wildfire.

Potential impacts related to Air Quality, Energy, Geology and Soils, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Noise, Transportation, Utilities and Service Systems have been determined to be less than significant. Potential impacts relating to Aesthetics, Cultural Resources, Hydrology and Water Quality, and Tribal Cultural Resources have determined to be less than significant with compliance with implementation of Mitigation Measures.

A Mitigated Negative Declaration is recommended and is subject to approval by the decision-making body. The Initial Study is available for review at 2220 Tulare Street, Suite A, street level, located on the southwest corner of Tulare and "M" Street, Fresno, California.

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## County of Fresno

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING STEVEN E. WHITE, DIRECTOR

### INITIAL STUDY ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

#### 1. Project title:

Initial Study No. 7641 and Classified Conditional Use Permit Application No. 3651

#### 2. Lead agency name and address:

County of Fresno, Department of Public Works and Planning 2220 Tulare Street, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor Fresno. CA 93721

#### 3. Contact person and phone number:

Thomas Kobayashi, Planner (559) 600-4224

#### 4. Project location:

The project site is located at the southwest corner of West Annadale Avenue and South Chateau Fresno Avenue, easterly adjacent to the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility.

#### 5. Project sponsor's name and address:

Gerrit Roeloffs 9256 S. Valentine Avenue Fresno, CA 93706

#### 6. General Plan designation:

Agriculture

#### 7. Zoning:

AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum parcel size)

8. Description of project: (Describe the whole action involved, including, but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation. Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

Allow the expansion of an existing pre-October 23, 2006 cattle feedlot to a total of 8,000 heads of cattle on an 88.77-acre parcel in the AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum parcel size) Zone District.

#### 9. Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings:

The subject site is in a mostly agricultural area with the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility located easterly adjacent to the project site. Additionally, there are single-family residences located throughout the region.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.)

County of Fresno Department of Public Works and Planning

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

Per the provisions of Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52), participating California Native American Tribes were notified of the subject application and given the opportunity to enter into consultation with the County for the project. Concerns from participating California Native American tribes were not expressed or no response was received.

NOTE: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21080.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist	
Aesthetics	Agriculture and Forestry Resources
Air Quality	Biological Resources
Cultural Resources	Energy
Geology/Soils	Greenhouse Gas Emissions
Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Hydrology/Water Quality
Land Use/Planning	Mineral Resources
Noise	Population/Housing
Public Services	Recreation
Transportation	Tribal Cultural Resources
Utilities/Service Systems	Wildfire
Mandatory Findings of Significance	
DETERMINATION OF REQUIRED ENVIRONMENTAL DOCU	IMENT:
On the basis of this initial evaluation:	
I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a signi DECLARATION WILL BE PREPARED.	ficant effect on the environment. A NEGATIVE
I find that although the proposed project could have a sign a significant effect in this case because the Mitigation Meadded to the project. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLA	asures described on the attached sheet have been
I find the proposed project MAY have a significant effect of IMPACT REPORT is required	on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL
I find that as a result of the proposed project, no new effect be required that have not been addressed within the scope	
PERFORMED BY:	REVIEWED BY:
a vali	To Rudd
Thomas Kobayashi, Planner	David Randall, Senior Planner
Date: 3/11/21	Date: 3/12/21

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### INITIAL STUDY ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

(Initial Study No. 7641 and Classified Conditional Use Permit Application No. 3651)

The following checklist is used to determine if the proposed project could potentially have a significant effect on the environment. Explanations and information regarding each question follow the checklist.

- 1 = No Impact
- 2 = Less Than Significant Impact
- 3 = Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated
- 4 = Potentially Significant Impact

#### I. AESTHETICS

Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project:

- 2 a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?
- 2 b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?
- \_2 c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?
- \_3\_ d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?

#### II. AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY RESOURCES

In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:

- a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance, as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?
- \_1 b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?
- \_\_\_\_ c) Conflict with existing zoning for forest land, timberland or timberland zoned Timberland Production?
- \_\_\_\_ d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?
- e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

#### III. AIR QUALITY

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

- \_2 a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable Air Quality Plan?
- \_2 b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is nonattainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?
- \_2 c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?
- \_2 d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?

#### IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

#### Would the project:

- a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?
- b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?
- \_1 c) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally-protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?
- \_1 d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?
- e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?
- \_1 f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state Habitat Conservation Plan?

#### V. CULTURAL RESOURCES

#### Would the project:

- a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?
- b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?
- \_3 c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

#### VI. ENERGY

#### Would the project:

- a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?
- 2 b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?

#### HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY VII. **GEOLOGY AND SOILS** Would the project: Would the project: a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on 1 the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere 3\_ Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project on other substantial evidence of a known fault? may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin? Strong seismic ground shaking? Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream iv) Landslides? 1 or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation b) Result in substantial soil erosion or loss of topsoil? on or off site? Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site; would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, ii) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse? in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite; d) Be located on expansive soil as defined in Table 18-1-B of iii) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage or indirect risks to life or property? systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems iv) Impede or redirect flood flows? where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of water? pollutants due to project inundation? Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological \_1\_ Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality resource or site or unique geologic feature? control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan? **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS** VIII. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project: Would the project: a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or a) Physically divide an established community? 1 indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? 1 b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases? MINERAL RESOURCES XII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the project: Would the project: Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment state? through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral materials? resource recovery site delineated on a local General Plan, b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment Specific Plan or other land use plan? through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into XIII. NOISE the environment? Would the project result in: c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely 2 a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess mile of an existing or proposed school? of standards established in the local general plan or noise d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or groundborne noise levels? hazard to the public or the environment? e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety airport, would the project expose people residing or working hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in in the project area to excessive noise levels? the project area? Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING plan? Would the project: Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a

 a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and

significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?

roads or other infrastructure)? forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the 1 b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing. resource to a California Native American tribe? necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS **PUBLIC SERVICES** Would the project: Would the project: 1 a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water 1 a) Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications with the provision of new or physically-altered governmental facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause facilities, or the need for new or physically-altered significant environmental effects? governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain 1 b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project acceptable service ratios, response times or other and reasonably foreseeable future development during performance objectives for any of the public services: normal, dry and multiple dry years? i) Fire protection? 2 c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has ii) Police protection? adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in iii) Schools? addition to the provider's existing commitments? iv) Parks? 1 Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise v) Other public facilities? impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals? e) Comply with federal, state, and local management and XVI. RECREATION reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste? Would the project: 1 a) Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional XX. **WILDFIRE** parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be high fire hazard severity zones, would the project: accelerated? a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or b) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or emergency evacuation plan? expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled XVII. TRANSPORTATION spread of a wildfire? Require the installation or maintenance of associated Would the project: infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water 2 a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the and pedestrian facilities? environment? Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA 1 d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)? downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?

#### XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

#### Would the project:

a) Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or

incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?

Result in inadequate emergency access?

businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of

- i) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or
- 3 ii) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public

#### XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

#### Would the project:

a) Have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set

- b) Have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)
- \_1 c) Have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

#### **Documents Referenced:**

This Initial Study is referenced by the documents listed below. These documents are available for public review at the County of Fresno, Department of Public Works and Planning, Development Services and Capital Projects Division, 2220 Tulare Street, Suite A, Fresno, California (corner of M & Tulare Streets).

Fresno County General Plan, Policy Document and Final EIR
Fresno County Zoning Ordinance
Important Farmland 2016 Map, State Department of Conservation
Fresno County Fire Hazard Severity Zones in LRA 2007 Map, State Department of Forestry and Fire Protection
Air Quality Study, October 5, 2020, Innovative Ag Services

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#### **Notice of Completion & Environmental Document Transmittal**

Mail to: State Clearinghouse, P.O. Box 3044, Sacrame For Hand Delivery/Street Address: 1400 Tenth Street,	•	one) 445-0613	CH #
Project Title: Initial Study No. 7641 and Classified Co	onditional Use Permit N	o. 3651	
Lead Agency: Fresno County Department of Public Wo		Contact Person: The	omas Kobavashi
Mailing Address: 2220 Tulare Street, 6th Floor	arra r ramming	Phone: (559) 600-	
City: Fresno	Zip: 93721	·	( fine hom )
	City/Nearest Com	munity: Fresno	
Cross Streets: West Annadale Avenue and South Chate	eau Fresno Avenue		Zip Code: <u>93706</u>
Cross Streets: West Annadale Avenue and South Chate Longitude/Latitude (degrees, minutes and seconds):°	′″N/°	′″W To	otal Acres: 88.77
Assessor's Parcel No.: 327-200-10	Section: 19	Twp.: <u>14S</u> Ra	nge: 19E Base:
Within 2 Miles: State Hwy #:		Dry Creek Canal N	
Airports:		Sc	hools:
Document Type:  CEQA: NOP Draft EIR Early Cons Supplement/Subsequer Neg Dec (Prior SCH No.) Mit Neg Dec Other:		NOI Other: EA Draft EIS FONSI	☐ Joint Document ☐ Final Document ☐ Other:
Local Action Type:			
☐ General Plan Update ☐ Specific Plan ☐ General Plan Amendment ☐ Master Plan ☐ General Plan Element ☐ Planned Unit Develor ☐ Community Plan ☐ Site Plan			Annexation Redevelopment Coastal Permit Other:
Development Type:			
Residential: Units Acres			
Office: Sq.ft. Acres Employe	ees Transpor	tation: Type	
☐ Commercial: Sq.ft. Acres Employe Industrial: Sq.ft. Acres Employe	ees   Mining:	Mineral	MW
☐ Industrial: Sq.1t Acres Employe ☐ Educational:	Waste Tr	reatment: Type	MGD
Recreational:	Hazardo	us Waste:Type	11100
Water Facilities: Type MGD	X Other: A	gricultural	
Project Issues Discussed in Document:		nes mages people printe source money provinc as	
<ul> <li>☒ Aesthetic/Visual</li> <li>☒ Agricultural Land</li> <li>☒ Air Quality</li> <li>☒ Archeological/Historical</li> <li>☒ Biological Resources</li> <li>☒ Coastal Zone</li> <li>☐ Fiscal</li> <li>☒ Flood Plain/Flooding</li> <li>☒ Forest Land/Fire Haz</li> <li>☒ Geologic/Seismic</li> <li>☒ Minerals</li> <li>☒ Noise</li> </ul>	ard  X Septic System  Sewer Capaci  Soil Erosion/  Solid Waste  Balance  Toxic/Hazard	ersities ns ty Compaction/Grading ous	<ul> <li>Vegetation</li> <li>Water Quality</li> <li>Water Supply/Groundwater</li> <li>Wetland/Riparian</li> <li>Growth Inducement</li> <li>Land Use</li> <li>Cumulative Effects</li> <li>Other: Wildfire/Energy</li> </ul>
Present Land Use/Zoning/General Plan Designation			
Cattle Feedlot / AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre		' Agricultural	
Project Description: (please use a separate page if The project proposes to allow expansion of an existing	necessary)		

an 88.77-acre parcel in the AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum parcel size) Zone District.

#### **Reviewing Agencies Checklist** Lead Agencies may recommend State Clearinghouse distribution by marking agencies below with and "X". If you have already sent your document to the agency please denote that with an "S". Air Resources Board Office of Historic Preservation Boating & Waterways, Department of Office of Public School Construction California Emergency Management Agency Parks & Recreation, Department of California Highway Patrol Pesticide Regulation, Department of Caltrans District # **Public Utilities Commission** Caltrans Division of Aeronautics Regional WQCB # Caltrans Planning \_\_\_\_ Resources Agency Central Valley Flood Protection Board Resources Recycling and Recovery, Department of Coachella Valley Mtns. Conservancy S.F. Bay Conservation & Development Comm. Coastal Commission San Gabriel & Lower L.A. Rivers & Mtns. Conservancy Colorado River Board San Joaquin River Conservancy Conservation, Department of Santa Monica Mtns. Conservancy Corrections, Department of State Lands Commission SWRCB: Clean Water Grants **Delta Protection Commission** Education, Department of SWRCB: Water Quality **Energy Commission** SWRCB: Water Rights Fish & Game Region # Tahoe Regional Planning Agency Food & Agriculture, Department of Toxic Substances Control, Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Department of Water Resources, Department of General Services, Department of Other: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Health Services, Department of Housing & Community Development Other: Native American Heritage Commission Local Public Review Period (to be filled in by lead agency) Starting Date March 12, 2021 \_\_\_\_\_ Ending Date April 12, 2021 Lead Agency (Complete if applicable): \_\_ Applicant: Gerrit Roeloffs Consulting Firm: Fresno County Address: 9256 S. Valentine Avenue Address: 2220 Tulare Street, 6th Floor

Signature of Lead Agency Representative: Date: 3/11/21

City/State/Zip: Fresno, CA 93706

Phone: (559) 280-8053

Authority cited: Section 21083, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 21161, Public Resources Code.

City/State/Zip: Fresno, CA 93721

Contact: Thomas Kobayashi

Phone: (559) 600-4224

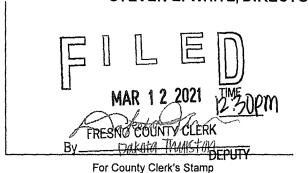


### E202110000047

## County of Fresno

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING STEVEN E. WHITE, DIRECTOR

# NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION



Notice is hereby given that the County of Fresno has prepared Initial Study Application (IS) No. 7641 pursuant to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act for the following proposed project:

INITIAL STUDY APPLICATION NO. 7641 and CLASSIFIED CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION NO. 3651 filed by GERRIT ROELOFFS, proposing to allow expansion of an existing pre-October 23, 2007 cattle feedlot to a total of 8,000 heads of cattle on an 88.77-acre parcel in the AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum parcel size) Zone District. The project site is located at the southwest corner of West Annadale Avenue and South Chateau Fresno Avenue, easterly adjacent to the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility (SUP. DIST. 1) (APN 327-200-10) (2585 S. Chateau Fresno Avenue, Fresno, CA). Adopt the Mitigated Negative Declaration prepared, based on Initial Study No. 7651, and take action on Classified Conditional Use Permit Application No. 3651 with Findings and Conditions.

(hereafter, the "Proposed Project")

The County of Fresno has determined that it is appropriate to adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration for the Proposed Project. The purpose of this Notice is to (1) provide notice of the availability of IS Application No. 7641 and the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, and request written comments thereon; and (2) provide notice of the public hearing regarding the Proposed Project.

#### **Public Comment Period**

The County of Fresno will receive written comments on the Proposed Project and Mitigated Negative Declaration from March 12, 2021 to April 12, 2021.

Email written comments to TKobayashi@FresnoCountyCA.gov, or mail comments to:

Fresno County Department of Public Works and Planning Development Services and Capital Projects Division Attn: Thomas Kobayashi 2220 Tulare Street, Suite A Fresno, CA 93721

IS Application No. 7641 and the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration may be viewed at the above address Monday through Thursday, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., and Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. (except holidays), or at <a href="https://www.co.fresno.ca.us/initialstudies">www.co.fresno.ca.us/initialstudies</a> An electronic copy of the

### F202110000047

draft Mitigated Negative Declaration for the Proposed Project may be obtained from Thomas Kobayashi at the addresses above.

#### \* SPECIAL NOTICE REGARDING PUBLIC PARTICIPATION DUE TO COVID-19 \*

Due to the current Shelter-in-Place Order covering the State of California and Social Distance Guidelines issued by Federal, State, and Local Authorities, the County is implementing the following changes for attendance and public comment at all Planning Commission meetings until notified otherwise. The Board chambers will be open to the public. Any member of the Planning Commission may participate from a remote location by teleconference pursuant to Governor Gavin Newsom's executive Order N-25-20. Instructions about how to participate in the meeting will be posted to: https://www.co.fresno.ca.us/planningcommission 72 hours prior to the meeting date.

- The meeting will be broadcast. You are strongly encouraged to listen to the Planning Commission meeting at: <a href="http://www.co.fresno.ca.us/PlanningCommission">http://www.co.fresno.ca.us/PlanningCommission</a>.
- If you attend the Planning Commission meeting in person, you will be required to maintain appropriate social distancing, i.e., maintain a 6-foot distance between yourself and other individuals. Due to Shelter-in-Place requirements, the number of people in the Board chambers will be limited. Members of the public who wish to make public comments will be allowed in on a rotating basis.
- If you choose not to attend the Planning Commission meeting but desire to make general public comment on a specific item on the agenda, you may do so as follows:

#### Written Comments

- Members of the public are encouraged to submit written comments to:
   <u>Planningcommissioncomments@fresnocountyca.gov</u>. Comments should be submitted as soon as possible, but not later than 8:30am (15 minutes before the start of the meeting). You will need to provide the following information:
  - Planning Commission Date
  - Item Number
  - Comments
- Please submit a separate email for each item you are commenting on.
- Please be aware that public comments received that do not specify a particular agenda item will be made part of the record of proceedings as a general public comment.
- If a written comment is received after the start of the meeting, it will be made part of the record of proceedings, provided that such comments are received prior to the end of the Planning Commission meeting.
- Written comments will be provided to the Planning Commission. Comments received during the meeting may not be distributed to the Planning Commission until after the meeting has concluded.

E202110000047

If the agenda item involves a quasi-judicial matter or other matter that includes members of the public as parties to a hearing, those parties should make arrangements with the Planning Commission Clerk to provide any written materials or presentation in advance of the meeting date so that the materials may be presented to the Planning Commission for consideration. Arrangements should be made by contacting the Planning Commission Clerk at (559) 600-4230

PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY AND ACCOMMODATIONS: The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Title II covers the programs, services, activities and facilities owned or operated by state and local governments like the County of Fresno ("County"). Further, the County promotes equality of opportunity and full participation by all persons, including persons with disabilities. Towards this end, the County works to ensure that it provides meaningful access to people with disabilities to every program, service, benefit, and activity, when viewed in its entirety. Similarly, the County also works to ensure that its operated or owned facilities that are open to the public provide meaningful access to people with disabilities.

To help ensure this meaningful access, the County will reasonably modify policies/ procedures and provide auxiliary aids/services to persons with disabilities. If, as an attendee or participant at the meeting, you need additional accommodations such as an American Sign Language (ASL) interpreter, an assistive listening device, large print material, electronic materials, Braille materials, or taped materials, please contact the Current Planning staff as soon as possible during office hours at (559) 600-4497 or at <a href="mailto:imoreno@fresnocountyca.gov">imoreno@fresnocountyca.gov</a>. Reasonable requests made at least 48 hours in advance of the meeting will help to ensure accessibility to this meeting. Later requests will be accommodated to the extent reasonably feasible.

#### **Public Hearing**

The Planning Commission will hold a public hearing to consider approving the Proposed Project and the Mitigated Negative Declaration on April 22, 2021, at 8:45 a.m., or as soon thereafter as possible, in Room 301, Hall of Records, 2281 Tulare Street, Fresno, California 93721. Interested persons are invited to appear at the hearing and comment on the Proposed Project and draft Mitigated Negative Declaration.

For questions please call Thomas Kobayashi (559) 600-4224.

Published: March 12, 2021

File original and one cop	y with:		Space I	Below For Count	y Clerl	c Only.			
Fresno County	Clerk					•			
2221 Kern Stree									
Fresno, Californ	nia 93721								
Agency File No: LOCA			CLK-2046.00 E04-73 R00-00  AL AGENCY  County Clerk File No:						
IS 7641		PROPOSEI			E-				
	, ,	NEGATIVE D							
Responsible Agency (Na		Address (Stre		,		City:		Zip Code:	
Fresno County Agency Contact Person (		20 Tulare St. Sixth	ı Floo	r Area Code:	I To	Fresno	Lev	93721	
	(Name and Title).					Telephone Number: Extension:			
Thomas Kobayashi Planner				559		600-4224		N/A	
Project Applicant/Sponso	or (Name):		Pro	ject Title:	itle:				
Gerrit Roeloffs			Cla	Classified Conditional Use Permit Application No. 3651					
Project Description:			-						
Allow expansion of	an existing pr	e-October 23, 200	7 catt	le feedlot to a	a tota	of 8,000 heads of catt	le on an		
						rcel size) Zone Distric			
site is located at the	southwest co	orner of West Anna	adale	Avenue and	South	n Chateau Fresno Ave	nue, eas	terly	
	of Fresno Wa	astewater Treatme	nt Fa	cility (APN 32	7-200	0-10) (2585 S. Chatea	ı Fresno	),	
Fresno, CA).									
Justification for Negative									
						Application No. 3651,			
						n determined that there azardous Materials, La			
Resources, Populat							iiu ose	riailillig, willerai	
Troopardo, ropard		ing, rabite connec	,						
						ouse Gas Emissions,			
						ant. Potential impacts			
Cultural Resources, Hydrology and Water Quality, and Tribal Cultural Resources have determined to be less than significant with compliance with implementation of Mitigation Measures.									
Significant with conf	pharioe with it	inplementation of t	viitiga	don weasure	J.				
FINIDINIO									
FINDING:									
The proposed proje	ct will not hav	e a significant imp	act or	n the environr	ment.				
Newspaper and Date of Publication:			Review Date Deadline:						
Fresno Business Journal – March 12, 2021				Planning Commission – April 22, 2021		1			
Date:	Type or Print S					mitted by (Signature):	,	•	
	• •					omas Kobayashi			
	David Randa					nner			
	Senior Plani	ner			1 ' '				

State 15083, 15085 County Clerk File No.:\_\_\_\_\_

## LOCAL AGENCY MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION



## County of Fresno

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING STEVEN E. WHITE, DIRECTOR

#### **NOTICE OF DETERMINATION**

10:	Ш	1400 Tenth Street, Room 121 Sacramento, CA 95814	2221 Kern Street Fresno, CA 93721				
Fron	n:	Fresno County Department of Public Works and Planning, Development Services and Capital Projects 2220 Tulare Street (corner of Tulare and "M") Suite "A", Fresno, CA 93721					
Subj	ect:	Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with Section 21152 of the Public Resource Code					
Proje	ect:	Initial Study Application No. 7641, Classified Conditional Use Permit Application No. 3651					
Loca	ation: The project site is located at the southwest corner of West Annadale Avenue South Chateau Fresno Avenue, easterly adjacent to the City of Fresno Wastewater Treatment Facility (SUP. DIST. 1) (APN 327-200-10) (2585 S. Chateau Fresno Avenue, Fresno, CA).						
Spoi	nsor:	Gerrit Roeloffs					
3		Allow expansion of an existing pre-October 23, 2007 cattle feedlot to a total of 8,000 heads of cattle on an 88.77-acre parcel in the AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum parcel size) Zone District.					
appr		ise that the County of Fresno (⊠ Lead above described project on February : ::					
1.	The project $\square$ $\underline{\text{will not}}$ have a significant effect on the environment.						
	$\boxtimes$ An Environmental Impact Report (EIR) <u>was not</u> prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. $/ \boxtimes$ A Mitigated Negative Declaration <u>was</u> prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.						
3.	Mitigation Measures $\boxtimes$ were $\square$ were not made a condition of approval for the project.						
4.	A statement of Overriding Consideration $\square$ was $\boxtimes$ was not adopted for this project.						

This is to certify that the Initial Study with comments and responses and record of project approval is available to the General Public at Fresno County Department of Public Works and Planning, 2220 Tulare Street, Suite A, Corner of Tulare and "M" Streets, Fresno, California.

Thomas Kobayashi, Planner Date (559) 600-4224 / TKobayashi@FresnoCountyCA.gov

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## County of Fresno

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING STEVEN E. WHITE, DIRECTOR

DATE: December 6, 2019

TO: Department of Public Works and Planning, Attn: Steven E. White, Director

Department of Public Works and Planning, Attn: Bernard Jimenez, Assistant Director

Department of Public Works and Planning, Attn: John R. Thompson, Assistant

Director

Development Services and Capital Projects, Attn: William M. Kettler, Division

Manager

Development Services and Capital Projects, Attn: Chris Motta, Principal Planner Development Services and Capital Projects, Current Planning, Attn: Marianne

Mollring, Senior Planner

Development Services and Capital Projects, Policy Planning, ALCC,

Attn: Mohammad Khorsand, Senior Planner

Development Services and Capital Projects, Zoning & Permit Review, Attn: Daniel

Gutierrez/James Anders

Development Services and Capital Projects, Site Plan Review, Attn: Hector Luna

Development Services and Capital Projects, Building & Safety/Plan Check,

Attn: Chuck Jonas

Resources Division, Solid Waste, Attn: Amina Flores-Becker

Development Engineering, Attn: Laurie Kennedy, Grading/Mapping

Road Maintenance and Operations, Attn: John Thompson/Nadia Lopez

Design Division, Transportation Planning, Attn: Mohammad Alimi/Dale Siemer/Brian

Spaunhurst

Water and Natural Resources Division, Attn: Glenn Allen, Division Manager; Roy

Jimenez

Department of Public Health, Environmental Health Division, Attn: Deep Sidhu/

Steven Rhodes

Agricultural Commissioner, Attn: Melissa Cregan

City of Fresno, Planning & Development Department, Attn: Mike Sanchez, Assistant

Director, Current Planning, Dan Zack, Assistant Director, Advanced Planning City of Fresno, Public Works Department, Attn: Scott Mozier, Louise Gilio

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, San Joaquin Valley Division,

Attn: Matthew Nelson, Biologist

CA Regional Water Quality Control Board, Attn: Matt Scroggins

CA Department of Fish and Wildlife, Attn: Craig Bailey, Environmental Scientist & R4CEQA@wildlife.ca.gov

State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water, Fresno District, Attn: Jose Robledo, Caitlin Juarez

Dumna Wo Wah Tribal Government, Attn: Robert Ledger, Tribal Chairman/Eric Smith, Cultural Resources Manager/Chris Acree, Cultural Resources Analyst Picayune Rancheria of the Chukchansi Indians, Attn: Heather Airey/Cultural Resources Director

Santa Rosa Rancheria Tachi Yokut Tribe, Attn: Ruben Barrios, Tribal Chairman/ Hector Franco, Director/Shana Powers, Cultural Specialist II

Table Mountain Rancheria, Attn: Robert Pennell, Cultural Resources Director/Kim

Taylor, Cultural Resources Department/Sara Barnett, Cultural Resources

Department

San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (PIC-CEQA Division),

Attn: PIC Supervisor

Fresno Irrigation District, Attn: <a href="mailto:Engr-Review@fresnoirrigation.com">Engr-Review@fresnoirrigation.com</a>

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Attn: developmentreview@fresnofloodcontrol.org

Kings River Conservation District, Attn: Rick Hoelzel

North Central Fire Protection District, Attn: George Mavrikis, Fire Marshall

FROM: Thomas Kobayashi, Planner

Development Services and Capital Projects Division

SUBJECT: Initial Study Application No. 7641 and Classified Conditional Use Permit Application

No. 3651

APPLICANT: Gerrit Roeloffs

DUE DATE: December 23, 2019

The Department of Public Works and Planning, Development Services and Capital Projects Division is reviewing the subject application proposing to allow expansion of an existing pre-October 23, 2007 cattle feedlot from 2,500 heads of cattle to 8,000 heads of cattle on an 88.77-acre parcel in the AE-20 (Exclusive Agricultural, 20-acre minimum parcel size) Zone District (APN: 327-200-10) (2585 S. Chateau Fresno, Fresno, CA).

The Department is also reviewing for environmental effects, as mandated by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and for conformity with plans and policies of the County.

Based upon this review, a determination will be made regarding conditions to be imposed on the project, including necessary on-site and off-site improvements.

We must have your comments by **December 23, 2019**. Any comments received after this date may not be used.

NOTE - THIS WILL BE OUR ONLY REQUEST FOR WRITTEN COMMENTS. If you do not have comments, please provide a "NO COMMENT" response to our office by the above deadline (e-mail is also acceptable; see email address below).

Please address any correspondence or questions related to environmental and/or policy/design issues to me, Thomas Kobayashi, Planner, Development Services and Capital Projects Division, Fresno County Department of Public Works and Planning, 2220 Tulare Street, Sixth Floor, Fresno, CA 93721, or call (559) 600-4224, or email TKobayashi@FresnoCountyCA.gov.

TK G:\4360Devs&PIn\PROJSEC\PROJDOCS\CUP\3600-3699\3651\ROUTING\CUP 3651 Routing Letter.doc

Activity Code (Internal Review):2381

**Enclosures** 

#### Date Received: 5/16/19 Fresno County Department of Public Works and Planning **MAILING ADDRESS:** Department of Public Works and Planning **Development Services Division**

2220 Tulare St., 6<sup>th</sup> Floor

LOCATION: Southwest corner of Tulare & "M" Streets, Suite A Street Level

Fresno Phone: (559) 600-4497

Fresno, Ca. 93721		Toll Free:	1-800-742-1011	Ext. 0-4497
APPLICATION FOR:		DESCRIPTION	OF PROPOSED US	
Pre-Application (Type)				
Amendment Application	rector Review and Approval			feedlot to a tota 77-acre parcel.
Amendment to Text	for 2 <sup>nd</sup> Residence	0,000 00	ale on an oo.	radio parcoi.
Conditional Use Permit	etermination of Merger			
☐ Variance (Class )/Minor Variance ☐ Ag	greements			
	.CC/RLCC			
	her			
General Plan Amendment/Specific Plan/SP Amen	·			
☐ Time Extension for	,			
	PER N/A			
PLEASE USE FILL-IN FORM OR PRINT IN BLACK IN and deeds as specified on the Pre-Application R	eview. Attach Copy of Deed, i	etely. Attach red ncluding Legal D	quired site plans, solutions.	forms, statements,
	ide of North Avenue	1844		
between2585.S	and . Château Fresno Avenue, Fresn	West side of Ch	lateau Fresno	
		······	40	440
APN: 327-200-10 Parcel size: 8	JO.11 AGIE	_ Section(s)-Twp	o/Rg: S <u>19</u> - T	148 S/R 19 E
ADDITIONAL APN(s):				
1 & A 1 R on Si Isin	nature), declare that I am the o	owner or autho	rizad rantasantati	ve of the owner of
the above described property and that the appli	cation and attached document	s are in all respo	ects true and corr	ect to the best of my
knowledge. The foregoing declaration is made u	nder penalty of perjury.			
Michael H. and Mora Bottasso - add	32215. Chateau Fre	SIM Fresh	2 9370le	
	· ·		Zip	Phone
Gercit Roeloffs 92565.	Valentine Fresh	/0	<u>43706</u>	<u>554-280-6053</u> Phone
	•	nford	93230	559-587-2800
Representative (Print or Type) Addr			Zip	Phone
CONTACT EMAIL: whutchings@innovativeag.net				
OFFICE USE ONLY (PRINT FORM (	ON GREEN PAPER)		UTILITIES AVAIL	ABLE:
Application Type / No.: CUP 3651	Fee: \$ 4,514.00			
Application Type / No.: Pre-APP 39582	Fee: \$ - 247.00	WATER:	Yes 🔲 / No💢	•
Application Type / No.:	Fee: \$	Agency:		
Application Type / No.:	Fee: \$			
PER/Initial Study No.: っつんり Ag Department Review:	Fee: \$ 3,401.00	SEWER:	Yes 🔲 / No 🏹	
Health Department Review:	Fee: \$ 93.00 Fee: \$ 002.00	Agency:		
Received By: Thymush . Invoice No.: 1		ar.		
1.	10/1	00		
STAFF DETERMINATION: This permit is sought	t under Ordinance Section:		g: T	S /R E
Related Application(s):		- APN#	-	
Zone District: AE-2D		APN #		
Parcel Size: G. # 77 Ar 70 X		APN#		



Rev 11/15/17

F226 Pre-Application Review

**Development Services** 

and

Capital Projects Division

#### Mail To:

Innovative Ag Services, LLC c/o Warren Hutchings
1201 Delta View, Suite 5 Hanford, CA 93230

Email:

whutchings@innovativeag.

## Pre-Application Review

#### Department of Public Works and Planning

FRES	whutchings@ir net	inovativeag.	NUMBER:	39582 vices LLC, c/o Warren Hutchings
			PHONE:	
PROPERTY LOCATION:		EAU FRESNO AV	E FRESNO CA 937	706
APN: 327 - 200 - CNEL: No X Yes (SONE DISTRICT: AE-20 LOT STATUS:	level) LOW WATER: No _	X Yes WIT	HIN 1/2 MILE OF CIT	TY: No Yes_FRESNO
Zoning: (X) Conf Merger: May be s Map Act: (PLA 06- SCHOOL FEES: NoYes_X_D	forms; ( ) Legal Non-Consubject to merger: No <u>X</u> -27) Lot of Rec. Map; ( ) o ISTRICT: Central Unified Truste	Yes ZM# on '72 rolls; ( ) oth	Initiated_ ner ;( ) Deeds	In process Reg'd (see Form #236)
PROPOSAL CONDITION PRE - OCTOBER 23, 2007	tside    ( ) District No.: <u> </u>	FLOOD PRONE OW THE EXPANS	: No <u>X AREA OF MIN</u> SION OF AN EXIST	IMAL FLOOD HAZARD Yes
COMMENTS:				
ORD. SECTION(S):	816.3-X & 869.2 BY: _	OBER RAMIREZ	Z DATE:	11/01/18
GENERAL PLAN POLICIES	<u>):</u>		PROCEDURES AN	D FEES:
LAND USE DESIGNATION:	· Agriculture (	)GPA:	( )M	INOR VA:
COMMUNITY PLAN: REGIONAL PLAN:	\( \frac{1}{2} \)	)AA:	(X)H	G COMM: \$ 93.00
SPECIFIC PLAN:		)DRA:		
SPECIAL POLICIES:	(	)VA:	(	XPER*: \$3,901.00
SPHERE OF INFLUENCE:	·- <del>////</del> (		( )Vi	
ANNEX REFERRAL (LU-G1	17/MOU): (	)TT:	( )O: Filing Fee: \$	
COMMENTS:		Pre-Δι	oplication Fee: \$	
OOMMENTO.		Total (	County Filing Fee:	
FILING REQUIREMENTS:		OTHER FILING		
(★) Land Use Application	is and Fees (X)		Inventory Fee: \$7	
(X) This Pre-Application				quin Valley Info. Center)
<ul><li>(★) Copy of Deed / Legal</li><li>(★) Photographs</li></ul>	Description (X)			): <u>(\$50) (\$50+\$2,280.75)</u> rk for pass-thru to CDFW.
( ) Letter Verifying Deed	l Review			rior to setting hearing date.)
(X) IS Application and Fe	ees* * Upon review of pr	oject materials, a	n Initial Study (IS)	
(★) Site Plans - 4 copies	(folded to 8.5"X11") + 1 -	8.5"x11" reduction	on	
(X) Floor Plan & Elevatio			'x11" reduction	
	Operational Statement (T	ypea)	D111# 442	5247.00
<ul><li>( ) Statement of Varianc</li><li>( ) Statement of Intended</li></ul>			PLU # 113	Fee: \$247.00 will apply to the application fee
( ) Dependency Relation				on is submitted within six (6)
( ) Resolution/Letter of I				date on this receipt.
	Referral Letter #			
as Thomas Kodas	IASI DATE	11/19/18		
PHONE NUMBER: (559)	YUNNI DATE:	- 関化1.111.2		SECTIVED
				RECEIVED COUNTY OF FRESNO
	REQUIREMENTS MAY A			
( ) COVENANT ( ) MAP CERTIFICATE	(汉) SITE PLAN (ੴ) BUILDING			MAY 1 6 2019
( ) PARCEL MAP	(A) BUILDING			DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION
( ) FINAL MAP		ACILITIES PERMIT		DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION
( ) FMFCD FEES (X) ALUC or ALCC	( ) SCHOOL F ( ) OTHER (se			OVER
TAN WEDGO WEDG	( ) OTHER (SE	e reverse sinej		UY LIN



## RECEIVED COUNTY OF FRESNO

MAY 1 6 2019

## County of Fresno

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING AND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING STEVEN E. WHITE, DIRECTOR

### INITIAL STUDY APPLICATION

#### INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions completely. An incomplete form may delay processing of your application. Use additional paper if necessary and attach any supplemental information to this form. Attach an operational statement if appropriate. This application will be distributed to several agencies and persons to determine the potential environmental effects of your proposal. Please complete the form in a legible and reproducible manner (i.e., USE BLACK INK OR TYPE).

OFFICE USE ONLY
IS No. 764
Project UP 365
Application Rec'd.:

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Property Owner: Gerrit Roeloffs	Ph	one/Fax
Mailing 9256 S. Valentine,	Fresno, CA 937	06
Street	City	State/Zip
Applicant: Warren Hutchings c/o Inno	ovative Ag Services, LLC Pho	one/Fax: 559-587-2800
Mailing Address: 1201 Delta View Road	d, Ste 5, Hanford,	CA 93230
Street	City	State/Zip
Representative: Same as above	Pho	one/Fax:
Mailing Address:		
Street	City	State/Zip
Proposed Project. Expansion of a	n existing feedlot to a t	otal of 8,000 cattle.
Proposed Project: Expansion of a	n existing feedlot to a t	otal of 8,000 cattle.
	North Avenue and Wes	st side of Château Fresno
Project Location: North side of North Side o	North Avenue and Wes	st side of Château Fresno CA

10.	Land Conservation Contract No. (If applicable): 5654
11.	What other agencies will you need to get permits or authorization from:
	LAFCo (annexation or extension of services) × SJVUAPCD (Air Pollution Control District)  CALTRANS Reclamation Board  Division of Aeronautics Department of Energy  Water Quality Control Board Airport Land Use Commission  Other
12.	Will the project utilize Federal funds or require other Federal authorization subject to the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969? Yes $\times$ No
	If so, please provide a copy of all related grant and/or funding documents, related information and environmental review requirements.
13.	Existing Zone District <sup>1</sup> : AE-20
14.	Existing General Plan Land Use Designation <sup>1</sup> : Agriculture
<u>EN</u>	VIRONMENTAL INFORMATION
15.	Present land use: Dairy  Describe existing physical improvements including buildings, water (wells) and sewage facilities, roads, and lighting. Include a site plan or map showing these improvements:
	Describe the major vegetative cover: N/A
	Any perennial or intermittent water courses? If so, show on map:
	Is property in a flood-prone area? Describe:  Area of minimal flood hazard
<i>16</i> .	Describe surrounding land uses (e.g., commercial, agricultural, residential, school, etc.):
	North: Grapes
	South: Alfalfa / Row Crops
	East: Waste Water Treatment Plant
	West: Chickens / Grapes

Wh	at land use	e(s) in the area may impact your project?:_	None
Tra	nsportatio	n:	
NO		information below will be used in determin also show the need for a Traffic Impact St	
A.		litional driveways from the proposed projec Yes <u>×</u> No	ct site be necessary to access public roads?
В.	Daily tro	uffic generation:	
	I.	Residential - Number of Units Lot Size Single Family Apartments	2 N/A Yes No
	II.	Commercial - Number of Employees Number of Salesmen Number of Delivery Trucks Total Square Footage of Building	9 0 1 5000 Sq Ft Milk Barn
	III.	Describe and quantify other traffic gene	eration activities:
		There are no other traffic activities to describe.	
	_	source(s) of noise from your project that mees of noise from the project that will affect the area.	ay affect the surrounding area:
	•	source(s) of noise in the area that may affected on the project.	ect your project:
	scribe the p	probable source(s) of air pollution from you	ur project:

24.	Anticipated volume of water to be used (gallons per day) <sup>2</sup> : 68,000 gallons/per day
<i>25</i> .	Proposed method of liquid waste disposal:  ( ×) septic system/individual  ( ) community system³-name
26.	Estimated volume of liquid waste (gallons per day) <sup>2</sup> :
27.	Anticipated type(s) of liquid waste:
28.	Anticipated type(s) of hazardous wastes <sup>2</sup> :
	Anticipated volume of hazardous wastes <sup>2</sup> : N/A
	Proposed method of hazardous waste disposal <sup>2</sup> :
	Anticipated type(s) of solid waste:
<i>32</i> .	Anticipated amount of solid waste (tons or cubic yards per day):
<i>33.</i> .	Anticipated amount of waste that will be recycled (tons or cubic yards per day):
34.	Proposed method of solid waste disposal:
<i>35</i> .	Fire protection district(s) serving this area:
36.	Has a previous application been processed on this site? If so, list title and date:
37.	Do you have any underground storage tanks (except septic tanks)? Yes NoX
38.	If yes, are they currently in use? Yes No
To :	THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, THE FOREGOING INFORMATION IS TRUE.
	1 Jane 1 05-10-2019
Si	GNATURE DATE

(Revised 5/2/16)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Refer to Development Services Conference Checklist <sup>2</sup>For assistance, contact Environmental Health System, (559) 600-3357 <sup>3</sup>For County Service Areas or Waterworks Districts, contact the Resources Division, (559) 600-4259

## NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

#### INDEMNIFICATION AND DEFENSE

The Board of Supervisors has adopted a policy that applicants should be made aware that they may be responsible for participating in the defense of the County in the event a lawsuit is filed resulting from the County's action on your project. You may be required to enter into an agreement to indemnify and defend the County if it appears likely that litigation could result from the County's action. The agreement would require that you deposit an appropriate security upon notice that a lawsuit has been filed. In the event that you fail to comply with the provisions of the agreement, the County may rescind its approval of the project.

#### STATE FISH AND WILDLIFE FEE

State law requires that specified fees (effective January 1, 2017: \$3,078.25 for an EIR; \$2,216.25 for a (Mitigated/Negative Declaration) be paid to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) for projects which must be reviewed for potential adverse effect on wildlife resources. The County is required to collect the fees on behalf of CDFW. A \$50.00 handling fee will also be charged, as provided for in the legislation, to defray a portion of the County's costs for collecting the fees.

The following projects are exempt from the fees:

- 1. All projects statutorily exempt from the provisions of CEQA (California Environmental Quality Act).
- 2. All projects categorically exempt by regulations of the Secretary of Resources (State of California) from the requirement to prepare environmental documents.

A fee exemption may be issued by CDFW for eligible projects determined by that agency to have "no effect on wildlife." That determination must be provided in advance from CDFG to the County at the request of the applicant. You may wish to call the local office of CDFG at (559) 222-3761 if you need more information.

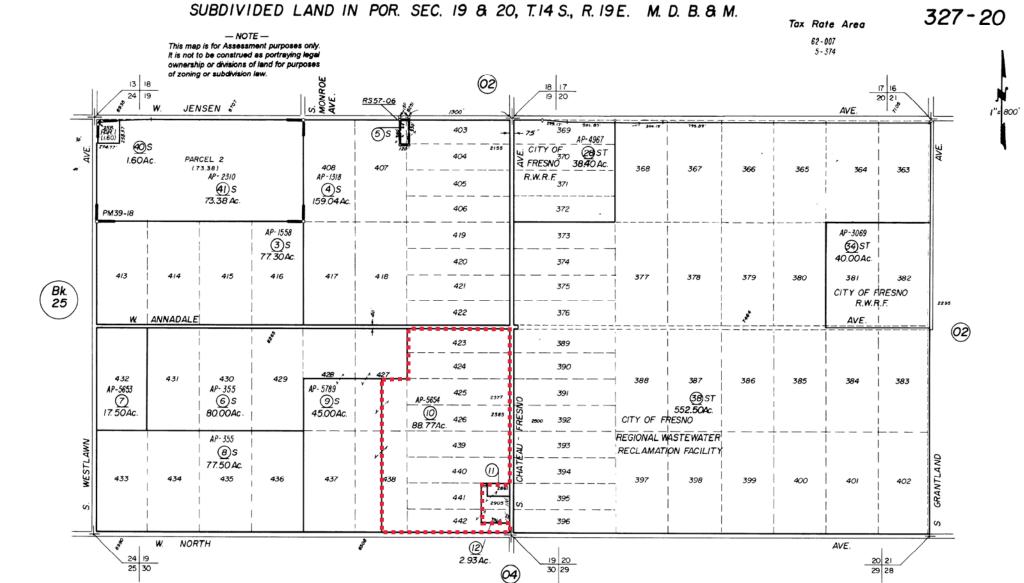
Upon completion of the Initial Study you will be notified of the applicable fee. Payment of the fee will be required before your project will be forwarded to the project analyst for scheduling of any required hearings and final processing. The fee will be refunded if the project should be denied by the County.

Applicant's Signature

05-10-2019

Date

**DOCUMENTI** 



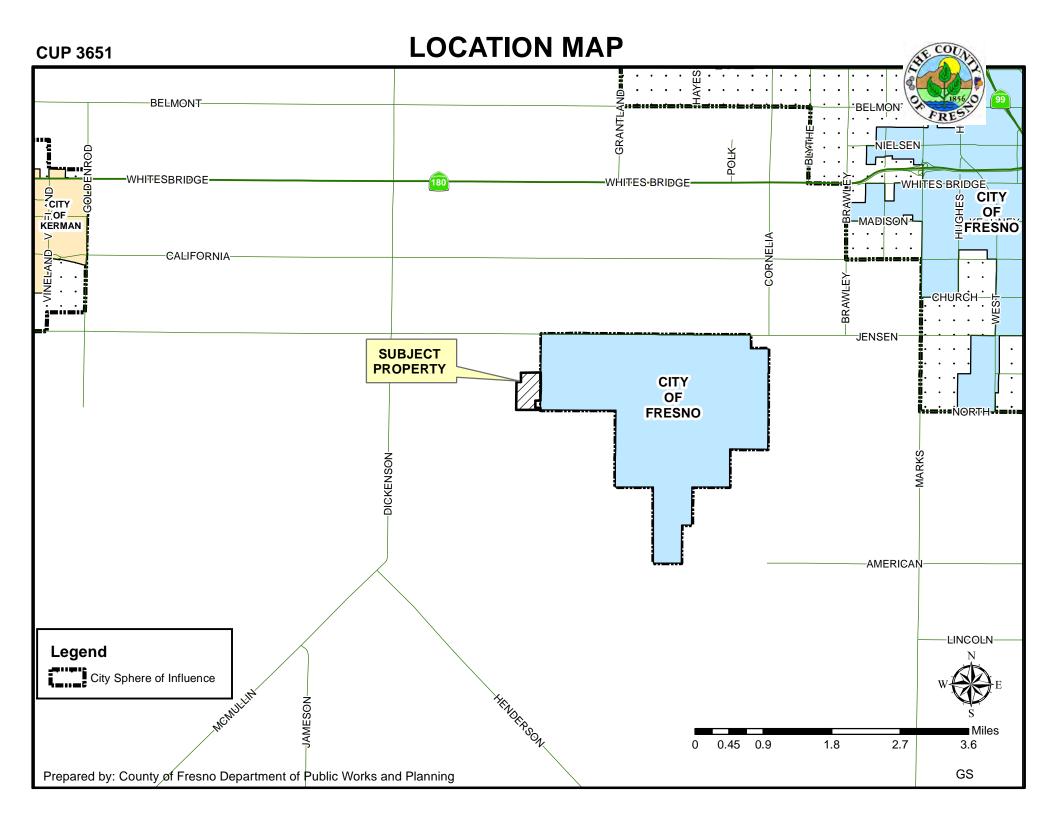
Agricultural Preserve Fruitvale Estate - Plat Bk. 3, Pg. 67 Parcel Map No. 5886 - Bk. 39, Pg. 18 Record of Survey-Bk.57, Pg. 06

W- 1072

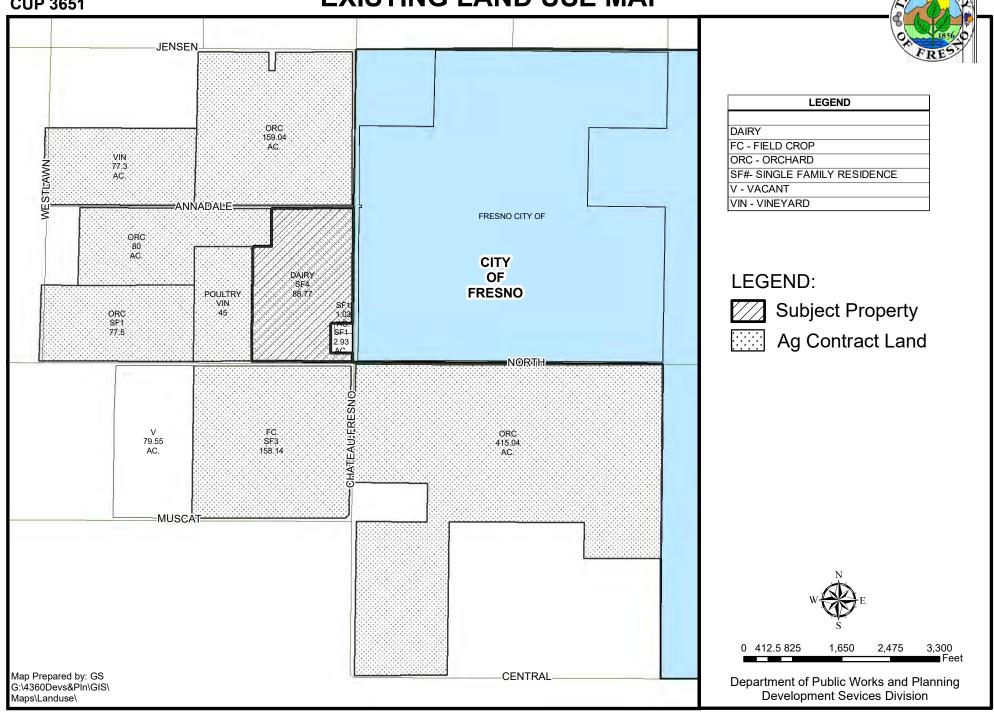
Assessor's Map Bk.327-Pg. 20

County of Fresno, Calif.

NOTE - Assessor's Block Numbers Shown in Ellipses.
Assessor's Parcel Numbers Shown in Circles.



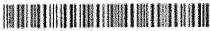
## **EXISTING LAND USE MAP**



RECORDING REQUESTED BY Stewart Title - Fresne.

WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO

Kathryn Siciliani, mustre 2838 W. Kennsington Lane Fresnas, California 93711



FRESHO County Recorder Robert C. Verner

DOC- 2007-0183007

Acot &-Stewart Title Of Presno County Tuesday, OCT 82, 2887 88:08:08 Nor-0002515855

130.00 Tel Pd

EMF/RS/2-5

OWNER NO

7541.

ESCROW NO

2546-8066

#### SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST AND ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS

APN: 327 200 IO

This Deed of Trest, made this 20th day of June, 2007, between

Michael Bottasso and Nora Bottasso, Trustees of the Michael and Nora Bottasso Living Trust dated July 16, 1997

herein called TRUSTOR, whose address is 3221 S. Chateau Fresno Aye, Fresno, CA 93706 Stewart Title of California, Inc., a California Corporation, herein called TRUSTEE, and Kathryn Siciliani, Trustee of the Kathryn Siciliani Living Trust dated Oct. 27, 1999

berein called BENEFICIARY,

Witnesseth: This Trustor IRREVOCABLY GRANTS, TRANSFERS AND ASSIGNS TO TRUSTEE IN TRUST, WITH POWER OF SALE, that property in Fresno County, California, described as:

For complete legal description, additional terms and conditions, see cabibit "A" attached hereto.

TOGETHER WITH the rents, issues and profits thereof, SUBJECT, HOWEVER, to the right, power and authority given to and conferred upon Beneficiary by paragraph (10) of the provisions incorporated herein by reference to collect and apply such mats, issues and profits

For the Purpose of Securing: 1. Performance of each agreement of Transfor incorporated by reference or contained herein. 2. Payment of the indebtedness evidenced by one promissory note of even date herewith, and any extension or renewal thereof, in the principal sum of \$100,000.00 executed by Trustof in favor of Beneficiary by order. 3. Payment of such further sums as the then record owner of said property bereafter may beeign from Deneficiary, when evidenced by another note (or notes) reciting it

To Protect the Security of This Deed of Trust, Trustor Agrees: By the execution and delivery of this Deed of Trust and the note secured hereby, that provisions (1) to (14), inclusive, of the ficultions deed of trust recorded under date, in the book and at the page of Official Records in the office of the county recorder of the county where said property is located, noted below exposite the name of such county, viz.

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FOR SIGNATURE(S) SEE SHORT FORM DEED OF IRLUIT SIGNATURE PAGE ATTACKED HERETO AND MADE A PART HERETOF

Page 1 of 5

RECEIVED COUNTY OF FRESNO

MAY 1 6 2019

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION

#### SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST SIGNATURE(S) PAGE

ORDER NO

ESCROWNO. 10

(which provisions, identical in all counties, are printed on the reverse hereof) hereby are adopted and incorporated herein and made a part hereof as fully as though set forth herein at length; that he will observe and perform said provisions; and that the references to property, obligations, and parties in said provisions shall be construed to refer to the property, obligations, and parties set forth in this Deed of Trust.

The undersigned Trustor requests that a copy of any Notice of Default and of any Notice of Sale hermander be mailed to him at his address hereinbefore set forth.

Michael Bottasso, Trustee

Nora Bottasso, Trestee

DATE

June 20, 2007

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF

sankininankininankininaninaninan

Coffice the consert name and title of the officer)

serioughly appeared (Atcharl Botthasb direc Nora

personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory existence) to be the person(s), whose name(s) is/assubscribed to the outline instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their aignostate(s) on the instrument the person(s) or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS may hand and official scal.

Signature

J. N. BECAM
Commission # 1684976
Notary Audic - Colleges of Fresho County
My Comm Express Sep 21, 2010

(Scal)

SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Page 2 of 5

Order Number: 8066

#### EXHIBIT "A" LEGAL DESCRIPTION

An undivided 1/418 interest in and to the following described property:

#### Parcel 1:

The West half of Lot 423 of Fruitvale Estates, according to the map thereof recorded April 10, 1889, in Book 3 Page 67 of Plats, Records of said County.

#### Parcel 2:

The East half of Lot 423, all of Lots 424, 425, 426, 439, 440, 441, 442, the Southeast quarter of Lot 427 and the East half of Lot 438 of Fruitvale Estates, according to the map thereof recorded April 10, 1889, in Book 3 Page 67 of Plats, Records of said County;

Excepting Therefrom that portion thereof lying within the following described parcel:

Beginning at a point in the center line of Chateau-Fresno Avenue 357 feet North of the Southeast comer of Section 19, Township 14 South, Range 19 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, according to the Official Plat thereof, thence at right angles to the center line of Chateau-Fresno Avenue, Westerly 290 feet; thence Northerly parallel with the center line of Chateau-Fresno Avenue, 300.4 feet; thence Easterly at right angles to the center line of Chateau-Fresno Avenue; thence Southerly along the center line of Chateau-Fresno Avenue to the point of beginning.

Also Excepting therefrom the North 175 feet of the East 290 feet of said Lot 442;

Also Excepting Therefrom the Westerly 70 feet of the Easterly 360 feet of said Lot 441 and the Westerly 70 feet of the Easterly 360 feet of the Northerly 175 feet of said Lot 442.

Together with that portion of Chateau Avenue that was vacated in an instrument recorded March 28, 1988, as Document No. 88032267.

APN:

327-200-10

Designated as:

Agricultural land

Located at:

2585 South Chateau Fresho Avenue

Fresno, California

#### SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST AND ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS

CRIDER NO.

BOGE

The bracetry is a copy of provious (1) to [14], estudies, of the first pas describing a country in Colleges, as stated in the foregoing Dead of Treat and exceptioned by reference in self-Cook of Treat as being a part flament as discribing the first of the first past of the Protect the Becurity of This Dead of Treat, Treater Agrees:

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(2) To preside resource and deliver to femiliarly the majorine scalardomy is and with our payable to beneficiary. The amount proceed upons any femiliar processing upon an experience pulses you are presented by floresticiary upon an electric process processing on the process of floresticiary from the process of florestic process of florestic process of the proce

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(4) To pay of least ten days before describency of tense and assessments affecting and property, including assessments on appearant water stock, when due, all assessments and forest, which stock is an expenses of the Task.

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That any award of damages in connection with any condensation for public use of delays, to bad properly at any card thereby assigned and shall be paid to Sentelicary who may signly at release and received by him in the same manual and which the same effort as above provided for disposition of proceeds of the or other received.

(7) That by accepting payment of any sum secured hereby after to due date. Sensitively dres not waite his lights effect to require prompt payment when see of all other sums an assumed or is declare defeat for leakers so to pay

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(11) That upon default by Trustor in payment of any indebledness secured hereby or in performance of any agreement horsunder. Sameficiary may declare all sums secured neetby immediately due and payette by Sameficial or Trustop of which notice of declares to cause to be seed and properly which reduce their secure to be seed and properly which reduce Trustop shall cause to be filed for record. Beneficiary also shall depose the Dend. said note and all documents extending expenditures sourced benefit.

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After descring all costs, lies and expenses of finance and of lies Trust, notacing (cost of existence of life in proceeding with sale. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of sale by promoted of all some expensed ander the forms harnof, not then repost, with account inferest of the account allowed by law in effect at the data formed, all other some them assured harnby, and the remainder, if any, to the garage or principle or steel of Peress.

(12) Sundicity, or any successor in ownership of any indeblothese secured hisraly, may from time to time, by instrument in writing, substitute a successor or successors to any Treative named heres or acting harmonder, which includes the security of the provider of the sounds or conflict where said property is situated, shall be condusted provided provided successor Treative or Treatives, while all the lessess states the condustry provided provided successor Treatives or Treatives, while all the security and provided sound to the condustry harmonic contain the name of the original Treative. Treative and Steneticary harmonic took and purpowhere the Cook are conducted and the name and other conductives.

(13) That his Deed appear to, more to be based of, and break at person heals, the hairs, equives, devices, administrates, executes, according to a secure to occur and house, actually predom of the note secured temps within or no record as Direction heals a thin Deed, whereas the context so equives, the recording gender includes the territor and/or secure, and the singular record activities to people.

(14) That Truster accepts this Trust when this Deed, duly expand and admostledged and is made a public record as provided by law. Truster is not deligated to notify any party harels of pending rate under any other Deed of Trust or of any other as proceeding in which Trustor, Beneficiary of Truster and be a party rates a brought by Truster.

SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE.

Page 4 of 5

## SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST AND ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS DO NOT RECORD

ORDER NO. ESCROW NO

NO.

#### REQUEST FOR FULL RECONVEYANCE

KEMNESI LAW LAFT W	
To be used only when not	e has been takt
To Stewart Title of California, Inc., Trustee	
	Dated
,	
The undersigned is the legal owner and holder of all indebtedness secur	work has the well-in Creat of Teast 150 some corrupt by said Cleat of
Trust barg been fully paid and satisfied, and you are I knoby sequented and	
terms of said Doed of Trost, to cancel all evidences of indebtedness, secur	
said Deed of Trust, and to reconvey, without warranty, to the parties designs	sted by the terror of said Deed of Trans, the estate now teed by you
under the same.	Same Same
	MAIL RECONVEYANCE TO:
. 1	
v <sup>*</sup>	
And the state of t	
ALL SIGNATURES TO THIS DOCUMENT MUST BE HOTARIZED	

Do not lose or destroy this Deed of Trust CR THE NOTE which it secures. Both most be delivered to the Trustee for cancellation before reconveyance will be made.

Page 5 of 5





MAY 1 6 2019

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION

## **Operational Statement Questions**

Facility	Kiss Cattle, LLC y Name:
Count	Fresno County y:
1.	Describe in detail the nature of the operation and on what is being proposed to do.
	Raising of cattle from new born until +/- 15 months old.
	No Milking on this site!
2.	How many cattle are on site? 2500 +/-
	Will the proposal increase the number of cattle? Yes If so by how many? 3500 head
3.	Operational time limits: 6:00am - 5:00pm, 7 days per week
4	Number of customers or visitors: per day: visit hours:
4.	Number of customers of visitors. per day visit nours
5.	Number of employees Will proposal increase the number?
	Hours/shifts employees work:
	6:00am to 5:00pm with different shifts running.

6.	Service and delivery vehicles? number per day:
7.	Road access to the site: (public or private)
8.	Number of parking spaces on site:
9.	Are any goods to be sold on-site? If so, are goods grown or produced on-site or at some other location?
10.	What equipment is used on the entire site?
	The equipment used on site consists of 1-loader, 1-forklift, and 1-tractor scraper.
11.	What supplies or materials are used and how are they stored?  The hay is stored in the barn. The milk is stored in the parlor.
12.	Does the use cause an unsightly appearance?
13.	List any solid or liquid wastes to be produced on site. Describe how its stored, stored location, estimated volume, how is it hauled, where is it disposed and how often.
	Liquid cow manure is stored in ponds.  Dry cow manure is stored in corrals.
14.	Estimated volume of water to be used (gallons per day) 160.000 gallons per day  Source of water? Well



15. Describe any proposed advertising including size, appearance, and placement.

N/A

16. Will all existing buildings continue to be used or will new buildings be constructed?
No new buildings will be added.

17. Explain which buildings or what portion of buildings will be used in the operation.

All existing buildings will be used in the operation.

- 18. Will any outdoor lighting or an outdoor sound amplification system be used?
  Outdoor lighting will be used. No sound system will be used on this facility.
- 19. Landscaping or fencing proposed?Fencing will be used to hold the cattle (see map).
- 20. Add any additional information that will provide a clear understanding of the project or operation.

This operation is a calf ranch.

21. Identify all Owners.

Gerrit Roeloffs

KISS CATTLE, LLC PROPOSED PLOT PLAN RECEIVED COUNTY OF FRESNO MAY 1 6 2019 ANNADALE AVENUE OWNER **GERRIT ROELOFFS ADDRESS** 2585 S CHATEAU-FRESNO **FRESNO, CA 93706** COUNTY FRESNO COUNTY A.P.N. 327-200-010 PROPERTY LINE PROPERTY LINE

PROPOSED FENCELINE

PROPOSED FENCELINE

EXISTING ROAD/PAYEMENT

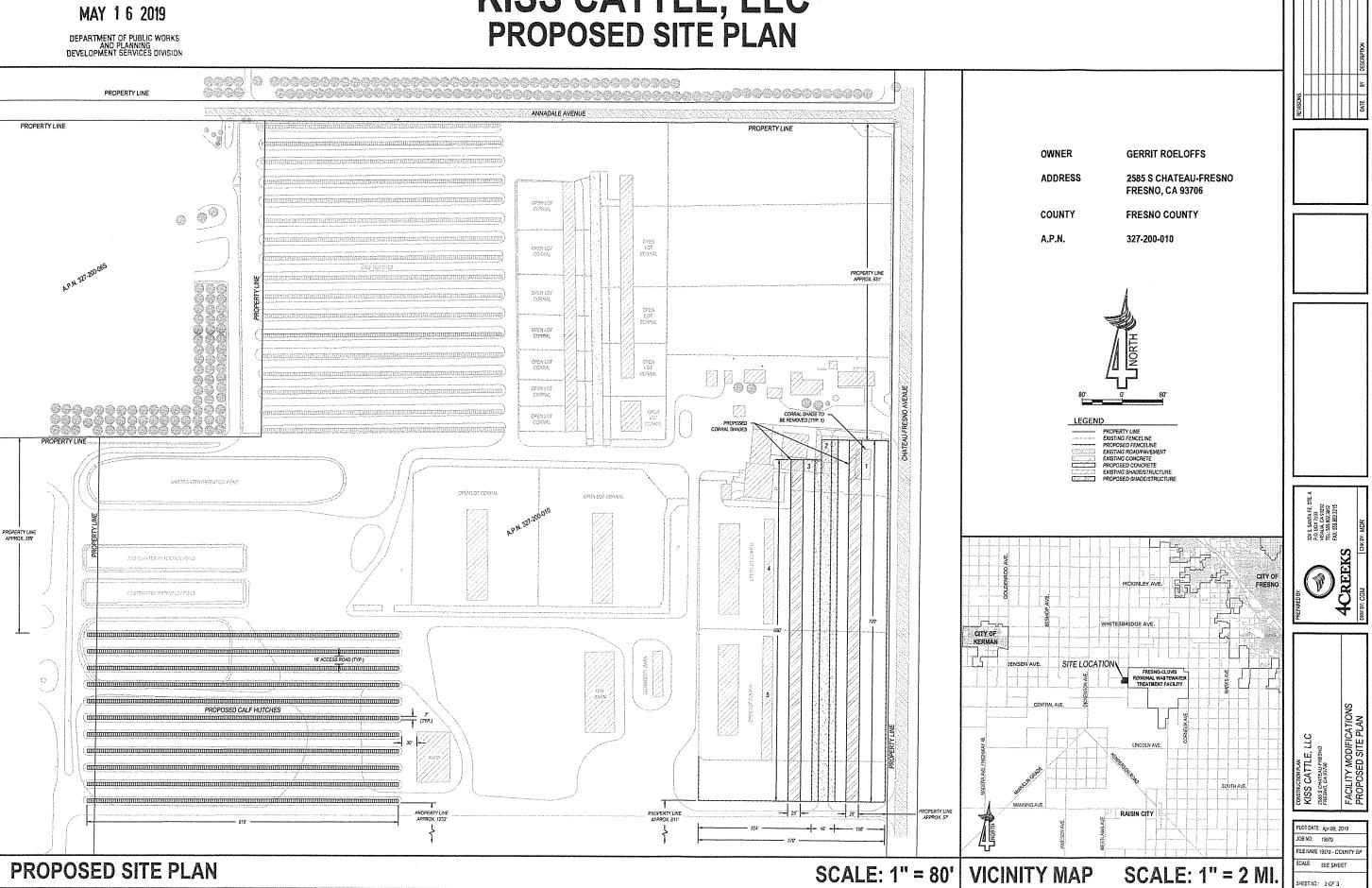
EXISTING CONCRETE

PROPOSED CONCRETE

EXISTING SHADE/STRUCTU/

PROPOSED SHADE/STRUCTU/ CITY OF KERMAN PROPERTY LINE PROPOSED PLOT PLAN SCALE: 1" = 150' **VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1" = 2 MI**  RECEIVED COUNTY OF FRESNO

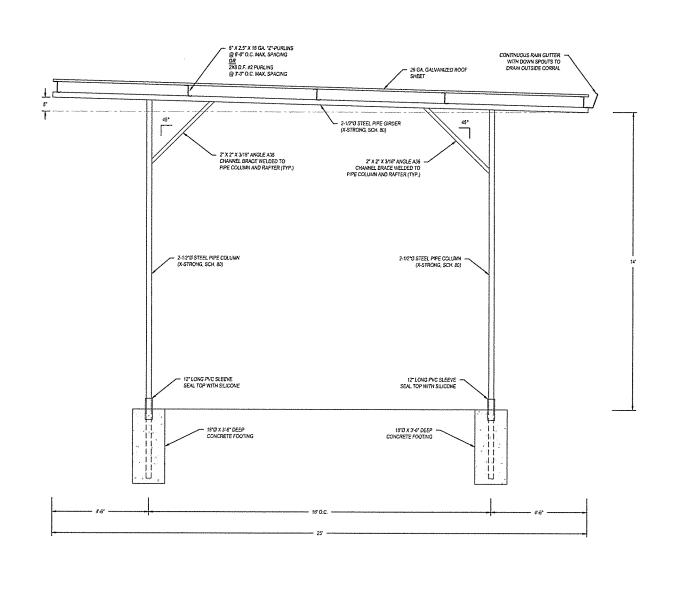
## KISS CATTLE, LLC PROPOSED SITE PLAN

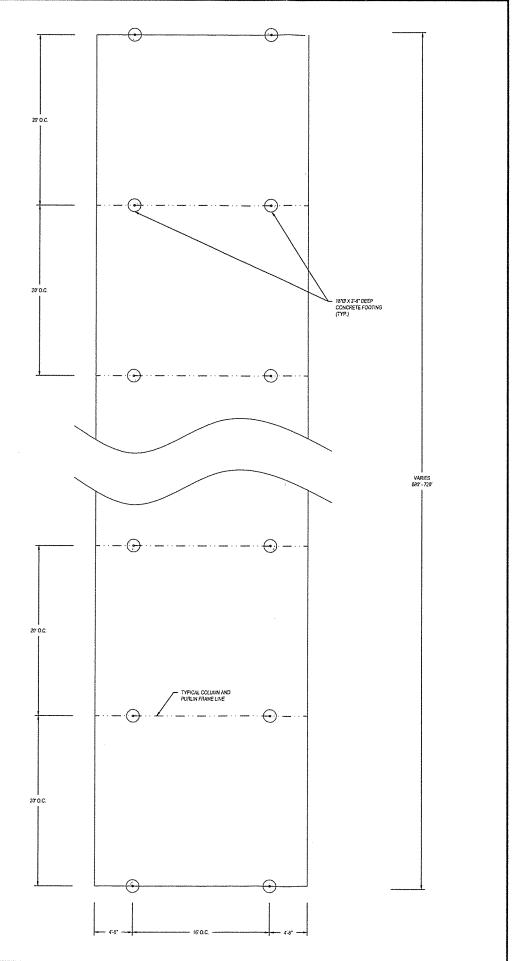


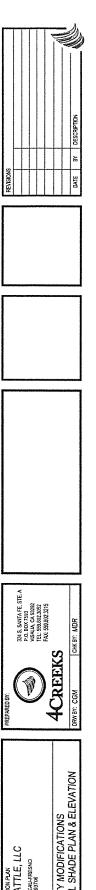


## MAY 1 6 2019

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION







SCALE: 1" = 5'

# WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN KISS CATTLE, LLC

**NOVEMBER 22, 2019** 

PREPARED FOR:

KISS CATTLE, LLC 2585 S. CHATEAU-FRESNO FRESNO, CA 93706

**COMPLETED BY:** 



324 S. SANTA FE ST., STE. A VISALIA, CA 93292 (559) 802-3052

**SUBMITTED TO:** 

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
CENTRAL VALLEY REGION
1685 E. STREET
FRESNO, CA 93706

## **WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN**

A Waste Management Plan (WMP) for the production area is required for all existing confined bovine feeding facilities subject to Waste Discharge Requirements General Order Number R5-2017-0058. The purpose of the WMP is to ensure that the production area of the facility is designed, constructed, operated and maintained so that facility wastes generated at the facility are managed in compliance with Waste Discharge Requirements General Order Number R5-2017-0058, in order to prevent adverse impacts to groundwater and surface water quality.

## KISS CATTLE, LLC

FRESNO COUNTY, CA

#### CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

	OWNER:
	SIGNATURE OF OWNER
_	PRINT
-	DATE
177	OPERATOR:  A SUPERATOR  GNATURE OF OPERATOR  Perrit Roel of As
	PRINT
	11-26-19
	DATE
	ENGINEER:
1	14/25
KYL	E M. PARREIRA, PE#89070
	11/22/19
	DATE



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- A. Wastewater Retention Pond Volume Analysis
- B. Wastewater Pond Field Capacity Analysis
- C. Animal Output Data

E. APN Identification MapF. Land Application Map

G. FEMA Map

- D. Normal Precipitation Data
- E. 25 Year, 24 Hour Storm Water Data
- F. Evaporation Data
- G. Storm Drain Run-Off Coefficient Data

#### Introduction

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 5, adopted General Order Number R5-2017-0058, which affects all existing confined bovine feeding facilities in operation as of February 10, 2017. One of the requirements of the General Order is a Waste Management Plan (WMP). The purpose of the WMP is to ensure that the production area of the feeding facility is designed, constructed, operated, and maintained so that facility wastes are managed in compliance with Waste Discharge Requirements General Order Number R5-2007-0035 to prevent adverse impacts to groundwater and surface water quality.

#### I. Existing Facility Description

#### A. Name of the Facility & County Location

Facility Name: County: Kiss Cattle, LLC Fresno County

#### **B.** Facility Location

Address: 2585 S Chateau-Fresno Avenue

Fresno, CA 93706

Assessor's Parcel Number:

327-200-10

Township, Range, Section:

Township 14 South, Range 19 East, Section 19

Baseline Meridian:

Mount Diablo Base and Meridian

#### C. Responsible Party

Owner/Operator: Gerrit Roeloffs

9256 S Valentine Avenue

Fresno, CA 93706

#### D. Facility Animal Population

The total number of the facility animal population is summarized in Table 1.



ble 1: Facility Profile				
Type of Animal	Number of Animals	Breed		
Heifers: 15-24 mo.	400	Holstein		
Heifers: 7-14 mo.	600	Holstein		
Heifers: 4-6 mo.	3,500	Holstein		
Calves: 0-3 mo.	3,500	Holstein		
Total Herd Size	8,000			

#### E. Facility Wastewater Analysis

The volume of the wastewater entering the wastewater retention ponds was determined by calculating the amount of wastewater expected from the number of proposed animals on the facility.

#### F. Facility Site Maps

#### 1. Vicinity Map (See Attachment A)

The Vicinity Map identifies the location of the facility and farming operation within a five-mile radius. It also identifies any cropland that is under control of the facility owner that is not used for wastewater application.

#### 2. Production Area Maps

#### a. Production Area Map (See Attachment B)

The Production Area Map identifies all structures on the facility, including the open lot corrals, wastewater retention ponds, feed storage areas, and any other structures within the Production Area. The process wastewater distribution system is also identified.

#### b. Facility Wastewater Flow Diagram (See Attachment C)

The Facility Wastewater Flow Diagram locates the key components to the process wastewater system for the facility. It identifies the route wastewater flows prior to entering the wastewater retention ponds.

#### c. Storm Water Tributary Area Map (See Attachment D)

The Storm Water Tributary Map identifies the total impervious areas and the total retention pond areas within the Production Area.



#### 3. APN Identification Map (See Attachment E)

The APN Identification Map identifies each parcel associated with the facility.

#### 4. Land Application Map (See Attachment F)

The Land Application Map identifies the following:

#### a. Property Boundary

The Land Application Map identifies the property associated with the facility, the ownership of the associated land, and each parcel associated with the facility.

#### b. Land Application for 2019

The Land Application Map identifies the fields where wastewater is applied. Because the types of waste applied in each field may vary from year to year, the map only applies to 2019.

#### c. Irrigation and Water Supply

The Land Application Map identifies the irrigation water distribution system for the Land Application Area. This map includes irrigation supply wells, tile drains, return pumps, and surface water connections. This map also identifies each domestic and irrigation well within the Land Application Area.



#### II. Wastewater Storage Containment Capacity Analysis

The following analysis determines whether the existing wastewater retention pond storage capacity is in accordance with Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, Chapter 7.2.1.

#### A. Existing Wastewater Storage Containment Capacity

#### 1. Required Period of Retention Time from Nutrient Management Plan

The required period of retention time is defined in the Nutrient Management Plan as 120 days. This storage period retention time is based on no wastewater land application during the winter months (November 1st through February 28th).

#### 2. Wastewater Accumulated in Production Area from Operations

The source of wastewater from operations is the animal manure and urine output deposited on flushed surfaces.

The animal output per day was determined by reference to March, 2005 ASABE 384.2 (See Appendix D). Based on the age of animal, type of animal housing, approximate hours per day spent on flushed surfaces, and the reduction in solids volume from the separator ponds, the total volume of animal waste output entering the wastewater system was determined. A summary of the net animal output is shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Animal Waste Output

Age of Animal & Housing Type	# of Animals	Waste Produced - Urine & Manure (ftº/day) (ASABE 384.2)	Hours/Day on Flush Surface	Sand Trap with Separation Pond Reduction Factor	Total (gal/day)
Heifers: 15-24 mo. (Open Lot)	400	0.78	3	55%	131
Heifers: 7-14 mo. (Open Lot)	600	0.78	3	55%	197
Heifers: 4-6 mo. (Open Lot)	3,500	0.3	3	55%	442
Calves: up to 3 mo. (Not Flushed)	3,500	0.12	0	55%	0
				Total	770

Combining the animal output yields the total wastewater volume that flows into the retention ponds. This volume is summarized in Table 3 below.



T 11 0	14/ / /	3 / 1	om Operation:	
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Wastewater Source	Volume (gal./day)	Total Volume Accumulated in 120 day period (gal.)
Animal Output (Urine & Manure):	770	92,397
Total Process Wastewater Volume From Operations:	770	92,397

#### 3. Wastewater Accumulated in Production Area from Precipitation

The wastewater accumulated from the Production Area due to precipitation was calculated using the rational method (Appendix A). An outline of the steps used to calculate the total wastewater volume from rainfall using this method is summarized in the following sections.

#### a. Production Area Subdivision by Run-off Coefficient

The Production Area was divided into three run-off coefficient categories: the retention pond surface areas, pervious areas, and impervious areas of the tributary area. The impervious areas include all concrete, buildings, and shades. Pervious areas include all other areas within the Production Area. These areas are outlined on the Storm Water Tributary Map (Attachment D).

The precipitation run-off for each area varies and is defined by published run-off coefficients (See Appendix H). The size of each area, shown in Table 4, was determined by calculations based on the land use data. The precipitation run-off calculated in Tables 5 and 6 was determined by multiplying each period's rainfall amounts (using a conversion factor of 0.623377 to convert inches of rainfall to gallons of run-off per square foot) with the weighted run-off area.

Table 4: Production Area Summary

Area Description	Run-off Area (ft²)	Run-off Coefficient	Weighted Run-off Area (ft²)
Wastewater Retention Pond Area	78,565	1.00	78,565
Total Impervious Area	254,514	0.75	190,886
Total Pervious Area	1,340,586	0.31	415,582
Total Production Area	1,673,665		685,032



#### b. Wastewater Accumulated From Normal Precipitation

The average normal precipitation per month was determined by averaging the monthly rainfall precipitation from California Department of Water Resources (CDWR) and California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS) data for the Coalinga, Madera, and Fresno stations based on station proximity to the facility site (Appendix E).

As shown in Appendix A, precipitation run-off was computed for each Production Area, for each month, using applicable run-off coefficients. A summation of the results for each month and for the entire 120 day retention period is shown in Table 5.

Table 5: Wastewater Accumulated from Normal Precipitation

Month	Average Rainfall (in.)	Days of Retention	Total Volume Accumulated in Each Period (gal.)
November	1.11	30	474,007
December	1.59	31	678,983
January	1.88	31	802,822
February	1.74	28	743,037
Total	6.32	120	2,698,849

#### c. Wastewater Accumulated From Normal Precipitation with 1.5 Factor

A second precipitation run-off analysis was completed by multiplying the Average Rainfall with a factor of 1.5. This is shown in Table 6.

Table 6: Wastewater Accumulated from Normal Precipitation with 1.5 Factor

Month	Average Rainfall X 1.5 (in.)	Days per Month	Total Volume Accumulated in Each Period (gallons)
November	1.67	30	711,010
December	2.39	31	1,018,474
January	2.82	31	1,204,233
February	2.61	28	1,114,556
Totals	9.48	120	4,048,273

#### d. Wastewater Accumulated From 25 Year, 24 Hour Storm Event

The 25 year, 24-hour storm event was assumed to happen one time during the 120-day retention period. The rainfall amount was taken from the Isopluvial Map in NOAA Atlas 2, 1973 (Appendix F). A summary of the rainfall volume is shown in Table 7.



Table 7: Wastewater Accumulated from 25 Year, 24 Hour Storm Event

Area Description	Rainfall (inches)	Weighted Run-off Area (ft²)	Total Volume Accumulated (gallons)
Wastewater Retention Pond Area	2.08	78,565	101,869
Total Impervious Part of Tributary Area	2.08	190,886	247,507
Total Pervious Part of Tributary Area	2.08	415,582	538,853
Total Production Area		685,032	888,229

#### e. Evaporation from Wastewater Retention Pond

During the 120 day retention period, wastewater from the ponds will evaporate. The evaporation rate average was determined by taking the average evaporation rates from Bakersfield and Fresno based on CDWR Evaporation Pan Data (Appendix G). The average evaporation rates and the total volume of water evaporated during the 120 day retention period are shown in Table 8.

Table 8: Evaporation from Wastewater Retention Pond

Month	Bakersfield Evaporation Rate (inches)	Fresno Evaporation Rate (inches)	Average Evaporation Rate (inches)	Total Volume Evaporated (gallons)
November	2.24	2.25	2.25	109,950
December	1.35	1.21	1.28	62,689
January	1.44	1.26	1.35	66,117
February	2.25	2.08	2.17	106,032
Total:	7.28	6.80	7.04	344,788

#### 4. Existing Wastewater Retention Ponds Storage Capacity

#### a. Total Wastewater Retention Ponds Storage Volume

A field study was completed on the wastewater retention ponds. The field study identified the retention ponds to be below ground level ponds, thus allowing 1 foot of freeboard, and the ponds contained wastewater, so depths were unattainable. The retention pond dimensions were derived from the previously approved WMP and were verified during the field study. The total volume of the wastewater retention ponds was calculated based upon these values (Appendix B). The total available storage volume for the ponds is summarized in Table 10.

#### b. Pond System Organization

Prior to wastewater entering the retention ponds, wastewater from the westernmost open lot feed lanes is directed to the sand trap to allow heavy solids to settle from the wastewater. All other wastewater from the facility is directed into Pond 3. Effluent from the sand trap is directed into either Pond 1 or Pond 2 while the other is left to evaporate. Excess wastewater from these ponds gravity flows into Pond 3, which is equipped with a sump pump to supply the irrigation system.



#### c. Minimum Pond Levels

Minimum pond levels are determined by pond location and usage. *Evaporation Ponds* are allowed to dry out completely during the summer months and therefore the minimum pond level for ponds of this type is zero. *Irrigation Ponds* are pumped down to the level of residual solids<sup>1</sup>. *Overflow Ponds* have overflow pipes to either an Evaporation Pond or an Irrigation Pond. The minimum level for these ponds is at the overflow pipe level. Table 9 identifies each pond, the minimum pond level, and the resulting volume reduction used for computing the available winter storage volume.

Table 9: Pond Capacity Reduction Criteria

Table 6. I one dapating the	ddollori Orlorid		
Pond Identification	Pond Type	Depth of Residual Solids¹ (feet)	Storage Period Pond Volume Reduction (cubic feet)
Pond 1	Evaporation	0.00	0
Pond 2	Evaporation	0.00	0
Pond 3	Irrigation	1.00	33,170

<sup>1 -</sup> Residual Solids in Irrigation Ponds are assumed to be 2 feet deep if the wastewater did not pass through a solids separation system before entering the pond. If there is solids separation before entering the pond, the assumed level of residual solids is reduced by half. If there is secondary separation after the primary separation, the residual solids are reduced again by half.

#### d. Pond Management

By November 1<sup>st</sup> every year, Kiss Cattle, LLC pumps down the ponds to minimum levels of wastewater to ensure that there are 120 days of storage capacity for all wastewater generated from facility operations and precipitation. Table 10 shows the total available 120-day storage period volume for all ponds on the facility.



Table 10: Maximum Available Wastewater Storage Capacity

Pond Identification	Total Available Storage Capacity (gallons)	Freeboard Capacity Reduction (gallons)	Storage Period Pond Capacity Reduction (gallons)	Total Available Storage Period Capacity (gallons
Pond 1	728,852	84,016	0	644,836
Pond 2	728,852	84,016	0	644,836
Pond 3	5,750,026	327,724	248,131	5,174,171
			TOTAL:	6,463,842

#### 5. Summary

As required in the General Order Number R5-2017-0058, the determination of the required storage capacity for the wastewater retention ponds must reflect run-off due to normal precipitation times a factor of one and a half. As shown by the Maximum Available Storage Period Capacity, the calculation results show that the retention pond capacity is adequate under these circumstances. Based on this summary, additional modifications to the facility are not required and the existing storage capacity meets the requirements of the General Order. This is summarized in Table 11.

Table 11: Existing vs. Required Wastewater Retention Pond Storage Capacity

Volume Description	Total Volume in 120 Day Period (gallons)
Wastewater from Operations	92,397
Wastewater Accumulated From Normal Precipitation w/ 1.5 Factor	4,048,273
Wastewater Accumulated From 25 Year, 24 Hour Event	888,229
Less: Evaporation from Wastewater Retention Ponds	(344,788)
Net Required Wastewater Retention Pond Storage Volume	4,684,110
Less: Net Existing Wastewater Retention Ponds Storage Volume	6,463,842
Excess Wastewater Retention Pond Capacity	1,779,732

#### B. Proposed Modifications

Kiss Cattle, LLC proposes to remove five (5) open lot corral shades and to construct two (2) new feed lanes and two (2) new corral shades in the corresponding open lot corrals. The facility also proposes to construct numerous calf hutches. All proposed structures will be constructed within the tributary area of the facility. Based upon this WMP, the facility will remain compliant with the standards required by the General Order, following the construction of the proposed improvements.

#### C. Contingency Plan

A contingency plan is not required because the wastewater retention ponds have enough existing storage capacity for the storm water precipitation and run-off volume with a 1.5 factor.



#### III. Flood Protection Analysis

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides a Flood Insurance Rate Map which identifies different flood zone areas. The Flood Insurance Rate Map, Panel 2100H Community Panel Number 06019C2100H, February 18, 2009, indicates that the production area is in a Zone X designation (Attachment G).

Zone X represents areas outside the 1-percent annual chance floodplain, areas of 1% annual chance sheet flow flooding where average depths are less than 1 foot, areas of 1% annual chance stream flooding where the contributing drainage area is less than 1 square mile, or areas protected from the 1% annual chance flood by levees. No Base Flood Elevations or depths are shown within this zone. Insurance purchase is not required in these zones.

Based on the existing FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map and the topographic survey, the facility has adequate flood protection. As the facility was observed during the field study, no inundations or washouts from flood waters were visible. Due to the continued maintenance of the flood production area roads, rodent control, and weed control, any inundations or washouts from flood waters are very unlikely.

#### IV. Production Area Design Assessment

#### A. Existing Conditions

All wastewater produced by the facility and all storm water run-off from areas that contact manure are directed to the existing wastewater retention ponds. A complete field study of the production area was completed to verify the drainage directions and slopes. The drainage directions and slopes are shown in the Production Area, Attachment B; and the Storm Water Tributary Area Map, Attachment D. The following sections provide a more detailed description of the run-off from the different areas within the production area:

#### 1. Corrals

Open lot corrals are sloped to the rear of the corrals to a localized low spot that is pumped to the wastewater retention ponds via a mobile sump pump within 72 hours of a storm event. Each corral is graded with a minimum slope to prevent standing wastewater.

#### 2. Enclosed Animal Housing Areas

Storm water run-off from animal housing areas, including roofs and shades, are collected in gutters and drain directly into the flush system. Gutters and downspouts are maintained as necessary to keep them functional.

#### 3. Manure & Feed Storage Areas

The manure storage area is located in the rear of the open lot corrals. Any run-off is pumped to the ponds within 72 hours of the storm event.

The feed storage area is graded to a localized low spot that is pumped to the ponds within 72 hours of the storm event.

#### B. Required Modifications to Existing Facility

After review of the production area and verification of the existing site conditions based upon the field study, it was determined that all process wastewater and storm water run-off that contacts manure is diverted and stored in the wastewater retention ponds. No facility modifications are required.

#### V. Operation & Maintenance Plan

The following sections outline the existing general operations of the facility and the existing maintenance plan:

#### A. Precipitation & Surface Drainage of Non-Manured Areas

All precipitation and surface drainage from outside manured areas, including that collected from roofed areas, is diverted away from manured areas, unless such drainage is fully contained and is included in the storage requirement calculations required in item II, above;

The Production Area Map (Attachment B) identifies the drainage direction of all run-offs within the production area. All drainage from the manured and roofed areas within the production areas is included in the storage volume calculations for the wastewater retention ponds. Any precipitation and surface drainage outside the manured areas is adequately diverted away from manured areas. If not, then drainage is collected and stored in the ponds. The Storm Water Tributary Area Map (Attachment D) identifies the limits of the run-off area included in the retention pond volume analysis.

#### B. Pond Management

Ponds are managed to maintain the required freeboard and to prevent odors, breeding of mosquitoes, damage from burrowing animals, damage from equipment during removal of solids, embankment settlement, erosion, seepage, excess weeds, algae, and vegetation;

On an annual basis, burrowing animals living in the vicinity of the ponds are exterminated to reduce population levels, thus reducing and preventing damage to the pond embankments. On a monthly basis, pictures of the ponds are taken to record the existence of the minimum 1 foot freeboard. The wastewater in the Irrigation Ponds is agitated and drawn down on a periodic basis during the crop growing season in accordance with the Nutrient Management Plan. These draw-downs maintain the pond's required freeboard. Excess weeds and vegetation are periodically removed. Oil is applied to the water surface periodically during the mosquito breeding season.

#### C. Pond Storage Volume Maintenance for Winter Months

Holding ponds provide necessary storage volume prior to winter storms, maintain capacity considering buildup of solids, and comply with the minimum freeboard required in Waste Discharge Requirements General Order No. R5-2017-0058;

Existing Wastewater Retention Pond Storage Capacity is described in Section II.A.4.

#### D. Elimination of Discharge to Surface Waters

There is no discharge of waste or storm water to surface waters from the production area;

There are no areas where wastewater is discharged to surface water or areas where storm water run-off can enter surface water.



#### F. Pond Solids Removal Procedures

Procedures have been established for removal of solids from any lined pond to prevent damage to the pond liner;

Solids are removed from the wastewater using the sand trap. During the crop growing season, the wastewater in Pond 3 is agitated and pumped to the land application areas at agronomic rates. Using the combination of sand separation, separator ponds, and agitation, pond solids are kept to a minimum level. As solids accumulate in the ponds, they are removed with an excavator keeping careful consideration not to damage the existing pond liner.

#### F. Corral and/or Pen Maintenance

Corrals and/or pens are maintained to collect and divert all process wastewater to the retention pond and to prevent ponding of water and to minimize infiltration of water into the underlying soils;

Kiss Cattle, LLC uses an employee to maintain corrals and bedding, weather permitting. During the winter months, the open lot corrals are maintained to prevent excess manure buildup. Any excess manure is stacked in the rear of the corral and removed during the spring.

Areas within the facility that pond after a storm event and areas of broken concrete are noted during the winter months. During the dry season, these areas are compacted, patched, and repaired to ensure all wastewater is diverted to the wastewater retention ponds to minimize infiltration of water into the underlying soils. Any ponding rainwater is pumped to the wastewater ponds within 72 hours of rainfall event.

During the summer months, corral surfaces are cleaned and repaired to ensure proper drainage. Slopes are maintained to diminish ponding. Accumulation of manure under fence lines is removed to ensure proper drainage. Weeds and other accumulated debris in drainage weirs behind corrals are removed.

#### G. Animal Housing Area Maintenance

The animal housing area (e.g., barn, shed, milk parlor, etc.) is maintained to collect and divert all water that has contacted animal wastes to the retention pond and to minimize the infiltration of water into the underlying soils;

The animal housing area maintenance program is described in Item F above.

#### H. Manure & Feed Storage Area Maintenance

Manure and feed storage areas are maintained to ensure runoff and leachate from these areas are collected and diverted to the retention pond and to minimize infiltration of leachate from these areas to the underlying soils;

The manure and feed storage area maintenance is described in Section IV.A.



#### I. Dead Animal Disposal

All dead animals are disposed of properly;

Dead animals are collected as necessary and transported to a dead animal enclosure. The dead animals are removed by a six-day-per-week pickup rendering service.

#### J. Chemical & Contaminant Handling

Chemicals and other contaminants handled at the facility are not disposed of in any manure or process wastewater, or storm water storage or treatment system unless specifically designed to treat such chemicals and other contaminants;

The chemical concentrations are diluted by the approximately 281,040 gallons of wastewater produced annually by the facility. The low chemical concentration levels caused by this dilution are not detectable.

#### K. Prevention of Animal Trespassing of Surface Waters

All animals are prevented from entering any surface water within the confined area;

Animals are prevented from entering any surface water near the boundary of the production area by the corral fencing. The fence is inspected and maintained by the facility operator to prevent animals from trespassing into the surface waters.

#### L. Salt Limitations in Animal Rations

Salt in animal rations is limited to the amount required to maintain animal health and optimum production.

Salt in animal rations is fed per National Research Council Guidelines under the supervision of a professional nutritionist retained as a consultant to Kiss Cattle, LLC. Salt intake is limited to the amount required to maintain animal health and optimal milk production.



#### VI. Backflow Prevention Plan

Backflow is the undesirable reversal of flow of water or mixtures of water and other liquids, gases, or other substances into the distribution pipes of the potable supply of water from any source. Per the General Order, there are to be no cross-connections that would allow the backflow of wastewater into a water supply well, irrigation well, or surface water. This requires an air gap, or physical separation between the discharge end of the water supply pipe and an open or non-pressure receiving vessel. To effectively prevent backflow, an air gap must be at least double the diameter of the water supply pipe, unless otherwise noted by the Natural Resources Conservation Services equation for determining air gap size.

#### VII. Changed Conditions & Limitations

The findings of this report are valid as of the date of this report. However, if there are any changes to the existing facility, including management of wastewater, barn efficiency, expansion, new improvements, and/or operations, a Registered Civil Engineer shall be notified to review the change(s) at the facility to determine if calculations for this report are still applicable. If the change alters the waste management for the facility, an updated Waste Management Plan shall be submitted to the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Valley Region (CRWQCB).

The CRWQCB shall be notified via a letter of any change in the facility name, owner, operator, or contact person of the facility. If the owner decides to terminate the operations at this facility, a closure plan will be submitted to the CRWQCB.

The validity of the analysis contained in this report is dependent upon the prescribed testing, observation, and analysis program specified by 4Creeks, Inc. during the operation of the facility. Any recommendations in the report shall be reviewed and observed using the same program. Our firm assumes no responsibility for the compliance of the recommendations with these design concepts unless we have been retained to perform the observation and review during the installation and operation of any recommended items.

4Creeks, Inc. has prepared this report for the exclusive use of the said client. The report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted practices of engineering. No other warranties, either expressed or implied, are made as to the professional advice provided in this report.



VIII. Regional V	Vater Quality Control Board Correspondence & Revision Record
Correspondence:	
Date Received	Description
Revision Record:	

Revision #

Section

Date

Description

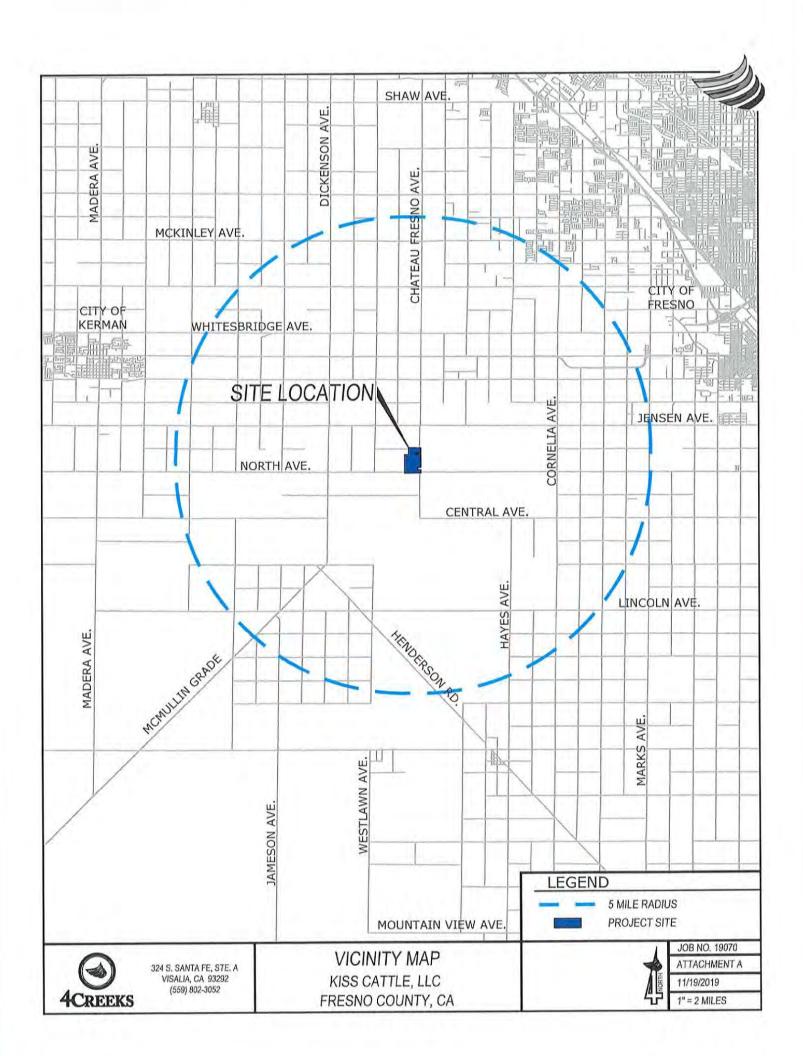
#### IX. References

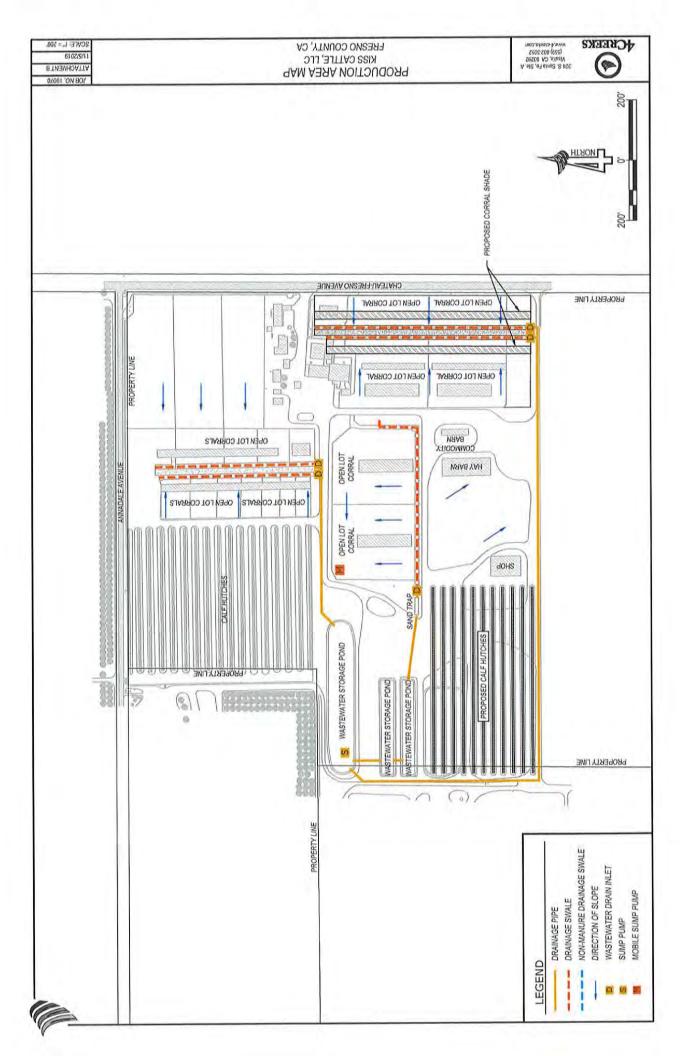
- California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Valley Region Order Number R5-2013-0122 "Waste Discharge Requirements General Order for Existing Milk Cow Dairies"
- California Department of Water Resources, Online Data from Sampling Stations (HND, VSL) http://cdec.water.ca.gov/selectQuery.html
- California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS), Online Data from Sampling Station (#169) http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/data.jsp
- California Department of Water Resources, Online Data for Evaporation http://www.sjd.water.ca.gov/landwateruse/evaporation/

California Department of Water Resources, Online Groundwater Level Data Reports http://www.water.ca.gov/waterdatalibrary/groundwater/

- NOAA Geodetic to State Plane Coordinates (SPC) http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/cgi-bin/spc\_getpc.prl
- NOAA Online Weather Data, NOAA Atlas 2, 1973 for 25 yr, 24 hr event http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/pcpnfreq/sca25y24.gif
- Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 7, Subchapter 2, Article 1 <a href="http://www.ciwmb.ca.gov/Regulations/Title27/ch7s2345.htm#Article1">http://www.ciwmb.ca.gov/Regulations/Title27/ch7s2345.htm#Article1</a>
- Water Quality Control Plan for the Tulare Lake Basin, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/centralvalley/water\_issues/basin\_plans/tlbp.pdf







4CREEKS (P)

AERIAL DATE: 2018 1"= 150" FRESNO COUNTY, CA 11/18/2019 KISS CATTLE, LLC ATTACHMENT C DAIRY FACILITY WASTEWATER FLOW DIAGRAM 07091 ,ON BOL

i di 6 0 PRODUCT TO



MASTEWATER FLOW KEYNOTES

(1) WATER SUPPLY WELL:
PINADE WATER NOTO WATER SUPPLY WELL: PUMPS WATER INTO HYDROPNEUMATIC TANK.

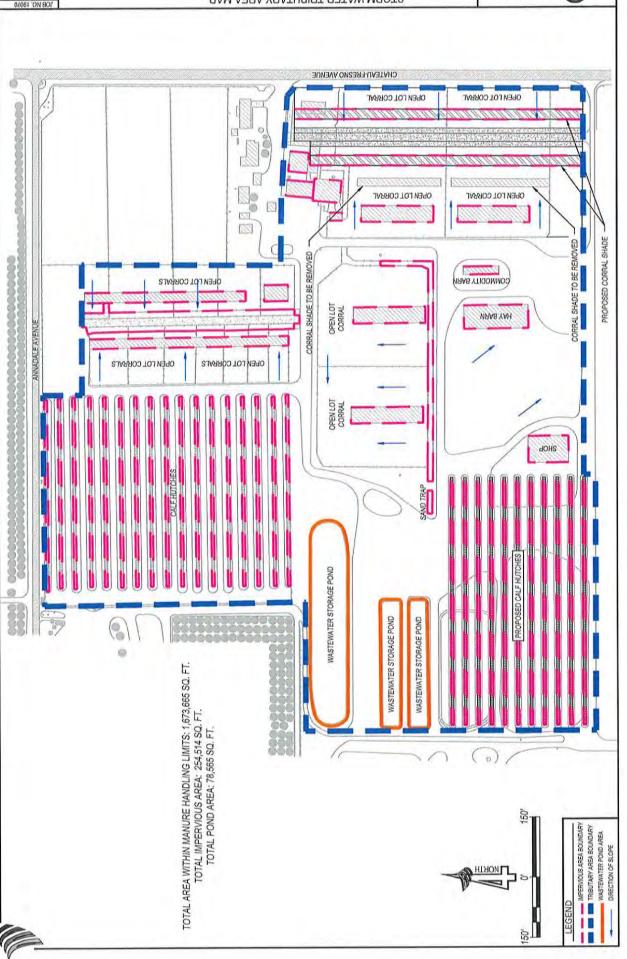
(7)

SAND TRAP: SOURCE: RUN-OFF FROM FLUSH LANES. DIVERTS WASTEWATER TO RETENTION PONDS. HYDROPNEUMATIC TANK: SOURCE: WATER SUPPLY WELL. PRESSURIZES WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

(1)

SUMP PUMP: PROVIDES IRRIGATION WATER TO FIELDS.

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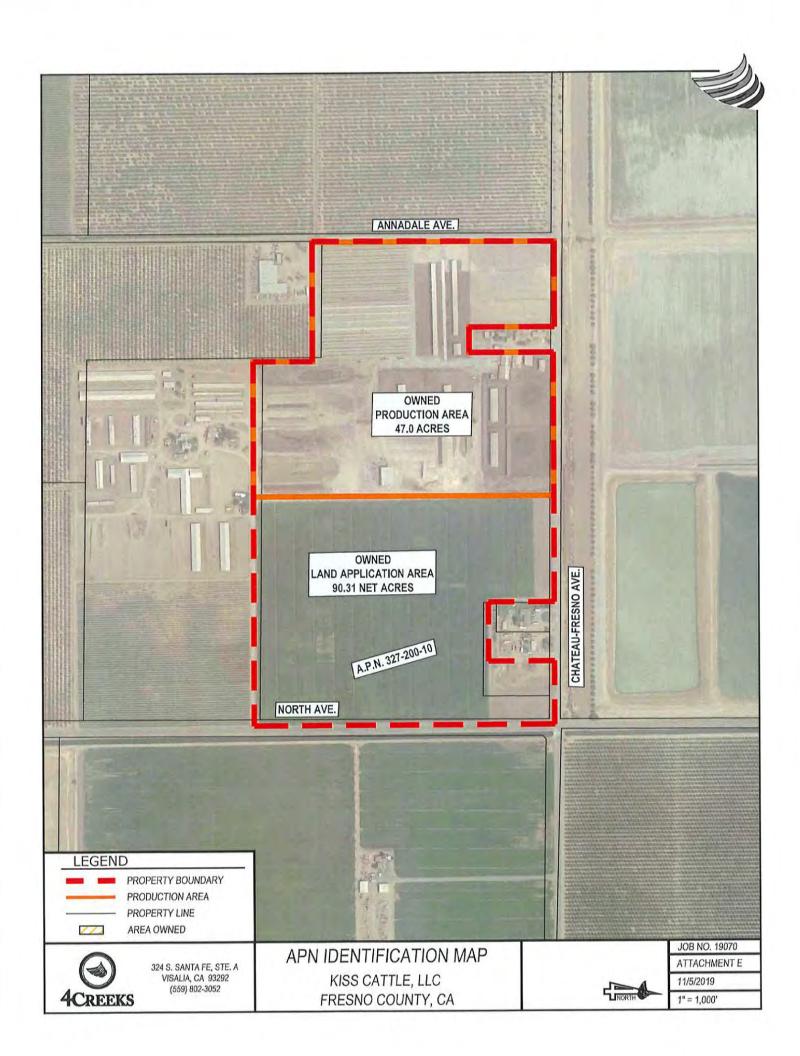
STORM WATER TRIBUTARY AREA MAP KISS CATTLE, LLC FRESNO COUNTY, CA

11/5/2019

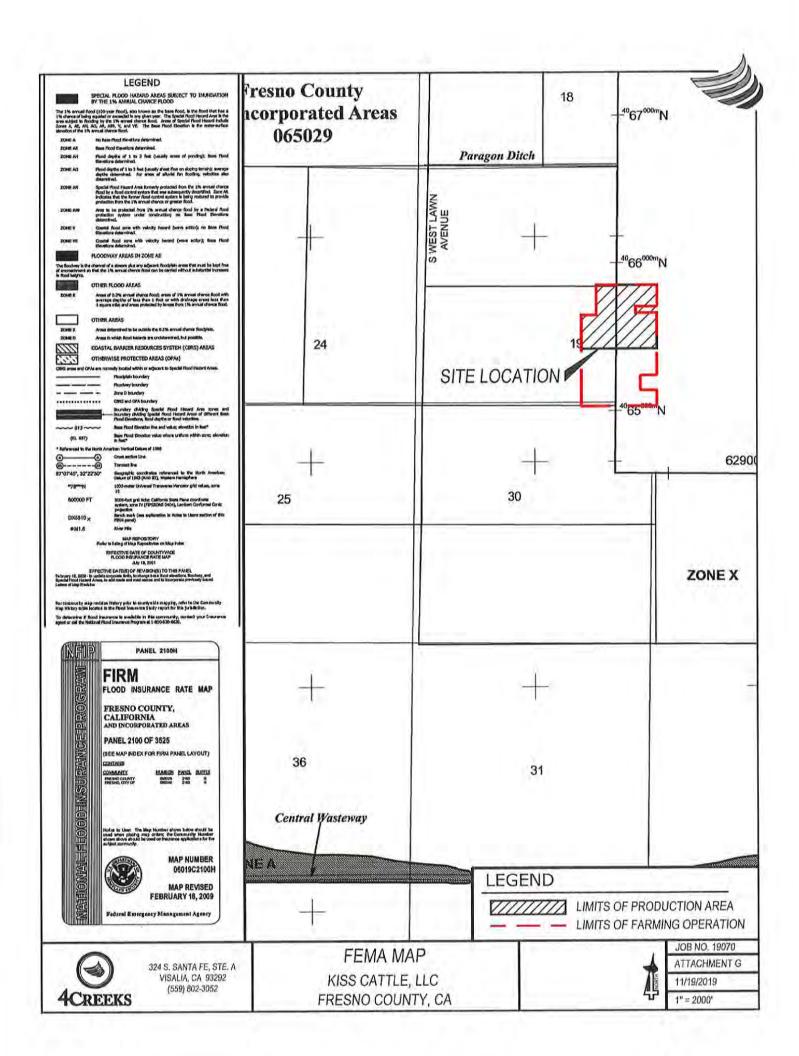
ATTACHMENT D











# **APPENDIX A**

**Wastewater Retention Pond Volume Analysis** 







# Wastewater Retention Pond Volume Analysis KISS CATTLE, LLC

#### A. EXISTING POND STORAGE VOLUME

	SUMMARY (See Appendix B for Calculations)				
Pond	Pond Type	Depth of Pond November 1st (ft)	Storage Period Pond Volume Reduction (ft <sup>3</sup> )		
Pond 1:	Evaporation	0,00	0		
Pond 2:	Evaporation	0.00	0		
Pond 3;	Irrigation	1.00	33,170		

Pond	Total Raw Volume (gal)	1 Foot Freeboard Reduction (gal)	Storage Period Pond Reduction (gal)	Total Retention Volume (gal)
Pond 1:	728,852	84,016	0	644,836
Pond 2:	728,852	84,016	0	644,836
Pond 3:	5,750,026	327,724	248,131	5,174,171
			TOTAL	6,463,842

#### **B. PROCESS WASTEWATER VOLUME ANALYSIS**

Age of Animal & Housing Type	# of Animals	Waste Produced - Urine & Manure (ft <sup>2</sup> /day) (ASABE 384.2)	Hours/Day on Flush Surface	Sand Trap with Separation Pond Reduction Factor	Total (gal/day)
Helfers: 15-24 mo. (Open Lot)	400	0.78	3	55%	131
Heifers: 7-14 mo. (Open Lot)	600	0.78	3	55%	197
Helfers: 4-6 mo. (Open Lot)	3,500	0.3	3	55%	442
Calves: 0-3 mo. (Hutches)	3,500	0.12	0	55%	.0
and and a section It references				Total :	770

Summary:

-	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	
Wastewater Source	Volume (gal./day)	Total Volume Accumulated in 120 day period (gal.)
Animal Output (Urine & Manure):	770	92,397
Total Process Wastewater Volume From Operations:	770	92,397

#### C. PRECIPITATION RUN-OFF VOLUME ANALYSIS

Rainfall Run-off from Production Area (Altachment D) Total Production Tributary Area

1,673,665

Run-off Coefficients (Appendix H) Runoff Coefficient for Impervious: Runoff Coefficient for Pervious:

Production Area Subdivision Summary

Area Description	Run-off Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Run-off Coefficient	Weighted Run-off Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )
Wastewater Retention Fond Area	78,565	1.00	78,565
Total Impervious Area	254,514	0.75	190,886
Total Pervious Area	1,340,586	0,31	415,582
Total Production Area	1,673,665		685,032

Conversion Factor: 0.623377 (7.48051941 gaVR<sup>3</sup> x 1 ft/12 in)

#### 25 year 24 hour Rainfall Event

Area Description	Reinfall (in.)	Weighted Run-off Area	Total Volume Accumulated (gal)
Wastewater Retention Pond Area	2.08	78,565	101,869
Total Impervious Part of Tributary Area	2.08	190,886	247,507
Total Pervious Part of Tributary Area	2.08	415,582	538,853
Total Production Area		685,032	888,229

#### Run-Off to Wastewater Retention Basin

Rational Method - Equation:

Science: Culturia Department of Water Resources (DWR) & Culturals imagesized Management Information Systems (CIMS) Order Date from Sampling Stations, Appendix E

Average Plantal (pt/12 X (Total Production Area (it.\*). Waitewater Pond Area(it.\*)). X (Velgated Run-off Coefficient). X 7.48651941 (it.\*) in galloru) = Normal Rainfull Run-off Volume to Pond (galloru).

#### Normal Precipitation & Run-off

Month	Ave. Rainfell (in.)	Days of Retention	Total Volume Accumulated in Each Period (gal.)
November	1.11	30	474,007
December	1.59	31	678,983
Jinnary	1.88	31	802,822
February	174	28	743,037
Total:	6.32	120	2,698,849

Normal Precipitation & Run-off times a factor of 1.5

Month	Ave. Rainfall X 1.5 (in.)	Days of Retention	Total Volume Accumulated in Each Period (gal.)
November	1.67	30	711,010
December	2.39	31	1,018,474
January	2.82	31	1,204,233
February	2.61	28	1,114,556
Total:	9.48	120	4,048,273

#### **Evaporation from Wastewater Basin**

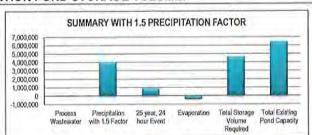
Source DWR-San Jacquin District Plan Evaporation Monthly Averages for Fresno and Bakersfield from 1958-2010 (Appendix G)

Month	Bakersfield Evaporation Rate (in.)	Fresno Evaporation Rate (in.)	Average Evaporation Rate (in.)	Total Volume Evaporated (gal.)
November	2.24	2.25	2.25	109,950
December	1,35	1.21	1,28	62,689
January	1,44	1.26	1,35	66,117
February	2,25	2.06	2.17	106,032
Total:	7.28	6.80	7.04	344,788

#### D. SUMMARY OF REQUIRED WASTEWATER RETENTION POND STORAGE VOLUME:

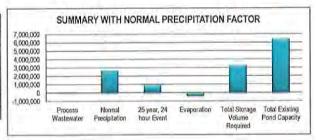
#### 1.5 PRECIPITATION FACTOR

Yolume Description	Total Volume in 120 Day Period (gal.)
Wastewater from Operations	92,397
Wastewater Accumulated From Normal Precipitation w/ 1.5 Factor	4,048,273
Wastewater Accumulated From 25 Year, 24 Hour Event	888,229
Less: Evaporation from Wastewater Retention Ponds	(344,788)
Net Required Wastewaler Retention Pond Storage Volume	4,684,110
Less: Net Existing Wastewater Retention Ponds Storage Volume	6,463,842
Excess Wastewater Retention Pond Capacity	1,779,732



#### 1.5 PRECIPITATION FACTOR NOT INCLUDED

Volume Description	Total Volume in 120 Day Period (gal.)
Wastewater from Operations	92,397
Wastewater Accumulated From Normal Precipitation w/o 1.5 Factor	2,698,849
Wastewater Accumulated From 25 Year, 24 Hour Event	888,229
Less: Evaporation from Wastewater Retention Ponds	(344,788)
Net Required Wastewater Retention Pond Storage Volume	3,334,686
Less: Net Existing Wastewater Retention Ponds Storage Volume	6,463,842
Excess Wastewater Retention Pond Capacity	3,129,156



Total Available Retention Days of Storage (1.5 factor): 165.6 Total Available Retention Days of Storage (Normal): 232.6

# **APPENDIX B**

Wastewater Retention Pond Field Capacity Analysis





# Wastewater Retention Pond Field Capacity Analysis KISS CATTLE, LLC

Calculations Completed By: CGM
Calculations Checked By: KMP
Date: (17222019

	Total Retention Volume (R <sup>2</sup> )	86,202	\$6,202	691,685	が表する	Total Retention Volume (gal)	644,836	544,836	5,174,171	5,453,842					o solide sonnerine	The assumed level of	paration, the residual	
	Storage Period Pond Volume Reduction (It <sup>2</sup> )	0	0	33,170	TOTAL	Storage Period Pond Reduction (gal)	0	o	248,131	TOTAL-		choard	eccoard		ander old and poon Henrich	before entering the pand	ration after the primary se	
SUMMARY	1 Foot Freeboard Reduction (R <sup>2</sup> )	11.211	11,231	43,810		1 Foot Freeboard Reduction (gal)	54,016	84,016	327,724			erfow pipe, less the free	sidual solids", less the h	less the freeboard	7 feed days if the sweeth	here is solids separation	there is secondary sepa	
	Total Raw Volume (ft)	97,433	5D/UE	758,667		Total Volume (gal)	728,862	728,852	5,750,026			Overflow Pond. Capacity is that volume above the overflow pipe, less the freeboard	imigation Pond: Capacity is that volume above the residual solids; less the freeboard	Evaporation Pond: Capacity is the entire "raw capacity", less the freeboard	Control County on the second to be dead to be seen to be second to the second to the second to the second to be second to	residual couts dre essumed to be 2, rest oregin into resolutionale out for pass introgin a subus sopra audit system before endering the pand. If there is solids separation before entering the pand, the assumed level of	residual solids is reduced by half. If there is secondary separation after the primary separation, the residual	solito di e / ecucara adam ny van
	Pond	Posd 1:	Pond Z	Pond 3:		Pood	Pond 1:	Pond 2	Pond 3:		Definitions:	Overflow Pond. C	Imigation Pond: C	Evaporation Pond: C			<b>C</b>	***
-1	Commission		[[M-(28d)]	W-(\$d)]	4M+B <sub>2</sub> )	N					6							
	Notine Formula	B <sub>1</sub> = (L)(W)	North B <sub>2</sub> = [L-(25d)][W-(25d)]	W= [1-(Sd)[W-(Sd)]	Volume= 1/6d(B,+4M+B,)								9					

Existing Pond Surveyed Dimensions			
	Total Volume (R?)	1 Foot Freeboard Reduction (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Storage Period Pond Reduction (It <sup>2</sup> )
Pand Top Length	300.00	300,00	290.00
Pand Top Width	38.00	36.00	28.00
Average Depth (d)	10.00	1.00	000
Side Slope H.V (S)	050	0,50	0.50
Wastewater Pond Surface Area	11,400	11,400	8,120
Calculations			
#£0	11,400	11,400	8,120
8-2	8,120	11,063	8,120
M=	9,735	11,231	8,120
Calculated Volume (ft <sup>2</sup> ):	07.493	44.934	9

Note: Pond depth and side slopes derived from 2010 WMP calculations.

Pond #2 - Evaporation Pond	The state of the s			
	Existing Hand Surveyed Umersteins	Total Volume (R <sup>2</sup> )	1 Foot Freeboard Reduction (ft <sup>2</sup> )	2 _
	Pond Top Length	300.00	300.000	V.
	Pond Top Width	38.00	38.00	
	Average Depth (d)	10,000	1.00	
	Side Slope H/V (S)	050	0.50	
	Wastewaler Portd Surface Area	11,400	11,400	
Note: Pond depth and size stopes derived:	Calculators: B <sub>1</sub> =	11,400	11,400	
from 2010 WMP calculations.	n co	8,120	11,063	
	4		11231	
	Calculated Volume (R <sup>2</sup> ):	97,433	11,231	
Pond #3 - Irrigation Pond	Evioting Dand Chrososof Dimensions			
		Total Volume (Rt)	1 Foot Freeboard Reduction (ft²)	-
	Pond Top Length	490,00	490,00	
	Pond Top Width	00'06	90.00	
	Average Depth (d)	20,00	1,00	
	Side Stope HV (S)	0.50	0.50	
	Wastewater Pond Surface Area	44,100	44,100	
	Celculations:			
Hate. Fond depth and side suppes derived	H. B.	44,100	44,100	
from 2010 WMP deloulations.	18		43,521	
	7	38,400	43,810	
	Calculated Volume HPC	723 227	25 240	

# APPENDIX C

# **Animal Output Data**



# ASAE D384.2 MAR2005 Manure Production and Characteristics



American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers

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Table 1.b - Section 3 - All other livestock and poulty. Diet based numbers are in BOLD. See footnotes 2 and 3 for source of non-bold values.

Moisture <sup>6</sup>	% w.b.	88	88	87	87		83	83	96	82	22	75	2 6	8 6	6 6	% w.b.	88	8	24	87	3	83	8	96	85	82	75	06	6	8 6
tal ure <sup>5</sup>	liter / d-a.		ដ	89	ო		8.5	ผ	3.5	į Kl	56	0.088	20.0	5	8.6	ff³ / d-a.		0.81	4.	e -	!	0.30	0.78	0.12	0.00	0.92	0.0031	0.18	0.41	0.13
Total Manure <sup>5</sup>	kg / (d-a)	t	ខ	88	88		8.5	ผ	3,5	£	92	0.088	20.00	5	9. 8.	lb / d-a.	,	S	<u> </u>	8	)	9	8	7.8	22	21	0.19	F	<sub>K</sub>	8.4
БМ										0.009	0.018														0.020	0.040				
Ca		0.089	0.040							0.023	0.069	0.0022					0.20	0,088							0.051	0.15	0.0048			
×		0.14	0.085	0.103	0.148				0.0199	0.027	0.095	0.00058	0.00	620	.0176		0.30	0.19	0.23	0.33				0.044	0.060	0.21	0.0013	0.048	0.12	0.039
<b>C</b>	d-a)	0.044	0.025	0.078	0.03			0.020	0.0045	0.013	0.033	0.00048	0.00	0.025	0.0097	1-a)	0.097	0.055	0.17	0.066			0.044	0.0099	0.029	0.073	0.0011	0.020	0.055	0.021
Nitrogen	kg / day-animai (d-a)	0.19	0.13	0.45	0.23	0.0079	0.063	0.12	0.015	0.089	0.15	0.0016	0.032	0,085	0.028	lb / day-animal (d-a)	0.42	0.29	66.0	0.50	0.017	0.14	0.26	0.033	0.20	0.34	0.0035	0.071	0.19	0.061
BOD <sup>3,4</sup>	kg/	1.4	0.52	.30	0.626			0.54		0.48	0.49	0.0050	0.17	0.38	0.13	/ qı	3.0		2.9	4,1			7.5			÷	0.011	0.37	0.84	0.29
COD <sup>3,4</sup>		6.2	N .		4.4			3.4				0.018	0.47	7	0.27		14	5.2	18	9.7			7.5				0.039	0.1	2.4	09.0
Volatile solids <sup>3</sup>		5.9	, Y 1, Y	7.5	4.Z		,	3.2		3.0	3.1	0.016	0.45	0.F	0.34		13	5.0	17	9.2			7.1		9.9	6.8	0.036	0.99	2.3	0.75
Total solids <sup>3</sup>		6.6	2.7	8.9	6.9	•	4:	3.7	0.12	3.8	3.9	0.022	0.50	1.2	0.38		15	6.0	20	Ŧ		3.2	8,2	0.27	8.4	9.6	0.049	÷	2.5	0.84
Animal Type and Production Grouping		Beef - Cow (confinement) <sup>7.10</sup>	Deel - Growing Cair (continement)	Dairy - Laciating cow		Dairy - Milk 190 calves	Dairy - Calf-150 Kg	Dairy - Heifer-440 kg	Dairy - Veal-118 kg	Horse - Sedentary-500 kg <sup>8</sup>	Horse - Intense exercise -500 kg <sup>8</sup>	Layer	Swine - Gestating sow-200 kg	Swine - Lactating sow <sup>9</sup> -192 kg	Swine - Boar-200 kg		Beef - Cow (confinement)7.10	Beef - Growing Calf (confinement)	Dairy - Lactating cow	Dairy - Dry cow	Dairy - Milk fed calves	Dairy - Calf-330lb	Dairy - Heifer-970 lb	Dairy - Veal-260 lb	Horse - Sedentary-1,100 lb <sup>8</sup>	Horse - Intense exercise -1,100 lb <sup>8</sup>	Layer	Swine - Gestating sow-440 lb	Swine - Lactating sow9 423 lb	Swine - Boar-440 lb

any changes due to dilution water addition, drying, volatilization or other physical, chemical or biological processes.

Non-bold table numbers indicate that predictive equations were not available from Sedions 4 - 9 for estimating this characteristic. These numbers are average values taken from MWPS-18 Section 1, NRCS Agricultural Waste

Management Field Handbook, and the previous version ASAE D384.1 or calculated based upon procedures used in fodnote 3.

Total Solids (TS) is estimated for most animal groups by equations in Sections 4 – 9. For beef cattle, volatile solids is also based upon equations. For all other species, volatile solids are calculated from TS and filerature values of the ratio of VS to TS. Similarly, BOD and COD values are calculated using VS and the filerature values for the ratio of WS. Literature values are taken from MWPS-18 Section 1, NRCS Agricultural Waste

Management Field Handbook, and the previous version ASAE D384.1.

BOD – Biochemical oxygen demand, 5-day, COD – Chemical oxygen demand. Total manure is calculated from Total Solids and manure moisture content.

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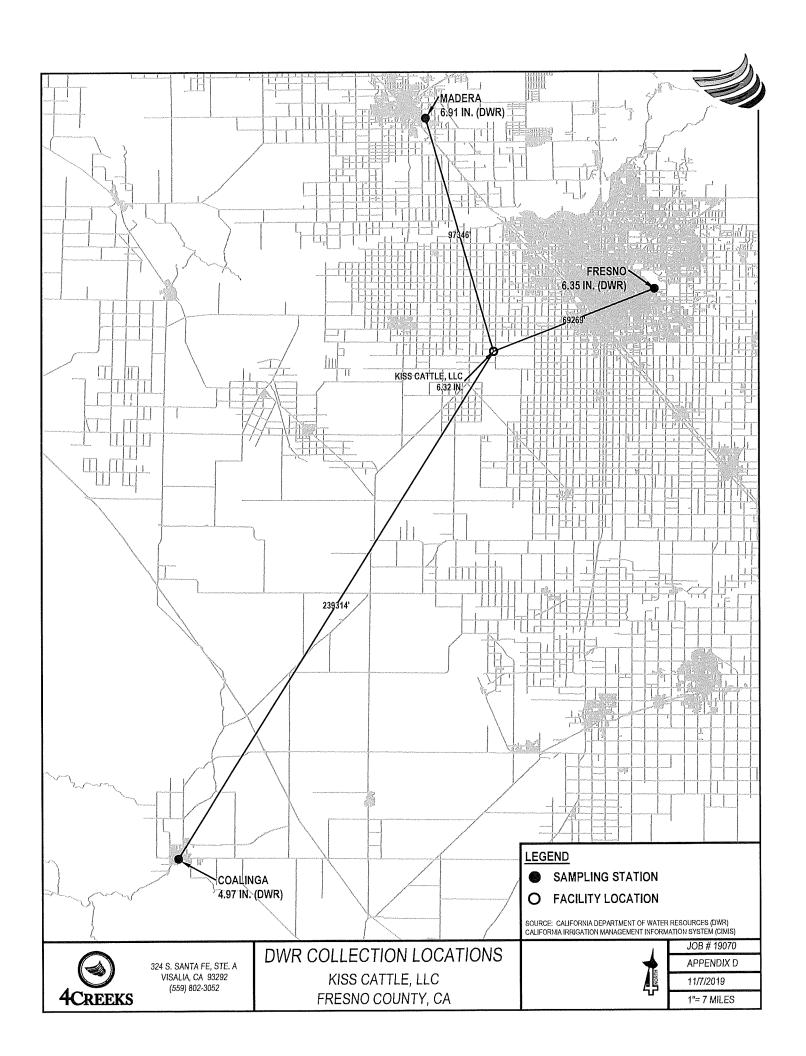
These values apply to horses 18 months of age or older that are not pregnant or lactating. The representative number applies to 500 kg horses and the range represents horses used for competitive activities to horses not receiving any imposed exercise. Dietary inputs are based on minimum nutrient requirements specified in "Nutrient Requirements of Horses" (NRC, 1989). "Intense" represents horses used for competitive activities such as racing. Dietary inputs are based on a survey of race horse feeding practices (Gallagher et al, 1992) and typical feed compositions (forage = 50% alfalfa, 50% timothy; concentrate = 30% oats, 70% mixed performance As-excreted manure moisture contents range from 75 to 90 percent. At these moisture levels as-excreted manure has a density nearly equal to that of water, and a specific gravity of 1.0 was assumed in calculation of manure Solids estimates (TS, VS, COD, and BOD) do not include solids in urine.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Bold values include contribution of nursing pigs. <sup>0</sup> Beef cows values are represe<u>ញទៀប់មនុស្</u>សឧស្សារាធៀនភ្នប់ព្រាព្ធ ពល្អអ្វីឧជធូពិចេ period and first six months of gestation.

# **APPENDIX D**

**Normal Precipitation Data** 





# KISS CATTLE, LLC

Appendix D- Normal Precipitation Analysis Summary

Source: Department of Water Resources http://cdec.water.ca.gov/selectQuery.html

Source: CIMIS

http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/frontMonthlyReport.do

Average Precipitation at 3 Nearest Precipitation Recording Station (Inches)

	Coalinga	Madera	Fresno
November	0.67	1.27	0.97
December	1,17	1.78	1.61
January	1.63	2.01	1.98
February	1.50	1.85	1.80
March	1.14	1.73	1.70

# **Average Rainfall**

Enter Latitude & Longitude:

Latitude: 36°11'33.32"N

Longitude: 119°36'19.67"N

**Enter State Plane Coordinates:** 

X:	1,945,544	meters
	6,383,019	ft
y:	595,516	meters
	1,953,793	ft

(State Plane Coordinates and Station proximity detailed in CAD Exhibit, See Attachment)

#### Normal Precipitation Summary

(Average based on proximity to DWR collection station)

#### 120 Day Precipitation (November - February)

November:	1.11	inches
December:	1.59	inches
January:	1.88	inches
February:	1.74	inches

### **Retention Period Total Precipitation**

November - February: 6.32 in.

Normal Precipitation Averages Source Department of Wieler Resources http://dec.wieler.ca.com/select/Duery.html Source: MOAA Geodelio to SPC

Source	MONA CHOOGOG	to one
Contraction.	California Maria a	in the black are water and

	DWR-Coalin 1940 - 2	No. of Concession, Name of		D	WR-Made 1963 - :					DWR-Fres 1905 -			
Latitude: 36.	.1360°N 36-6'-9.6"	State Plane Coordinates	Latitude: 3		36-19'-58.8"	State P	lane Coordinates:	Latitude: 36		36" 46" 1.2"	State	# Plane Coordinat	
	0.3610°W 120-21"-39.6"	x 1,877,505.172 meters	Longitude: 1		119-18:-0"		1,973,066,357 meles	Longitude: 11		119" 43" 1,1994"		1,935,988,0 6,351,868.7	
Zone	RAIN	6,150,793.871 ft y. 589,933.250 meters	Zone:	4 RAIN		y:	6,473,314.826 ft 610,956.351 meters	Zone:	4 RAIN		¥		70 n. 179 meter
a / Time	INCHES	y: 589,933.250 meters 1,935,476.542 R	Data / Time	INCHES		,	2,004,482.779 N	Date / Time	INCHES			2,163,127.2	
	10000	Coalinga (CLN)	Sep-83	0		Mad	era (MDR)	Jan-05	0.93		Fr	resno (FRC	0)
		November: 0,6684 in.	Oct-63	0		November:	1,2675 PC	Feb-05	0,9		November	0,9581	in.
		December: 1,1681 in.	Nov43	0		December: January:	1,7767 in. 2,0140 in.	Mar-05 Apr-05	2.04		December January:	1,8069	in.
	-	January: 1,6277 in. February: 1,5035 in.	Dec-63 Jan-64	0		February:	1,8535 In.	May-05	1,58		February:	1,7970	in.
		March: 1.1405 in.	Feb-64	O		March:	1,7264 in.	Jun-05	0		March.	1,7037	in.
		April 0.5391 in.	Mar-04	0		April	0.9746 in.	Jul-05 Aug-05	0		April	0,9553	n.
		November - February Total	Apr-64 May-64	0		Hovemb	er - February Total	Sep-05	a		Nova	mber - February	Total
Oct-40	6	4,9676 in.	Jun-64	0		-	6,9116 in.	Oct-05	0			9,3547	in.
Nov-40	0		Jul-64 Aug-64	0.11				Nov-05 Dec-05	0,96				
Dec-40 Jan-41	3,89		Sep.64	0				Jan-06	2.05				
Feb-41	4.95		00:64	1.09				Feb-06	2.2				
Mar-41	2.83		Nov-64 Dec-64	2.76 2.76				Mir-06 Apr-06	0.92				
Apr-41 May-41	0.0		Jan-65	1.95				May-06	2.88				
Jun-41	0		Feb-65	0.40				Jun-00	.0				
3441	0		War-65	0.48				Aug-05	6				
Aug-41 Sep-41	9		Apr-65 May-65	1.82				Sep-06	0				
Oct-41	0.54		Jun-65	0				Oct-06	0				
None-41	0,5		Jul-65	0 0				Nov-66 Dec-66	9.73 3.16				
Jan-42	1.39		Aug-65 5ep-65	0,02				Jan-07	3.34				
Feb-42	0.41		Oct-65	0.21				Feb-07	0.94				
Min-42	0.65		Nov-65	3,83				Mac-07	0.69				
Apr-42	0.13		Jan-86	0,63				Apr-07 May-07	0.69				
May-42 Jun-42	0		Feb-66	0,84				Jun-07	0.24				
441-42	ů.		Mar-66	0.05				Jul-07	9				
Aug-42	0		Apr-66	0.19				Aug-07 Sep-07	0				
Sep-42 Oct-42	0,31		Nay-66 Jun-66	0.03				Oct-07	1.08				
Nov-42	0.2		24466	0				Nov-07	9				
Dec-42	0,53		Aug-65	0.01				Oec-07 Jan-08	1.78				
Jan-43 Feb:43	2,63 0,72		Sep-65 Oct-65	0.01				Feb-08	1,75				
Mar-43	2,14		Nov-66	1.41				Mar-08	0,71				
Apr-43	0,45		Dec-66	3.23				Apr-08 May-08	0.53				
Nay-43 Jun-43	0		Jan-67 Feb-67	0.21				Jun-08	. 0				
Jul-43	0		Mer-67	1.60				Jul-08	0.01				
Aug-43	0		Apr-67	4.22				Aug-08 Sep-08	0.15				
Sep-43 Oct-43	0,31		May-67 Jun-67	0.22				Oct-08	0.02				
Nov-43	0.15		Jul-67	0				Nov-08	0.66				
Dec-43	1,03		Aug-67	0				Dec-08 Jao-09	0.57				
Jan-44 Feb-44	0.39 3.13		Sep-67 Oct-67	0.01				Feb-09	2.76				
Mir-44	0.15		Nav-67	1.21				Mar-09	1.18				
Apr-44	0,25		Dec-67	1.62				Apr-09 May-09	0				
May 44 Jun 44	0.36		Jan-dâ Feb-6â	1.43				20-0s	0.08				
Jul-44	0		Mar-68	1,75				Jul-09	0				
Aug-44	0		Apr-68	1.07				Aug-09 Sep-09	0				
Sep-44 Oct-44	0.18		May-68 Jun-68	0.21				Oct-09	0.72				
Nov-44	0.79		Jel-68	0				Nov-05	2,79				
Dec-44	0.31		Aug-68	p				Dec-09 Jan-10	1,22				
Jan-45 Feb-45	0.48		Sep-68 Oct-68	1.25				Feb-10	0,21				
Mar-45	1.16		Nov-68	2.31				Mar-10	1,28				
Apr-45	0,09		Dec-66	2.69				Apr-10 May-10	0,27				
May-45 Jun-45	0.85		Jan-69 Feb-69	5.57 4.00				Jun-10	0				
Jul-45	0		Nor-49	1.47				Jul-10	0				
Aug-45	0.97		Apc-69	1.59				Aug-10	0				
Sep-45 Oct-45	0.72		Jun-69	0,08				Sep-10 Oct-10	0.45				
Nov-45	0.72		101-69	0,03				Nov-10	0.24				
Dec-45	1.42		Aug-89	0				Dec-10	0.21				
Jan-48	0.27		Sep-69	0,17				Jan-11 Feb-11	1.14				
Feb-46 Mir-46	0.95		Oct-69 Nov-69	2,20				Mor-11	3.3				
April 46	0.01		Dec-69	1,30				Apr-11	1,03				
May 48	0.17		Jan-70	3,54				May-11 Jun-11	0.22				
Jun-46 Jul-46	0.03		Feb-70 Mar-70	0.78 1.86				Jul-11	0				
Aug-46	0.03		Apr-70	0.21				Aug-11	9				
Sep-45	0		May-70	0				Sep-11	0,01				
Oct-46	0.27		Jun-70	0.14				Oct-11 Nov-11	0.09				
Nov-46 Dec-46	1,33		Jul-70 Aug-70	0				Dec-11	1.00				
	0,24		Sep-70	0				Jan-12	0.72				
Jan-47			Oct-70	0,09				Feb-12					

# NOVEMBER

#### Calculations of a point on a Plane

#### Equation for a Plane

Ax+By+Cz+D=0

Point 1	Coalinga (Sta.)
x1	6159793.871
y1	1935476.542
z1(Rain)	0.66835443

X=

Y= Z= 6383019,108 1953792,602

1.11 Value of rainfall data on site

Point 2	Madera (Sta.)
x2	6473314.82
y2	2004482.779
z2(Rain)	1.2675

Point 3	Fresno (Sta.)
x3	6351668.77
у3	2163127.228
z3(Rain)	0.968070175

	1	1935476.542	0.6683544		
A=	1	2004482.779	1.2675	A=	-118713.6401
	1	2163127.228	0.9680702	-	
	6159793.871	1	0.6683544		
B=	6473314.82	1	1.2675	B=	20001.30004
	6351668.77	1	0.9680702		
	6159793.871	1935476.542	1	1,1	
C=	6473314.82	2004482.779	1	C=	58/18/04/04/14/7
	6351668.77	2163127.228	1		
	6159793,871	1935476.542	0.6683544		
-D=	6473314.82	2004482.779	1.2675	D=	0.33200E411
	6351668.77	2163127.228	0.9680702		

# DECEMBER

# Calculations of a point on a Plane

#### Equation for a Plane

Ax+By+Cz+D=0

Point 1	Coalinga (Sta.)		
x1	6159793.871		
y1	1935476.542		
z1(Rain)	1.168076923		

Point 2	Madera (Sta.)		
x2	6473314.82		
y2	2004482.779		
z2(Rain)	1.776666667		

Point 3	Fresno (Sta.)
x3	6351668.77
у3	2163127.228
z3(Rain)	1.606929825

	1	1935476.54	1.1680769	V-	
A=	1	2004482.78	1.7766667	A=	-109352-2852
	1	2163127.23	1.6069298		
	6159793.871	1	1.1680769		
B=	6473314.82	1	1.7766667	B=	-208 (8.48262
	6351668.77	1	1.6069298		
	6159793,871	1935476.54	1		
C=	6473314.82	2004482.78	1	C=	56132604147
	6351668.77	2163127.23	1		
	6159793.871	1935476.54	1.1680769		
-D=	6473314.82	2004482.78	1.7766667	D=	0.3020E+11

X= 6383019.108 Y= 1953792.602

Z= 1.59 Value of rainfall data on site

6351668.77 2163127.23 1.6069298

# JANUARY

#### Calculations of a point on a Plane

#### Equation for a Plane

X=

Y=

6383019.108

1953792.602

1.88 Value of rainfall data on site

Ax+By+Cz+D=0

Point 1	Coalinga (Sta.)		
x1	6159793.871		
y1	1935476.542		
z1(Rain)	1.627662338		

Point 2	Madera (Sta.)
x2	6473314.82
y2	2004482.779
z2(Rain)	2.013962264

Point 3	Fresno (Sta.)
х3	6351668.77
у3	2163127.228
z3(Rain)	1.981858407

	.1	1935476.542	1.6276623		
A=	1	2004482.779	2.0139623	A=	-03400 10/08
	1	2163127.228	1.9818584		
	6159793.871	1	1.6276623		
B=	6473314.82	1	2.0139623	B=	-30H28 6284 f
	6351668.77	1	1.9818584		
	6159793.871	1935476.542	1		
C=	6473314.82	2004482.779	1	C=	381112894147
	6351668.77	2163127.228	1	7	
	6159793.871	1935476.542	1.6276623		
-D=	6473314.82	2004482.779	2.0139623	D=	1.67108E-11
	6351668.77	2163127.228	1.9818584	V	

# **FEBRUARY**

# Calculations of a point on a Plane

#### Equation for a Plane

X=

Υ= Z=

6383019.108

1953792.602 1.74 Value of rainfall data on site

Ax+By+Cz+D=0

Point 1	Coalinga (Sta.) 6159793.871 1935476.542		
x1			
y1			
z1(Rain)	1.503461538		

Point 2	Madera (Sta.)
x2	6473314.82
y2	2004482.779
z2(Rain)	1.853518519

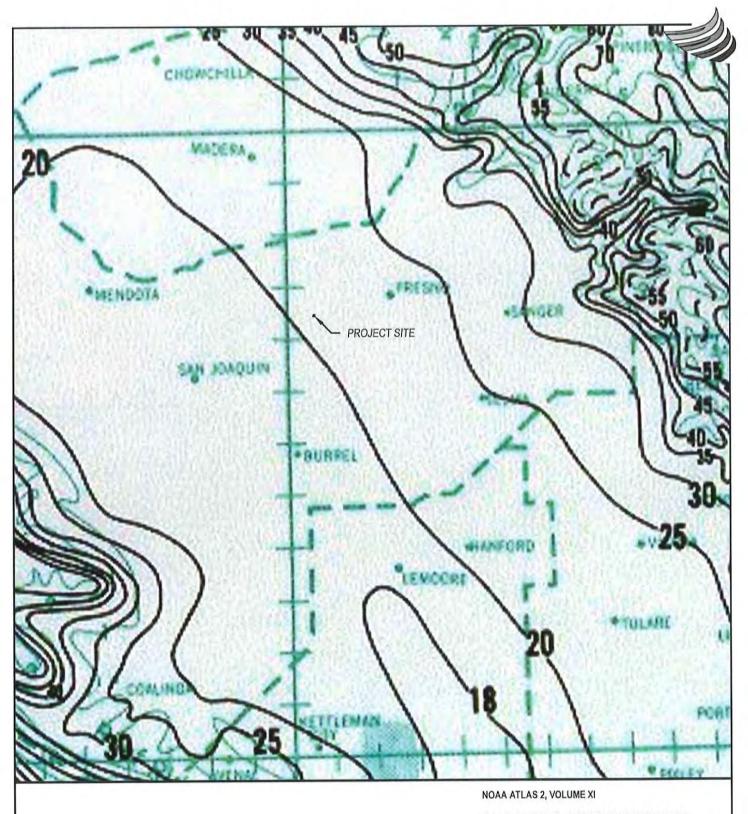
Point 3	Fresno (Sta.)
x3	6351668,77
у3	2163127.228
z3(Rain)	1,797876106

	1	1935476.54	1.5034615		
A=	1	2004482.78	1.8535185	A=	-50214.22017
	1	2163127.23	1.7978761		
	6159793.871	1	1.5034615		
B=	6473314.82	1	1.8535185	B=	- дутам эмери
	6351668.77	1	1.7978761		
	6159793.871	1935476.54	1		
C=	6473314.82	2004482.78	1	C=	E# 1906941117
	6351668.77	2163127.23	1		
	6159793.871	1935476.54	1.5034615		
-D=	6473314.82	2004482.78	1.8535185	D=	3.3000/XE-11
	6351668.77	2163127.23	1.7978761		

# **APPENDIX E**

25 Year, 24 Hour Storm Water Data





PREPARED BY U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, OFFICE OF HYDROLOGY

PREPARED FOR U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE, ENGINEERING DIVISION

ISOPLUVIALS OF 25-YR 24-HR PRECIPITATION FOR SOUTHERN HALF OF CALIFORNIA TENTHS OF AN INCH



324 S. SANTA FE, STE. A VISALIA, CA 93292 (559) 802-3052 ISOPLUVIAL - 25 YEAR, 24 HOUR KISS CATTLE, LLC FRESNO COUNTY, CA



JOB NO. 19070

APPENDIX E

11/7/2019

1" = 10 MILES

# **APPENDIX F**

**Evaporation Data** 



						AVE 'A'P BAK	RAGE MONT AN IN IRRIG, ERSFIELD, C	AVERAGE MONTHLY EVAPORATION FROM CLASS A' PAN IN IRRIGATED PASTURE ENVIRONMENTS N BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA FROM 1958-2010 /1	RATION FROM IRE ENVIRCE FROM 1958.	AVERAGE MONTHLY EVAPORATION FROM CLASS A' PAN IN IRRIGATED PASTURE ENVIRONMENTS NEAR BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA FROM 1958-2010 /1	AR			
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	NOC	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NON	DEC	MAR - OCT TOTAL	JAN - DEC TOTAL
							***	****EVAPORATION IN INCHES****	N NCHE	S****				
AVERAGE	1.44	2.25	4.13	5.95	8.35	9.58	9.94	8.85	6,62	4.47	2.24	1.35	57.89	65.17
STD DEV	0.34	0.45	0.71	0.86	0.82	0.79	0.82	0.71	0.64	0.43	0.36	0.36	0.72	0.61
STD ERROR	0.05	90.0	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	60.0	90.0	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.08

	بِ بِنَ	П		2	0
	JAN - DEC TOTAL		.0.89	0.62	0.1
	MAR - OCT TOTAL		61.26	0.76	0.12
	DEC		1.21	0.30	0.05
	NOV		2.25	0.40	90.0
AVERAGE MONTHLY EVAPORATION FROM CLASS A' PAN IN IRRIGATED PASTURE ENVIRONMENTS AT CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSTIY AT FRESNO FROM 1968-2010 /1	ОСТ	****S	4.42	0.49	0.07
AVERAGE MONTHLY EVAPORATION FROM CLASS 'A' PAN IN IRRIGATED PASTURE ENVIRONMENTS A CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSTIY AT FRESNO FROM 1968-2010 /1	SEP	****EVAPORATION IN INCHES****	6.99	0.57	0.09
THLY EVAPO SATED PAST FATE UNIVE	AUG	*EVAPORATI	9.67	0.68	0.11
AVERAGE MONTHLY A' PAN IN IRRIGATE CALIFORNIA STATE FROM 1968-2010 /1	JUL	***	11.02	0.73	0.11
A A A A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A	NOC	200	10.43	0.92	0.14
	MAY		8.75	1.03	0.16
	APR	MAR APR	6.03	0.86	0.13
	MAR		3.94	0.77	0.12
	FEB		2.08	0.41	90.0
	JAN		1.26	0.28	0.04
			AVERAGE	STD DEV	STD ERROR

1/ Evaporation measurements are taken from evaporation pans located at standardized sites (irrigated pastures) with static water levels maintained in the pans by supply tanks. The sites are visited at least weekly to measure evaporation from a U.S. Weather Bureau Class 'A' Pan. Other agrometeorological equipment, (i.e. raingauge, anemometer, ambient air thermometers) is installed at onsite DWR agroclimatic stations, and this data is collected weekly along with pan evaporation. The evaporation may be adjusted during times of high wind or dry periods, which represent non-standard conditions.

## **APPENDIX G**

Storm Drain Run-Off Coefficient Data



## 15.2.2 Rational Method Design

From an engineering viewpoint the design can be divided into two main aspects: runoff predictions and pipe sizing. The rational method, which can be traced back to the mid-nineteenth century, is still probably the most popular method used for the design of storm sewers (Yen and Akan, 1999). Although criticisms have been raised of its adequacy, and several other more advanced methods have been proposed, the rational method, because of its simplicity, is still in continued use for sewer design when high accuracy of runoff rate is not essential.

Using the rational method, the storm runoff peak is estimated by the rational formula Q=KCiA (15.2.1) where the peak runoff rate Q is in ft<sup>3</sup>/s (m<sup>3</sup>/s), K is 1.0 in U.S. customary units (0.28 for SI units), C is the runoff coefficient (Table 15.2.3), I is the average rainfall intensity in in/hr (mm/hr) from intensity-duration frequency relationships for a specific return period and duration  $t_c$  in min, and A is the area of the tributary drainage area in acres (km<sup>2</sup>). The duration is taken as the time of the concentration  $t_c$  of the drainage area.

Runoff Coefficients for Use in the Rational Method

Return Period (y	ears)		111				
Character of Surface	2	5	10	25	50	100	500
Developed		100					1.70
Asphaltic	0.73	0.77	0.81	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.00
Concrete/roof	0.75	0.80	0.83	0.88	0.92	0.97	1,00
Grass Areas (lawns, parks,etc.)							
Poor condition (grass cover less than 50% of the area)							
Flat, 0-2%	0.32	0.34	0.37	0.40	0.44	0.47	0.5
Average, 2-7%	0.37	0.40	0.43	0.46	0.49	0.53	0.6
Steep, over 7%	0.40	0.43	0.45	0.49	0.52	0.55	0.63
Fair condition (grass cover 50% to 75% of the area)							
Flat, 0-2%	0.25	0.28	0.30	0.34	0.37	0.41	0.5
Average, 2-7%	0.33	0.36	0.38	0.42	0.45	0.49	0.5
Steep, over 7%	0.37	0.40	0.42	0.46	0.49	0.53	0.6
Good condition (grass cover larger than 75% of the area)							
Flat, 0-2%	0.20	0.23	0.25	0.29	0.32	0.36	0.4
Average, 2-7%	0.29	0.32	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.46	0.5
Steep, over 7%	0.34	0.37	0.40	0.44	0.47	0.51	0.5
Undeveloped							
Cultivated land							
Flat, 0-2%	0.31	0.34	0.36	0.40	0.43	0.47	0.5
Average, 2-7%	0,35	0.38	0.41	0.44	0.48	0.51	0.6
Steep, over 7%	0.39	0.42	0.44	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.6
Pasture/range							
Flat, 0-2%	0.25	0.28	0.30	0.34	0.37	0.41	0.5
Average, 2-7%	0.33	0.36	0.38	0.42	0.45	0.49	0.5
Steep, over 7%	0.37	0.40	0.42	0.46	0,49	0.53	0.6
Forest/woodlands							
Flat, 0-2%	0.20	0.25	0.25	0.31	0.35	0.39	0.4
Average, 2-7%	0.31	0.34	0.26	0.40	0.43	0.47	0.5
Steep, over 7%	0.35	0.39	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52	0.5

Note: The values in the table are the standards used by the City of Austin, Texas.

Source: Chow, Maidment, and Mays (1988).

## **Nutrient Management Plan**

## KISS CATTLE, LLC 2585 S. CHATEAU FRESNO AVENUE FRESNO, CA 93706

Prepared by:



## **NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLAN**

A Nutrient Management Plan (NMP) is required for all existing milk cow dairies subject to Waste Discharge Requirements General Order No. R5-2013-0122. This NMP has been prepared in accordance with the General Order requirements as outlined in Attachment C, Sections I. — VII. and Technical Standards for Nutrient Management Sections I. — X. The purpose of the NMP is to budget and manage the nutrients applied to the land application area(s) considering all sources of nutrients, crop requirements, soil types, climate, and local conditions to prevent adverse impacts to surface water and groundwater quality. This NMP takes the site-specific conditions into consideration in identifying steps that will minimize nutrient movement through surface runoff or leaching past the root zone.

## KISS CATTLE, LLC

## CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

OPERATOR:	OWNER:
SIGNATURE OF OPERATOR	SIGNATURE OF OWNER
Gerrit Roeloffs PRINT NAME	PRINT NAME
11-14-19 DATE	DATE
CERTIFIED NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLAN SPECIALIST:  SIGNATURE  11-13-19  DATE	CCA #34892 PCA #72049  ONE PCA #72049



## DAIRY FACILITY INFORMATION

A. Name of the Facility & County Location

Facility Name:

KISS CATTLE, LLC

County:

FRESNO COUNTY

**B.** Facility Location

Address:

2585 S. CHATEAU FRESNO AVENUE

FRESNO, CA 93706

C. Responsible Party:

Operator:

GERRIT ROELOFFS

9256 S. VALENTINE AVENUE

**FRESNO, CA 93706** 

CONTACT: GERRIT ROELOFFS CONTACT PHONE: (559) 280-8053

Owner:

MICHAEL BOTASSO

3221 S. CHATEAU FRESNO AVENUE

FRESNO, CA 93706 (559) 237-1569



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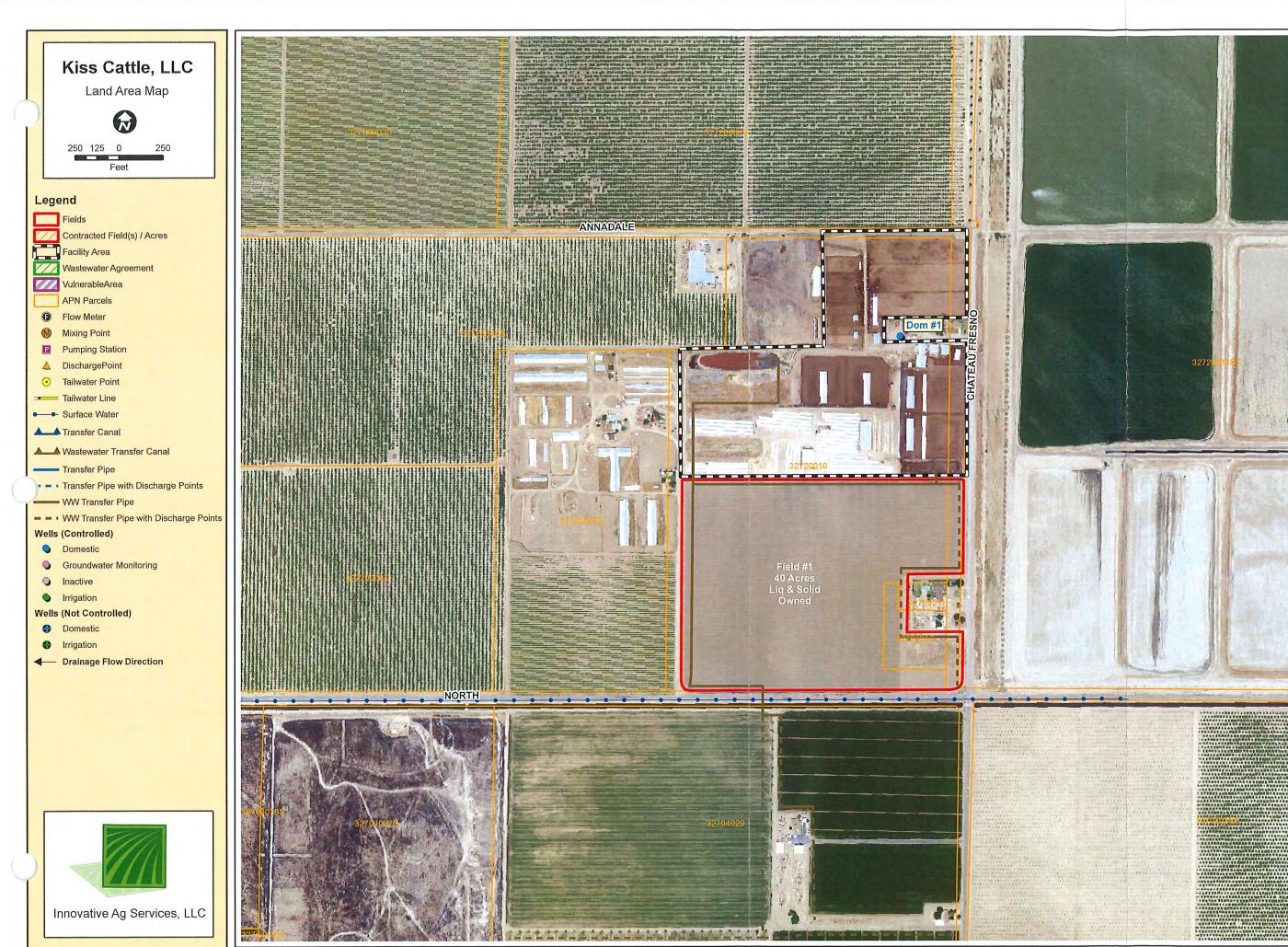
## I. LAND APPLICATION AREA INFORMATION

## A. Land Application Area Map (Attachment A)

This map identifies of all land application areas (under the control of the discharger, whether it is owned, rented or leased, to which manure or process wastewater from the production area is or may be applied for nutrient recycling) on a single published base map (topographical map or aerial photo) at an appropriate scale which includes:

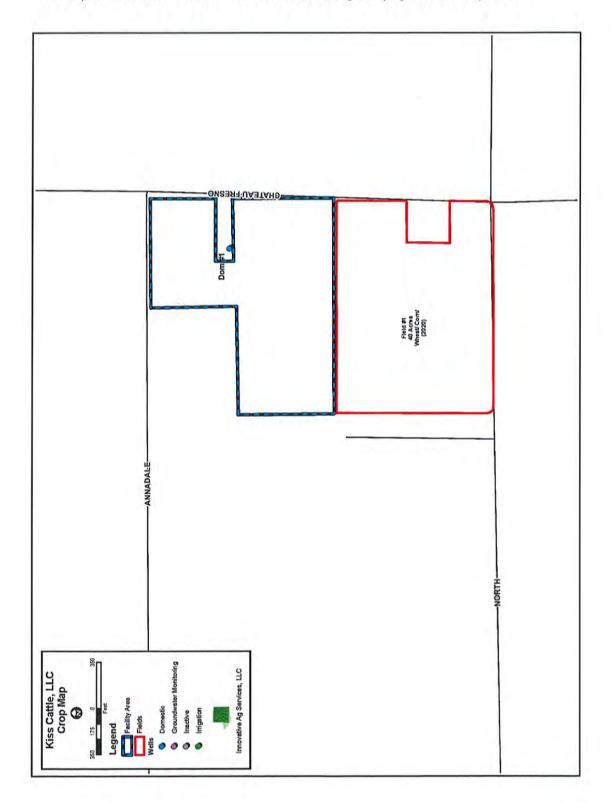
- i. A field identification system (Assessor's Parcel Number; land application area by name or number; total acreage of each land application area; indication if each land application area is owned, rented or leased by the Discharger; indication what type of waste is applied; drainage flow direction in each field, nearby surface waters, and storm water discharge points; tailwater and storm water drainage controls; subsurface (tile) drainage systems; irrigation supply wells and groundwater monitoring wells; sampling locations for discharges of storm water and tailwater to surface water from the field; and
- ii. Process wastewater conveyance structures; discharge points and discharge mixing points with irrigation water supplies; pumping facilities; flow meter locations; drainage ditches and canals, culverts, drainage controls (berms, levees, etc.), and drainage easements.





## B. Crop Map

This map identifies each field's common name, total acreage, crops grown, and crop rotation.





## C. Wastewater Agreements

Copies of written agreements with third parties that receive process wastewater for their own use from the discharger's dairy are attached, if applicable.

This facility does NOT transfer process wastewater to any third-party sources.



## D. Vicinity Map

Identify each field under the control of the discharger and within five miles of the dairy where neither process wastewater nor manure are applied. Each field shall be identified on a single published base map at an appropriate scale by the following: Assessors' Parcel Number, total acreage, and information regarding who owns or leases the field



## MAP KEY



- Dairy Facility & Land Application Area





- Additional Land under the control of the Discharger, within five miles of the dairy, which does not receive process wastewater or manure.



## II. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

## A. Approved Sampling Procedures for Nutrients and Groundwater Monitoring

Soil, manure, process wastewater, irrigation water, and plant tissue shall be monitored, sampled, and analyzed as required in Monitoring and Reporting Program R5-2013-0122, and any future revisions thereto. The results of these analyses shall be used during the development and implementation of the NMP.



## B. Process Wastewater

## Process Wastewater shall be sampled and analyzed as follows:

## Each application:

Record the volume (gallons or acre-inches) and date of process wastewater application to each land application area.

## Quarterly during one application event:

Field measurement of electrical conductivity.

Laboratory analyses for nitrate-nitrogen (only when retention pond is aerated), un-ionized ammonia-nitrogen, total Kieldahl nitrogen, total phosphorus, total potassium, and total dissolved solids.

## Once every two years (biennially):

Laboratory analyses for general minerals (calcium, magnesium, sodium, bicarbonate, carbonate, sulfate, and chloride).

## Annually

Laboratory analyses of liquid process wastewater, prior to blending with irrigation water, for pH, total dissolved solids, electrical conductivity, nitrate-nitrogen, ammonium-nitrogen, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, total phosphorus, and total potassium.

- i. Process wastewater shall be collected as follows:
  - A representative sample must be collected during an application event. Containers that are reused shall be cleaned between sampling events.
  - b. The samples shall be collected at a point that is prior to any dilution or blending with irrigation water and shall be representative of the process wastewater applied to the land application area.
  - c. A minimum of 1 liter (or an amount as specified by the laboratory), must be collected in a clean container, kept cool, and be delivered to the laboratory within 24 hours.
- ii. Laboratory analysis of process wastewater shall be conducted by a laboratory that is either accredited for such analyses by the California Department of Health Services or that is participating in the manure analysis proficiency (MAP) program. These laboratory analyses shall be conducted I accordance with the Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 136 (Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants), MAP program-approved methods or other test methods approved be the Executive Officer.
- iii. If a management change is made on the facility that affects processed wastewater, a sample shall be taken to test for a change in the processed wastewater. Examples: Freshwater is added to the lagoon, Herd size/type modifications, New or Modified Solid Separating System.



## C. Solid Manure

## Solid Manure shall be sampled and analyzed as follows:

Once every two years (biennially):

Laboratory analyses for general minerals (calcium, magnesium, sodium, sulfur, chloride) and fixed solids (ash).

Twice per year:

Laboratory analyses for total nitrogen, total phosphorus, total potassium, and percent moisture.

Each application to each land application area:

Record the percent moisture and total weight (tons) applied.

Each offsite export of manure:

Record the percent moisture and total weight (tons) exported.

Laboratory analyses for percent moisture.

Annually:

Record the total dry weight (tons) of manure applied annually to each land application area and the total dry weight (tons) of manure exported offsite.

- Manure shall be collected as follows:
  - a. Equal-size samples of manure shall be collected from a minimum of three locations around the manure pile. These samples shall be collected from a depth of no less than one foot below the surface of the manure pile.
  - b. The three samples shall be combined and thoroughly mixed to make a single composite sample and delivered to a laboratory within 72 hours.
  - c. Sample containers that are reused shall be cleaned between sampling events.
- ii. Manure analyses shall be conducted by methods utilized by the Manure Analyses Proficiency (MAP) Testing Program or accepted by the University of California and laboratories participating in the MAP Testing Program or other programs whose tests are accepted by the University of California.
- iii. Samples shall be taken within 30 days of the application or export of the manure to ensure representation of the manure. Each type of solid manure shall be sampled twice a year if available for land application or export. Example: Solid Separator Manure, Mature Cow Corral Manure, Heifer Corral Manure, Calf Manure, Sludge, ...



## D. Plant Tissue

## Plant Tissue shall be sampled and analyzed as follows:

## At harvest

Record the percent moisture and total weight (tons) of harvested material removed from each land application area.

Laboratory analyses for total nitrogen, total phosphorus, total potassium (expressed on a dry weight basis), fixed solids (ash), and percent moisture.

The following test is only required if the Discharger wants to add fertilizer in excess of 1.4 times the nitrogen expected to be removed by the harvested portion of the crop (see Attachment C of Order No. R5-2013-0122 for details): Mid-season, laboratory analysis for total nitrogen, expressed on a dry weight basis if necessary to assess the need for additional nitrogen fertilizer during the growing season.

- i. Plant tissue shall be collected as follows:
  - a. Five to ten representative samples shall be combined and thoroughly mixed to make a single composite sample.
  - Samples shall be obtained from a minimum depth of one foot below the silage pile surface.
  - c. This single composite sample shall be placed into a minimum of one-quart size bag, kept cool, and be delivered to the laboratory within 72 hours.
  - d. At least 10 equal-size samples (for example, using a two or three-pound coffee can) of the harvested portion of the crop shall be collected from the storage area. These samples shall be combined and thoroughly mixed in a plastic bag, taking care not to allow drying.
  - e. Any mid-season plant tissue samples taken to evaluate the agronomic needs of the crop in-season shall be collected following University of California recommendations for the specific plant being tested.
- ii. Plant tissue analyses shall be conducted by: methods utilized by the North American Proficiency Testing (NAPT) Program or accepted by the University of California; and laboratories participating in the NAPT Program or other programs whose test are accepted by the University of California.
- iii. Samples must represent the land application management area. A land application management area is defined as a land application area that is managed as a single unit, in which all planting, nutrient applications, and harvest events occur as single events, and not over separate time periods. If nutrient applications, planting dates, or harvest dates are managed separately within a land application area, then the area must be sampled separately in accordance to the management differences.
- iv. Each type of plant tissue removed from the field must be sampled to represent each type of plant tissue remove that year. For example: For an 'Alfalfa' crop, each type of harvest must be sampled independently each year it is harvested, thus if Alfalfa Hay, Alfalfa Green Chop, Alfalfa Dry Chop, and/or Alfalfa/Oat Hay Blend is harvested then each type must be sample to reflect the changes in nutrient extraction that they may present. Corn Grain and Corn Fodder or Wheat Grain and Wheat Straw will both need to be harvested if they are harvested independently to represent the differences they will create in nutrient extraction.



## E. Soil

## Soil shall be sampled and analyzed as follows:

Once every 5 years from each land application are (may be distributed over a 5-year period by sampling 20% of the land application areas annually):

Laboratory analyses for soluble phosphorus

## The following soil tests are recommended but not required:

## Spring pre-plant for each crop:

Laboratory analyses for:

0 to 1 foot: Nitrate-nitrogen and organic matter.

1 to 2 feet: Nitrate-nitrogen

## Fall pre-plant for each crop:

Laboratory analyses at depths below ground surface of:

0 to 1 foot: Electrical conductivity, nitrate-nitrogen, soluble phosphorus, potassium and organic matter.

1 to 2 feet: Nitrate-nitrogen

i. Soil samples shall be collected as follows:

a. Dischargers with less than 400 acres shall collect a composite sample for every 40 acres of land application area. Dischargers with 400 or more acres shall collect a composite soil sample for every 80 acres.

b. In fields that are larger than the 40/80 acres soil sampling requirements, the field must be split perpendicular to the head-end of the field. This will still facilitate the proper collection

of samples in relation to the head and tail ends of the field.

c. Each sample shall be composed of 12 sub-samples. Four from the head end of the field, four from the center of the field, and four from the tail end of the field (Figure 1).

Figure 1:	Н	ead-end	of the fie	eld
	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Sub-sampling locations</li> </ul>	0	O ail-end o	O of the field	0

d. Soil samples shall be collected with soil probes or augers to a depth of 18" and composited as described below:

- ii. In fields where soil texture, crop yield, or other soil-related factors vary, at least 10 samples shall be collected from each different area and composites from each area shall be analyzed separately.
- Sample locations in each land application area shall be recorded on a sketch for future sampling consistency.
- iv. Soil probes or augers shall be cleaned between sample depth intervals.

v. Each composite sample shall be composited by doing the following:

a. Placing equal volumes of soil from each of 10 or more sample sites for each 40 or 80-acre composite area and for each sample depth, in a clean plastic bucket. Moist soils may be air dried until they can be mixed easily



- b. Thoroughly mixing the sample and placing at least one pint of the composite sample in a clean plastic container.
- vi. Soils shall be sampled and analyzed for:
  - a. Saturation Percentage (SP%), pH, Electrical Conductivity (EC), Calcium, Magnesium, Sodium, Potassium, Chloride, Exchangeable Sodium Percentage (ESP), Lime Presence, Boron, Nitrate-Nitrogen (NO<sub>3</sub>-N), Phosphorus (PO<sub>4</sub>-P), Soluble Potassium (K-AA), Zinc, Maganese, Iron, Copper and Sulfate (SO<sub>4</sub>S).
- vii. Analyses of the soil shall be conducted by: methods utilized by the North American Proficiency Testing (NAPT) Program or accepted by the University of California; and laboratories participating in the NAPT Program or other programs whose test are accepted by the University of California. This shall include analysis for nitrate-nitrogen and ammonium-nitrogen utilizing the 2 M potassium chloride extract on soil.
- viii. Analyses of phosphorus in soil samples shall be performed using the method recommended by the University of California or the bicarbonate-P or Olsen-P test.
- ix. Soils shall be sampled from each land application area after the harvest of a crop and before nutrients are added for the next crop, and:
  - a. At least once every five (5) years.
  - Recommended annually when there is a change in the cropping pattern/rotations or field management techniques.
  - c. Fields/soils that have been in alfalfa production, or other legume crops, shall be sampled before the production of the next crop to determine any nitrogen fixing by the legume crop.

## F. Irrigation Water

## Irrigation Water shall be sampled and analyzed as follows:

Each irrigation event for each land application area:

Record volume (gallons or acre-inches) <sup>2</sup> and source (well or canal) of irrigation water applied and dates applied.

One irrigation event during each irrigation season during actual irrigation events:

For each irrigation water source (well and canal):

Electrical conductivity, total dissolved solids, and total nitrogen. 3

Data collected to satisfy the groundwater monitoring requirements (below) can be used to satisfy this requirement.

- <sup>1</sup> The Discharger shall monitor irrigation water (from each water well source and canal) that is used on all land application areas.
- <sup>2</sup> Initial volume measurements may be the total volume for all land application areas.
- <sup>3</sup> In lieu of sampling the irrigation water, the Discharger may provide equivalent data from the local irrigation district.
  - i. Irrigation water shall be collected as follows:
    - a. Samples from irrigation wells shall be collected after the pump has run for a minimum of 30 minutes or after at least three well volumes have been purged from the well.
    - Irrigation districts may provide a water analysis of the surface water delivered that will
      meet the regulatory requirements. If not, then a representative sample must be collected.
    - Samples shall be submitted to a laboratory within 24 hours of sampling.
  - ii. Laboratory analyses of irrigation water shall be conducted by a laboratory certified for such analyses by the California Department of Health Services. These laboratory analyses shall be conducted in accordance with the Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 136 (Guidelines Established Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants) or other test methods approved by the Executive Officer.



## G. Site Specific Instructions

Waste water samples are to be taken from the lagoon near the pump intake.

Domestic wells – Dom Well #1 is to be sampled from the faucet nearest the well head.

Manure samples are taken randomly from the piles throughout the corrals.

## III. NUTRIENT BUDGET

In accordance to the Waste Discharge Requirements as indicated by the General Order, Attachment C, Section III, page C-4, the discharger shall develop a nutrient budget for each land application area. The nutrient budget shall establish planned rates of nutrient application for each crop based on soil test results, manure and process wastewater analyses, irrigation water analyses, crop nutrient requirements and patterns, seasonal and climatic conditions, the use and timing of irrigation water, and the nutrient application restrictions.

The attached Nutrient Budget prepared by Innovative Ag Services, LLC analyzes both the supply and demand of the nutrients for land applications. By utilizing the American Society of Agricultural Engineers excretion factors, an estimated supply of nutrients can be made to determine the nutrient supply from a discharge facility. The supply of nutrients from other sources (atmospheric deposition, irrigation water, residual soils, commercial fertilizer, etc.) can also be estimated using historical records and the best available data. The demands for these nutrients are made using a field-by-field analysis.

The following section contains guidelines for the discharger and the Certified Nutrient Management Plan Specialist regarding general nutrient production and balance analysis, field-by-field nutrient budgeting, general salt production and loading analysis, as well as creating a nutrient budget summary and storage period summary.

## A. General Nutrient Production and Balance Analysis (Attachment B)

## Summary

In compliance with the General Order, the attached General Nutrient Production and Budget Analysis provides an overview of the expected supply of nutrients available from a discharge facility anticipated for land application use or export from the facility. This analysis focuses on the nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium nutrients found and analyzed in the dairy waste through a sampling and analysis program. The General Nutrient Production and Balance Analysis is a guide to assist the discharger and Certified Nutrient Management Specialist to administer the nutrients expected from a facility.

## ii. Nutrient Measurement Method, Application, and Export:

- The General Nutrient Production and Balance Analysis examines the amount of nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium expected to be generated by dairy waste at the discharger's facility are made using excretion factors based on standards established by the American Society of Agricultural Engineers. This analysis uses a 40 percent atmospheric loss of nitrogen on the production facility and breaks down the capture rate of the nitrogen in either the liquid or solid form. The capture rates of nitrogen are dependent upon the dairy facility's housing system and management practices. The American Society of Agricultural Engineers provides standards used to estimate capture rates between different housing systems (liquid form: 71% under a freestall system, 29% under a flush-lane, and 11% under an open-lot). This analysis allows the capture rate to be customized when site-specific data is available by a civil engineer.
- b. This analysis estimates the pounds of nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium available for land application or export to another user.
- c. Land application of nutrients under the control of the discharger needs to be applied in accordance with the General Order and this Nutrient Management Plan. Exports of dairy waste must be tested and recorded with a "Manure Manifest" documentation provided by the Regional Water Quality Control Board. An approved wastewater agreement is required prior to the export of processing wastewater from the dairy facility.

## iii. Results

- a. From the available nutrients for land application, this analysis provides a guideline to estimate the number of acres required to agronomically utilize the nutrients generated at this confined animal feeding operation. This estimate is based on a double cropping system of average yield that would extract 400 pounds of nitrogen per acre, 60 pounds of Phosphorus, and 500 pounds of Potassium per acre.
- The nitrogen analysis utilizes agronomic and regulatory standards of a 1.4 nitrogen ratio of applied nitrogen over extracted nitrogen.
- c. The attached General Nutrient Production and Budget Analysis estimates the number of acres needed to agronomically manage the nutrients found in dairy waste. There are many variables that may affect the specific nutrient balance and management on this facility and this analysis is to only serve as a guideline until further data can be collected and analyzed by a Certified Nutrient Management Plan Specialist.

# Innovative Ag Services, LLC

# **Nutrient Budget**

Kiss Cattle, LLC 2020

General Nutrient Production and Balance Analysis

			Nit	Nitrogen	
			Liquid		Solid
Animal	Head Housing Type	Net Available for Application*	Acres Required **	Net Available for Application*	Acres Required **
Heifers (15-24)	400 Scraped Drylot	3,661.68	6.5	29,626.32	52.9
Heifers (7-14)	600 Scraped Drylot	3,758.04	6.7	30,405.96	54.3
Calves (4-6)	3,500 Scraped Drylot	11,804.10	21.1	95,505.90	170.5
Calves (0-3)	3,500 Scraped Drylot	14,333.55	25.6	115,971.45	207.1
	8,000	33,557.37	59.9	271,509.63	484.8
		Total Lio	Total Liquids & Solids		

Required 544.8 305,067.00 Available 508,445.00 Capture

Excretion factors from ASAE D.384.2 March 2005, Table 1b, Page 2. Potassium excretion values for heifers and calves are not available in this study and were extrapulated based upon weight.

<sup>\*</sup> Atmospheric Loss of 40% nitrogen used to calculate Net Available for Application \*\* Nitrogen Extraction Levels: 400lbs/acre (To meet a 1.4 ratio)

# Innovative Ag Services, LLC

## General Nutrient Production and Balance Analysis Kiss Cattle, LLC 2020

			Pho	Phosphorus	Po	Potassium
				Acres Required		Acres Required
Animal	Head	Head Housing Type	Net Available for Application	Extraction	Net Available for Application	Extraction
Heifers (15-24)	400	400 Scraped Drylot	8,760.00	146.0	26,280.00	52.6
Heifers (7-14)	009	Scraped Drylot	9,636.00	160.6	32,850.00	65.7
Calves (4-6)	3,500	3,500 Scraped Drylot	56,210.00	936.8	102,200.00	204.4
Calves (0-3)	3,500	3,500 Scraped Drylot	12,775.00	212.9	51,100,00	102.2
	8,000		87,381.00	1,456.4	212,430.00	424.9

Phosphorus Extraction Levels: 60lbs/acre (To meet a 1.0 ratio)
Potassium(K) Extraction Levels: 500lbs/acre (To meet a 1.0 ratio)
No atmospheric losses computed and capture rates between liquid and solid forms are unknown

Excretion factors from ASAE D.384.2 March 2005, Table 1b, Page 2. Potassium excretion values for heifers and calves are not available in this study and were extrapulated based upon weight.

## B. General Salt Production and Loading Analysis (Attachment C)

## i. Guidelines

- a. The attached General Salt Production and Loading Analysis estimates the amount of salts generated and estimates the amount of land application area needed to agronomically manage those salts.
- b. Salt production is quantified using the American Society of Agricultural Engineers standards for salt excretion for each classification of animal that is housed at this facility.
- c. This analysis uses the same capture rates as nitrogen to determine the amount of salts in both the liquid and the solid forms.
- d. The total amount of salts is calculated and presented in this report.

## ii. Results

- a. This analysis uses a maximum loading rate of salt at 2,000 pounds per acre on a single crop and 3,000 pounds per acre on a double crop.
- b. This analysis shows the number of acres that may be needed to mitigate salts at these maximum loading rates. The Certified Nutrient Management Specialist and the discharger can use this analysis as a guideline for the acres that may be required.
- These results do not display the required acres to comply with law, rather the acres needed for common agronomic and environmental practices.

## iii. Salt Production and Loading Mitigation

- a. This CAFO facility has prepared and submitted a Salinity Report in compliance with the RWQCB to minimize salt in the dairy waste and certifies that they will implement the approved measure identified to minimize salts in dairy waste.
- b. This Nutrient Management Plan requires the regular testing of the soil for salt content, with a specific analysis for Sodium and other key salts to qualify the salt management on the land application area of this facility,

## General Salt Production and Loading Analysis Kiss Cattle, LLC 2020

Estimated Crop Acre Requirements

			Liquid Salts	Solid Salts	Total Salts
Animal	Head	Head Housing Type	lbs / year	lbs / year	lbs / year
leifers (15-24)	400	Scraped Drylot	10,118	81,862	91,980
Heifers (7-14)	009	Scraped Drylot	15,177	122,793	137,970
Calves (4-6)	3,500	Scraped Drylot	44,265	358,147	402,412
Calves (0-3)	3,500	Scraped Drylot	22,484	181,916	204,400
	8,000		92,044	744,719	836,762
		Single Crop Acres Required	46	372	418
		Double Crop Acres Required	31	248	279

Salt excretion values for milk cows and dry cows were derived from:
Committee of Experts on Dairy Manure Management, 2005 and ASABE 384.2, 2005, Chapter 7 pages 54 and 65
(Excretion values for heifers and calves are not addressed in this study. Excretion values for these animals were extrapulated based upon animal weight.)

Acre requirements based on 2,000 lbs of salt per single crop and 3,000 lbs of salt per double crop

## C. Waste Application Summary (Attachment D)

- i. Nutrient Budget Summary
  - a. The Nutrient Budget Summary provides the estimated supply of nutrient from the facility, the recommended application of nutrients to each field, the expected demand from each field, and the nutrient ratio for nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium for each field.
  - b. This summary also reviews the whole farm nutrient balance by totaling the applied recommended application and the expected demand of nutrients. This analysis provides a helpful evaluation by holistically reviewing each discharge facility.
  - c. This summary evaluates the nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium nutrient with the different forms of discharge waste (liquid and solid) and estimates the amount of wastewater and solid manure to be exported annually.
  - d. The attached Nutrient Budget Summary demonstrates if the recommend applications meet the demand of the crops with the expected supply from the facility.

## ii. Storage Period

a. The storage period is defined as the maximum period of time anticipated between land application events based on proper timing and compliance with the technical standards for a Nutrient Management Plan. The historic and anticipated use of wastewater during the fall and winter months has been evaluated on this facility. This Nutrient Management Plan proposes the application of wastewater during the 120-day period of December through March. The storage period for this facility with the land application available shall be 120 days, unless otherwise noted.

## Kiss Cattle, LLC 2020 Waste Application Summary

Field	Acres	Acres Liquid Waste	N Applied - Solid Waste	Applied	N Removed	N Ratio	P Applied	P Removed	P Ratio	K Applied	Total N Applied N Removed N Ratio P Applied P Removed P Ratio K Applied K Removed K Ratio	K Ratio
1 (old)	17	0.00	00'0	00'0	8,657.76	00.00	00.00	1,412.36	0.00	00'0	6,785.55	0.00
Totals:	17	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,657.76	0.00	0.00	1,412.36	0.00	0.00	6,785.55	0.00
Total Available For Appplication:	Appplication	in: 33,557.37	271,509.63	305,067.00			87,381.00			212,430.00		
Excess (Deficient) Available:	Available:	33,557.37	271,509.63	305,067.00			87,381.00			212,430.00		
Gallons of Processed Wastewater to be Exported Annually:	ed Wastewa	ater to be Exporte	d Annually:	20,501,251								
Tons of Corral Solids to be Exported Annually:	ds to be Ex	ported Annually:		8,828								
Whole Farm Balance:	ë			0.00								
Whole Farm Balance without Recommended Exports:	se without R	Recommended Ex	ports:	35.24								

All wastewater accumulated in a dry form is exported off site.



## D. Field-by-Field Nutrient Budget (Attachment E)

## i. Data Sources

The Field-by-Field Nutrient Budget analysis focuses on each land application area and defines the crop(s) planned for production as required by the General Order. Each field budget is based off the best available data including, but not limited to: harvest lab data, yield records, land application records, manure laboratory data, process wastewater laboratory data, irrigation water laboratory data, expected atmospheric deposition, and soil laboratory data.

## ii. Nutrient Application Rate

The nutrient application rates for each application must follow the technical standards established by the General Order for Existing Milk Cow Dairies, R5-2013-0122 (Attachment C – Technical Standards for Nutrient Management V.B.). The quantity of each nutrient source to be utilized for land application and crop production is defined to meet crops demand for the nutrients while complying with the General Order.

## iii. Nutrient Application Timing and Methodology

- a. The timing of applications within the field's budget are dependent on field conditions and are to be made using the Technical Standards established within the General Order for Existing Milk Cow Dairies, R5-2013-0122 (Attachment C – Technical Standards for Nutrient Management, Section V. C.).
- b. Each application of nutrients shall be applied uniformly to application areas or as prescribed by precision agricultural techniques. Unless otherwise noted, the method for solid manure applications are to be made with a spreader truck and process wastewater applications are to be made by the mixing with a flood irrigation event.

## Kiss Cattle, LLC 2020 Nutrient Applications

Field Name: 1 (old)

Acres:

17

			Field S	Field Summary (in Ibs	Ibs/acre)							
		Nitrogen				Nitrogen	n Phosphorus	orus	Potassium			
Process W.	Process Wastewater Applied		Total Nu	Total Nutrients Applied		00'0		00.00	00.00			
Solid Manu	Solid Manure Applied		Total Nu	Total Nutrients Harvested	peq	(509.28)		(83.08)	(399.15)	L		
		N I	Nutrient Ratio	Ratio		00:00		0.00	0.00			
Crop 1:	Crop 1: Wheat (South Valley)	Varie	ty: Wheat	Variety: Wheat (South Valley) - General	- General	A	Plant Date: November 2019	ember 201	6		Acres Planted:	anted: 17
Date	Application	o (b	Quantity (per Acre) Units	Units	N Value Units	Units	Nitrogen from Process Wastewater	150	Nitrogen from Solid Manure	Nitrogen (Ibs per acre)	Phosphorus (lbs per acre)	Potassium (Ibs per acre)
11/01/2019	11/01/2019 Ground Water		5.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L				0.00	0.00	0.00
03/01/2020	03/01/2020 Ground Water		5.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L				0.00	0.00	0.00
04/01/2020	04/01/2020 Ground Water		5.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L				0.00	00.0	0.00
05/01/2020 Harvest	Harvest		20.00 Tons	Tons	0.68	%				(272.83)	(44.35)	(217.73)
										(272.83)	(44.35)	(217.73)

	/	/	()
Total Nutrients Applied	00.00	0.00	00.0
Total Nutrients Harvested	(272.83)	(44.35)	(217.73)
Nutrient Ratio	00.0	0.00	00.0



## Kiss Cattle, LLC 2020 Nutrient Applications

Nutrient Application

Cron 2.	Gron 2: Com (Silade)	Variety: Com	Variety: Com (Silane) - General	14		Plant Date: June 2020	U		Acres Planted	lanfed.
Date	Application	Quantity (per Acre) Units	Units	N Value Units	Units	Nitrogen from Process Wastewater	Nitrogen from Solid Manure	Nitrogen (Ibs per acre)	Phosphorus (Ibs per acre)	Potassium (Ibs per acre)
05/15/2020	05/15/2020 Ground Water	00.9	6.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			00.00	00.00	0.00
06/15/2020	06/15/2020 Ground Water	2.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			0.00	00.00	00.0
07/01/2020	07/01/2020 Ground Water	2.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			0.00	0.00	0.00
07/15/2020	07/15/2020 Ground Water	2.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			00.00	0.00	0.00
08/01/2020	08/01/2020 Ground Water	5.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			0.00	0.00	00.00
08/15/2020	08/15/2020 Ground Water	5.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			0.00	0.00	0.00
09/15/2020	09/15/2020 Ground Water	2.00	5.00 Acre Inches	0.00	mg/L			00.00	0.00	0.00
09/30/2020 Harvest	Harvest	28.00	28.00 Tons	0.45	%			(236.45)	(38.73)	(181.42)
								(236 45)	(38.73)	(181.42)

	(	10000	(
Total Nutrients Applied	0.00	0.00	00.0
Total Nutrients Harvested	(236.45)	(38.73)	(181.42)
Nutrient Ratio	00'0	0.00	00'0



## IV. SURFACE WATER PROTECTIVE MEASURES

This section identifies all potential surface waters or conduits to surface water that are within 100 feet of any land application area. For each land application area that is within 100 feet of surface water or a conduit to surface water, the setback, vegetated buffer, or other alternative practice that will be implemented to protect surface water is identified.

Manure and process wastewater shall not be applied closer than 100 feet to any down gradient surface waters unless a 35-foot wide vegetated buffer or physical barriers subsisted for the 100-foot setback or alternative conservation practices or field-specific conditions will provide pollutant reductions equivalent or better than the reductions achieved by the 100-foot setback.

## A. Setback

A Setback is a specified distance from surface waters or potential conduits to surface waters where manure and process wastewater may not be land applied, but where crops may continue to be grown.

## B. Vegetated Buffer

- i. A vegetated buffer is a narrow, permanent strip of dense perennial vegetation where no crops are grown and which is established parallel to the contours of and perpendicular to the dominant slope of the land application area for the purposes of slowing water runoff, enhancing water infiltration, trapping pollutants bound to sediment, and minimizing the risk of any potential nutrients or pollutants from leaving the land application area and reaching surface waters.
- Removal of vegetation in vegetated buffers will be in accordance with site production limitations, rate of plant growth, and the physiological needs of the plants.
- iii. Do not mow below the recommended height for the plant species.
- Maintain adequate ground cover and plant density to maintain or improve filtering capacity of the vegetation.
- Maintain adequate ground cover, litter, and canopy to maintain or improve infiltration and soil condition.
- vi. Periodic rest from mechanical harvesting may be needed to maintain or restore the desired plant community following episodic events such as drought.
- vii. When weeds are a significant problem, implement pest management to protect the desired plant communities.
- viii. Prevent channels from forming.

## C. Physical Barriers and Alternatives

ix. Examples of physical barriers and alternative conservation practices as applicable to field specific conditions may used alone or in conjunction with each other to provide a pollutant reduction equivalent or better than the reductions achieved by the 100-foot set back are: a levee, a raised road, a border, a berm, a diversion ditch, a surface water collection system, an uphill gradient, regulated wastewater application system such as drip irrigation or sprinklers.



## D. Site Specific Surface Water Protective Measures

There is a canal that runs along the south of Field #1. This canal is protected by a physical barrier, an elevated road or a canal bank, which provides an equivalent of a 100-foot setback or better.

## V. FIELD RISK ASSESSMENT

This section evaluates the effectiveness of management practices used to control the discharge of waste constituents from land application areas by assessing the water quality monitoring results of discharges of manure, process wastewater, tailwater, subsurface drainage, or storm water from the land application areas.

Has this facility had any of the following discharges from any land application areas to surface water in the past twelve (12) months?

•	Process wastewater	Yes	_✓_No
•	Manure	Yes	No
•	Storm Water	Yes	No
•	Tailwater* (within 60 days of manure or wastewater application)	Yes	No
	Subsurface (tile) drainage	Yes	No

If you answered "No" to all the above, then nitrogen and/or phosphorus have not moved from any of your land application areas to surface water and your Field Risk Assessment is complete.

If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, then the results of the water quality monitoring of the discharges have been used to assess the movement of nitrogen and phosphorus from each land application area for each of the discharges identified above.

\*This only includes a discharge of tailwater that occurs less than 60 days after application of manure and/or process wastewater.

## VI. RECORD-KEEPING

The discharger shall maintain records for each land application area as required in the Record-Keeping Requirements of Monitoring and Reporting Program No. R5-2013-0122.

It is the discharger's responsibility to accurately complete these forms for each field and crop grown each year. The records that will be maintained for each land application area are identified in the following form.



## Field Balance Monitoring Form

Feld: Crop 1:			Acres: Plant Date:		Chem N Ton Per Ac. Est Yield:	Well GPM: Harvest Date:	r. Date:	Lagoo	Lagoon GPM: Actual Yield:		Canal GPM: Budget N:
Crop 2:			Plant Date:	42	Est Yield:	Harvest Date:	Date:	Actual	Actual Yield:		Budget N:
Budget App Date	Duration (Hours)	Start Date (Fecha De Comienzo)	Time or Duration Hours	Time or deriffication Budget Application (Identificacion De Hours Type Aportaciones)	identification (Identificacion De. Aportaciones)	Budget Application Quartity	Quantity (Cartidad Aplicada)	Calculations Used	Budgeted	Budgeted Est. Nper Nitrogen App	Name & Signature* (Nombre y Firma)
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## VII. NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLAN REVIEW

## A. Nutrient Management Plan Updates

- i. This Nutrient Management Plan shall be updated when discharges from any land application area exceed water quality objectives, a nutrient source has changes, or site-specific information has become available to replace default values used in the overall nutrient balance or the nutrient budget, nitrogen application rates in any land application area exceed the rates specified or the Field Risk Assessment finds that management practices are not effective in minimizing discharges.
- ii. This Nutrient Management Plan shall be updated prior to any anticipated changes that could affect the overall nutrient balance or the nutrient budget such as, but not limited to, a crop rotation change, changes in the available cropland, or the changes in the amount or type of nutreints generated.

## B. Nutrient Management Plan Review & Regional Board Notice

The discharger shall review the Nutrient Management Plan at least once every five years and notify the Regional Board in the annual report of any proposed changes that would affect the Nutrient Management Plan.

## C. Benefits of a Nutrient Management Plan

- The Nutrient Management Plan was written to assist the dairy producer and farm management team produce valuable crops. The implementation of sustainable agronomic practices found in this NMP will increase yields, reduce costs, improve quality, mitigate risks, and sustain productivity/profitability.
- ii. To maximize the benefits and the professional agronomic services provided by Innovative Ag Services, LLC, regular reviews of the nutrient supply and demand need to be made throughout the year. The ever-changing dynamics of crop production require constant management, including regular input and alteration of the Nutrient Management Plan.

## VIII.REFERENCES

California Regional Water Quality Control Board – Central Valley Region – Order Number R5-2013-0122 "Waste Discharge Requirements General Order for Existing Milk Cow Dairies"

California Regional Water Quality Control Board - Central Valley Region - Sampling and Analysis

"Approved Sampling and Analysis Procedures for Nutrient and Groundwater Monitoring at Existing Milk Cow Dairies"

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/ventralvalley/water\_issues/dairies/general\_order\_guidance/sampling\_analysis/index.shtml



## Manure/Process Wastewater Tracking Manifest

## Instructions:

- 1. Complete one manifest for each hauling event, for each destination. A hauling event may last for several days, as long as the manure is being hauled to the same destination.
- 2. If there are multiple destinations, complete a separate form for each destination.
- 3. The operator must obtain the signature of the hauler upon completion of each manure-hauling event.
- 4. The operator shall submit copies of manure/process wastewater tracking manifest(s) with the Annual Monitoring Report for Existing Milk Cow Dairies.

<b>Operator Inform</b>	nation:		
Name of Operator	::	Gerrit Roeloffs	
Name of Dairy Fa	ncility:	Kiss Cattle, LLC	
Facility Address:	9256 S. Valentine Ave.  Number and Street	Fresno City	93706 Zip Code
Contact Person N	ame and Phone Number:	Gerrit Roeloffs	(559) 280-8053 Phone Number
Manure/Process	Wastewater Hauler Infor	mation:	
Name of Hauling	Company/Person:		
Address of Haulin Contact Person:	ng Company /Person: Number	and Street C	City Zip Code
Name		Phone Number	
<b>Destination Info</b>	rmation:		
Composting Facil	ity / Broker / Farmer / Othe	er (identify)	(please circle one)
Contact informati	on of Composting Facility,	Broker, Farmer, or Othe	er (as identified above):
Name Nu	mber and Street	City Zip Code	Phone Number
Manure/Process V	Wastewater Destination Add	dress or Assessor's Parc	el Number:
Number and Street	City	Zip Code A	ssessor's Parcel Number
Dates Hauled:			

## **Amount Hauled:**

content (if amount reported in tons) o	n tons or cubic yards (indicate the units used), the manure solids or manure density (if amount reported in cubic yards), and the
method used to calculate the amount:	2014 1 - 2014 1 - 2014 1 - 2014 1 - 2014 1 - 2014 1 - 2014 1 - 2014
	r Cubic Yards (indicate which units used)
	ount reported in tons): 76.9%
Manure Density (if amount re	ported in cubic yards):
Method used to determine amount of	manure:
Enter the amount of process wastewa amount.	ter hauled in gallons and the method used to determine the
Process Wastewater:	Gallons
Method used to determine vol	Gallons ume of process wastewater:
C.2 of Waste Discharge Requirement process wastewater from the Operator  Yes No If the answer is no, the Operator agree process wastewater transferred after 3	es to have such a written agreement with any such party for any
Certification:	
submitted in this document, and that I for obtaining the information, I believe that there are significant penalties for and imprisonment for knowing violat	0/
Operator's Signature:	Date: 14-19
Hauler's Signature:	Date: